# Comparing SilviMetric and FUSION outputs

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### Load packages

```
library(terra)
library(sf)
library(mapview)
```

#### Setup

```
HAGVRTfolder <- "C:/Users/bmcgaughey/SilviMetricTesting/TestOutput/plumas_vrt_tifs/"
HAGNNfolder <- "C:/Users/bmcgaughey/SilviMetricTesting/TestOutput/plumas_nn_tifs/"
HAGFUSIONfolder <- "C:/Users/bmcgaughey/SilviMetricTesting/TestOutput/plumas_normalized_tifs/"
FUSIONfolder <- "H:/FUSIONTestMetrics/Products_FUSIONTestMetrics_2024-05-16/FINAL_FUSIONTestMetrics_2022

SMfile <- "m_Z_max.tif"
#SMfile <- "m_Z_mean.tif"
FUSIONfile <- "elev_max_2plus_30METERS.img"
```

## Read raster data and display extent and summary info

```
HAGVRTrast <- rast(pasteO(HAGVRTfolder, SMfile))</pre>
HAGNNrast <- rast(pasteO(HAGNNfolder, SMfile))</pre>
HAGFUSIONrast <- rast(pasteO(HAGFUSIONfolder, SMfile))</pre>
FUSIONrast <- rast(paste0(FUSIONfolder, FUSIONfile))</pre>
cat("FUSION raster: ncol=", ncol(FUSIONrast), " nrow=",nrow(FUSIONrast), " cells=", ncol(FUSIONrast)
cat("HAGVRT raster: ncol=", ncol(HAGVRTrast), " nrow=",nrow(HAGVRTrast), " cells=", ncol(HAGVRTrast)
cat("HAGNN raster: ncol=", ncol(HAGNNrast), " nrow=",nrow(HAGNNrast), " cells=", ncol(HAGNNrast)
cat("HAGFUSION raster: ncol=", ncol(HAGFUSIONrast), " nrow=",nrow(HAGFUSIONrast), " cells=", ncol(H
cat("FUSION raster:
ext(FUSIONrast)
cat("HAGVRT raster:
                                ")
ext(HAGVRTrast)
cat("HAGNN raster:
                                ")
ext(HAGNNrast)
cat("HAGFUSION raster: ")
ext(HAGFUSIONrast)
```

```
## FUSION raster:
                    ncol= 160
                                 nrow= 134
                                              cells= 21440
## HAGVRT raster:
                               nrow= 134
                    ncol= 158
                                              cells= 21172
                    ncol= 158
## HAGNN raster:
                               nrow= 134
                                              cells= 21172
## HAGFUSION raster: ncol= 158
                                 nrow= 133
                                              cells= 21014
## FUSION raster:
                    SpatExtent: 634695, 639495, 4400265, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
                    SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400265, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## HAGVRT raster:
                    SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400265, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## HAGNN raster:
## HAGFUSION raster: SpatExtent : 634725, 639465, 4400295, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
```

### Adjust extents

The rasters produced when using PDAL's hag\_nn are different from those produced using other hag filters. I don't know for sure why but suspect it has to do with the extent of ground points compared to the extent of non-ground points.

The HAGNN raster requires an extra operation to make it match the other rasters.

FUSION rasters are assigned a srs using an ESRI's projection file. The format of these files differs from the format used for the srs in the point cloud files so SilviMetric's srs doesn't exactly match FUSION's. To overcome this, I forced the srs for FUSION rasters to match those from SilviMetric.

```
tHAGVRTrast <- trim(HAGVRTrast)
                                  # different min Y///smaller by 1 cell
tHAGNNrast <- trim(HAGNNrast)</pre>
tHAGNNrast <- crop(tHAGNNrast, tHAGVRTrast)</pre>
tHAGFUSIONrast <- trim(HAGFUSIONrast)</pre>
tFUSIONrast <- trim(FUSIONrast)
cat("adjusted FUSION raster:
                                  ")
ext(tFUSIONrast)
cat("adjusted HAGVRT raster:
ext(tHAGVRTrast)
cat("adjusted HAGNN raster:
                                  ")
ext(tHAGNNrast)
cat("adjusted HAGFUSION raster: ")
ext(tHAGFUSIONrast)
# force FUSION srs to match
crs(tFUSIONrast) <- crs(tHAGFUSIONrast)</pre>
```

```
## adjusted FUSION raster: SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400295, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## adjusted HAGVRT raster: SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400295, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## adjusted HAGNN raster: SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400295, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## adjusted HAGFUSION raster: SpatExtent: 634725, 639465, 4400295, 4404285 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
```

### Generate extent and summary information for adjusted rasters

```
## FUSION output:
                     ncol= 158
                                  nrow= 133
                                               cells= 21014
## HAGVRT output:
                     ncol= 158
                                  nrow= 133
                                               cells= 21014
## HAGNN output:
                     ncol= 158
                                  nrow= 133
                                               cells= 21014
## HAGFUSION output: ncol= 158
                                  nrow= 133
                                               cells= 21014
## FUSION raster:
                         Layer 1
## Min.
          : 2.408
## 1st Qu.:36.595
## Median:44.817
```

