

Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)c

Virtual Machines

- Availability Set**
- 2 fault domains for classic
 - 3 fault domains for Resource Manager deployments
 - 5 update domains
- Scale Set**
- Max 100 VMs
 - Max 1000 VMs with placement groups (auto scale)
 - Managed disks needed for large scale sets
- VM Series**
- A General purpose
 - F Compute optimised
 - D,E,G Memory optimised
 - L Storage optimised
 - N Graphic GPU optimised
 - H High performance computing
- Join VMs to domain**
- Enable Azure AD Domain Services

High Performance Compute

- HPC Workload Series**
- A General purpose
 - N Graphic GPU optimised
 - H High performance computing
- HPC Pack**
- Windows Server 2012, 2016, and Linux
 - Create HPC clusters on-prem
- Cloud-native HPC solution**
- HPC head node and compute nodes
 - Virtual Machine Scale Sets (VMSS)
 - VMs using RDMA are placed in same VMSS
 - Virtual Network
 - Azure Blob Storage for node disks
- Hybrid HPC solution**
- + ExpressRoute to connect cloud with on-prem
 - + VPN Gateway endpoint between cloud and on-prem

Hybrid Applications

Relay Service

- Hybrid Connections**
- Establish a rendezvous point in the cloud
 - On-prem app connects using HTTP/ Sockets to cloud
- WCF Relays (Service Bus Relays)**
- On-prem app uses WCG bindings to connect to Srv Bus

Data Management Gateway

- Data-integration service**
- Create workflows to automate data move + transform
 - Connect to ML, HDInsight, Data Lake Analytics
 - Data sent over HTTP using certificates
 - No firewall ports need to be opened

App Service Hybrid Connections

- Connects Azure and on-prem applications using TCP**
- Uses Azure Relay Service
 - Part of App Service and is a separate Azure feature

AD Application Proxy

- Access on-prem web apps from the cloud**
- Provides single sign on (SSO) + secure remote access
 - Connector – lightweight agent on on-prem server
 - External endpoint – direct URL or access via MyApps

On-Premise Data Gateway

- Bridge between on-prem data sources and Azure**
- Uses Service Bus
 - Azure -> Analytics, Logic Apps, Flow, Power Apps, ...
 - On-Prem -> SQL Server, SQL Analytics, SharePoint, ...

Web Apps

App Service Plans

- Free and Shared**
- Basic**
- Up to 3 instances (manual)
- Standard**
- Up to 10 instances (auto scale)
 - 5 Slots
 - Daily backups
 - Azure Traffic Manager
- Premium**
- Up to 20 instances (auto scale)
 - 20 Slots
 - Daily backups
 - Azure Traffic Manager
- Isolated**
- App Service Environment (ASE) – scalable, secure
 - Up to 100 instances/plan or 100 plans with one instance

Redis Cache

- Basic**
- Ideal for development, testing, and non-critical work
 - No SLA
- Standard**
- Ideal for production and cost effective
 - Data replication between two nodes
 - High availability SLA
- Premium**
- Redis persistence
 - Create workloads > 53GB
 - Ability to isolate

Traffic Manager

- Routing methods**
- Performance, Weighted, Priority, Geographic
- Handle load & locate closest geo region at DNS level**

Web APIs

- Multiple programming languages**
- ASP.NET, Core, Angular, React.js
- Securing Web API**
- Azure AD
 - Azure AD B2C – with Facebook and Google providers
 - Active Directory Federated Services (ADFS)
 - API Management – policies, API keys, throttling, ...

Scalability

- Up**
- Select different (better) Service Plan
- Out**
- Scale out Web App manually or automatically

Content Delivery Network (CDN)

- Cache static content to multiple regions**

Serverless and Microservices

Functions

- Serverless compute service**
- Event-driven actions and triggers**
- HTTP-based API endpoints (HTTP triggers)
 - Timer triggers
- Programming Languages**
- C#, F#, Node.js, Java, PHP, PowerShell, Batch, JavaScript, Python, Typescript
- Plans**
- Consumption App Service Plan (cost effective)
 - Other App Service Plans

