

Homework 2

(#1)

Due : 2020.04.27. 10:00

1. Set $\vec{x}_0 = (1, 1)$ and $f(x_1, x_2) = \frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 + 9x_2^2)$
$$= \frac{1}{2}(x_1 \ x_2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Write a python code that finds the minimum of $f(x_1, x_2)$ by "Gradient Descent (GD) method". (10 pts)

① A step size $t > 0$ can be chosen to be small enough
or by "exact line search" algorithm. (-1x pts)
(Bonus credit!)
Survey & apply

② Max iteration = 100

Stopping Criterion $\Rightarrow \|f(\vec{x}_{(k)}) - \vec{x}_{(k)}\|_2 < \epsilon = 10^{-5}$

제출 파일명 : name-student number-hw2.py

ex) byungjoon-200213673-Hw2.py.

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2. Solve the following optimization problems. (15pts) (#2)

(a) minimize $x^2 + 2y^2$
subject to $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

(b) minimize $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z+1)^2$
subject to $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$

(c) maximize $x + 2y + 3z$
subject to $x - y + z = 1$
 $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

Hint: Method of Lagrange Multiplier!

3. Calculate the Lagrangian $L(x, \lambda)$ and the Lagrangian dual $g(\lambda)$ for the followings. (10pts)

(a) minimize $x + 2020$
subject to $\frac{1}{2}x^2 \leq 0$

(b) minimize $x^2 + y^2$
subject to $x + y - 6 \geq 0$

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4. Show that the Lagrangian dual function

#3

$g(\lambda, \nu)$ is concave for (λ, ν) . (5pts)