# **Query2Report**

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# 

# **Overview**

How many times have we run SQL queries on RDBMS using rich SQL editors to extract data, copy it to excel sheet to plot simple trend charts? Why do we not use any of the existing BI or reporting tools?

The overhead of using heavy weight BI tools is little too much for a simple report/charting requirement. Firstly, you need to have a licensed version, trial versions are good but they don't offer continuity. Secondly, there is a learning curve associated in building reports, no one lets you transform SQL queries to chart directly and you need to know the product in building even a simple report. Query2Report addresses both these limitations.

# **Introduction**

Query2Report is a simple, light weight web based reporting solution that lets you map SQL queries to beautiful reports using google charts.

It is simple because there is no learning curve required to build reports. Any person with descent SQL knowledge should be able to build report quickly.

It is light weight because it doesn't require users to install any thick client, your web browser acts like a thin client to build and view reports and also to administrator the product.

# **Prerequisite**

The application is a web application hence Tomcat Application Server v8.0 or above should be installed on the server where you will be hosting Query2Report web application.

The application uses JDBC to connect to the database hence licensed version of JDBC Driver(s) to connect to database(s) are required.

# **Installation**

Download the q2r.war file from https://sourceforge.net/projects/query2report/ and place it under CATALINA\_HOME/webapps/ directory and restart the application server.

Access the application using below URL,

http://<hostname>:<port>/q2r

Where, port -> port on which tomcat is listening

The default username/password to connect to the database is admin/admin. It’s highly recommended to change the default password for the admin user once logged in for the first time.

# **Users and Roles**

The application supports 3 roles which are

1. Administrator
2. Viewer
3. Guest

The “Administrator” role entitles user to perform all admin tasks which involves

* Creating users
* Registering JDBC drivers
* Creating Data Source
* Creating, Editing and Viewing Reports in “Public Reports” and “Personal Reports” folders

The “Viewer” role entitles users to

* View reports in “Public Reports” folder
* Creating, Editing and Viewing Reports in “Personal Reports” folder

The “Guest” role entitles users to

* Viewing reports in “Public Reports” folder

The application has a default “Administrator” user called “admin” with default password of “admin”. It’s highly recommended to change the default password for the admin user once logged in for the first time.

The application entitles users with “Administrator” role to add new users. New user can be added by clicking on **“Users” -> “Add User”**, this will open up add user dialog where you need to specify

* Display name
* Username
* Password
* Role

Users can access their profile and update when required by logging into q2r web application and clicking on user icon on the right of the top menu bar and clicking on **“Update Profile”**

As part of the profile, user can also specify the session timeout in seconds. The default value is 10 minutes after which the user is logged out. This is an important property that admins must consider if they are building auto refresh report, you don’t want user session timeout to happen while having auto refresh reporting being open. If you have reports/dashboard with auto refresh consider having 1 day as session timeout.

# **Registering JDBC Driver**

The application uses JDBC to connect to database and run queries. Administrators should register required JDBC driver with Q2R if the enterprise is a heterogeneous database environment.

The drivers can be registered by clicking on **Drivers** -> **Add Driver** on the Q2R web console, this opens up a registration dialog where you need to specify

1. Driver Alias
2. Full class path for the JDBC driver
3. Path to jar file on local system

On saving the driver, the driver jar file will get uploaded from local system (Where the browser is launched) to the server hosting q2r web application. The jar file will be copied to CATALINA\_HOME/webapps/q2r/WEB-INF/lib folder.

Once the save is successful, as directed by the onscreen message you need to

1. Verify if the jar file is copied to CATALINA\_HOME/webapps/q2r/WEB-INF/lib on the server hosting q2r web application
2. Restart tomcat

Restarting tomcat can be done at the end once all the JDBC drivers are registered instead of doing one by one after every jar file upload.

# **Creating a Data Source**

Creating a data source involves creating a JDBC connection to the database as pointed by the URL provided. The data sources can be created by clicking on **“Data Sources”** -> **“Create Data Source”,** this will open up create data source dialog where you need provide

1. Data source alias
2. Selecting appropriate JDBC Driver
3. Providing JDBC Connection URL
4. Database Username
5. Database Password

On successfully saving the data source perform a “Test Connection” to verify if the provided credentials are accurate.

Administrators can define multiple data sources each pointing different database instance or even to different database vendor in heterogeneous database vendor environment.

Pool of JDBC connection is created for each data source created. The connections in the pool are not created aggressively instead connection are created only when all the existing connection are already being used and the limit to maximum number of connection to the data source is not reached. The default maximum number of connection limit is set to 5.

It is always recommended to use a read only user while creating the data source and the queries written while creating a report can be subjected to “SQL Injection” attacks.

# **Support Chart Types**

## **Pie Chart**

Pie chart should have one dimension and one measure. The dimension column should be of string type. If there are two or more measures, only first measure will be considered while others measure will be ignored.

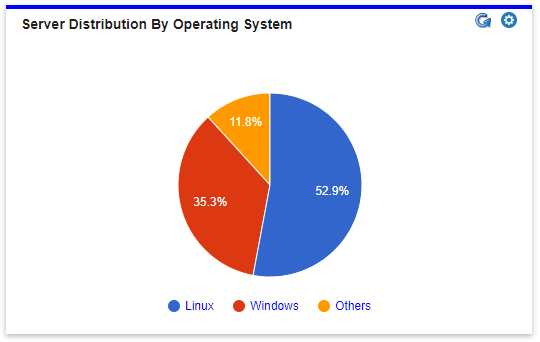
**For example**, consider an enterprise with multiple servers, If we had to plot pie chart of operating system versus count of servers belonging to that operating system then the SQL query would look like

**select operating\_system,count(\*) from enterprise\_server\_inventory group by operating\_system**

The output of the query would like

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **operating\_system** | **count(\*)** |
| Windows | 3000 |
| Linux | 4500 |
| Others | 1000 |

The graph would look like



It is also important to select 1st column as the dimension column of string data type. Consider the same above SQL query, if user writes the same above query by first selecting the count(\*) and then the operating system, like below

**select count(\*),operating\_system from enterprise\_server\_inventory group by operating\_system**

Then one would see below error.

Pie chart should have a first column of type string

## **Bar Chart**

The bar chart should have at max two dimensions and any number of measures. Consider breaking chart in to multiple chart or other chart type if you have to plot more than 2 measures against same dimension.

Bar chart supports time series data where one dimension is time and other can be any string dimension.

