

BINOMIAL GENERALIZED LINEAR MIXED MODEL WITH VARYING COEFFICIENTS AT TWO HIERARCHICAL LEVELS

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Description

A generalized linear mixed model for binomially distributed data with varying coefficients at two hierarchical levels.

Implementation

The file `binomial.varying.coef.3.sim.R` simulates data according to the model statement presented below, and `binomial.varying.coef.3.mcmc.R` contains the MCMC algorithm for model fitting.

Model statement

Let z_{ijk} be the number of “successes” (i.e., z_{ijk} are integers greater than or equal to 0) out of N_{ijk} “trials”, for groups $i = 1, \dots, n$ and subgroups $j = 1, \dots, J_i$ (the subgroups are nested within groups). The index k , for $k = 1, \dots, K_{ij}$, denotes replicate events within group i and subgroup j . Furthermore, let \mathbf{x}_{ijk} be a vector of covariates associated with z_{ijk} and $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij}$ be the corresponding vector of coefficients for subgroup j in group i . The vector $\boldsymbol{\beta}_i$ corresponds to group-level coefficients and $\boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta$ is a vector of population-level coefficients.

$$\begin{aligned} z_{ijk} &\sim \text{Binom}(N_{ijk}, p_{ijk}) \\ \text{logit}(p_{ijk}) &= \mathbf{x}_{ijk}' \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij} \\ \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij} &\sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\beta}_i, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\alpha_i}) \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}_i &\sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_\beta) \\ \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta &\sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\alpha_i}^{-1} &\sim \text{Wish}(\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}, \nu) \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_\beta^{-1} &\sim \text{Wish}(\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}, \nu) \end{aligned}$$

Full conditional distributions

Subgroup-level regression coefficients ($\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij}$):

$$\begin{aligned} [\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij} \mid \cdot] &\propto \prod_{k=1}^{K_{ij}} [z_{ijk} \mid N_{ijk}, \mathbf{x}_{ijk}' \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij}] [\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij} \mid \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\alpha_i}] \\ &\propto \prod_{k=1}^{K_{ij}} \text{Binom}(z_{ijk} \mid N_{ijk}, \mathbf{x}_{ijk}' \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij}) \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij} \mid \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\alpha_i}). \end{aligned}$$

The update for $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{ij}$ proceeds using Metropolis-Hastings.

Group-level regression coefficients ($\boldsymbol{\beta}_i$):

$$\begin{aligned}
[\beta_i | \cdot] &\propto \prod_{j=1}^{J_i} [\alpha_{ij} | \beta_i, \Sigma_{\alpha_i}] [\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta] \\
&\propto \prod_{j=1}^{J_i} \mathcal{N}(\alpha_{ij} | \beta_i, \Sigma_{\alpha_i}) \mathcal{N}(\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta) \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} \left(-\frac{1}{2} (\alpha_{ij} - \beta_i)' \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} (\alpha_{ij} - \beta_i) \right) \right\} \\
&\quad \times \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' \Sigma_\beta^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(-2 \left(\sum_{j=1}^{J_i} \alpha'_{ij} \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} \right) \beta_i + \beta'_i (J_i \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1}) \beta_i \right) \right\} \\
&\quad \times \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(-2 (\mu'_\beta \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \beta_i + \beta'_i (\Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \beta_i \right) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(-2 \left(\sum_{j=1}^{J_i} \alpha'_{ij} \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} - \mu'_\beta \Sigma_\beta^{-1} \right) \beta_i + \beta'_i (J_i \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} + \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \beta_i \right) \right\} \\
&= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}),
\end{aligned}$$

where $\mathbf{A} = J_i \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} + \Sigma_\beta^{-1}$ and $\mathbf{b}' = \alpha'_i \Sigma_{\alpha_i}^{-1} - \mu'_\beta \Sigma_\beta^{-1}$, where α_i is the vector sum $\sum_{j=1}^{J_i} \alpha_{ij}$.

Mean of group-level regression coefficients (μ_β):

$$\begin{aligned}
[\mu_\beta | \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta] [\mu_\beta | \mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2] \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta) \mathcal{N}(\mu_\beta | \mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I}) \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \left(-\frac{1}{2} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' \Sigma_\beta^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right) \right\} \\
&\quad \times \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mu_\beta - \mathbf{0})' (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\mu_\beta - \mathbf{0}) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(-2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \beta'_i \Sigma_\beta^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta + \mu'_\beta (n \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \\
&\quad \times \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(\mu'_\beta (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(-2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \beta'_i \Sigma_\beta^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta + \mu'_\beta \left(n \Sigma_\beta^{-1} + (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \\
&= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}),
\end{aligned}$$

where $\mathbf{A} = n \Sigma_\beta^{-1} + (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ and $\mathbf{b}' = \beta' \Sigma_\beta^{-1}$, where β is the vector sum $\sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i$.

Variance-covariance of group-level regression coefficients (Σ_β):

$$[\Sigma_\beta | \cdot] \propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta] [\Sigma_\beta | \mathbf{S}_0, \nu]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\beta_i \mid \mu_\beta, \Sigma_\beta) \text{Wish}(\Sigma_\beta \mid \mathbf{S}_0, \nu) \\
& \propto |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{n}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' \Sigma_\beta^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right\} \\
& \quad \times |\mathbf{S}_0|^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{\nu-p-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \right\} \\
& \propto |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{n+\nu-p-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n \text{tr}((\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' \Sigma_\beta^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)) + \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \right] \right\} \\
& \propto |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{n+\nu-p-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n \text{tr}((\beta_i - \mu_\beta) (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) + \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma_\beta^{-1}) \right] \right\} \\
& \propto |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{n+\nu-p-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\text{tr} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n ((\beta_i - \mu_\beta) (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)') \Sigma_\beta^{-1} + \mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma_\beta^{-1} \right) \right] \right\} \\
& \propto |\Sigma_\beta|^{-\frac{n+\nu-p-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\text{tr} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n ((\beta_i - \mu_\beta) (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)') + \mathbf{S}_0 \right) \Sigma_\beta^{-1} \right] \right\} \\
& = \text{Wish} \left(\left(\sum_{i=1}^n ((\beta_i - \mu_\beta) (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)') + \mathbf{S}_0 \right)^{-1}, n + \nu \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Variance-covariance of subgroup-level regression coefficients (Σ_{α_i}):

$$\begin{aligned}
[\Sigma_{\alpha_i} \mid \cdot] & \propto \prod_{j=1}^{J_i} [\alpha_{ij} \mid \beta_i, \Sigma_{\alpha_i}] [\Sigma_{\alpha_i} \mid \mathbf{S}_0, \nu] \\
& \propto \prod_{j=1}^{J_i} \mathcal{N}(\alpha_{ij} \mid \beta_i, \Sigma_{\alpha_i}) \text{Wish}(\Sigma_{\alpha_i} \mid \mathbf{S}_0, \nu) \\
& = \text{Wish} \left(\left(\sum_{j=1}^{J_i} ((\alpha_{ij} - \beta_i) (\alpha_{ij} - \beta_i)') + \mathbf{S}_0 \right)^{-1}, J_i + \nu \right).
\end{aligned}$$