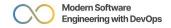




# **Introduction to Kubernetes**

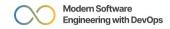


### What is container orchestration?



Docker Compose is sufficient for running a set of Docker containers on a single machine

Container orchestration involves managing containers on multiple machines, across a network



## **Container orchestration features**



**Load balancing** – distributing network requests across containers efficiently

**Self-healing** - regularly checking and maintaining the health of containers, restarting or replacing failed containers

**Auto-scaling** – containers are added and removed according to demand

**Automated deployment** – makes it easy to set up and deploy containers

**Storage management** – Handle the storage needs of all the containers

**Networking** – Handle networking between containers



### **Kubernetes**

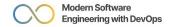


Kubernetes offers all these features and more

Most popular system today for container orchestration, for Docker and other container technologies

Originally developed by Google, now open source

Alternatives include Docker Swarm



# **Kubernetes ecosystem 101**



### WORKLOAD

An application running on Kubernetes Run inside a set of pods

### **POD**

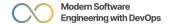
A set of one or more containers with shared storage, network resources, and specifications
Single-container pods are most common
Kubernetes manages pods instead of containers directly

#### NODE

A physical or virtual machine for running containers in pods

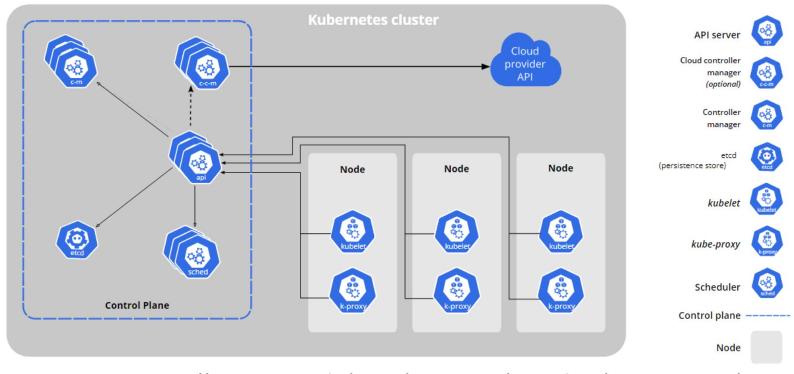
#### **CLUSTER**

A set of one or more Nodes Each cluster typically has multiple Nodes

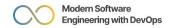


### **Kubernetes cluster**





Source: https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/overview/components/

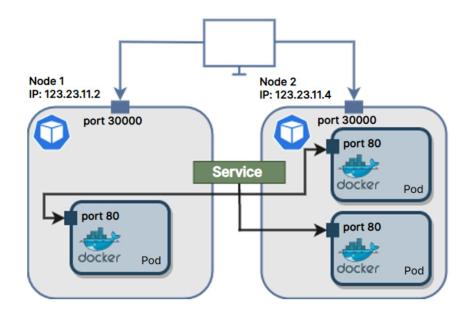


## **Kubernetes Services**

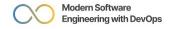


"A Service in Kubernetes is an abstraction which defines a logical set of Pods and a policy by which to access them."

[Source: https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/services-networking/service]



Individual Kubernetes pods are ephemeral (not permanent)
They also cannot be accessed outside of their cluster
Services provide a reliable way to access logical sets of pods



## Minikube & Kubectl



Minikube: Local, single-node Kubernetes for development and learning

Kubectl: CLI utility to run commands on Kubernetes clusters