

```

# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
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"""

#Ben McAteer Midterm Project BME 511

import sys
import os
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from scipy import signal
from numpy.fft import fft, ifft
from scipy.signal import find_peaks
from scipy import linalg

import sys
import os

# 6
2048 #Hz sample rate

def SST(subject_id, session_id):
    """ # pulls all matlab files for a specific subject in order fr
        '/Users\Ben\OneDrive - purdue.edu\BME 511\MidtermProject\ALLSubjsEEG\subject{}\session{}
        '*.mat'
    """
    #print(mat_files) #troubleshoot

    # True

    # 'data' str

    # 'data' #raw data of the current trial
    # 'events'
    # 'stimuli'
    # 'target'
    # 'targets_counted'

    # print('data size', np.shape(Trial['data']))

```

```

# print('events size', np.shape(Trial['events']))
# print('stimuli size', np.shape(Trial['stimuli']))
# print('target ', (Trial['target']))
# print('targetcounted ', (Trial['targets_counted']))

# for key, value in data.items():
#     print(key)

    return

def unpackStamp
    0
    1
    2
    3
    4
    5
    1e6

    return

def events2samps
    0 4
    0
    0
    1

    return

#1A
#from numpy.fft import fft, ifft
from      import
import

def sorting_epoch
    'data'    str

    #print(np.shape(data))

    # for key, value in epochs_data.items():
    #     print(key)

```

```

1 #Hz low frequency of the filter
12 #Hz high frequency of the filter

32 5 33 0.5

for i in range(0, 32):
    #subtracts the data by the average of the two reference

#create and filter Data
int 1 5 #filter length with 0.5 being the transition band
False #compute filter
1 1 #Filtered Data with baseline filter

#index where event occurs in the session

#np.zeros(len(Eventsdata))
#time = np.arange(0,1,1/fs) #0 to 1 second at sample freq
len
len

for i in range(len):
    #Eventsdata.astype('int'):
    int int 2048 #events +1000ms of
    if
        1
    else
        1

#need to create the difference between targets vs non

for i in range(len):
    #currently, instead of making the target epoch 34x whatever,
    if
        1
    else

##find avg of the first 100 of each epoch, then subtract avg from each epoch

#subtracting the baseline DC from the target epochs
for i in range(0, len)

```

```

# targetData[curfile].append(target_epoch[i][:][:] - (np.mean(target_epoch[i][:][0:205])))
for i in range(0, 32)

    #epochmean = np.mean(target_epoch[i][j][0:205])
    #epochnonmean = np.mean(nontarget_epoch[i][j][0:205])

for i in range(0, len(target_epoch))
    #nontargetData[curfile].append(nontarget_epoch[i][:] - np.mean(nontarget_epoch[i][:][0:205]))
    for j in range(0, 32)
        #epochnonmean = np.mean(nontarget_epoch[i][j][0:205])

## REMOVING NOISE OVER 40uV

for i in range(0, len(target_epoch))
    #epochmean = np.mean(target_epoch[i][j][0:205])
    #epochnonmean = np.mean(nontarget_epoch[i][j][0:205])

    #should creat a dictionary of
    #targetData[curfile][i] = 0 #use np.nanmean to avoid nan's in the future
    #filttargetData[curfile] = targetData[~np.isnan(targetData)] #use np.nanmean to avoid nan's
    #if target_epoch_max[curfile][i] == 0:
        #targetData[curfile][i]= np.delete(targetData[curfile][i],np.nan) #Currently need to r
        #targetData[curfile][i] =targetData[curfile][np.logical_not(np.isnan(targetData[curfile][i]))]

for i in range(0, len(nontarget_epoch))
    #epochnonmean = np.mean(nontarget_epoch[i][j][0:205])

    #should creat a dictionary of
    #nontargetData[curfile][i] = np.nan
    # nontargetData[curfile][i] = 0 #use np.nanmean to avoid nan's in the future
    # if nontarget_epoch_max[curfile][i] == 0:
        # nontargetData[curfile].remove(nontargetData[curfile][i],0)

#set = 0, if x = 0.remove(array, obj)(targetdata, 0)

#300targetand nontarget epochs per eeg electrode for all trials per one subject

#print(len(FilterData[1,:])) # two different ways to show either rows or columns length
#print(FilterData.shape[1])