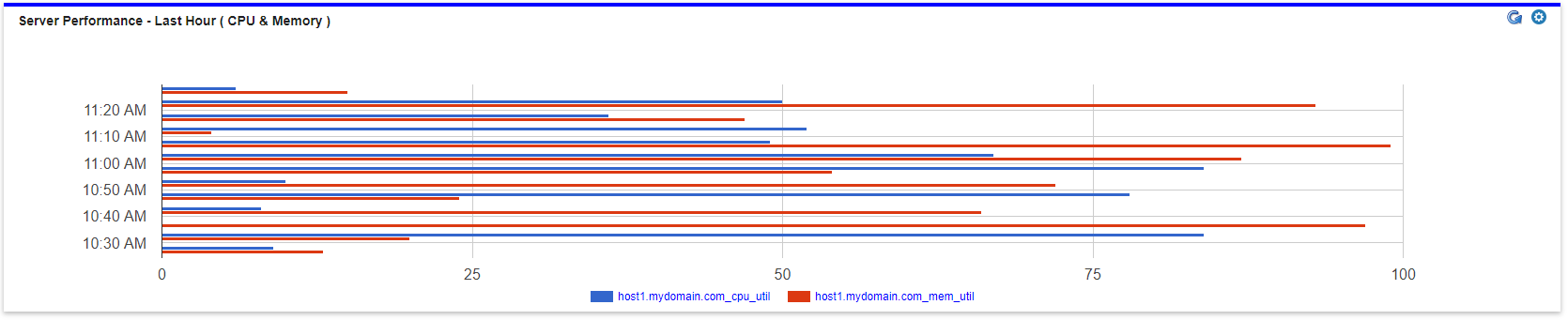
For example, consider a scenario of plotting cpu and memory utilization of host1 over last one hour. The SQL for MySQL would look like

**select timestamp,hostname,cpu\_util,mem\_util from sys.system\_performance where timestamp>=date\_add(now(), INTERVAL -1 hour) and hostname='host1.mydomain.com' group by timestamp,hostname**

Below is the data returned by the query

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Timestamp** | **Hostname** | **cpu utilization** | **memory utilization** |
| 5/15/2018 10:27 | host1.mydomain.com | 9 | 13 |
| 5/15/2018 10:32 | host1.mydomain.com | 84 | 20 |
| 5/15/2018 10:37 | host1.mydomain.com | 0 | 97 |
| 5/15/2018 10:42 | host1.mydomain.com | 8 | 66 |
| 5/15/2018 10:47 | host1.mydomain.com | 78 | 24 |
| 5/15/2018 10:52 | host1.mydomain.com | 10 | 72 |
| 5/15/2018 10:57 | host1.mydomain.com | 84 | 54 |
| 5/15/2018 11:02 | host1.mydomain.com | 67 | 87 |
| 5/15/2018 11:07 | host1.mydomain.com | 49 | 99 |
| 5/15/2018 11:12 | host1.mydomain.com | 52 | 4 |
| 5/15/2018 11:17 | host1.mydomain.com | 36 | 47 |
| 5/15/2018 11:22 | host1.mydomain.com | 50 | 93 |
| 5/15/2018 11:27 | host1.mydomain.com | 6 | 15 |

Below is the bar chart rendered.

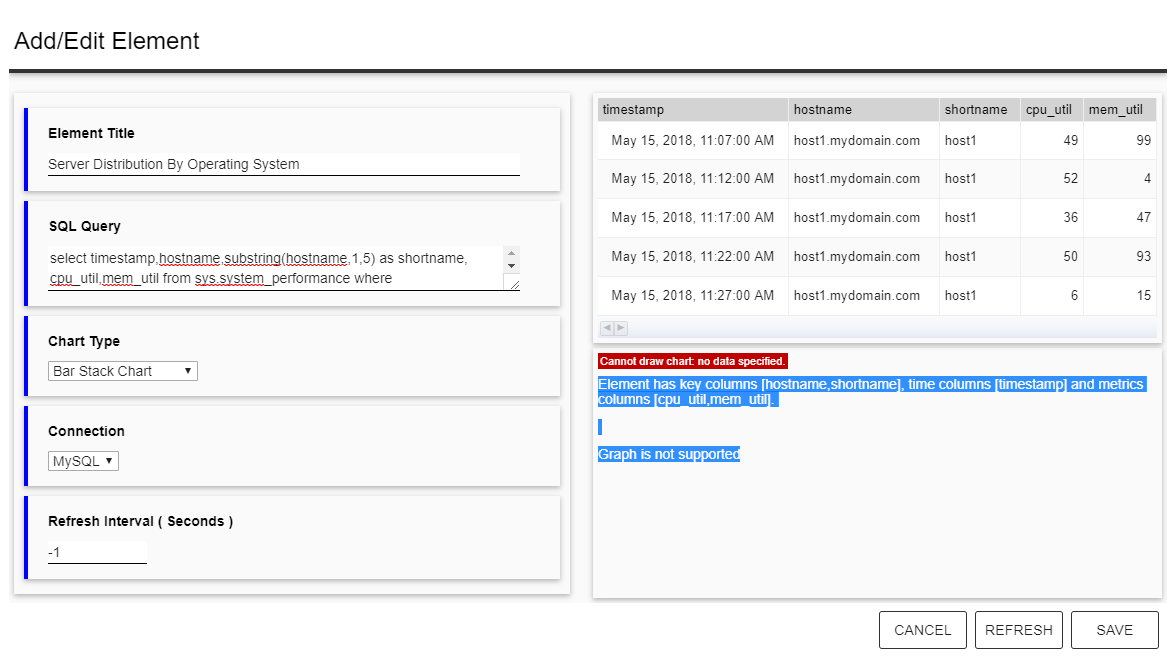


If the query has more than two dimension then the graph type is not supported and you would see following error.

**Element has key columns [hostname,shortname], time columns [timestamp] and metrics columns [cpu\_util,mem\_util].**

**Graph is not supported**

Below is the error message when you test the query.



## **Stacked Bar Chart**

Stacked bar chart, like bar chart, support up to 2 dimensions and any number of measures. Consider break chart in to multiple chart if you have to plot more than 4 measures against same dimension.

Stacked bar chart supports time series data where one dimension is time and other can be any string dimension.

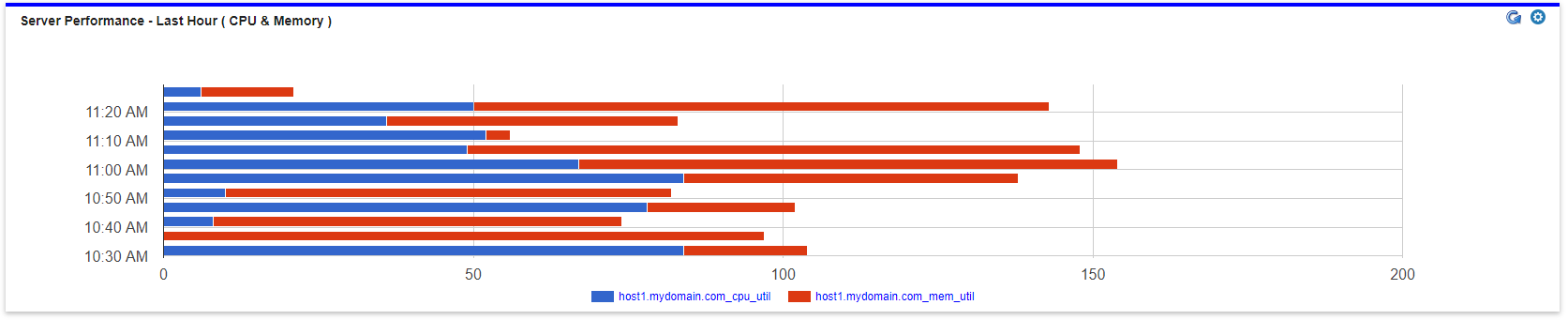
For example, consider display cpu and memory utilization of a host for last 1 hour. The sample MySQL query would look like

**select timestamp,hostname,cpu\_util,memory\_util from sys.system\_performance where timestamp>=date\_add(now(), INTERVAL -1 hour) and hostname='host1.mydomain.com' group by timestamp,hostname**

Below is the data returned by the query

|  |  |  |  |
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Below is the bar chart rendered.

