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Practice Lab: Neural Networks for Handwritten Digit Recognition, Multiclass

In this exercise, you will use a neural network to recognize the hand-written digits 0-9.

Outline

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1 - Packages

First, let's run the cell below to import all the packages that you will need during this assignment.

- numpy (https://numpy.org/) is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python.
- matplotlib (http://matplotlib.org) is a popular library to plot graphs in Python.
- tensorflow (https://www.tensorflow.org/) a popular platform for machine learning.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.activations import linear, relu, sigmoid
%matplotlib widget
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('./deeplearning.mplstyle')

import logging
logging.getLogger("tensorflow").setLevel(logging.ERROR)
tf.autograph.set_verbosity(0)

from public_tests import *
from autils import *
from lab_utils_softmax import plt_softmax
np.set_printoptions(precision=2)
```

2 - ReLU Activation

This week, a new activation was introduced, the Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU).

a = max(0, z) # ReLU function

```
In [2]: plt_act_trio()
```

Canvas(toolbar=Toolbar(toolitems=[('Home', 'Reset original view', 'home', 'home'), ('Back', 'Back to previous ...

The example from the lecture on the right shows an application of the ReLU. In this example, the derived "awareness" feature is not binary but has a continuous range of values. The sigmoid is best for on/off or binary situations. The ReLU provides a continuous linear relationship. Additionally it has an 'off' range where the output is zero. The "off" feature makes the ReLU a Non-Linear activation. Why is this needed? This enables multiple units to contribute to to the resulting function without interfering. This is examined more in the supporting optional lab.