Containers

- Azure Container Instances (ACI)**
- One ACI – one Docker container
 - Role Based Access Control (RBAC)
 - Short-running workloads
- Azure Container Services (AKS)**
- Load balancing
 - Orchestration
 - Long running workloads

Deployments vs Migrations

- Cloud Infrastructure Ready**
- Host on VMs as-is
- Cloud DevOps Ready**
- Use containers to develop and deploy
 - Decouple application from infrastructure
- Cloud Optimised**
- Modernise mission critical application

Service Fabric

- Orchestration Platform**
- Cloud and on-prem
 - Container orchestration
- Lifecycle Management**
- Service developer (creates microservices)
 - Application developer (creates applications)
 - Application administrator (creates config & packages)
 - Operator (deploys, monitors, maintains)

API Management

- Service that exposes different apps as APIs**
- API Gateway**
- Bridge between app and outside world
 - Enhanced security, policies, authentication
 - Caching, throttling
- API Management Portal**
- Define custom APIs
 - Package APIs into open or protected products
- Developer Portal**
- Developers can access APIs and documentation

Logic Apps

- Workflow Driven**
- Integration with cloud and on-prem services**
- BizTalk, ...

Architecting Microsoft Azure Solutions ^{1/3}

Scalable Data Implementations

Data Catalog

- Provides central repository**
- One catalog per tenant
 - Sources – Blob Storage, Data Lake, QL Server, Oracle, ...

Data Factory

- Cloud Service for big data processing and analytics**
- Data pipelines, activities, datasets, linked services, triggers, pipeline ru, parameters, control flow
 - Available in - East US, East US2, West Europe

SQL Data Warehouse

- Massive Parallel Processing (MPP)**
- Uses Hadoop/Spark and Machine Learning for insights
 - Uses Data Movement Service (DMS) between nodes

Data Lake

- Big data storage and analytics service**
- Based on Hadoop Yes Another Resource Negotiator (YARN)
 - Solutions - Store, Analytics, and HDInsights
- Data Lake Store**
- Storage repository for big data workloads
 - Unlimited structured, semi-, and unstructured data
- Data Lake Analytics**
- Uses serverless approach
 - Pas-as-you-go, monthly commitment
 - Uses U-SQL to analyse the data
- HDInsights**
- Deploys Hadoop components in form of clusters in cloud
 - Opensource service for analysing and processing data
 - Apache Hadoop, Spark, HBase, Storm, Kafka, Interactive Q
 - Microsoft R Server

Analysis Services

- Same architecture as SQL Server Analysis**
- Enterprise grade data modelling in the cloud

SQL Database

- Relational database**
- Elastic Database Pools (eDTUs)
 - Individual databases (DTUs)
 - High availability, geo-replication, failover groups
 - Backup and Recovery
 - Basic – 7 days retention
 - Standard and Premium – 35 days
 - Restore - Point-in-time, deleted DB, Geo, and Az Recovery Vault
- SQL Server Stretch Database**
- Move or archive cold data from on-premises SQL Server to Azure SQL

MySQL

- Open source relational database**
- Used by PHP developers, CMS WordPress
 - ACID, replication, Performance, security, extensibility, concurrency, JSON support
 - Pricing
 - Basic – 1TB, 4 CPUs, locally redundancy
 - General Purpose – 1TB, 4 CPUs, local+geo redundancy
 - Memory Optimised – 1TB, 5 CPUs, local+geo red.

PostgresSQL

- Open source relational database**
- Open Source, ACID, Replication, Performance, Security, Concurrency, JSON, JSON Indexing, Extensibility

Storage Solutions

Storage and Replication

- General-purpose v1**
- Classic, does not support latest features.
- General-purpose v2**
- Newest, that combines v1 and blob storage
 - Latest features at a reduction in costs
- Blob storage**
- Same features as storage v2 acc, but only block blobs.
- Replication (X redundant storage)**
- Locally – 3 copies within data center
 - Zone – US East 2 and US Central, 3 datacenter copies
 - Geo – three regional copies

File Storage

- Create file shares in the cloud**
- Access with Server Message Block (SMB) protocol
 - Cached fast access on Win Server using Azure File Sync