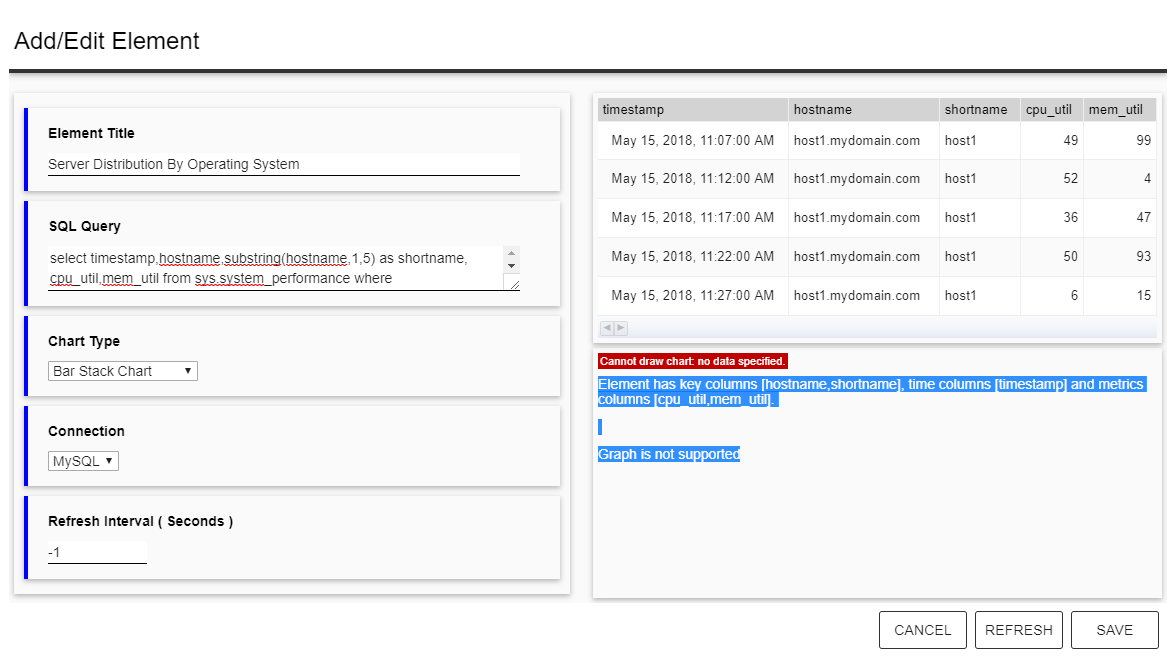


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Below is the error message when you test the query.



## **Column Chart**

Column chart, like bar chart, support up to 2 dimensions and any number of measures. Consider breaking chart in to multiple chart or other chart type if you have to plot more than 2 measures against same dimension.

Column chart supports time series data where one dimension is time and other can be any string dimension.

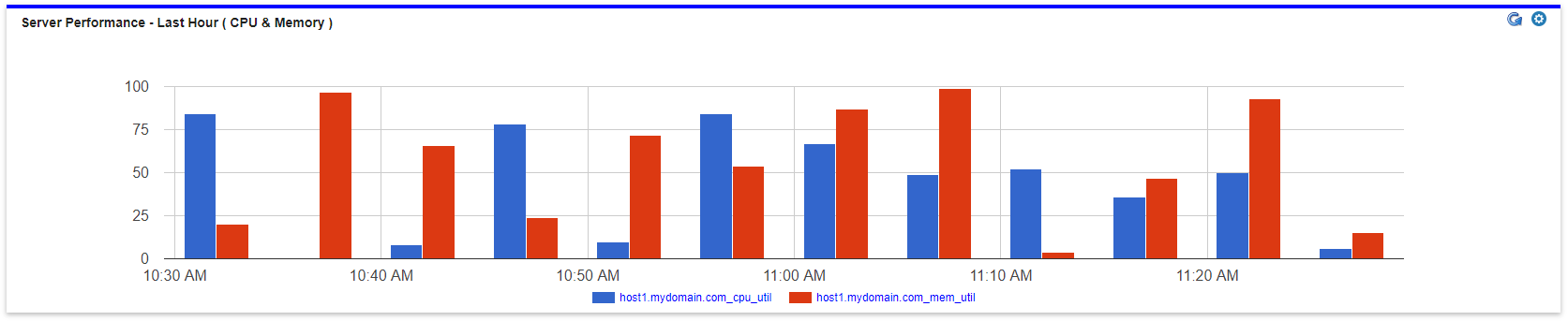
For example, consider display cpu and memory utilization of a host for last 1 hour. The sample MySQL query would look like

**select timestamp,hostname,cpu\_util,memory\_util from sys.system\_performance where timestamp>=date\_add(now(), INTERVAL -1 hour) and hostname='host1.mydomain.com' group by timestamp,hostname**

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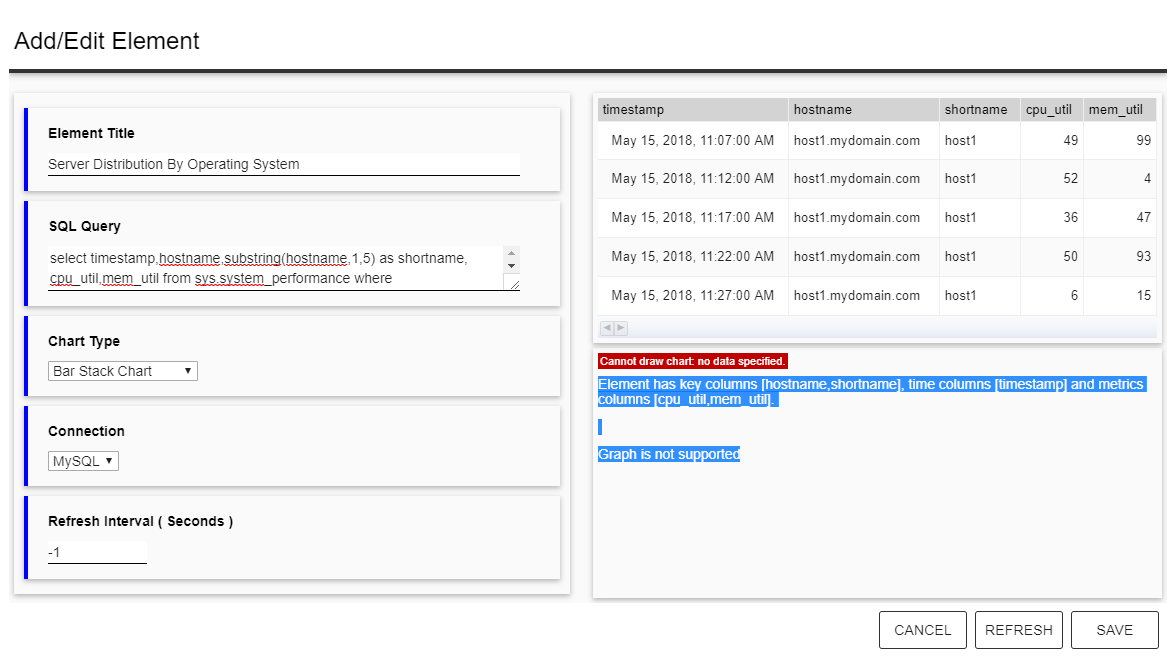


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## **Stacked Column Chart**

Stacked column chart, like bar chart, support up to 2 dimensions and any number of measures. Consider break chart in to multiple chart if you have to plot more than 4 measures against same dimension.

