CZ4045 Natural Language Processing

Tutorial 7: Statistical Parsing

Q1. Derive a PCFG for the following corpus

```
( (S
  (NP-SBJ
   (NP (NNP Pierre) (NNP Vinken))
   (, ,)
   (ADJP
     (NP (CD 61) (NNS years))
     (JJ old))
   (, ,)
  (VP (MD will)
   (VP (VB join)
     (NP (DT the) (NN board))
     (PP-CLR (IN as)
      (NP (DT a) (JJ nonexecutive)
        (NN director) ))
     (NP-TMP (NNP Nov.) (CD 29) )))
  (. .) ))
```

```
(S)
  (NP-SBJ (NNP Mr.) (NNP Vinken))
  (VP (VBZ is)
   (NP-PRD
    (NP (NN chairman))
    (PP (IN of)
     (NP
      (NP (NNP Elsevier) (NNP N.V.))
      (,,)
      (NP (DT the) (NNP Dutch)
       (VBG publishing) (NN group) )))))
  (..)))
```

PCFG: Example

Grammar		Lexicon
$S \rightarrow NP VP$	[.80]	$Det \rightarrow that [.10] \mid a [.30] \mid the [.60]$
$S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$	[.15]	$Noun \rightarrow book [.10] \mid flight [.30]$
$S \rightarrow VP$	[.05]	meal [.15] money [.05]
$NP \rightarrow Pronoun$	[.35]	flights [.40] dinner [.10]
$NP \rightarrow Proper-Noun$	[.30]	$Verb \rightarrow book [.30] \mid include [.30]$
$NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$	[.20]	<i>prefer</i> ; [.40]
$NP \rightarrow Nominal$	[.15]	$Pronoun \rightarrow I[.40] \mid she[.05]$
$Nominal \rightarrow Noun$	[.75]	me [.15] you [.40]
$Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$	[.20]	$Proper-Noun \rightarrow Houston [.60]$
$Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$	[.05]	NWA [.40]
$VP \rightarrow Verb$	[.35]	$Aux \rightarrow does [.60] \mid can [40]$
$VP \rightarrow Verb NP$	[.20]	$Preposition \rightarrow from [.30] \mid to [.30]$
$VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP$	[.10]	on [.20] near [.15]
$VP \rightarrow Verb PP$	[.15]	through [.05]
$VP \rightarrow Verb NP NP$	[.05]	
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	[.15]	
$PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$	[1.0]	



Probabilistic Context-free grammar (PCFG)

- G = (T, N, S, R, P)
 - T: a set of terminals (e.g. 'boy')
 - N: a set of nonterminals (e.g. Noun)
 - S: the start symbol, a nonterminal
 - R: rules of the form $X \rightarrow y$
 - P(R) gives the probability of each rule

$$\forall X \in \mathbb{N}, \sum_{X \to \gamma \in \mathbb{R}} P(X \to \gamma) = 1$$

Grammar	
$S \rightarrow NP VP$	[.80]
$S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$	[.15]
$S \rightarrow VP$	[.05]

Q1. Derive a PCFG for the following corpus

You can make your own simplification

- e.g. NNS \rightarrow NN

```
    ignore punctuation marks

( (S
  (NP-SBJ
   (NP (NNP Pierre) (NNP Vinken))
   (, ,)
   (ADJP
    (NP (CD 61) (NNS years))
    (JJ old))
   (, ,)
  (VP (MD will)
   (VP (VB join)
    (NP (DT the) (NN board))
    (PP-CLR (IN as)
      (NP (DT a) (JJ nonexecutive)
        (NN director)))
    (NP-TMP (NNP Nov.) (CD 29) )))
  (..)))
```

```
(S)
  (NP-SBJ (NNP Mr.) (NNP Vinken))
  (VP (VBZ is)
   (NP-PRD
    (NP (NN chairman))
    (PP (IN of)
     (NP
      (NP (NNP Elsevier) (NNP N.V.))
      (,,)
       (NP (DT the) (NNP Dutch)
        (VBG publishing) (NN group) )))))
  (\ldots)
```