StorSimple

- Integrated storage spanning on-rem an cloud**
- iSCSI and SMB support
- StorSimple Virtual Array**
- Hyper-V 2000 R2 and VMWare 5.5
 - iSCSI server (AN) or File Server (NAS).
- StorSimple 8000 Series**
- Leased physical device
 - Virtual Appliance Manager replicates data to cloud

Cosmos DB Storage

- Premium Azure Table Storage**
- Multi-model and globally distributed database
 - Low latency, high availability, high performance
- APIs**
- SQL, MongoDB, Gremlin (Graph), Table, Cassandra

Blob Storage

- Unstructured data – VHDs, images, audio, etc.**
- Max 1TB page blob, 200GB block blob
- Access tiers**
- Hot – optimised for frequently accessed data
 - Cool – Suitable for backups and not often viewed data
 - Archive – set at blob level, cannot be read or modified

Table Storage

- Semi-structured, non-relational data**
- Suitable for datasets without complex joins
 - Access via OData and LINQ queries
 - Max 500TB data

Queue Storage

- Asynchronous processing of messages**
- REST API supports GET, PUT, and PEEK
 - Messages max 64KB and max 7days lifetime

Disk Storage

- Used for VMs stored in Az Blob storage as page blobs.**
- Standard – unmanaged HDD disk drives. LRS and GRS redundancy only.
 - Premium – SSD, high-performance disk support

Search

- Rich search experience over Azure storage**
- SQL Database, CosmosDB, Blob Storage
 - Text search, analysis, and linguistic analysis
- Tiers**
- Free, Basic, Standard S1/S2/S3/HD

Networking

Virtual Network

- VNets**
- Max 50 VNets per subscription
- Subnets**
- Max 1000 subnets per VNet
 - Max 10 VNet connections (peering) per subscription
- Public Address**
- Max 60 public dynamic addresses per subscription
 - Max 20 public static addresses per subscription
- Private Address**
- Max 4096 private addresses per VNet
- DNS**
- DNS for multiple VNets requires own DNS server

Load Balancer

- Load Balancing**
- Transport Layer 4
 - Any protocol
 - Azure VMs and Cloud service endpoints
 - VNet: Internet and internal facing
 - Endpoint monitoring: Supported via probes
- Types**
- Basic
 - Standard ... up to 1000 VMs, HA ports, and NSG.

Traffic Manager

- Traffic management**
- DNS level
 - Any protocol
 - VMs, Cloud Service, Web Apps, and external endpoints
 - VNet: Internet facing
 - Endpoint monitoring: HTTP/HTTPS GET
- Load balancing**
- Use with load balancer for high-avail and high-per