Stacked column chart supports time series data where one dimension is time and other can be any string dimension.

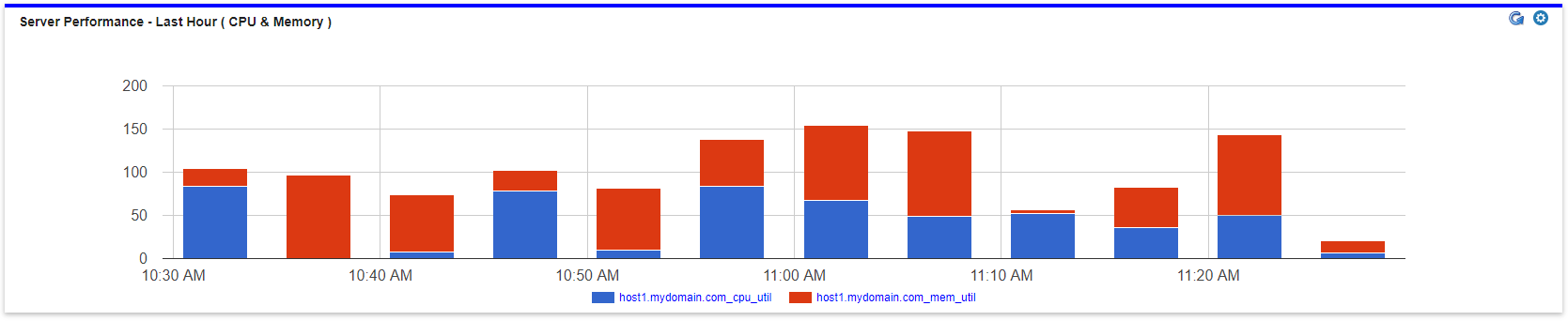
For example, consider display cpu and memory utilization of a host for last 1 hour. The sample MySQL query would look like

**select timestamp,hostname,cpu\_util,memory\_util from sys.system\_performance where timestamp>=date\_add(now(), INTERVAL -1 hour) and hostname='host1.mydomain.com' group by timestamp,hostname**

Below is the data returned by the query

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| 5/15/2018 11:02 | host1.mydomain.com | 67 | 87 |
| 5/15/2018 11:07 | host1.mydomain.com | 49 | 99 |
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Below is the bar chart rendered.

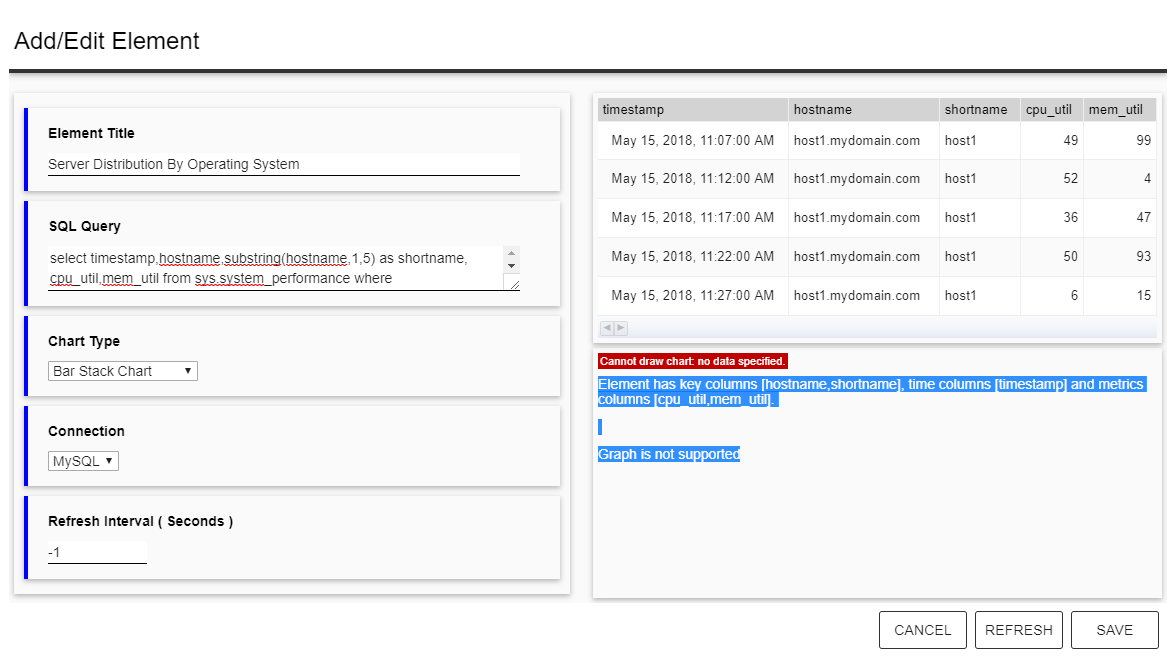


If the query has more than two dimension then the graph type is not supported and you would see following error.

**Element has key columns [hostname,shortname], time columns [timestamp] and metrics columns [cpu\_util,mem\_util].**

**Graph is not supported**

Below is the error message when you test the query.



## **Line Chart**

Line chart supports up to 2 dimensions and any number of measures. Consider break chart in to multiple chart if you have to plot more than 4 measures against same dimension.

Line chart supports time series data where one dimension is time and other can be any string dimension.

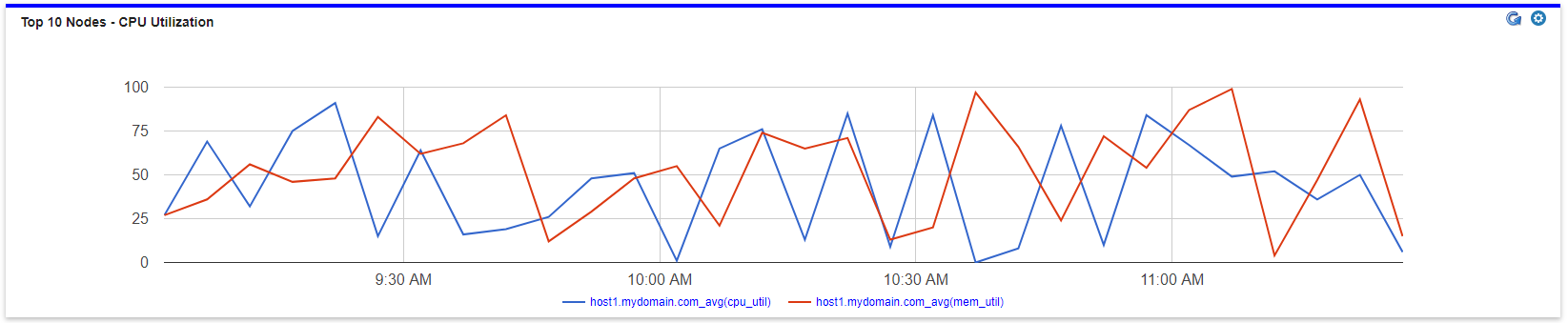
For example, consider display cpu and memory utilization of a host for last 2 hour. The sample MySQL query would look like

