

SMOKE TEST

Optimized Tensorflow 1.15

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Document Information

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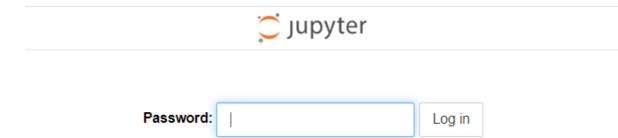
1 LOGIN TO JUPYTERHUB WEB UI

Login to the JupyterHub Web UI, using the following steps:

1. From the Cluster page under Services, click on Jupyter Notebook



2. It will open-up a new tab with JupyterHub login page, login using your credentials





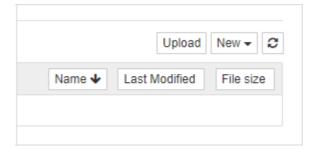
2 CREATE NOTEBOOK

To create a new notebook, in JupyterHub use the following steps:

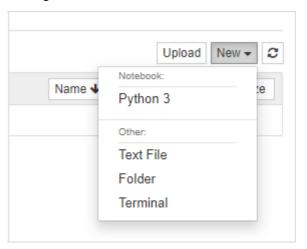
1. Once you log into JupyterHub, you will get the dashboard like below:



2. Click on New drop-down button, to create a new notebook



3. Select Python3, for upcoming tasks





3 LINEAR REGRESSION

In this section, we are testing a Linear Regression example:

1. In Python3 notebook, add the following code in the code cell:

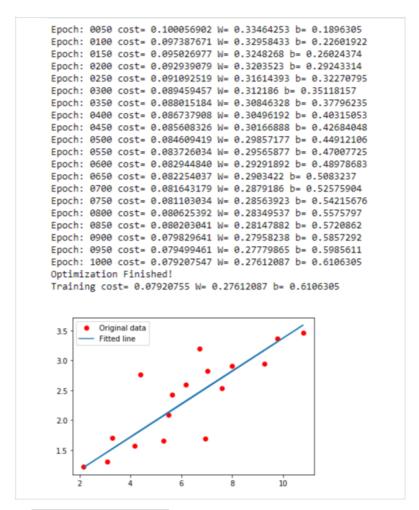
```
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
rng = numpy.random
\# Parameters learning rate = 0.01 training epochs = 1000 display step = 50 train X =
\texttt{numpy.asarray} ( \texttt{[3.3,4.4,5.5,6.71,6.93,4.168,9.779,6.182,7.59,2.167,7.042,10.791,5.313}, 7.997,5.654,9.27,3.1] )
train Y =
numpy.asarray([1.7,2.76,2.09,3.19,1.694,1.573,3.366,2.596,2.53,1.221,2.827,3.465,1.6
5,2.904,2.42,2.94,1.3])
n samples = train X.shape[0]
X = tf.placeholder("float") Y
= tf.placeholder("float")
W = tf.Variable(rng.randn(), name="weight") b
= tf.Variable(rng.randn(), name="bias")
# Construct a linear model
pred = tf.add(tf.multiply(X, W), b)
# Mean squared error
cost = tf.reduce_sum(tf.pow(pred-Y, 2))/(2*n_samples)
# Gradient descent
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate).minimize(cost)
# Initialize the variables (i.e. assign their default
value) init = tf.global variables initializer()
# Start training
with tf.Session() as sess:
    sess.run(init)
    # Fit all training data
    for epoch in range(training_epochs):
        for (x, y) in zip(train_X, train_Y):
             sess.run(optimizer, feed dict={X: x, Y: y})
        #Display logs per epoch step
         if (epoch+1) % display_step == 0:
             c = sess.run(cost, feed dict={X: train X, Y:train Y})
             print ("Epoch:", '%04d' % (epoch+1), "cost=", "{:.9f}".format(c),
"W=", sess.run(W), "b=", sess.run(b))
   print ("Optimization Finished!")
    training_cost = sess.run(cost, feed_dict={X: train_X, Y: train Y})
    print ("Training cost=", training cost, "W=", sess.run(W), "b=",
sess.run(b), '\n')
    #Graphic display
    plt.plot(train_X, train_Y, 'ro', label='Original data')
plt.plot(train_X, sess.run(W) * train_X + sess.run(b), label='Fitted line')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