Network Security

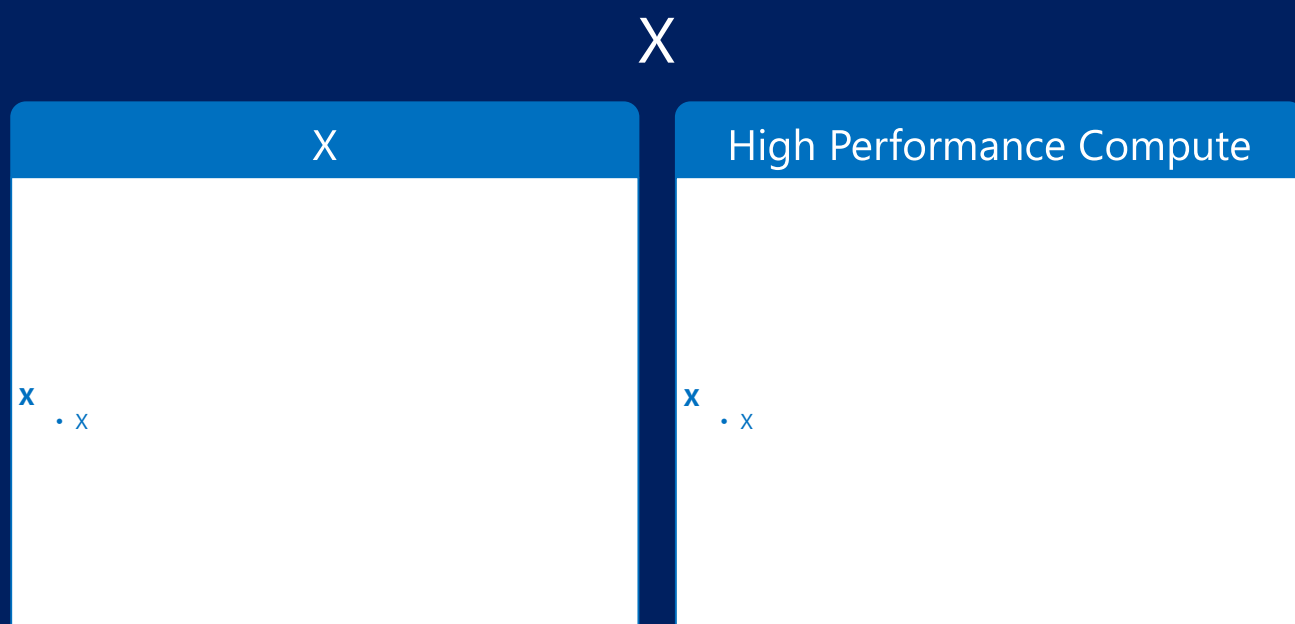
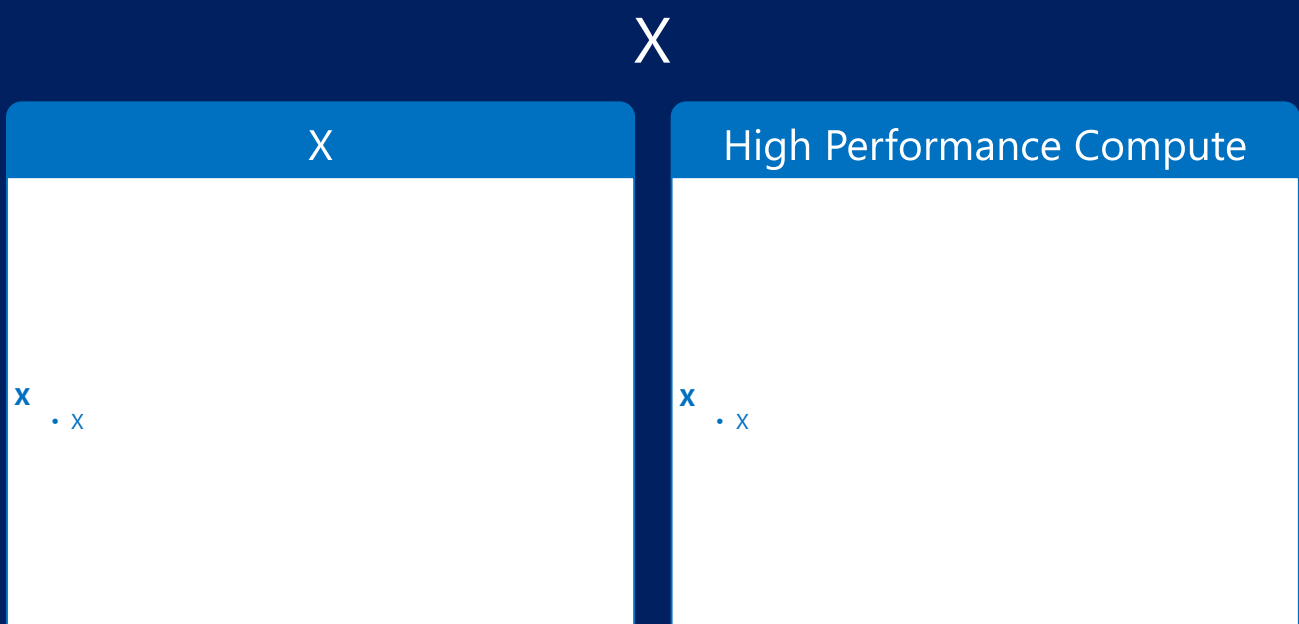
- DMZ**
- Network Security Groups (NSG)
 - User Defined Routes (UDR)
 - Firewalls
- Network Security Groups**
- Inbound and outbound rules
 - Checked between VMs, VNets, and other services
 - Applied to one or more subnets or network interfaces
 - Low order numbers are higher priority
- User Defined Rules**
- Create UDRs & IP forwarding by creating a routing table
- Virtual Network Service Tunneling**
- Force external traffic through a site-to-site VPN tunnel
- Web Application Firewall**
- Part of Application Gateway and based on OWASP 3.0
 - Can protect max 20 applications behind an App G/W
 - Examples: SQL Injection, Cross-Site Scripting, Bots, ...