Q1. Derive a PCFG for the following corpus

You can make your own simplification

```
- e.g. NNS \rightarrow NN

    ignore punctuation marks

( (S
                                                   (S)
  (NP
                                                      (NP (NN Mr.) (NN Vinken))
   (NP (NN Pierre) (NN Vinken))
                                                      (VP (VB is)
   (ADJP
                                                       (NP
     (NP (CD 61) (NN years))
                                                        (NP (NN chairman))
     (JJ old))
                                                        (PP (IN of)
                                                         (NP
  (VP (MD will)
   (VP (VB join)
                                                          (NP (NN Elsevier) (NN N.V.))
     (NP (DT the) (NN board))
                                                          (NP (DT the) (NN Dutch)
     (PP (IN as)
                                                           (VB publishing) (NN group) )))))
      (NP (DT a) (JJ nonexecutive)
                                                    ))
        (NN director) ))
     (NP (NN Nov.) (CD 29) )))
))
```

<u>A1.</u>

- NP -> NN NN
- NP -> CD NN
- ADJP -> NP JJ
- NP -> NP ADJP
- NP -> DT NN
- NP -> DT JJ NN
- PP -> IN NP
- NP -> NN CD
- VP -> VB NP PP NP

- VP -> MD VP
- S -> NP VP
- NP -> NN
- NP -> DT NN VB NN
- NP -> NP NP
- NP -> NP PP
- VP -> VB NP
- NP -> JJ NN

<u>A1.</u>

- NP -> CD NN (1/12)
- NP -> DT JJ NN (1/12)
- NP -> DT NN (1/12)
- NP -> DT NN VB NN (1/12)
- NP -> NN (1/12)
- NP -> NN CD (1/12)
- NP -> NN NN (3/12)
- NP -> NP ADJP (1/12)
- NP -> NP NP (1/12)
- NP -> NP PP (2/12)

- VP -> VB NP (1/3)
- VP -> VB NP PP NP (1/3)
- VP -> MD VP (1/3)
- S -> NP VP (2/2)
- ADJP -> NP JJ (1/1)
- PP -> IN NP (2/2)

Q2. Probability of a parse tree

- Assign arbitrary probabilities (0 < P < 1) to the rules of the revised L1 grammar from Q3 of Tutorial 6. Based on them, calculate the probability of the phrase structure of the following sentence
- Please repeat that.

Probability of parse trees

- A derivation (parse tree) consists of the bag of grammar rules that are in the tree
 - The probability of a tree is the product of the probabilities of the rules in the derivation.

$$P(T,S) = \prod_{node \in T} P(rule(n))$$

- 1. $S \rightarrow NP VP$
- 2. NP \rightarrow Pro Pro \rightarrow I
- 3. $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ Verb $\rightarrow prefer$
- 4. NP \rightarrow Det Nom Det \rightarrow a
- 5. Nom → Nom Noun Noun → morning
- 6. Nom \rightarrow Noun Noun \rightarrow flight

Tutorial 6, Answer 3.

- $S \rightarrow NP VP$
- $S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$
- $S \rightarrow VP$
- NP \rightarrow Pronoun
- NP → ProperNoun
- NP → Det Nominal
- NP → NP Conj NP
- Nominal → Noun
- Nominal → Nominal Noun
- Nominal → Nominal PP
- $VP \rightarrow Verb$
- VP → Verb NP
- VP → Verb NP PP
- VP → Verb PP

- $VP \rightarrow VP PP$
- $VP \rightarrow Aux VP$
- VP → Verb VP
- VP → Inf Verb PP
- VP \rightarrow Adv Verb NP
- PP → Preposition NP
- ------
- Det \rightarrow the
- Noun \rightarrow fare
- Verb → like | fly | repeat | need | is
- Pronoun → I | that | what
- ProperNoun → American airlines |
 Philadelphia | Atlanta | Denver
- Aux → would
- Preposition → from | to | on | between
- Conj \rightarrow and
- $Inf \rightarrow to$
- Adv \rightarrow please

Assign random values

- S → NP VP [.40]
- S → Aux NP VP [.30]
- $S \rightarrow VP [.30]$
- NP → Pronoun [.10]
- NP → ProperNoun [.10]
- NP → Det Nominal [.10]
- NP → NP Conj NP [.70]
- Nominal → Noun [.30]
- Nominal → Nominal Noun [.40]
- Nominal → Nominal PP [.30]
- VP → Verb [.10]
- VP → Verb NP [.10]
- VP → Verb NP PP [.10]
- VP → Verb PP [.10]

