Problem
$$s$$
 $\mathcal{K} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\ 0.2 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -17 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -0.87 \\ -0.8 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{7.5 - 0.64} \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0.8 \\ 0.8 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2187 & 0.1166 \\ 0.1166 & 0.3289 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$weight; W = c-14 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.587 \\ 0.96 \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 2:

$$\frac{p(\omega^{T} \times 10)}{p(\omega^{T} \times 11)} = \frac{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_{0}^{2}}}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_{1}^{2}}} \frac{e^{-(y-M_{0})^{2}/2\sigma_{0}^{2}}}{e^{-(y-M_{1})/2\sigma_{1}^{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{(y-m_0)^2}{2\sigma_0^2} + \frac{(y-m_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}$$

$$= \log \left(\frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma_0}\right) + \log \left(e^{-\frac{(y-m_0)^2}{2\sigma_0^2} + \frac{(y-m_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}}\right) \approx$$

$$= \log(0/\sigma_0) - (y - m_0)^2 + (y - m_1)^2 > 0$$

$$= 2\sigma_0^2 + (y - m_1)^2 > 0$$