**select timestamp,hostname,cpu\_util,memory\_util from sys.system\_performance where timestamp>=date\_add(now(), INTERVAL -2 hour) and hostname='host1.mydomain.com' group by timestamp,hostname**

Below is the data returned by the query

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Timestamp** | **Hostname** | **cpu utilization** | **memory utilization** |
| 5/15/2018 10:27 | host1.mydomain.com | 9 | 13 |
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| 5/15/2018 11:22 | host1.mydomain.com | 50 | 93 |
| 5/15/2018 11:27 | host1.mydomain.com | 6 | 15 |

Below is the rendered chart

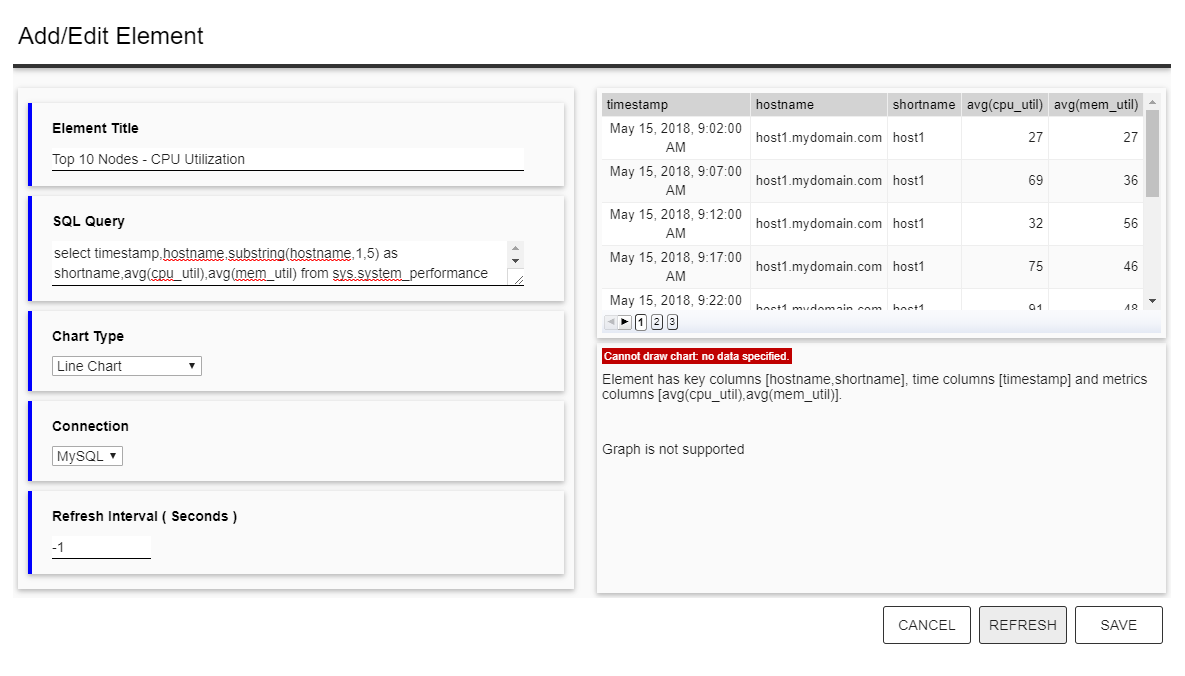


If the query has more than two dimension then the graph type is not supported and you would see following error.

**Element has key columns [hostname,shortname], time columns [timestamp] and metrics columns [cpu\_util,mem\_util].**

**Graph is not supported**

Below is the error message when you test the query.

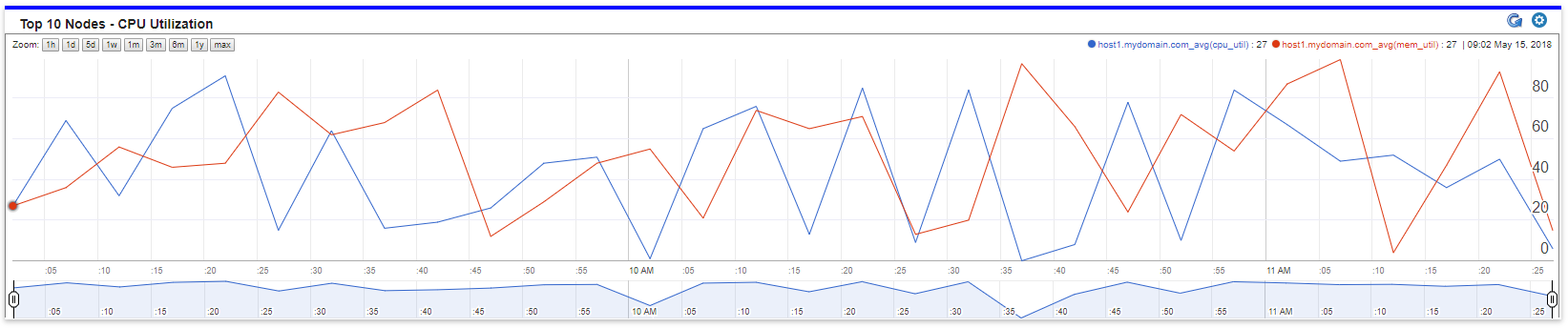


## **Annotated Line Chart**

Annotated line charts works the same way as line chart the only difference is that the chart is made interactive with a time range slider to zoom in or zoom out to certain time with the report time range.

The requirement and restrictions on line chart will also apply to annotated line charts as well.

Below is the rendered Annotated Line Chart for same query and data set as that of Line Chart.



# **Building a Report**

Each report has one or more elements arranged in rows and columns. Each element has title, SQL Query, database connection pointing to database from where data is retrieved, type of chart renderer and refresh interval.

The application uses google charts. Google chart usage require you to be connected to the internet while rendering the report. The chart element supported by Q2R are

1. Bar Chart
2. Bar Stack Chart
3. Column Chart
4. Column Stack Chart
5. Line Chart
6. Annotated Line Chart
7. Pie Chart
8. Tabular Chart

In a report, some elements can be configured to fetch data from one database instance while the other elements can be configured to fetch data from different database instance. It’s possible to create a report that can pull data from multiple databases.

The element also has an option to auto refresh the data. This is turned off by default and the value -1 specifies no refresh. The report authors have an option to specify in seconds after which the element should get refreshed automatically. Different elements in the report have their own refresh rate. Element showing minutely data can be refreshed minutely while other elements in the same report showing hourly data can be configured to refresh hourly. The idea behind providing the refresh at element level is to prevent resource over utilization. User might want to see only one component's/element's data in real time and in such cases refresh entire report can be an over kill.

Authors can build reports and share them with others in the organization by saving them in "Public Reports" folder. Users can build reports and save them in "Personal Reports" folder for exclusive consumption.

Reports in “Public Reports” have view only access to all users whereas edit access to all Administrator users. Reports in “Personal Reports” folders are exclusively available only to the report authors.