- VP \rightarrow VP PP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Aux VP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Inf Verb PP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Adv Verb NP [.20]
- PP \rightarrow Preposition NP [1.00]
- ------
- Det \rightarrow the [1.00]
- Noun → fare [1.00]
- Verb → like [.30] | fly [.30] | repeat [.10] | need [.10] | is [.20]
- Pronoun → I [.20] | that [.60] | what [.20]
- ProperNoun → American airlines [.10] | Philadelphia
 [.10] | Atlanta [.10] | Denver [.10]
- Aux \rightarrow would [1.00]
- Preposition → from [.10] | to [.10] | on [.10] | between
 [.70]
- Conj \rightarrow and [1.00]
- $Inf \rightarrow to [1.00]$
- Adv → please [1.00]

Sentence: Please repeat that

 $S \rightarrow NP VP [.40]$ $S \rightarrow Aux NP VP [.30]$

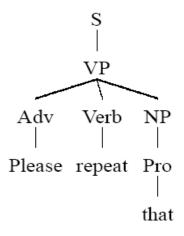
 $S \rightarrow VP [.30]$

 $NP \rightarrow Pronoun [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow ProperNoun [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow NP Conj NP [.70]$



 $VP \rightarrow Verb [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb NP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb PP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow VP PP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Aux VP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Inf Verb PP [.10]$

 $VP \rightarrow Adv Verb NP [.20]$

Verb \rightarrow like [.30] | fly [.30] | repeat [.10] | need [.10] | is [.20]

Pronoun \rightarrow I [.20] | that [.60] | what [.20]

 $Adv \rightarrow please [1.00]$

Sentence: Please repeat that

```
S \rightarrow NP \ VP [.40]

S \rightarrow Aux \ NP \ VP [.30]

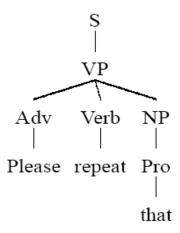
S \rightarrow VP [.30]
```

$NP \rightarrow Pronoun [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow ProperNoun [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal [.10]$

 $NP \rightarrow NP Conj NP [.70]$



```
VP \rightarrow Verb [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb NP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb PP [.10]
VP \rightarrow VP PP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Aux VP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]
VP \rightarrow Adv Verb NP [.20]
```

```
Verb \rightarrow like [.30] | fly [.30] | repeat [.10] | need [.10] | is [.20]
```

Pronoun \rightarrow I [.20] | that [.60] | what [.20]

Adv \rightarrow please [1.00]

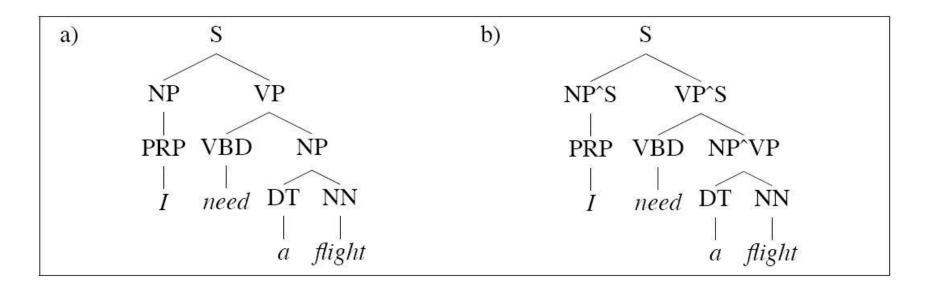
 $P = 3.6*10^{-5}$

Q3.

- Use two sentences from Q3 of Tutorial 6 as examples to show the improved version of the revised L1 grammar
 - Splitting non-terminals
 - Lexicalization

