# **HPCC Systems<sup>®</sup> Data Handling**

**Boca Raton Documentation Team** 



### **HPCC Systems<sup>®</sup> Data Handling**

Boca Raton Documentation Team
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# HPCC Systems® Data Handling

### **Introduction**

There are a number of different ways in which data may be transferred to, from, or within an HPCC Systems cluster. For each of these data transfers, there are a few key parameters that must be known.

#### **Prerequisites for most file movements:**

- · Logical filename
- · Physical filename
- · Record size (fixed)
- Source directory
- Destination directory
- Dali IP address (source and/or destination)
- · Landing Zone IP address

The above parameters are used for these major data handling methods:

- · Import Spraying Data from the Landing Zone to Thor
- Export Despraying Data from Thor to Landing Zone
- · Copy Replicating Data from Thor to Thor (within same Dali File System)
- Copying Data from Thor to Thor (between different Dali File Systems)

### **Data Handling Terms**

A *spray* or *import* is the relocation of a data file from one location (such as a Landing Zone) to a cluster. The term spray was adopted due to the nature of the file movement -- the file is partitioned across all nodes within a cluster.

A *despray* or *export* is the relocation of a data file from a cluster to a single machine location (such as a Landing Zone). The term despray was adopted due to the nature of the file movement -- the file is reassembled from its parts on all nodes in the cluster and placed in a single file on the destination.

A copy is the replication of a data file from one cluster to another cluster within the same environment.

A Remote copy is the replication of a data file from one cluster to another cluster in a different environment.

A *Landing Zone* (or Drop Zone) is a physical storage location defined in your system's environment. There can be one or more of these locations defined. A daemon (DaFileSrv) must be running on that server to enable file sprays and desprays.

### **Working with data files**

Once you start working with your HPCC Systems platform, you will want to process some real data, this section shows you how to load data to your HPCC Systems platform.

#### Before you begin

First, you should consider the size of the data and the capacity of your system. A typical production HPCC Systems platform would have much more data capacity than a development system. The size of the files you wish to work with is limited by the size of your system.

#### Uploading a file

For smaller data files, maximum of 2GB, you can use the upload/download file utility in ECL Watch.

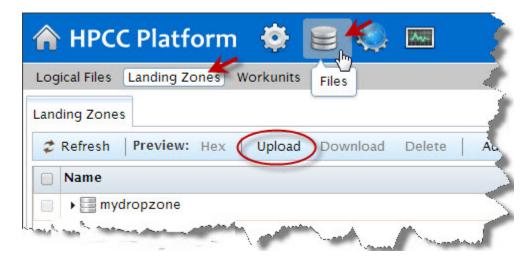
1. In your browser, go to the **ECL Watch** URL displayed example, http://nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn.8010, where nnn.nnn.nnn is your ESP Server's IP address.



Your IP address could be different from the ones provided in the example images. Please use the IP address provided by **your** installation.

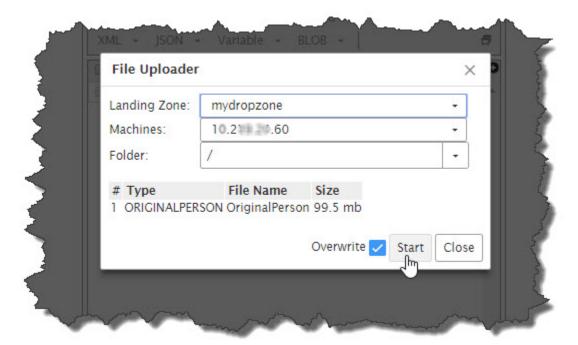
2. From the ECL Watch home page, press the **Files** icon link at the top, then press the **Landing Zones** button from the sub-menu, and then click on the **Upload** action button as illustrated in the following image.

Figure 1. Upload/download



A system file dialog opens. Browse and select the file to upload and then press the **Open** button.

Figure 2. Dropzones



- 3. Once you choose the file to upload, it will take you to the **File Uploader** dialog, where you can choose the landing zone, machine, and/or folder for the file to upload.
- 4. Press the **Start** button to complete the file upload.