# **Report with Parameters**

The Q2R application supports report parameters. Report parameters are defined implicitly by defining query parameters at the element level. These parameters are gathered across all elements while saving and are stored at report level. These parameters are prompted at the time of opening the report.

The query parameters are specified in following format

{<dataType>:<paramName>}

Q2R supports following data types

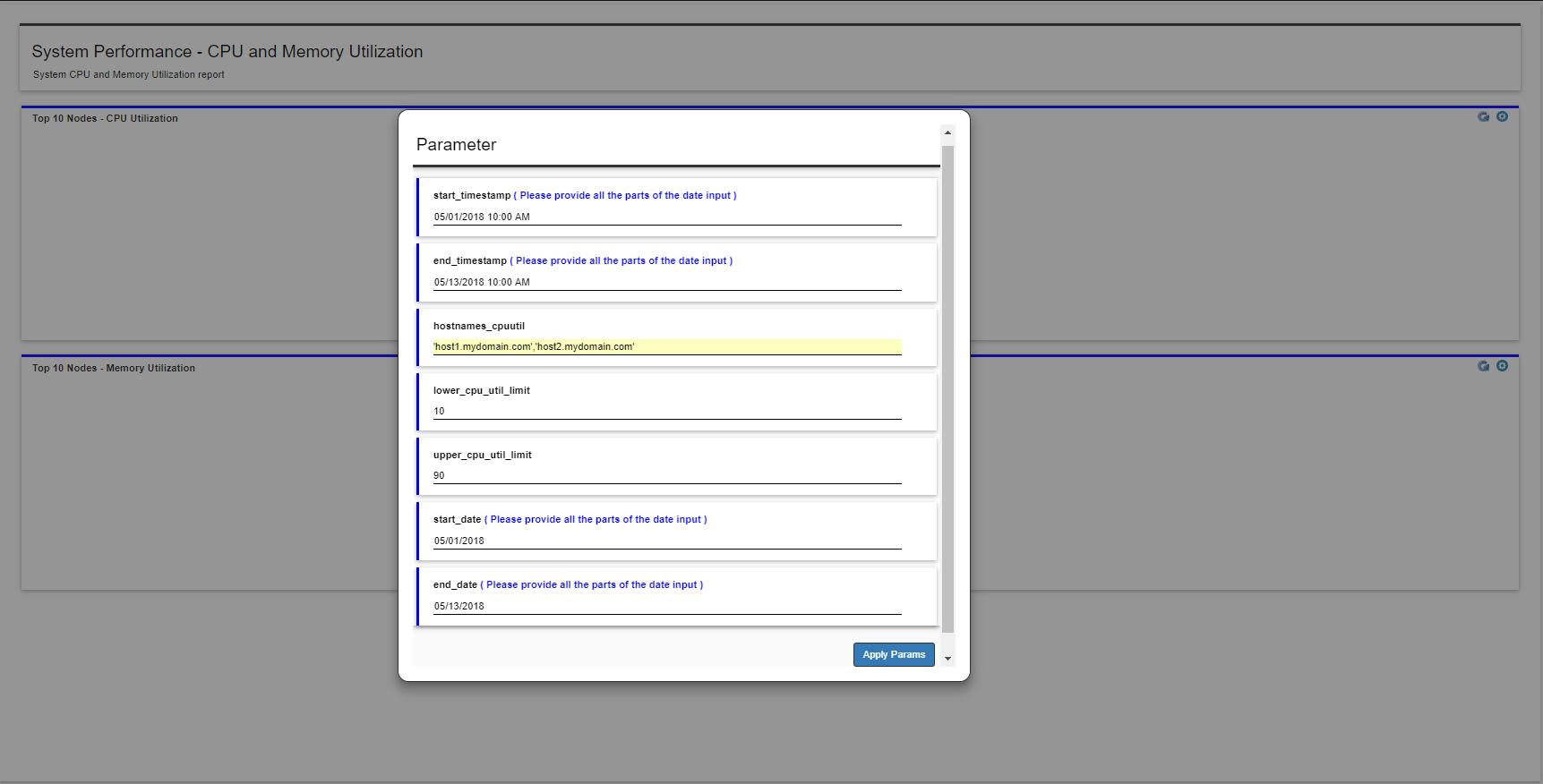
* string
* quoting is added automatically
* For example, select hostname, timestamp, cpu\_util from system\_resource where hostname={<string:hostname>}
* numeric
* No quoting required
* For example, select hostname, avg(cup\_util) from system\_resource where avg(cpu\_util) >= {numeric:lower\_limit} and avg <= {numeric:upper\_limit} group by hostname
* date
* This data type lets you pick up a date and the date is formatted as ‘mm/dd/yyyy’, so the required formatting on the RHS of the query so be done by the report authors
* For example, select hostname,date,cpu\_util from system\_resource where date>={date:start\_date} and date<={date:end\_date}
* datetime
* This data type lets you pick up a date and the date is formatted as ‘mm/dd/yyyy HH:MI:SS’, so the required formatting on the RHS of the query so be done by the report authors.
* For example, select hostname,timestamp,cpu\_util from system\_resource where timestamp>={datetime:start\_timestamp} and timestamp<={datetime:end\_timestamp}
* List
* Can be list of string or list of numeric.
* Users can provide comma separated quoted string literals

For example, select hostname,avg(cpu\_util) from system\_resource where hostname in ({list:hostnames}) group by hostname

* Users can provide comma separated list of numbers

For example, select hostname,avg(cpu\_util) from system\_resource where host\_id in ({list:host\_ids}) group by hostname

Refer to the snapshot below



# **Other Salient Features**

* The application is built using HTML5 and bootstrap CSS for enhanced user experience.
* The application is based on AjgularJS framework making it easy to extend and faster performance.
* The application is based on responsive web design which makes the user interface compatitable with any device like laptops, tablets and mobile phones.
* Report building is web based, hence doesn't require any rich java client to be installed on the laptop/desktop.
* Report elements are loaded in parallel using AJAX and hence user need not wait for entire report to be rendered before see data/charts for simpler and smaller reporting elements.
* The application backend logic is implemented using RESTful web service which can be hosted on different server independently.

# **Appendix 1 – Sample Reports**

Let's have following reporting use cases on the employees sample database to be addressed by Query2Report

The demo is based on employees sample database available for MySQL database. More information about the content refer to <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/employee/en/>

* Distribution of employees by departments, by designations and further distribution based on gender
* Employee hiring in the organization over the years

## **Distribution of employees by departments, by designations and gender**

Build a report with two sections and four elements. The first section shows Pie chart of distribution of employees by department and a bar chart showing distribution by department by gender. The second section shows pie chart of employees by designation and a bar chart showing distribution by role by gender.

To build such a report in Query2Report we must create report template consisting of two sections and each section having two elements.

