

# Community Occupancy Model with Correlated Occupancy and Detection

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## 1 DESCRIPTION

An occupancy model for multiple species where the detection and occupancy processes within a species are potentially correlated.

## 2 IMPLEMENTATION

The file `occ.community.correlated.sim.R` simulates data according to the model statement below, and `occ.community.correlated.mcmc.R` contains the MCMC algorithm for parameter estimation.

## 3 MODEL STATEMENT

Let  $y_{ijt}$  represent the number of detections for species  $i$  ( $i = 1, \dots, n$ ) at site  $j$  ( $j = 1, \dots, R$ ) during sampling period  $t$  ( $t = 1, \dots, T_j$ ). Note that it is unnecessary to survey sites repeatedly through time and  $T_j = 1$  is okay for some or all  $j$ .

$$\begin{aligned} y_{ijt} &\sim \begin{cases} \text{Binom}(J_{jt}, p_{ijt}), & z_{ijt} = 1 \\ 0, & z_{ijt} = 0 \end{cases} \\ z_{ijt} &\sim \begin{cases} 0, & v_{ijt} \leq 1 \\ 1, & v_{ijt} > 0 \end{cases} \\ v_{ijt} &\sim \mathcal{N}(\beta_{0i} + \mathbf{x}'_{jt}\boldsymbol{\beta}_i, 1) \\ p_{ijt} &= \text{logit}^{-1}(\alpha_{0i} + \mathbf{w}'_{jt}\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i) \\ \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} &\sim \mathcal{N}\left(\begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}\right) \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}_i &\sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \boldsymbol{\alpha}_i &\sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} &\sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta &\sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha &\sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\alpha}^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} &\sim \text{Wish}(S_0^{-1}, \nu) \\ \sigma_\beta^2 &\sim \text{IG}(r, q) \\ \sigma_\alpha^2 &\sim \text{IG}(r, q) \end{aligned}$$

## 4 FULL-CONDITIONAL DISTRIBUTIONS

### 4.1 Occupancy state ( $z_{ijt}$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[z_{ijt} \mid \cdot] &\propto [y_{ijt} \mid p_{ijt}, z_{ijt}] [z_{ijt} \mid v_{ijt}] \\
&\propto \text{Binom}(y_{ijt} \mid J_{jt}, p_{ijt})^{z_{ijt}} 1_{\{y_{ijt}=0\}}^{1-z_{ijt}} \text{Bern}(z_{ijt} \mid v_{ijt}) \\
&\propto \left( p_{ijt}^{y_{ijt}} (1-p_{ijt})^{J_{jt}-y_{ijt}} \right)^{z_{ijt}} \left( 1_{\{y_{ijt}=0\}}^{1-z_{ijt}} \right) \psi_{ijt}^{z_{ijt}} (1-\psi_{ijt})^{1-z_{ijt}} \\
&\propto \left( \psi_{ijt} p_{ijt}^{y_{ijt}} (1-p_{ijt})^{J_{jt}-y_{ijt}} \right)^{z_{ijt}} \left( (1-\psi_{ijt}) 1_{\{y_{ijt}=0\}} \right)^{1-z_{ijt}} \\
&= \text{Bern}(\tilde{\psi}_{ijt}),
\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\tilde{\psi}_{ijt} = \frac{\psi_{ijt} p_{ijt}^{y_{ijt}} (1-p_{ijt})^{J_{jt}-y_{ijt}}}{\psi_{ijt} p_{ijt}^{y_{ijt}} (1-p_{ijt})^{J_{jt}-y_{ijt}} + (1-\psi_{ijt}) 1_{\{y_{ijt}=0\}}}$$

and  $\psi_{ijt} = \Phi(\mathbf{x}'_{jt} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i)$ .

### 4.2 Occupancy state auxiliary variable ( $v_{ijt}$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[v_{ijt} \mid \cdot] &\propto [z_{ijt} \mid v_{ijt}] [v_{ijt} \mid \beta_{0i}, \boldsymbol{\beta}_i] \\
&\propto (1_{\{z_{ijt}=0\}} 1_{\{v_{ijt} \leq 0\}} + 1_{\{z_{ijt}=1\}} 1_{\{v_{ijt} > 0\}}) \times \mathcal{N}(v_{ijt} \mid \beta_{0i} + \mathbf{x}'_{jt} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, 1) \\
&= \begin{cases} \mathcal{TN}(\beta_{0i} + \mathbf{x}'_{jt} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, 1)_{-\infty}^0, & z_{ijt} = 0 \\ \mathcal{TN}(\beta_{0i} + \mathbf{x}'_{jt} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, 1)_0^{\infty}, & z_{ijt} = 1 \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

