

CS211 - Data Structures and Algorithms

Lab 06

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1 Objective

The purpose of this lab session is to implement Linked List data structure.

2 Instructions

You have to perform the following tasks yourselves. Raise your hand if you face any difficulty in understanding and solving these tasks. **Plagiarism** is an abhorrent practice and you should not engage in it.

3 How to Submit

- Submit lab work in a single .py file on Google Classroom. (No other format will be accepted)
- Lab work file name should be saved with your roll number (e.g. 19a-001-SE LW04.py)
- Submit home work in a single .py file on Google Classroom. (No other format will be accepted)
- Lab work file name should be saved with your roll number (e.g. 19a-001-SE HW04.py)

4 Implementing Linked List

Implementing **node** in a linked list..

```
class ListNode :
def __init__ ( self, data ) :
self.data = data
self.next = None
```

Traversing a linked list...

```
def traversal( head ):
    curNode = head
    while curNode is not None :
    print curNode.data
    curNode = curNode.next
6
```

Searching a linked list..

```
def unorderedSearch( head, target ):
curNode = head
while curNode is not None and curNode.data != target :
curNode= curNode.next
return curNode is not None
```

Prepending a node to the linked list..



```
# Given the head pointer, prepend an item to an unsorted linked list.
newNode = ListNode( item )
newNode.next = head
head = newNode
```

Removing a **node** from a linked list..

```
# Given the head reference, remove a target from a linked list.
predNode = None
curNode = head
while curNode is not None and curNode.data != target :
predNode = curNode
curNode = curNode .next
if curNode is not None :
if curNode is head :
head = curNode.next
else :
predNode.next = curNode.next
```

Implementing the Bag ADT using a singly linked list.

```
# Implements the Bag ADT using a singly linked list.
    class Bag :
2
    # Constructs an empty bag.
3
    def __init__( self ):
    self._head = None
5
    self.\_size = 0
    # Returns the number of items in the bag.
    def __len__( self ):
    return self._size
    # Determines if an item is contained in the bag.
10
11
    def
          __contains__( self, target ):
    curNode = self._head
    while curNode is not None and curNode.item != target :
13
    curNode = curNode.next
14
15
    return curNode is not None
    # Adds a new item to the bag.
16
    def add( self, item ):
17
    newNode = _BagListNode( item )
newNode.next = self._head
18
19
    self._head = newNode
21
    self._size += 1
    # Removes an instance of the item from the bag.
22
23
    def remove( self, item ):
    predNode = None
24
    curNode = self._head
25
    while curNode is not None and curNode.item != item :
26
    predNode = curNode
27
    curNode = curNode.next
    # The item has to be in the bag to remove it.
29
    assert curNode is not None, "The item must be in the bag."
30
    # Unlink the node and return the item.
31
    self._size -= 1
32
33
    if curNode is head :
34
    self._head = curNode.next
35
    else :
    predNode.next = curNode.next
    return curNode.item
37
    # Returns an iterator for traversing the list of items.
38
    def __iter__( self ):
    return _BagIterator( self._head )
40
    # Defines a private storage class for creating list nodes.
41
    class _BagListNode( object ):
42
    def _
    def __init__ ( self, item ) :
self.item = item
43
44
    self.next = None
45
46
```



5 Exercises

Task 1:

The **removeAll(head)** function, which accepts a head reference to a singly linked list, unlinks and remove every node individually from the list.

Task 2:

The splitInHalf(head) function, which accepts a head reference to a singly linked list, splits the list in half and returns the head reference to the head node of the second half of the list. If the original list contains a single node, None should be returned.

Task 3:

Implement a new version of the Set ADT using an unsorted linked list.

Task 4:

Implement a new version of the Set ADT using a sorted linked list.

Task 5:

Evaluate your new implementations to determine the worst case run time of each operation.

Task 6:

Compare the run times of your new versions of the Set ADT to those from the previous implementations.