Improving PCFG: Splitting Non-Terminals

Encoding contextual dependencies into PCFG symbols



Improving PCFG: Splitting Non-Terminals

Grammar

 $S \rightarrow NP VP$

 $S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$

 $S \rightarrow VP$

 $NP \rightarrow Pronoun$

 $NP \rightarrow Proper-Noun$

 $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$

 $NP \rightarrow Nominal$

 $Nominal \rightarrow Noun$

 $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$

 $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$

 $VP \rightarrow Verb NP NP$

 $VP \rightarrow VP PP$

 $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$

NP^S → Pronoun

NP^VP → Pronoun

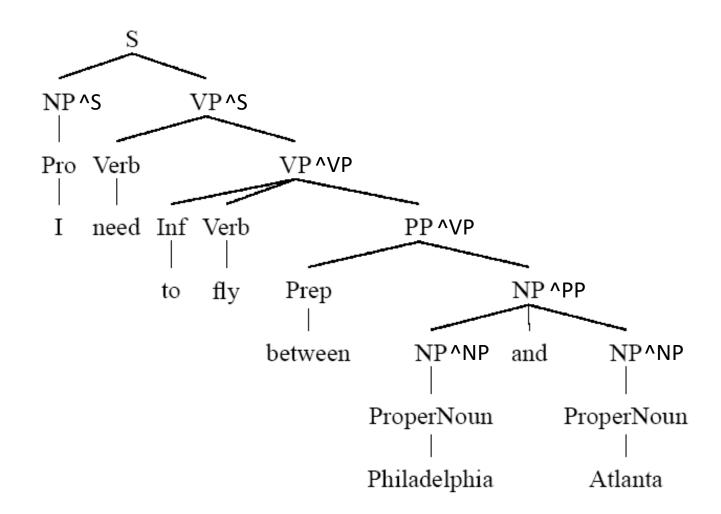
NP^PP → Pronoun

NP^S → Det Nominal^NP

NP^VP → Det Nominal^NP

NP^PP → Det Nominal^NP

A3-<u>a</u>.



<u> A3-a.</u>

- S → NP VP [.40]
- S → Aux NP VP [.30]
- $S \rightarrow VP [.30]$
- NP → Pronoun [.50]
- NP → ProperNoun [.30]
- NP → Det Nominal [.10]
- NP → NP Conj NP [.10]
- Nominal → Noun [.30]
- Nominal → Nominal Noun [.40]
- Nominal → Nominal PP [.30]
- VP → Verb [.10]
- VP → Verb NP [.10]
- VP → Verb NP PP [.10]
- VP → Verb PP [.10]

- VP → VP PP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Aux VP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Verb VP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Inf Verb PP [.10]
- VP \rightarrow Adv Verb NP [.20]
- PP → Preposition NP [1.00]

- NP $^S \rightarrow Pronoun [.30]$
- NP^VP \rightarrow Pronoun [.10]
- NP^PP \rightarrow Pronoun [.10]
- NP^S \rightarrow ProperNoun [.20]
- NP^VP → ProperNoun [.05]
- NP^PP → ProperNoun [.05]

...

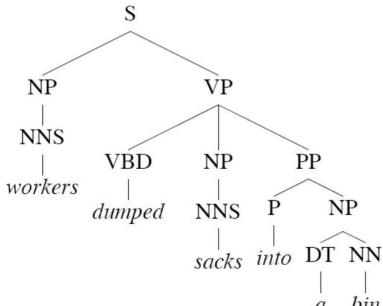
- Nominal^NP → Noun [.20]
- Nominal^Nominal → Noun [.10]

...



Improving PCFG: Lexicalized PCFG

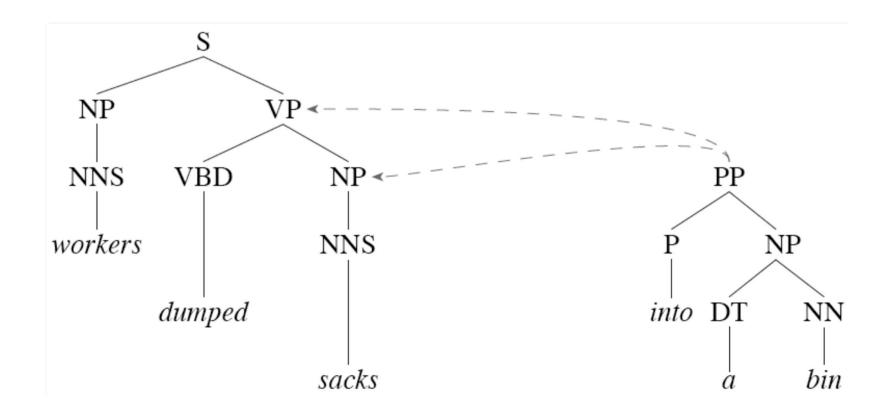
- (Review) Lexical head
- How to add lexical information to rules?
- E.g. N is the head of NP
- E.g. V is the head of VP
- The word in the phrase that is grammatically the most important
- VP → VBD NP PP



VP(**dumped**) → VBD(dumped) NP(sacks) PP(into)

