

# CS 202 Iditarod - Anchorage

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Source Code Link: <https://github.com/siddhartha-crypto/cs202/tree/master/iditarod/anchorage>

## 1 Design

### 1.1 Fibonacci

The design provided in the homework assignment is sufficient. Each function is already provided. I intend to keep this simple by keeping everything in one `main.cpp` file.

### 1.2 Factorial

This is similar to the Fibonacci assignment, and should require nothing further than adaptation of the existing code.

## 2 Post Mortem

### 2.1 Fibonacci

This was a simple exercise in basic logic and execution. Writing this code did not take long, and for a few small troubleshooting moments, the assignment passed fairly quickly.

## **2.2 Factorial**

As with the Fibonacci section, this section did not take long and required little more than trial and error with some adapted code.

# **3 Commit History**

## **3.1 Fibonnaci**

2020-04-07 Initiate Challenge 1

2020-04-07 Write a recursive fibonacci function that returns the nth number

2020-04-07 Write a non-recursive function that returns the nth number of the Fib sequence.

## **3.2 Factorial**

2020-04-07 Write a function that returns the factorial of nth integer using recursion

2020-04-07 Write a function that returns the factorial of the nth integer without recursion

## 4 Sample Output

### 4.1 Fibonnaci

```
1 0th number: 0
2 1th number: 1
3 2th number: 1
4 3th number: 2
5 4th number: 3
6 5th number: 5
7 6th number: 8
8 7th number: 13
9 8th number: 21
10 9th number: 34
11 10th number: 55
12 Recursive Fibonacci nth number: 55
13 0th number: 0
14 1th number: 1
15 2th number: 1
16 3th number: 2
17 4th number: 3
18 5th number: 5
19 6th number: 8
20 7th number: 13
21 8th number: 21
22 9th number: 34
23 Non-recursive Fibonacci nth number: 55
```

### 4.2 Factorial

```
1 0th number: 1
2 1th number: 1
3 2th number: 2
4 3th number: 6
5 4th number: 24
6 5th number: 120
7 6th number: 720
```

```

8 7th number: 5040
9 8th number: 40320
10 9th number: 362880
11 10th number: 3628800
12 Recursive Factorial nth number: 3628800
13 0th number: 1
14 1th number: 1
15 2th number: 2
16 3th number: 6
17 4th number: 24
18 5th number: 120
19 6th number: 720
20 7th number: 5040
21 8th number: 40320
22 9th number: 362880
23 10th number: 3628800
24 Non-recursive Factorial nth number: 3628800

```

## 5 My Programs

### 5.1 Main.cpp (Includes Both)

---

```

1 /*
2  * main.cpp
3  * CS202
4  * April 7, 2020
5  * Bryan Beus
6  * Anchorage station for Iditarod Challenge
7  */
8
9 #include <iomanip>
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <string>
12 #include <iostream>
13
14 using std::cout;
15 using std::cin;
16 using std::endl;
17 using std::string;
18 using std::vector;
19
20 // Print the current number and value in a sequence

```

```

21 void printCurrentSetup(const int& current_num, const int&
    ↪ current_value) {
22     cout << current_num << "th number: " << current_value << endl;
23 }
24
25 // Calculate and return the factorial value of the provided
    ↪ integer
26 int factorial_non_recursive(const int& final_num) {
27     int current_num = 0;
28     int current_value = 1;
29     vector<int> values;
30
31     // First term does not require a calculation
32     while ((current_num < final_num) && current_num < 1) {
33         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
34         current_num++;
35         values.push_back(current_value);
36     }
37
38     // Calculate the factorial value until the final value is
    ↪ reached
39     while (current_num <= final_num) {
40         current_value = current_num * values.at(current_num - 1);
41         values.push_back(current_value);
42         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
43         current_num++;
44     }
45
46     return current_value;
47 }
48
49 // Calculate and return the factorial value using recursion
50 int factorial_recursive(const int& final_num, int& current_num,
    ↪ int& current_value, vector<int>& values) {
51
52     // The first term has a different calculation pattern
53     if (current_num == 0 && current_num < final_num) {
54         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
55         values.push_back(current_value);
56         current_num++;
57         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
58         values.push_back(current_value);
59         factorial_recursive(final_num, current_num,
            ↪ current_value, values);
60     } else {
61         while (current_num < final_num) {
62             current_num++;
63             current_value = current_num * values.at(current_num -
                ↪ 1);
64             printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
65             values.push_back(current_value);

```

```

66         factorial_recursive(final_num, current_num,
67                               ↪ current_value, values);
68     }
69 }
70 return current_value;
71 }
72
73 // Calculate and return the Fibonacci value of the provided
74 ↪ integer
75 int fibonacci_non_recursive(const int& final_num) {
76     int current_num = 0;
77     int current_value = 0;
78     vector<int> values;
79
80     // First term has unique calculation
81     if (current_num < final_num) {
82         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
83         values.push_back(current_value);
84         current_num++;
85         current_value++;
86         values.push_back(current_value);
87     }
88
89     // Second term has unique calculation
90     if (current_num < final_num) {
91         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
92         current_num++;
93         values.push_back(current_value);
94     }
95
96     while (current_num < final_num) {
97         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
98         current_num += 1;
99         current_value = values.at(current_num - 1) +
100 ↪ values.at(current_num - 2);
101         values.push_back(current_value);
102     }
103     return current_value;
104 }
105
106 // Print the Fibonacci value of the provided integer using
107 ↪ recursion
108 int fibonacci_recursive(const int& final_num, int& current_num,
109 ↪ int& current_value, vector<int>& values) {
110
111     // First term has unique calculation
112     if (current_num == 0 && current_num < final_num) {
113         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
114         values.push_back(current_value);
115         current_num++;

```

```

114         current_value++;
115         printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
116         values.push_back(current_value);
117         fibonacci_recursive(final_num, current_num,
118             ↪ current_value, values);
118     } else {
119         while (current_num < final_num) {
120             current_num += 1;
121             current_value = values.at(current_num - 1) +
122                 ↪ values.at(current_num - 2);
123             printCurrentSetup(current_num, current_value);
124             values.push_back(current_value);
125             fibonacci_recursive(final_num, current_num,
126                 ↪ current_value, values);
127         }
128     }
129     return current_value;
130 }
131 int main() {
132     // Execute recursive fibonacci number finder
133     int number;
134     int final_num = 10;
135     int current_num = 0;
136     int current_value = 0;
137     vector<int> values_fibonacci;
138     number = fibonacci_recursive(final_num, current_num,
139         ↪ current_value, values_fibonacci);
140     cout << "Recursive Fibonacci nth number: " << number << endl;
141     // Execute recursive fibonacci number finder
142     number = fibonacci_non_recursive(final_num);
143     cout << "Non-recursive Fibonacci nth number: " << number <<
144         ↪ endl;
145     // Execute recursive factorial number finder
146     current_num = 0;
147     current_value = 1;
148     vector<int> values_factorial;
149     number = factorial_recursive(final_num, current_num,
150         ↪ current_value, values_factorial);
151     cout << "Recursive Factorial nth number: " << number << endl;
152     // Execute recursive factorial number finder
153     number = factorial_non_recursive(final_num);
154     cout << "Non-recursive Factorial nth number: " << number <<
155         ↪ endl;
156     return 0;
157 }
158 }

```

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