#### **Uploading files with a Secure Copy Client**

To upload a large file for processing to your system, you will need a tool that supports the secure copy protocol (SCP). There are several free tools available, and the steps are quite similar.

1. Open the SCP tool, and login to your Landing Zone node using the username and password given.

Login ID:	hpccdemo
Password:	hpccdemo

Ensure you are using the secure protocol, SFTP, connected to your Landing Zone's IP or hostname through port 22 in your SCP tool.

- 2. Once logged in, set the destination to the landing zone folder. (/var/lib/HPCCSystems/mydropzone)
- 3. Navigate to the location where your local file is.
- 4. Select the data file to send and copy it to your landing zone.

# **Data Handling Methods**

There are several ways to spray, despray, or copy data files:

- The DFU interface in Ecl Watch
- The DFU Plus command line utility

See the Client Tools manual for details

• Using ECL Code and FileServices library functions.

See the ECL Language Reference for details.

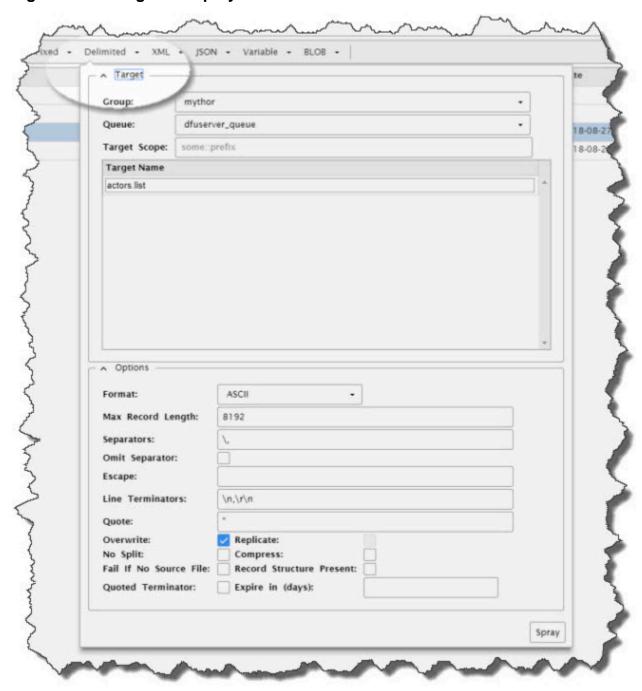
#### **Spray Files**

One way you can spray files to your clusters is from the Landing Zone page in ECL Watch.

- 1. Select the file from your drop zone by checking the box next to it.
- 2. Select the appropriate drop menu option for the type of spray you want.

For example, to spray a delimited file, select the **Delimited** action button.

Figure 3. Landing Zone Spray



- 3. Fill in the values as appropriate for the spray.
- 4. Press the **Spray** button to spray the file(s).

#### **Spray multiple files**

You can choose to spray multiple files with the multi-file spray feature. This is useful for spraying a number of files of the same type using the same spray options.

Fixed (length) files can have different record lengths and XML files can have different row tags which must be specified individually for each file. To specify these differences select the files you want to spray and the spray type. You will then see the files listed. Enter the record length or row tag information for each file if using the Fixed or XML spray types, then check all other applicable options and Spray.

### **Data Handling Using ECL Watch**

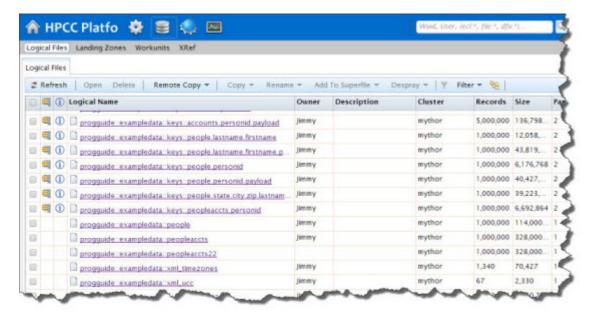
· Login to ECL Watch for the environment.