### 4.3 Detection and occupancy intercepts ( $\alpha_{0i}, \beta_{0i}$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
\left[ \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \cdot \right] &\propto \prod_{j=1}^R \prod_{t=1}^{T_j} [y_{ijt} \mid p_{ijt}, z_{ijt}] [v_{ijt} \mid \beta_{0i}, \boldsymbol{\beta}_i] \left[ \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \right] \\
&\propto \prod_{j=1}^R \prod_{t=1}^{T_j} \text{Binom}(y_{ijt} \mid J_{jt}, p_{ijt})^{z_{ijt}} \mathcal{N}(v_{ijt} \mid \beta_{0i} + \mathbf{x}'_{jt} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, 1) \mathcal{N}\left(\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}\right).
\end{aligned}$$

The updates for  $\alpha_{0i}$  and  $\beta_{0i}$  proceed separately using Metropolis-Hastings. When updating  $\alpha_{0i}$ , note that the product over  $j$  and  $t$  only includes instances of  $j$  and  $t$  such that  $z_{ijt} = 1$ .

### 4.4 Occupancy coefficients ( $\boldsymbol{\beta}_i$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\boldsymbol{\beta}_i \mid \cdot] &\propto [\mathbf{v}_i \mid \beta_{0i}, \boldsymbol{\beta}_i] [\boldsymbol{\beta}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2] \\
&\propto \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{v}_i \mid \beta_{0i} + \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i, \mathbf{I}) \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\beta}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}) \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{v}_i - (\beta_{0i} + \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i))' (\mathbf{v}_i - (\beta_{0i} + \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i)) \right\} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\boldsymbol{\beta}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta)' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\boldsymbol{\beta}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} ((\mathbf{v}_i - \beta_{0i}) - \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i)' ((\mathbf{v}_i - \beta_{0i}) - \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i) \right\} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\boldsymbol{\beta}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta)' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\boldsymbol{\beta}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (-2 (\mathbf{v}_i - \beta_{0i})' \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i + \boldsymbol{\beta}_i' \mathbf{X}' \mathbf{X} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i) \right\} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (-2 (\boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}) \boldsymbol{\beta}_i + \boldsymbol{\beta}_i' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \boldsymbol{\beta}_i) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (-2 ((\mathbf{v}_i - \beta_{0i})' \mathbf{X} + \boldsymbol{\mu}_\beta' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}) \boldsymbol{\beta}_i + \boldsymbol{\beta}_i' (\mathbf{X}' \mathbf{X} + (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}) \boldsymbol{\beta}_i) \right\} \\
&= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} + (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}' = (\mathbf{v}_i - \beta_{0i})' \mathbf{X} + \boldsymbol{\mu}'_\beta (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}'_i = \{v_{ijt}, \forall j, t\}$ , and  $\mathbf{X} = \{\mathbf{x}'_{jt}, \forall j, t\}$ .

#### 4.5 Detection coefficients ( $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i$ )

$$\begin{aligned} [\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \mid \cdot] &\propto \prod_{j=1}^R \prod_{t=1}^{T_j} [y_{ijt} \mid p_{ijk}, z_{ijt}] [\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2] \\ &\propto \prod_{j=1}^R \prod_{t=1}^{T_j} \text{Binom}(y_{ijt} \mid J_{jt}, p_{ijt})^{z_{ijt}} \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I}). \end{aligned}$$

The update for  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i$  proceeds using Metropolis-Hastings. Note that the product over  $j$  and  $t$  only includes instances of  $j$  and  $t$  such that  $z_{ijt} = 1$ .

#### 4.6 Mean of occupancy and detection intercepts ( $\mu_{\beta_0}, \mu_{\alpha_0}$ )

$$\begin{aligned} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \mid \cdot \right] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \left[ \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \right] \left[ \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right] \\ &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \right) \mathcal{N} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \mid \mathbf{0}, \sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I} \right) \\ &\propto \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right) \right\} \times \\ &\quad \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} - \mathbf{0} \right)' (\sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} - \mathbf{0} \right) \right\} \\ &\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix}' \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}' (n \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1}) \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right\} \times \\ &\quad \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}' (\sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right\} \\ &\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix}' \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}' (n \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + (\sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}) \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right\} \\ &= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}), \end{aligned}$$

where  $\mathbf{A} = n \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + (\sigma_0^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}' = \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 \\ \beta_0 \end{pmatrix}' \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \right)$ , and  $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 \\ \beta_0 \end{pmatrix}$  is the vector sum  $\sum_{i=1}^n \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix}$ .