```
Logout
Jupyter Untitled1 Last Checkpoint: 41 minutes ago (unsaved changes)
 File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Help
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Trusted / Python 3 O
In [ ]: import tensorflow as tf
                           import numpy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                           learning_rate = 0.01
                          training_epochs = 1000
display_step = 50
                           # Train_X = numpy.asarray([3.3,4.4,5.5,6.71,6.93,4.168,9.779,6.182,7.59,2.167,7.042,10.791,5.313,7.997,5.654,9.27,3.1])
train_Y = numpy.asarray([1.7,2.76,2.09,3.19,1.694,1.573,3.366,2.596,2.53,1.221,2.827,3.465,1.65,2.904,2.42,2.94,1.3])
n_samples = train_X.shape[0]
                           # tf Graph Input
X = tf.placeholder("float")
Y = tf.placeholder("float")
                          W = tf.Variable(rng.randn(), name="weight")
b = tf.Variable(rng.randn(), name="bias")
                           pred = tf.add(tf.multiply(X, W), b)
                           # Mean squared error
cost = tf.reduce_sum(tf.pow(pred-Y, 2))/(2*n_samples)
                           # Gradient descent
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate).minimize(cost)
                          # Initialize the variables (i.e. assign their default value)
init = tf.global_variables_initializer()
                           # Start training
with tf.Session() as sess:
    sess.run(init)
                                  # Fit all training data
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    for (x, y) in zip(train_X, train_Y):
        sess.run(optimizer, feed_dict={X: x, Y: y})
                                      #Display logs per epoch step
if (epoch+1) % display step == 0:
                                 #Display Logs per epoch step
if (epoch+1) % display_step == 0:
    c = sess.run(cost, feed_dict={X: train_X, Y:train_Y})
    print ("Epoch:", "%edd" % (epoch+1), "cost=", "{:.9f}".format(c), "W=", sess.run(W), "b=", sess.run(b))
print ("Optimization Finished1")
training_cost = sess.run(cost, feed_dict={X: train_X, Y: train_Y})
print ("Training_cost=", training_cost, "W=", sess.run(W), "b=", sess.run(b), '\n')
                                 #braphic display
plt.plot(train_X, | train_Y, 'ro', label='Original data')
plt.plot(train_X, sess.run(W) * train_X + sess.run(b), label='Fitted line')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

2. Click on Run, to view the output





Note: Try adding **%matplotlib inline** at the top of the code if you get, <Figure size 640x480 with 1 Axes> instead of graph.



4 NEURAL NETWORK

In this section, we will test some neural network example:

1. In a Python3 notebook, add the below code in the code cell:

```
import numpy as np
class NeuralNetwork():
    def init (self):
        np.random.seed(1)
        self.synaptic weights = 2 * np.random.random((3, 1)) - 1
    def sigmoid(self, x):
        return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
    def sigmoid derivative(self, x):
        return x * (1 - x)
    def train(self, training inputs, training outputs, training iterations):
        for iteration in range(training iterations):
            output = self.think(training inputs)
            error = training outputs - output
            adjustments = np.dot(training inputs.T, error *
self.sigmoid derivative(output))
            self.synaptic weights += adjustments
    def think(self, inputs):
        inputs = inputs.astype(float)
        output = self.sigmoid(np.dot(inputs, self.synaptic weights))
        return output
if name == " main ":
    neural network = NeuralNetwork()
    print("Beginning Randomly Generated Weights: ")
    print(neural network.synaptic weights)
    training inputs = np.array([[0,0,1],
                                 [1,1,1],
                                 [1,0,1],
                                 [0,1,1]])
   training_outputs = np.array([[0,1,1,0]]).T
   neural network.train(training inputs, training outputs, 15000)
   print("Ending Weights After Training: ")
   print(neural network.synaptic weights)
   user input one = str(input("User Input One: "))
    user input two = str(input("User Input Two: "))
   user input three = str(input("User Input Three: "))
   print ("Considering New Situation: ", user input one,
user input two, user input three)
   print("New Output data: ")
   print(neural network.think(np.array([user input one,
user input two, user input three])))
   print("Wow, we did it!")
```



