### INTRODUCTION

Architectural design guidelines can promote a greater sense of architectural cohesiveness, permanence and visual quality at Los Alamos National Laboratory.

A visually coordinated complex of structures also contributes to improved wayfinding and safety and security functions.

The topics covered in this section include:

- \* Unifying elements
- \* Building massing
- \* Building articulation
- \* Colors and materials
- \* Specific planning area color palettes

## **PRINCIPLES**

The following principles are the foundation for the architectural design guidelines:

- •Building design should reflect the science and technology environment of the Laboratory while relating to the climate and aesthetics of the Southwest and New Mexico.
- Buildings should incorporate energy and resources conservation materials and systems.
- •Architectural design controls should be used to promote visual clarity and cohesiveness within each planning area.
- Building design should incorporate lowmaintenance, fire-resistant materials.
- •Buildings should be designed to have flexible space in order to accommodate future uses or functions.

## **REFERENCES**

Other Laboratory and industry documents to be referenced are as follows:

#### LEM

LANL Engineering Manual

#### **LEED**

Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design

## **UFAS**

Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards

# ICC/ANSI A117.I

International Code Council/American Nationaln Standards Institute (\*Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities)

## ASHRAE - Standard 90.1

American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.