#### 4.7 Mean of occupancy coefficients ( $\mu_\beta$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\mu_\beta | \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2] [\mu_\beta] \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\beta_i | \mu_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}) \mathcal{N}(\mu_\beta | \mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I}) \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \left( -\frac{1}{2} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right) \right\} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mu_\beta - \mathbf{0})' (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\mu_\beta - \mathbf{0}) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta + \mu_\beta' (n (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}) \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( \mu_\beta' (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \\
&\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta + \mu_\beta' \left( n (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} + (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \right) \mu_\beta \right) \right\} \\
&= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\mathbf{A} = n (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} + (\sigma_{\mu_\beta}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}' = \beta' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ , and  $\beta$  is the vector sum  $\sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i$ .

#### 4.8 Mean of detection coefficients ( $\mu_\alpha$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\mu_\alpha | \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\alpha_i | \mu_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2] [\mu_\alpha] \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\alpha_i | \mu_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I}) \mathcal{N}(\mu_\alpha | \mathbf{0}, \sigma_{\mu_\alpha}^2 \mathbf{I}) \\
&= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{A}^{-1}),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\mathbf{A} = n (\sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} + (\sigma_{\mu_\alpha}^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}' = \alpha' (\sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1}$ , and  $\alpha$  is the vector sum  $\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i$ .

#### 4.9 Variance-covariance of occupancy and detection intercepts ( $\Sigma$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\Sigma \mid \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \left[ \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \Sigma \right) [\Sigma] \right. \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N} \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}, \Sigma \right) \text{Wish}(\Sigma \mid \mathbf{S}_0, \nu) \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{n}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' \Sigma^{-1} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right\} \\
&\quad \times |\mathbf{S}_0|^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} |\Sigma|^{-\frac{\nu-qX-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma^{-1}) \right\} \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{n+\nu-qX-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \text{tr} \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' \Sigma^{-1} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) + \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma^{-1}) \right] \right\} \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{n+\nu-qX-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \text{tr} \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' \Sigma^{-1} + \text{tr}(\mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma^{-1}) \right] \right\} \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{n+\nu-qX-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \text{tr} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' \right) \Sigma^{-1} + \mathbf{S}_0 \Sigma^{-1} \right] \right\} \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{n+\nu-qX-1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \text{tr} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' + \mathbf{S}_0 \right) \Sigma^{-1} \right] \right\} \\
&= \text{Wish} \left( \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right) \left( \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{0i} \\ \beta_{0i} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \mu_{\alpha_0} \\ \mu_{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix} \right)' + \mathbf{S}_0 \right)^{-1}, n + \nu \right).
\end{aligned}$$

#### 4.10 Variance of occupancy coefficients ( $\sigma_\beta^2$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\sigma_\beta^2 \mid \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\beta_i \mid \mu_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2] [\sigma_\beta^2] \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\beta_i \mid \mu_\beta, \sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}) \text{IG}(\sigma_\beta^2 \mid r, q) \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n |\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I}|^{-1/2} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left( (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' (\sigma_\beta^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right) \right\} (\sigma_\beta^2)^{-(q+1)} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{r \sigma_\beta^2} \right\} \\
&\propto (\sigma_\beta^2)^{-(qX \times n)/2} \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \left( -\frac{1}{2 \sigma_\beta^2} (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' (\beta_i - \mu_\beta) \right) \right\} (\sigma_\beta^2)^{-(q+1)} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{r \sigma_\beta^2} \right\} \\
&\propto (\sigma_\beta^2)^{-((qX \times n)/2 + q + 1)} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{\sigma_\beta^2} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)}{2} + \frac{1}{r} \right) \right\} \\
&= \text{IG} \left( \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)' (\beta_i - \mu_\beta)}{2} + \frac{1}{r} \right)^{-1}, \frac{qX \times n}{2} + q \right),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $qX$  is the column dimension of  $\mathbf{X}$  (or length of  $\beta_i$ ).

4.11 Variance of detection coefficients ( $\sigma_\alpha^2$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
[\sigma_\alpha^2 \mid \cdot] &\propto \prod_{i=1}^n [\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2] [\sigma_\alpha^2] \\
&\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha, \sigma_\alpha^2 \mathbf{I}) \text{IG}(\sigma_\alpha^2 \mid r, q) \\
&= \text{IG}\left(\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha)' (\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_\alpha)}{2} + \frac{1}{r}\right)^{-1}, \frac{qW \times n}{2} + q\right),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $qW$  is the column dimension of  $\mathbf{W}$  (or length of  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i$ ).