2. Click on **Run**, to view the output

4.1 Single Neuron Neural Network

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
from numpy import exp, array, random, dot, tanh
class NeuralNetwork():
   def init (self):
        random.seed(1)
       self.weight matrix = 2 * random.random((3, 1)) - 1
   def tanh(self, x):
       return tanh(x)
   def tanh derivative(self, x):
        return 1.0 - tanh(x) ** 2
   def forward propagation(self, inputs):
        return self.tanh(dot(inputs, self.weight matrix))
   def train(self, train inputs, train outputs,
                            num train iterations)
        for iteration in range(num train iterations): output
            = self.forward propagation(train inputs) error =
            train outputs - output
            adjustment = dot(train inputs.T, error *
                             self.tanh derivative(output)
```

```
self.weight_matrix += adjustment

if __name__ == "__main__":
    neural_network = NeuralNetwork()
    print ('Random weights at the start of training')
    print (neural_network.weight_matrix)
    train_inputs = array([[0, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1], [0, 1, 1]])
    train_outputs = array([[0, 1, 1, 0]]).T
    neural_network.train(train_inputs, train_outputs, 10000)
    print ('New weights after training')
    print (neural_network.weight_matrix)
    print ("Testing network on new examples ->")
    print (neural_network.forward_propagation(array([1, 0, 0])))
```



2. Click on **Run**, to view the output

```
Random weights at the start of training
[[-0.16595599]
    [ 0.44064899]
    [-0.99977125]]
New weights after training
[[5.39428067]
    [0.19482422]
    [ 0.34317086]]
Testing network on new examples ->
[0.99995873]
```

4.2 One Dimensional Vector

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
import numpy as np
input_vector = np.array([2, 4, 11])
print(input_vector)
```

2. Click on Run, to view the output

```
[14]: import numpy as np
input_vector = np.array([2, 4, 11])
print(input_vector)
[ 2  4 11]
```

4.3 Two Dimensional Array with one column

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
import numpy as np
input_vector = np.array([2, 4, 11])
input_vector = np.array(input_vector, ndmin=2).T
print(input_vector, input_vector.shape)
```

2. Click on Run, to view the output

```
import numpy as np
input_vector = np.array([2, 4, 11])
input_vector = np.array(input_vector, ndmin=2).T
print(input_vector, input_vector.shape)

[[ 2]
  [ 4]
  [11]] (3, 1)
```



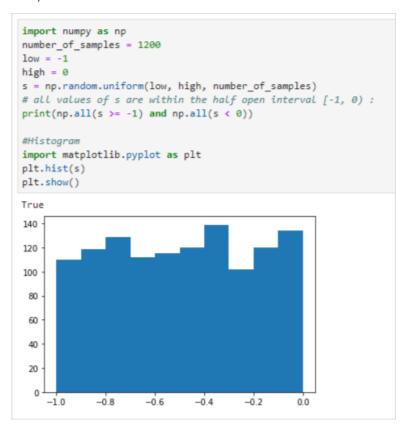
4.4 Weight Matrices

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
import numpy as np
number_of_samples = 1200
low = -1
high = 0
s = np.random.uniform(low, high, number_of_samples)
# all values of s are within the half open interval [-1, 0)
: print(np.all(s >= -1) and np.all(s < 0))

#Histogram
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.hist(s)
plt.show()</pre>
```

2. To execute the code, click on Run



Note: Try adding %matplotlib inline at the top of the code if you don't get the graph.

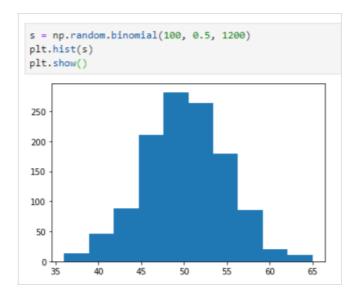
4.5 Binomial Function

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
s = np.random.binomial(100, 0.5, 1200)
plt.hist(s)
plt.show()
```



2. To execute click on Run



4.6 Sigmoid Function

1. Add the below code in the code cell:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def sigma(x):
    return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
X = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
plt.plot(X, sigma(X),'b')
plt.xlabel('X Axis')
plt.xlabel('Y Axis')
plt.ylabel('Y Axis')
plt.title('Sigmoid
Function') plt.grid()
plt.text(4, 0.8, r'$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$',
fontsize=16) plt.show()
```