```

```
return
```

```
        6
       4
      6
     0
    0
   31  1
   32  1
   13  1
   16  1
    1
     0
    0
   0
```

```
for i in range 0
    print 'youre doing great sweetie'
```

```
for i in range 0
```

```
    print 'Session Number' +1 'Trial Number' +1
```

```
                                +1          #TRIALS START
    #Edata,Eevents,Estimuli,Etargget,Etarggets_counted = SST(Subjects,4,j, count) #TRIALS START
```

```
        1
```

```
def avg_epochs                                     #need to combine all 24 trial epochs, bes
```

```
    'data'    str
```

```
    #print(len(epoch_targetData[curfile]))
    # for i in range(0,len(epoch_targetData[curfile])):
        #for j in range(0,32):
            #avgtargetepoch[curfile] = np.nanmean(targetData[curfile][:],axis = 0)
                                                    0 #works but doesnt ign
                                                    0
```

```

# converts from a list
#converts from a list
#avgnontargetepoch[curfile] = np.nanmean(epoch_nontargetData[curfile][:])

return                                     #avgtargetepoch,avgnontargetepoch)

def PermutationSetup
#Need to create target data and non target data OUT of dictionarys like i did withOverall Targ
    'data'    str

return

1
for    in range 0
    for    in range 0

print 'Averaging Epochs Session' +1 'Trial' +1
1

```

```

0 32
0 32
#for i in range(0,len(avgtarget)):

0
0

#print(noisytargetcount,'noisy targets')

def Permutation

1000
0
0
1000
0
0
1000
0
0
1000
0
0
1000
0
0
1000

#null hypothesis
0
0
0
0

# To store the peak we get under the null
# To store the peak we get under the null
# To store the peak we get under the null
# To store the peak we get under the null

len
#print('length of Nsamps',nsamps)
for in range

```

```

len
len
len
len
len
len
len
len
len

#need to find the index where this happens and dvide by fs and mult by 1000 to get the tir

if
1

if
1

if
1

if
1

return

# for i in range(0,Session):
#     for j in range(0,Trial):

#Average Filtered target epochs for a single electrode
# Average Filtered non target epochs for a single elect
#goodtargetSingleEEG = Targetlist[:,EEG,:].#Filtered target epochs for a single electrode
#goodnontargetSingleEEG = nonTargetlist[:,EEG,:] #Filtered non target epochs for a single electrode

```



```

print 'B2: The Pvalue of channel Fz for subject'      ' is'
print 'B3: the Values for Cz, Pz, and Oz are'
print 'B3: The peak height occurs at '              'ms for channel Fz,'      'ms for

```

```

def PCA_EEG

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```

    0 1 2 3

# Do PCA to get 2 dimensions
for i in range 0 len
    #print('this first loop is running?')
    #for j in range(0,3):

        for i in

            2

for i in range 0 len

        for i in

#pc2 = PCA(n_components=2)
#pc2.fit(CombnonTargets)

return

```

```
#need time window of .25-.45 ish
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```
int 25
int 5
```

```
def avgEpochs
```

```
#instead of 280 total epochs, we would simply have 28 avg epochs to perform PCA on.
```

```
round len
round len
round len
```

```
round len
round len
round len
```

```
#print(tk10,tk25,tk50,nk10,nk25,nk50)
```

```
for i in range 0 len
    if i and 0
```

```
0
```

```
else
```

```
if i and 0
```

```
0
```

```
else
```

```
if i and 0
```

```
0
```

```

else

for i in range(0, len
    if      0 and      0

else

    if      0 and      0

else

    if      0 and      0

else

return

10
25
50