Application Gateway

- Gateway**
- DNS level
 - Application level 7
 - HTTP and HTTPS
 - VNet: Any public or internal IP address
 - Endpoint monitoring: Supported via probes
- SSL**
- SSL off loading to avoid costly decryption
- Firewall**
- Web Application Firewall (WAF)

External Connectivity

- Azure VPN**
- Basic – max 10 site-site, 128 point-site, avg 100Mbps
 - VpnGw1 – max 30 site-site, 128 point-site, avg 650Mbps
 - VpnGw2 – max 30 site-site, 128 point-site, avg 1Gbps
 - VpnGw3 – max 30 site-site, 128 point-site, avg 1.25Gbps
- Site-to-site**
- Requires Routing and Remote Access Service (RRAS)
 - Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) connection
 - Internet Key Exchange (IKE) management protocol
- Point-to-site**
- Connect IKE2 or Secure Socket Tunneling Protocol (SSTP)
 - No RRAS device required
- VNet-to-VNet**
- Max 10 VNet connections (peering) per subscription
- ExpressRoute**
- Any-to-Ant (IPVPN) – provider sets up secure connection
 - Point-to-Point Ethernet – two provider connections
 - Co-Located at Cloud Exchange – two cross connections



Architecting Microsoft Azure Solutions ^{2/3}



Storage Options	SQL Databases	MySQL	PostgreSQL	Cosmos DB	Blob	Table	Queue	File	Disk	Data Lake Store	SQL Data Warehouse
Relational data	X	X									
Object-relational data			X								
Unstructured data				X	X						
Semi-structured data						X					
Queue messages							X				
Files on disk								X			
High-performance files on disk									X		
Store large data					X			X	X	X	X
Store small data	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X		
Geographic data replication	X			X							



Azure Service Bus Queues	Azure Storage Queues
Message lifetime >7 days	Message lifetime <7days
Guaranteed (first in–first out) ordered	Queue size >80 GB
Duplicate detection	Transaction logs
Message size ≤1 MB	Message size ≤64 KB



	Event Grid	Event Hubs	IoT Hub	Topics	Service Bus Queues	Storage Queues
Event ingestion	X	X	X			
Device management			X			
Messaging	X	X	X	X	X	X
Multiple consumers	X	X	X	X		
Multiple senders	X	X	X	X	X	X
Use for decoupling		X	X	X	X	X
Use for publish/subscribe	X					
Max message size	64 KB	256 KB	256 KB	1 MB	1 MB	64 KB

	Azure Container Services	Azure Container Instances	Azure Service Fabric
For production deployments of complex systems (with a container orchestrator)	X		
For running simple configurations (possibly without orchestrator)		X	
For long-running workloads on containers	X		
For short-running workloads on containers		X	
For orchestrating a system based on containers	X		X
Orchestrating with open-source orchestrators (DC/OS , Docker Swarm , Kubernetes)	X		
Orchestrating with built-in orchestrator			X

Service	Azure Load Balancer	Application Gateway	Traffic Manager
Technology	Transport level (Layer 4)	Application level (Layer 7)	DNS level
Application protocols supported	Any	HTTP and HTTPS	Any (An HTTP endpoint is required for endpoint monitoring)
Endpoints	Azure VMs and Cloud Services role instances	Any Azure Internal IP address or public internet IP address	Azure VMs, Cloud Services, Azure Web Apps, and external endpoints
Vnet support	Can be used for both Internet facing and internal (Vnet) applications	Can be used for both Internet facing and internal (Vnet) applications	Only supports Internet-facing applications
Endpoint Monitoring	Supported via probes	Supported via probes	Supported via HTTP/HTTPS GET