2. To execute click on Run



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def sigma(x):
   return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
X = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
plt.plot(X, sigma(X),'b')
plt.xlabel('X Axis')
plt.ylabel('Y Axis')
plt.title('Sigmoid Function')
plt.grid()
plt.text(4, 0.8, r'\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}, fontsize=16)
plt.show()
                            Sigmoid Function
   1.0
                                                           \sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}
   0.6
   0.4
   0.2
                                  X Axis
```



5 CPU CONSUMPTION

1. In a Python3 notebook, add the below code in the code cell:

```
future import print function
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
import time
with tf.Session(config=tf.ConfigProto(log device placement=True))
as session:
   start time = time.time()
    time taken = time.time() - start time
    #print(result)
def get times(maximum time):
    device times = {
        "/cpu:0":[]
    matrix sizes = range(500, 50000, 50)
    for size in matrix sizes:
        for device name in device times.keys():
            print("###### Calculating on the " + device_name + " ######")
            shape = (size, size)
            data type = tf.float16
            with tf.device(device name):
                r1 = tf.random uniform(shape=shape, minval=0, maxval=1,
dtype=data type)
                r2 = tf.random uniform(shape=shape, minval=0, maxval=1,
dtype=data type)
                dot operation = tf.matmul(r2, r1)
            with
tf.Session(config=tf.ConfigProto(log device placement=True)) as session:
                    start time = time.time()
                    result = session.run(dot operation)
                    time taken = time.time() - start time
                    print(result)
                    device_times[device_name].append(time_taken)
            print(device times)
            if time taken > maximum time:
                return device times, matrix sizes
device times, matrix sizes = get times(1.5)
cpu times = device times["/cpu:0"]
plt.plot(matrix sizes[:len(cpu times)], cpu times, 'o-')
plt.ylabel('Time')
plt.xlabel('Matrix size')
plt.show()
```



2. To execute the code, click on Run

```
###### Calculating on the /cpu:0 ######
         126.5 122.4 ... 128.4 122.75 125.56]
 [125.25 124.75 125.9 ... 130.6 125. 127.75]
[125.2 124. 123. ... 130.2 122.9 125.7]
 [128.2 128. 126.6 ... 133.8 127.75 129.8 ]
[117.5 120.9 116.9 ... 125.94 118.2 120.6 ]
[128.5 128.4 127.94 ... 134. 126. 131.8 ]]
{'/cpu:0': [0.898186445236206]}
###### Calculating on the /cpu:0 ######
[[133.8 136.2 135.8 ... 139.6 142.8 135.]
 [135.8 135.9 135.2 ... 138.6 143.6 135.1]
 [131.1 132.2 130.8 ... 135.2 139.5 128.4]
 [136.4 136.5 131.8 ... 136.6 143.9 133.2]
 [137.6 138.8 136. ... 138.6 146.6 133. ]
[135.5 132.9 134.6 ... 138.6 138.8 131. ]]
{'/cpu:0': [0.898186445236206, 1.0762956142425537]}
####### Calculating on the /cpu:0 ######
[[151.1 149.8 142.5 ... 154. 149.8 141.5]
 [159. 154.5 145.9 ... 152. 151.1 145.2]
 [153.2 151.5 145.4 ... 153. 150.1 146.
 [147.6 145.2 135.5 ... 149. 145.8 136.8]
 [146.2 151. 140.5 ... 149.9 146. 141.6]
[147.2 141.5 135.6 ... 145.5 148.1 138.4]]
{'/cpu:0': [0.898186445236206, 1.0762956142425537, 1.306037187576294]}
####### Calculating on the /cpu:0 #######
[[155.9 156.5 161.2 ... 157.1 161. 161.2]
 [164.8 156.5 159.1 ... 158.1 156.8 165.9]
 [159. 156.6 163.1 ... 161. 160.6 164.8]
 [160.5 160.6 164.9 ... 160. 163.2 162.8]
 [154.5 157.5 156.5 ... 156.1 157. 161.1]
[159.9 159.6 159.6 ... 156.4 159.9 159.8]]
{'/cpu:0': [0.898186445236206, 1.0762956142425537, 1.306037187576294, 1.6062920093536377]}
```