```

```
def PCA_K
```

2

2

2

```
#k10npc = PCA(n_components=2)
#k10npc.fit(k10nontargetepoch)
```

```
#k25npc = PCA(n_components=2)
#k25npc.fit(k25nontargetepoch)
```

```
#k50npc = PCA(n_components=2)
#k50npc.fit(k50nontargetepoch)
```

```
return
```

```
def ROC
    #Thits = 0
    for i in range(0, 8)
        130 18
        #print(xbound)
        0
        0

    for i in range(0, len
```

```

        # if Target_pck10[i][0] > xbound:
        #     Thits +=1
        if 0
            1
        if 0
            1
        # if nonTarget_pck10[i][0] > xbound:
        #     Nmisses += 1
    # print(Tmisses)
    # print(Nhits)

    len len len
    len len #x axis

return
0

##PLOTS
#time = np.arange(0,len(NewData[1])/fs,1/fs)
0 1 1

#ROC Curve

'o-'
'Specificity'
'Sensitivity'
'ROC curve of K10 Target Detection'

#1st epoch
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,data.shape[0]):
#     plt.plot(time[820:820+2048],data[0][820:+2048])
# plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
# plt.ylabel(u'\u03bcV')
# plt.title('EEG 1st Epoch',fontweight='bold')

# #FilteredData
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,NewData.shape[0]):
#     plt.plot(time[820:820+2048],FilterData[i][820:820+2048]) #Plot the signal
# plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
# plt.ylabel(u'\u03bcV')
# plt.title('EEG Filtered Data',fontweight='bold')

#TARGET AND NONTARGET DATA partA

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                                "Target ("      str      " trials)" #Plot the signal
                                "Non-Target ("    str      " trials)" #Plot
    'Time (sec)'
    'Average Response 'u'\u03bcV'
    'PartA2: Subject ' str      ', EEG31 Target vs Nontargets'      'bold'

#Difference of Target and nonTarget P300

#for i in range(0,32):
                                30      30      "EEG31" #+str(i+1)) #Plot the signal
    'Time (sec)'
    'Average Response 'u'\u03bcV'
    'PartA3: Subject ' str      ', P300 Response'      'bold'

#100 NULLPERMUTATIONS part b2

for      in range 0 1000
                                'k' #Plot the signal) #Plot the signal
                                'r'      10      "Actual" #Plot the signal
    'Time (sec)'
    'Average Response 'u'\u03bcV'
    'PartB2: Subject ' str      ', EEG31 Null Examples vs Actual response'

# #Full Value PCA
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,len(nonTarget4EEG)):
#     plt.plot(nonTarget_pc[i,0],nonTarget_pc[i,1], 'b.')
# for i in range(0,len(Target4EEG)):
#     plt.plot(Target_pc[i,0],Target_pc[i,1], 'r.')
# plt.plot([],[], 'b.', label = 'NonTarget')
# plt.plot([],[], 'r.', label = 'Target')
# plt.xlabel('PC1')
# plt.ylabel('PC2')
# plt.legend()
# plt.title('FullPCA')

# #k10 PCA
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,len(nonTarget_pck10)):
#     plt.plot(nonTarget_pck10[i,0],nonTarget_pck10[i,1], 'b.')
# for i in range(0,len(Target_pck10)):
#     plt.plot(Target_pck10[i,0],Target_pck10[i,1], 'r.')
# plt.plot([],[], 'b.', label = 'NonTarget')
# plt.plot([],[], 'r.', label = 'Target')
# plt.xlabel('PC1')
# plt.ylabel('PC2')
# plt.legend()
# plt.title('k10 PCA')