The URL is the IP address where the ESP Server is installed plus the port to which the WsSMC service is bound. The default port is 8010. For example:

http://<ESPserverIP>:8010/

Click on the Files icon, then click on Logical Files.

The Logical Files page displays showing all files with logical entries in the Dali Server's Distributed File System.



From this page, you can despray or copy any file.

#### **Spray Fixed**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: Fixed action button.

The Spray Fixed dialog displays.

· Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

Queue Select the queue for the spray.

Target Scope The prefix for the logical file

**Target Name** The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

**Record Length** The size of each record.

**Options:** 

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

**Expire in (days)** An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically remov-

ing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

No Split Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

Fail if no source file Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

• Press the **Spray** button.

#### **Spray Delimited**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **Delimited** action button.

The Spray Delimited page displays.

• Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

Queue Select the queue for the spray.

Target Scope The prefix for the logical file

Target Name The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Options:

Format Select the format from the droplist

Max Record Length The length of longest record in the file.

**Separators** The character(s) used as a separator in the source file.

Omit Separator Check this box to omit the separator.

**Escape** A null-terminated string containing the CSV escape characters. **Line Terminators** The character(s) used as a line terminators in the source file.

**Quote** The character used as a quote in the source file. **Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

No Split Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

Fail if no source file Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been en-

abled.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

**Expire in (days)** An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing

the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

Quoted Terminator Check this box to indicate that the terminator character can be included in a

quoted field. If unchecked, it allows quicker partitioning of the file (avoiding a

complete file scan).

**Record** Structure Flag indicating whether to derive the record structure from the header of the

Present file.

• Press the Spray button.

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A <b>DFU Workunit</b> tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. f a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.			

#### **Spray XML**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: XMLaction button.

The Spray XML dialog displays.

· Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

Queue Select the queue for the spray.

Target Scope The prefix for the logical file

**Target Name**The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

**Row Tag** The tag name of the row delimiter. Required.

**Options:** 

Format Select the format from the droplist

Max Record Length The length of longest record in the file.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

**No Split** Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

**Expire in (days)** An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically remov-

ing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

Fail if no source file Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

· Press the Spray button.

#### **Spray JSON**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **JSON** action button.

The dialog displays.

· Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

Queue Select the queue for the spray.

Target Scope The prefix for the logical file

**Target Name** The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Row Path The path specifier to the JSON content. The default takes the root level

content as an array of objects to be treated as rows.

Options:

Format Select the format from the droplist

Max Record Length The length of longest record in the file.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

No Split Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

Fail if no source file Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

**Expire in (days)**An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically remov-

ing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

· Press the Spray button.

#### **Spray Variable**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link on the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: Variable action button.

The Spray Variable dialog displays.

· Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

Queue Select the queue for the spray.

Target Scope The prefix for the logical file

**Target Name**The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

**Options:** 

**Source Type** Select the source type from the drop list. Values: recfmv, recfmvb, Variable,

or Variable Big-endian.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

No Split Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

Fail if no source file Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

**Expire in (days)** An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically remov-

ing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

Press the Spray button.

#### **Spray Blob**

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Landing Zones link on the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

• Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **BLOB** action button.

The Spray **BLOB** dialog displays.

· Fill in relevant details:

**Target** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

**Queue** Select the queue for the spray.

Target Name The logical target name to create. Required. You must provide a target

name.

**Source Path** The path to the file. This is pre-filled with the name of the selected source

file(s) on the landing zone, but can be changed. Supports wildcards.

