

Building Interactive
Dashboards and
Applications with
Shiny

Materials: github.com/nrohr/learn-shiny Questions? financial-services@rstudio.com

Nick Rohrbaugh *RStudio*nick@rstudio.com

Shiny

Shiny lets us build fully interactive web applications from R code

No knowledge of HTML, CSS, JavaScript, etc. required - only R!

Extremely flexible and customizable

Shiny website: shiny.rstudio.com

Shiny articles: https://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/

RStudio Cheat Sheets: https://rstudio.com/resources/cheatsheets/

Mastering Shiny book by Hadley: https://mastering-shiny.org/





Why Shiny? (Shiny vs. point-and-click)

Shiny		Point-and-click dashboarding tools
+ + +	Open-source, no lock-in Code-based = reproducible, repeatable, extensible, trackable Powerful - can do anything you can do in R (or Python)	 Often closed ecosystems, vendor lock-in Can be hard to reproduce work or track changes over time Can be limited to basic slicing and dicing of data
-	Steeper learning curve (but less if you know R!). Full customization requires deeper knowledge of code (potentially CSS/HTML)	+ Typically easier to learn



Parts of a Shiny app

- 1. Header load packages and data, wrangle data, any other universal code
- 2. UI add visual elements to the user interface. Define layout, inputs, outputs.
- 3. Server Logic behind app, in R. R code that runs when users change inputs.
- 4. shinyApp() run the app!



1. The Header

- The first part of your app.R file
- Everything in this section will run as soon as someone connects to your app
- Put things in here that you always need for every part of your app loading data and packages, data wrangling/transformation steps, etc.

2. The UI (user interface)

- The second part of your app.R file
- Define the visual layout of your app (where to put inputs and outputs)
- Define inputs and how they work
- Define outputs and what types they are

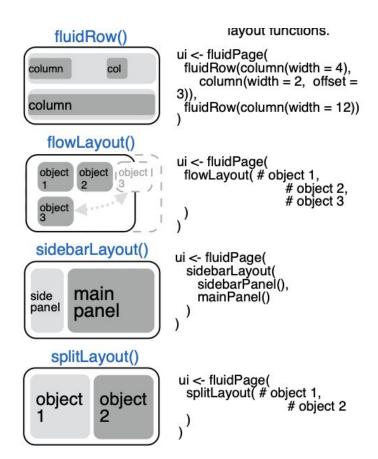


Layouts

Lots of ways to organize Shiny apps, but think in terms of rows, columns, and panels.

Layout is the outermost layer inside of the UI part of your Shiny app.

Not sure where to start? sidebarLayout() is a great starting point.





Inputs

Inputs (and outputs) are nested inside of your layout functions

Many different ways to collect user input:

- Select from drop-down menu (selectInput)
- Multiple choice w/ radio buttons (radioButtons)
- Choose dates on a calendar (dateInput + dateRangeInput)
- Checkboxes (checkboxInput)
- Upload files (fileInput)
- and more

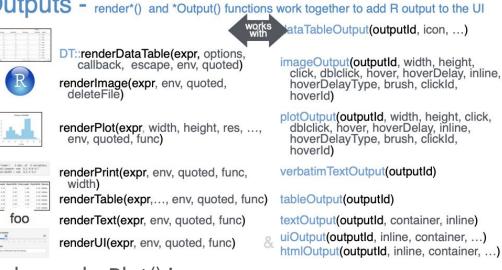
Access the current value of an input object with input\$<inputId>. Input values are reactive. actionButton(inputId, label, icon, Action Link actionLink(inputId, label, icon, ...) Choice 1 checkboxGroupInput(inputId. Choice 2 label, choices, selected, inline) Choice 3 Check me checkboxInput(inputId, label, dateInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language) dateRangeInput(inputId, label, So Mo To No To Fy So 11 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 10 17 10 10 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 start, end, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language, separator) fileInput(inputId, label, multiple, Choose File numericInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, step) passwordInput(inputId, label, value) radioButtons(inputId, label, Choice A choices, selected, inline) Choice B Choice C selectInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, multiple, selectize, Choice 1 width, size) (also Choice 1 selectizeInput()) Choice 2 sliderInput(inputId, label, min, max, value, step, round, format, locale, ticks, animate, width, sep, pre, post) submitButton(text, icon) (Prevents reactions across entire Apply Changes textInput(inputId, label, value) Enter text

collect values from the user

Outputs

Two <u>required</u> parts to every output:

- 1. render() function in server
- 2. Output() function in ui



If we have a plotOutput() in our ui, we need a renderPlot() in our server

Output functions are simple and tell Shiny what type of thing we're displaying.

Render functions contain your R code (building a ggplot) and tell Shiny *how* to build something.



3. The server()

- The third part of your app.R file
- Most of your R code (copied from other files, scripts, notebooks, analyses) lives here.
- Tells Shiny *how* to build outputs.
- Can use values from user inputs by calling input\$id
- ggplot2 code, data wrangling that requires user input

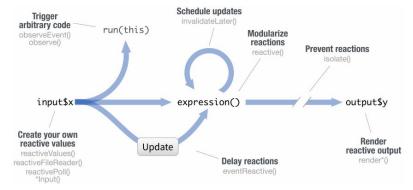


4. shinyApp()

- The fourth and final part of your app.R file
- Tells Shiny to run the app!
- Needs to know where to find UI and server parts

Reactivity

Shiny apps are *reactive* - when something changes, it has downstream consequences.



When an input changes, anything that uses that input will automatically update.

You can build very complex reactive structures to get your app to update the right parts at the right time.

- Wait until users click a submit button before changing everything
- Automatically check if a file has been updated every *x* seconds