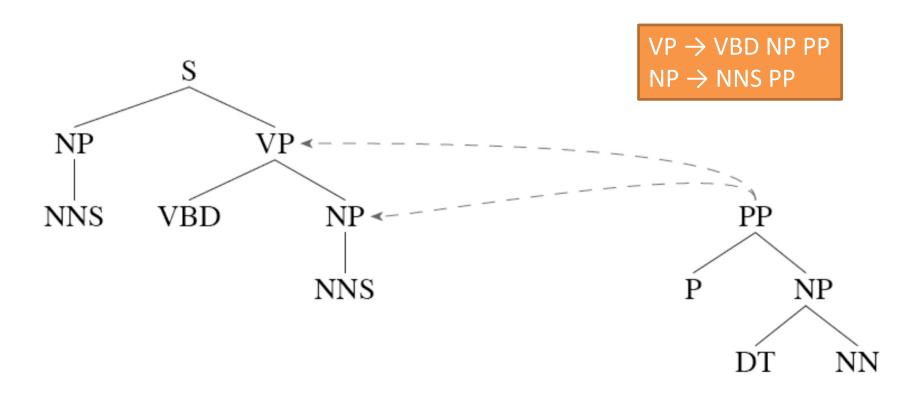
VP(dumped,VBD) → VBD(dumped,VBD) NP(sacks,NNS) PP(into,P)

• E.g. Workers dumped sacks into a bin.

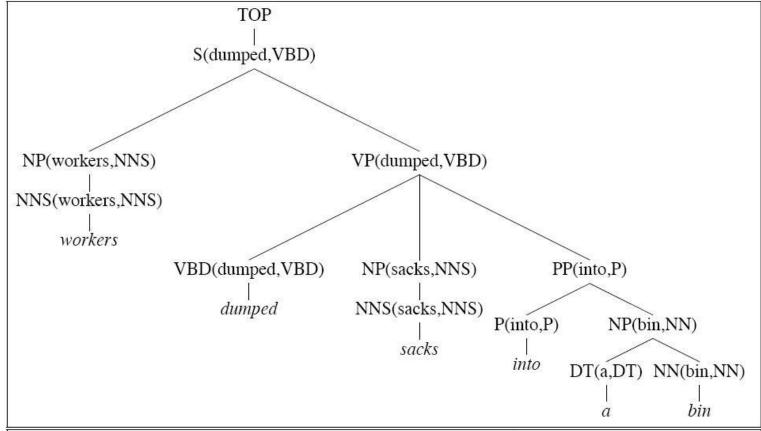


PP Attachment

NNS VBD NNS P DT NN



Improving PCFG: Lexicalized PCFG

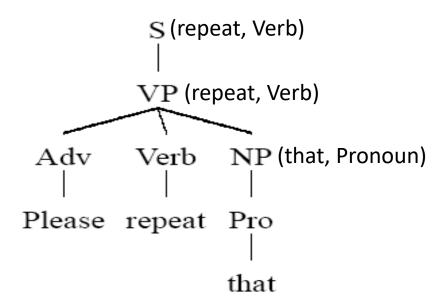


Internal Rules				Lexical Rules		
TOP	\rightarrow	S(dumped, VBD)		NNS(workers,NNS)	\rightarrow	workers
S(dumped, VBD)	\rightarrow	NP(workers,NNS)	VP(dumped, VBD)	VBD(dumped, VBD)	\rightarrow	dumped
NP(workers,NNS)	\rightarrow	NNS(workers,NNS)		NNS(sacks,NNS)	\rightarrow	sacks
VP(dumped, VBD)	\rightarrow	VBD(dumped, VBD)	NP(sacks,NNS) PP(into,P)	P(into,P)	\rightarrow	into
PP(into,P)	\rightarrow	P(into,P)	NP(bin,NN)	DT(a,DT)	\rightarrow	a
NP(bin,NN)	\rightarrow	DT(a,DT)	NN(bin,NN)	NN(bin,NN)	\rightarrow	bin

A3-b.

VP(repeat) → Adv(please) Verb(repeat) NP(that)

VP(repeat, Verb) → Adv(please, Adv) Verb(repeat, Verb) NP(that, Pronoun)



A3-b.

 $VP(fly) \rightarrow Inf(to) Verb(fly) PP(between)$

 $VP(fly, Verb) \rightarrow Inf(to, Inf) Verb(fly, Verb) PP(between, prep)$