Options:

**Blob Prefix** The prefix for the file.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

**No Split** Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

Expire in (days) An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically remov-

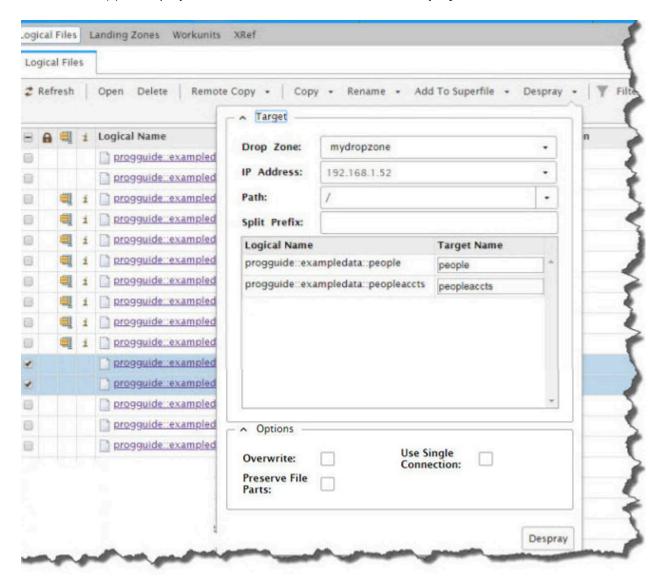
ing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).

**Fail if no source file** Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

· Press the Spray button.

#### **Desprays**

• Locate the file(s) to despray in the list of files, then Press the the **Despray** action button.



• Provide **Destination** information.

**Drop Zone** Use the drop list to select the machine to despray to. The items in the list

are landing zones defined in the system's confguration.

**IP Address** This is prefilled based upon the selected machine.

**Path** Provide the complete file path of the destination including file name and

extention.

Split Prefix Prefix

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite a file with the same name if it exists.

**Use Single Connection** Check this box to use a single network connection to despray.

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Preserve File Parts Check this box to preserve the original file parts and write multiple files to the landing zone.

• Press the **Despray** button.

#### Copy

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Logical Files button on the navigation bar.
- Select the file(s) to copy in the list of files, then click on the **Copy** action button.
- Fill in **Destination** and **Options** information.

Target:

**Group** Select the name of cluster to copy to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

**Target Name** The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source

file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Options:

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

Wrap Check this box to keep the number of parts the same and wrap if the target

cluster is smaller that the original.

**No Split** Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

**Retain Superfile Struc-** Check this box to retain the superfile structure.

ture

**Preserve Compression** Check this box to preserve the compression of the original file when copying

• Press the Copy button.

#### **Remote Copy**

Remote Copy allows you to copy data from a cluster outside your environment to one in your environment.

- Click on the Files icon, then click the Logical Files button on the navigation bar.
- Click on the Remote Copy link

The Copy File page displays.

• Fill in Source, Destination, and Options information.

Source:

**Dali** The Dali Server in the remote environment

**User ID** The Username to use to authenticate on the Remote environment (if need-

ed)

Password The password to use to authenticate on the Remote environment (if needed)

**Logical File** The logical filename in the remote environment.

**Destination:** 

**Group** Select the name of cluster to copy to. You can only select a cluster in your

environment.

**Logical Name** The logical name for the copied file.

**Options:** 

**Replicate** Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory

(by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been

enabled.

Wrap Check this box to keep the number of parts the same and wrap if the target

cluster is smaller that the original.

**Overwrite** Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.

**Compress** Check this box to compress the files.

**No Split** Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.

**Retain Superfile Struc-** Check this box to retain the superfile structure.

ture

• Press the Submit button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays. You can see the progress of the copy operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

 Press the Refresh button periodically until the status of your request indicates it is Finished or click on the View Progress hyperlink to see a progress indicator.

# HPCC Systems® Data Backups

## **Introduction**

This section covers critical system data that requires regular backup procedures to prevent data loss.

#### There are

- The System Data Store (Dali data)
- · Environment Configuration files
- · Data Refinery (Thor) data files
- · Rapid Data Delivery Engine (Roxie) data files
- · Attribute Repositories
- · Landing Zone files

### **Dali data**

The Dali Server data is typically mirrored to its backup node. This location is specified in the environment configuration file using the Configuration Manager.

Since the data is written simultaneously to both nodes, there is no need for a manual backup procedure.

## **Environment Configuration files**

There is only one active environment file, but you may have many alternative configurations.