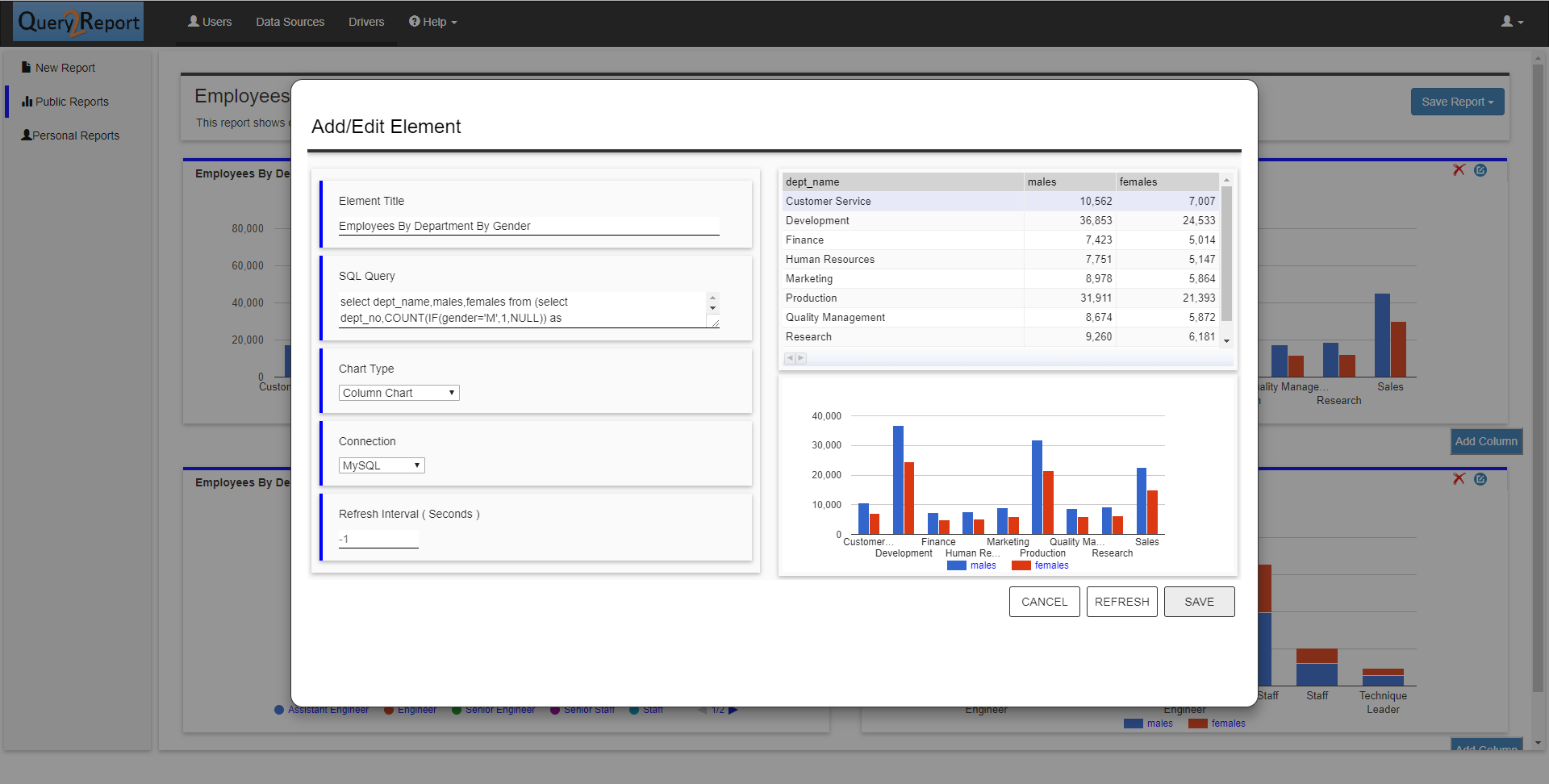
Click on D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\NewReport.PNG  and then click on D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\AddRow.PNGbutton to create two rows in the report template then click  D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\AddColumn.PNG on each row to create two columns per row

Click on edit image D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\edit_small.png  available in the top section to provide report title and report description.

Click on edit image D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\edit_small.png on the each of the elements, there will be a total of 4 elements created.

For each element, provide required title, SQL Query to fetch data, Chart type as per the requirement and refresh interval inputs. Refresh interval is default to -1 which means no automatic refresh, however you can click on the refresh icon to refresh each cell manually. But if you want auto refresh of any or all of the cells provide the refresh interval in seconds in this input.

Once the element is defined, you can test the SQL Query using the D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\TestElement.pngbutton and then D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\CloseEdit.PNGbutton to see the corresponding chart getting rendered with real data. Once all the element definition is finalized, you can choose to save reports in either of D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\PublicReport.PNG which means the report is available for all users or D:\LWR\lwr-gc\src\main\webapp\images\PersonalReport.PNG which means the report is available only to that user.



**Report Queries**

* **Employee By Department**

select dept\_name,count(\*) from employees.dept\_emp,employees.departments where to\_date='9999-01-01' and dept\_emp.dept\_no=departments.dept\_no group by dept\_name

* **Employees By Department By Gender**

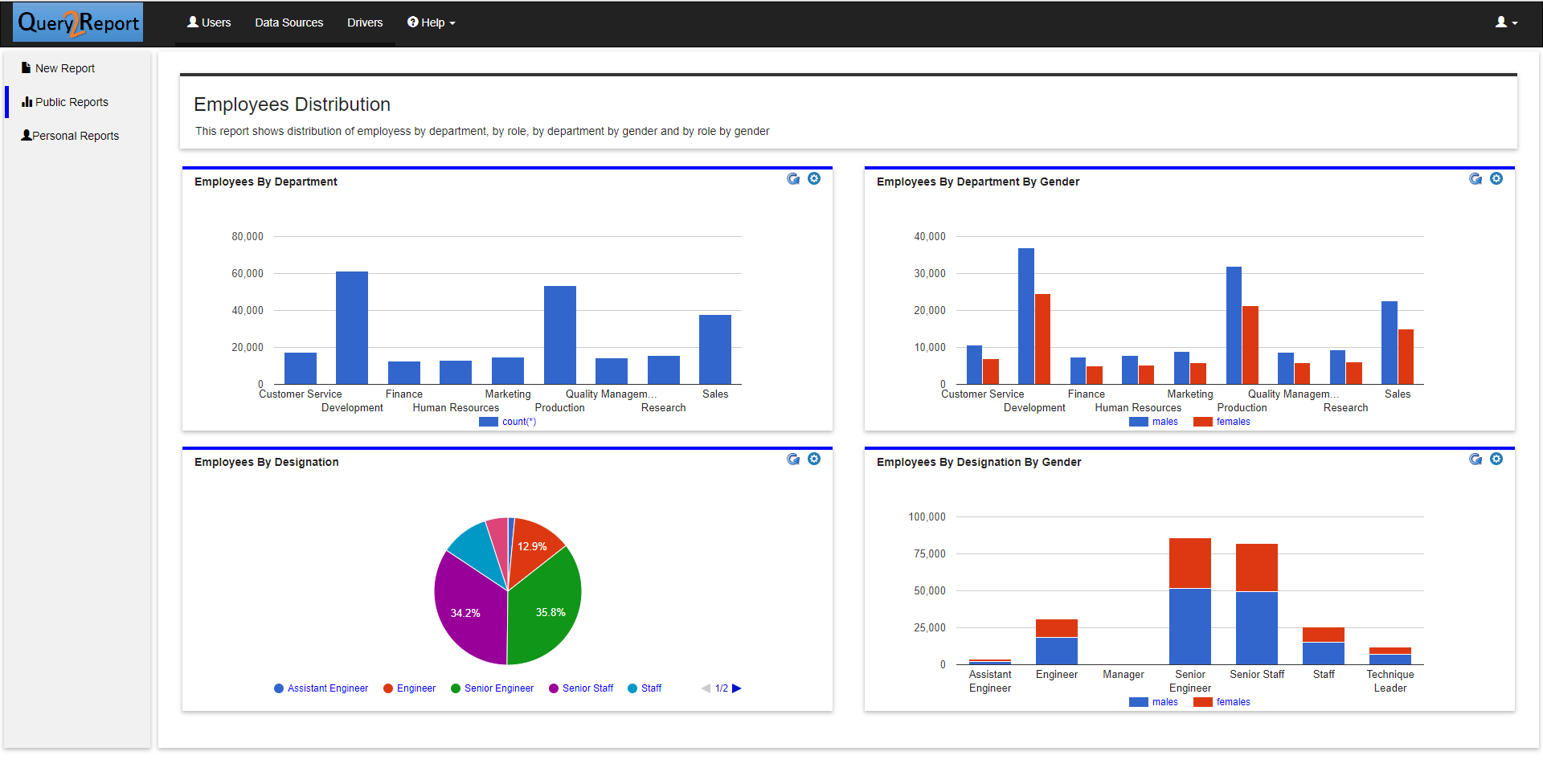
select dept\_name,males,females from (select dept\_no,COUNT(IF(gender='M',1,NULL)) as males,COUNT(IF(gender='F',1,NULL)) as females from employees.dept\_emp,employees.employees where to\_date='9999-01-01' and dept\_emp.emp\_no=employees.emp\_no group by dept\_no) t,employees.departments d where t.dept\_no=d.dept\_no