```

```

# #k25 PCA
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,len(nonTarget_pck25)):
#     plt.plot(nonTarget_pck25[i,0],nonTarget_pck25[i,1],'b.')
# for i in range(0,len(Target_pck25)):
#     plt.plot(Target_pck25[i,0],Target_pck25[i,1],'r.')
# plt.plot([],[],'b.',label = 'NonTarget')
# plt.plot([],[],'r.',label = 'Target')
# plt.xlabel('PC1')
# plt.ylabel('PC2')
# plt.legend()
# plt.title('k25 PCA')

# #k50 PCA
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,len(nonTarget_pck50)):
#     plt.plot(nonTarget_pck50[i,0],nonTarget_pck50[i,1],'b.')
# for i in range(0,len(Target_pck50)):
#     plt.plot(Target_pck50[i,0],Target_pck50[i,1],'r.')
# plt.plot([],[],'b.',label = 'NonTarget')
# plt.plot([],[],'r.',label = 'Target')
# plt.xlabel('PC1')
# plt.ylabel('PC2')
# plt.legend()
# plt.title('k50 PCA')

# plt[2].plot(t,constantDifCz, 'r',linewidth = 10, label = "Actual") #Plot the signal
# for i in range(0,100):
#     plt[2].plot(t,difvalsCz[i], 'k') #Plot the signal) #Plot the signal
# #plt[2].xlabel('Time (sec)')
# #plt[2].ylabel('Average Response'u'\u03bcV')
# plt[2].title('PartB1: Subject '+str(Subjects)+'', EEG32 Null Examples vs Actual response',fontwei
# plt[2].legend()
# plt[3].plot(t,constantDifPz, 'r',linewidth = 10, label = "Actual") #Plot the signal
# for i in range(0,100):
#     plt[3].plot(t,difvalsPz[i], 'k') #Plot the signal) #Plot the signal
# #plt[3].xlabel('Time (sec)')
# #plt[3].ylabel('Average Response'u'\u03bcV')
# plt[3].title('PartB1: Subject '+str(Subjects)+'', EEG13 Null Examples vs Actual response',fontwei
# plt[3].legend()
# plt[4].plot(t,constantDifOz, 'r',linewidth = 10, label = "Actual") #Plot the signal
# for i in range(0,100):
#     plt[4].plot(t,difvalsOz[i], 'k') #Plot the signal) #Plot the signal
# #plt[4].xlabel('Time (sec)')
# #plt[4].ylabel('Average Response'u'\u03bcV')
# plt[4].tile('PartB1: Subject '+str(Subjects)+'', EEG16 Null Examples vs Actual response',fontweig
# plt[4].legend()
#print(nontargetcount,'nontarget',targetcount,'target')
# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,NewData.shape[0]):
#     plt.plot(t,epochs[i]) #Plot the signal
# plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
# plt.ylabel(u'\u03bcV')
# plt.title('EEG All Epochs',fontweight='bold')

```

```

# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,NewData.shape[0]):
#     plt.plot(t,targetData[i]) #Plot the signal
# plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
# plt.ylabel(u'\u03bcV')
# plt.title('Single Trial EEG Epochs Target',fontweight='bold')

# plt.figure()
# for i in range(0,NewData.shape[0]):
#     plt.plot(t,nontargetData[i]) #Plot the signal
# plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
# plt.ylabel(u'\u03bcV')
# plt.title('Single Trial EEG Non-Target Epochs',fontweight='bold')

# #Filter freq domain
# # [w, hf_filter] = signal.freqz(h_filter,a=1,fs=fs, worN=h_filter.size)
# # plt.figure()
# # plt.plot(w.squeeze(),abs(hf_filter))
# # plt.xlim([0,13])
# # plt.xlabel('Frequency (Hz)',fontsize=12,)
# # plt.ylabel('Magnitude',fontsize=12)
# # plt.title('H(f)',fontsize=15,fontweight='bold')
# # plt.show()

# #for i in range(34): #plots all data lines
# #     plt.plot(data[i,:], '.')

# #plotting Pvalues of all 24 trials
# z = [0.004,0.01,.034,.019,.003,.022,0,0,0,.541,.012,.092,.017,.28,.001,.008,.002,0,0.001,0,0,0,0
# y = [0.986,0.048,0.755,0.678,0.07,0.071,0.529,0.79,0.518,0.794,0.638,0.325,0.157,0.094,0.205,0.4
# x = np.arange(1,25)
# plt.figure()
# plt.plot(x,y)
# plt.title('Pvalues for all 24 trials of Subject 4')
# plt.xlabel('trial number')
# plt.ylabel('p300 Pvalue ')
# avgpval4 = np.mean(y)
# print(avgpval4)
# avgpval6 = np.mean(z)
# print('sub 6',avgpval6)

```