Configuration manager only works on files in the /etc/HPCCSystems/source/ folder. To make a configuration active, it is copied to /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml on all nodes.

Configuration Manager automatically creates backup copies in the /etc/HPCCSystems/source/backup/ folder.

### Thor data files

Thor clusters are normally configured to automatically replicate data to a secondary location known as the mirror location. Usually, this is on the second drive of the subsequent node.

If the data is not found at the primary location (for example, due to drive failure or because a node has been swapped out), it looks in the mirror directory to read the data. Any writes go to the primary and then to the mirror. This provides continual redundancy and a quick means to restore a system after a node swap.

A Thor data backup should be performed on a regularly scheduled basis and on-demand after a node swap.

#### Manual backup

To run a backup manually, follow these steps:

1. Login to the Thor Master node.

If you don't know which node is your Thor Master node, you can look it up using ECL Watch.

2. Run this command:

```
sudo su hpcc
/opt/HPCCSystems/bin/start_backupnode <thor_cluster_name>
```

This starts the backup process.

```
- - X
@node219008:~
starting backupnode ...
Using backupnode directory /var/lib/HPCCSystems/hpcc-data/backupnode/last backup
Reading slaves file /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor/slaves
Scanning files from dali ...
Waiting for backup to complete
 00000000 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "Creating part lists, please wait...
00000001 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "backupnode: File scan complete, 6 file
 0000002 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "backupnode finished"
00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:00 23396 23396 "ssh result(0):
ERR: backupnode: no process killed"
frunssh /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor/slaves /bin/sh -c 'mkdir -p /var/log/HPCCSys
tems/backupnode; mkdir -p /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor; /opt/HPCCSystems/bin/back
upnode -T -X /var/lib/HPCCSystems/hpcc-data/backupnode/last backup %n %c %a %x
/var/log/HPCCSystems/backupnode/04_03_2012_14_18_59_node%n.log 2>61' -1:/Users
hpcc/.ssh/id_rsa -u:hpcc -pe: -t:0 -a:3 -b
 00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:00 23406 23406 "ssh result(0):
00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "10.239.219.8: DONE"
00000001 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "Completed in Om Os with 0 errors"
00000002 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "backupnode finished"
[hpcc@oss development:node219008
```

Wait until completion. It will say "backupnode finished" as shown above.

3. Run the XREF utility in ECL Watch to verify that there are no orphan files or lost files.

#### **Scheduled backup**

The easiest way to schedule the backup process is to create a cron job. Cron is a daemon that serves as a task scheduler.

Cron tab (short for CRON TABle) is a text file that contains the task list. To edit with the default editor, use the command:

sudo crontab -e

Here is a sample cron tab entry:

30 23 \* \* \* /opt/HPCCSystems/bin/start\_backupnode mythor

30 represents the minute of the hour.

23 represents the hour of the day

The asterisks (\*) represent every day, month, and weekday.

mythor is the clustername

To list the tasks scheduled, use the command:

sudo crontab -1

### **Roxie data files**

Roxie data is protected by three forms of redundancy:

- Original Source Data File Retention: When a query is deployed, the data is typically copied from a Thor cluster's hard drives. Therefore, the Thor data can serve as backup, provided it is not removed or altered on Thor. Thor data is typically retained for a period of time sufficient to serve as a backup copy.
- Peer-Node Redundancy: Each Slave node typically has one or more peer nodes within its cluster. Each
  peer stores a copy of data files it will read.
- Sibling Cluster Redundancy: Although not required, Roxie deployments may run multiple identically-configured Roxie clusters. When two clusters are deployed for Production each node has an identical twin in terms of data and queries stored on the node in the other cluster.

This provides multiple redundant copies of data files.

# **Attribute Repositories**

Attribute repositories are stored on ECL developer's local hard drives. They can contain a significant number of hours of work and therefore should be regularly backed up. In addition, we suggest using some form of source version control, too.

# **Landing Zone files**

Landing Zones contain raw data for input. They can also contain output files. Depending on the size or complexity of these files, you may want to retain copies for redundancy.