* **Employees By Designation**

select title,count(\*) from employees.titles,employees.employees where to\_date='9999-01-01' and titles.emp\_no=employees.emp\_no group by title

* **Employees By Designation By Gender**

select title,COUNT(IF(gender='M',1,NULL)) as males,COUNT(IF(gender='F',1,NULL)) as females from employees.titles,employees.employees where to\_date='9999-01-01' and titles.emp\_no=employees.emp\_no group by title



## **Employee intake over the years**

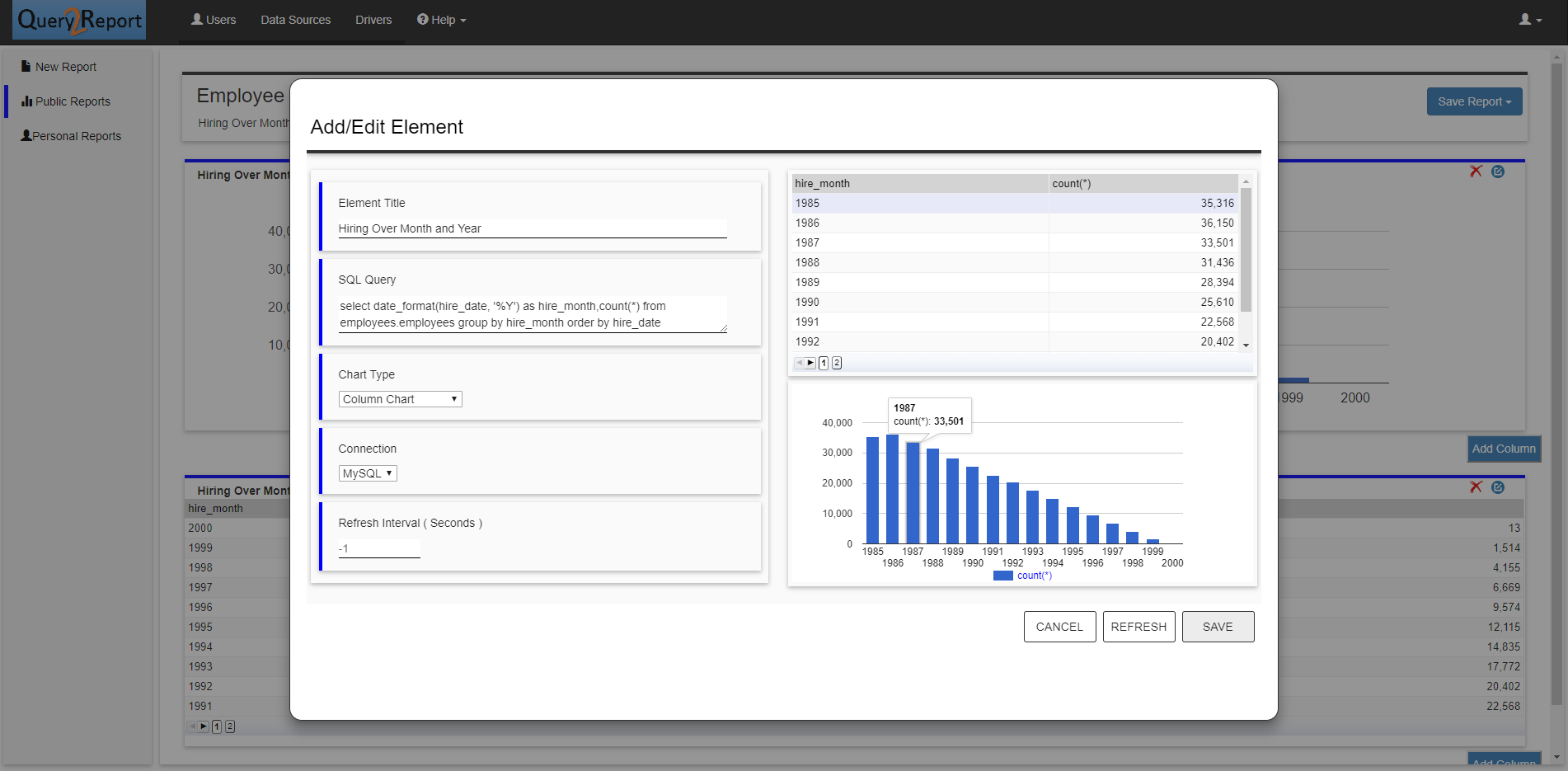
Build a report that shows trending of employee intake in the organization over the years. The report has two section, first section shows a bar chart of number of employees hired by year and second section shows a table displaying the same information

Click on "New Report" and build the report template consisting of two sections and each section having single elements. Click on "Add Row" button to create two rows of the report

Click on edit image available in the top section for report title and report description

Click on edit image on the each of the elements and provide required title, SQL Query to fetch data, Chart type as per the requirement and refresh interval inputs

Once the element is defined, you can test the SQL Query using the "Test Element" button and then "Close Edit" button to see the corresponding chart getting rendered with real data. Once all the element definition is finalized, you can choose to save reports in either of "Personal Folder" which means the report is available for all users or "Private Folder" which means the report is available only to that user.



**Report Queries**

* **Hiring Over Month and Year**

select date\_format(hire\_date, '%Y') as hire\_month,count(\*) from employees.employees group by hire\_month order by hire\_date

* **Hiring Over Month and Year - Table**

select date\_format(hire\_date, '%Y') as hire\_month,count(\*) from employees.employees group by hire\_month order by hire\_date desc