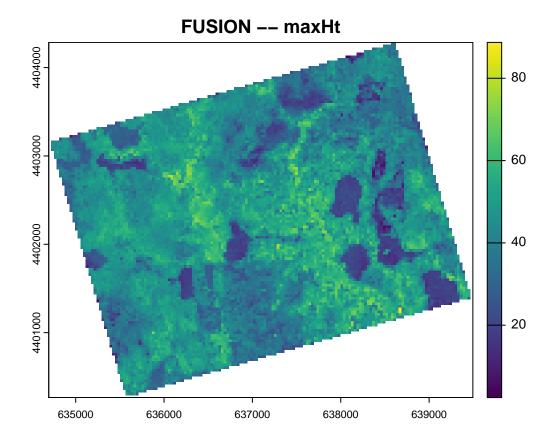
```
##
    Mean
            :43.495
##
    3rd Qu.:51.475
##
   Max.
            :88.718
   NA's
            :7415
##
## HAGVRT raster:
                          m_Z_{max}
##
   Min.
            : 2.551
##
    1st Qu.:36.706
   Median :44.930
##
##
    Mean
           :43.586
##
    3rd Qu.:51.575
##
   Max.
            :88.835
   NA's
            :7409
##
## HAGNN raster:
                          m_Z_{max}
##
   Min.
            : 2.44
##
    1st Qu.:36.67
##
    Median :44.89
##
    Mean
           :43.59
##
    3rd Qu.:51.61
##
   Max.
            :89.66
   NA's
##
            :7401
## HAGFUSION raster:
                          m_Z_{max}
   Min.
            : 2.41
    1st Qu.:36.59
##
##
   Median :44.81
           :43.49
##
   Mean
    3rd Qu.:51.47
##
    Max.
            :88.72
    NA's
            :7414
```

### Compare raster values for maximum height

This metric (maximum HAG) doesn't involve any calculation so it basically tests that FUSION and Silvi-Metric are using the same HAG values.

This is a plot of the FUSION output for maximum height.

```
plot(FUSIONrast, main = "FUSION -- maxHt")
```



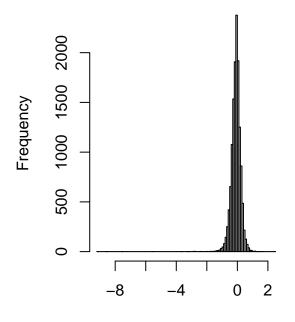
The first test uses HAG computed using the VRT with PDAL's hag\_dem filter. The interpolation problem with PDAL mentioned above leads to small differences between HAG compute by FUSION and using the VRT. In general, these differences are largest at the edge of the coverage area.

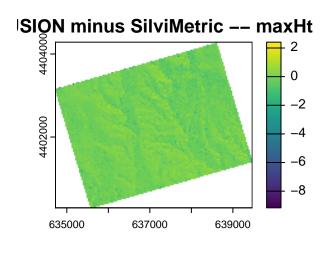
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGVRTrast
summary(r)</pre>
```

```
##
       Layer_1
           :-9.164
##
    Min.
##
    1st Qu.:-0.255
    Median :-0.075
##
           :-0.095
##
    Mean
    3rd Qu.: 0.080
##
##
    Max.
            : 2.409
##
    NA's
            :7415
```

```
hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt", xlab = "HAG computed using VRT")
plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt")
```

# FUSION minus SilviMetric -- max





HAG computed using VRT

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
```

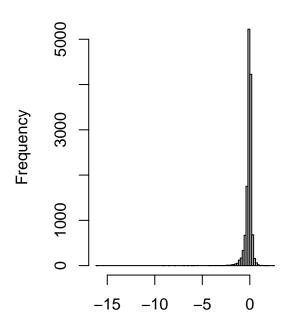
The second test uses HAG computed using PDAL's hag\_nn filter. This produces similar differences compared to the VRT method. Again, differences are largest at the edge of the coverage area.

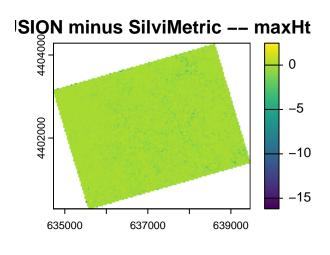
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGNNrast
summary(r)</pre>
```

```
Layer_1
##
##
            :-16.194
    Min.
    1st Qu.: -0.187
##
##
    Median : -0.043
    Mean
           : -0.110
    3rd Qu.: 0.049
##
              2.469
    Max.
    NA's
            :7415
```

```
hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt", xlab = "HAG computed using hag_nn")
plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt")
```

## FUSION minus SilviMetric -- max





HAG computed using hag\_nn

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
```

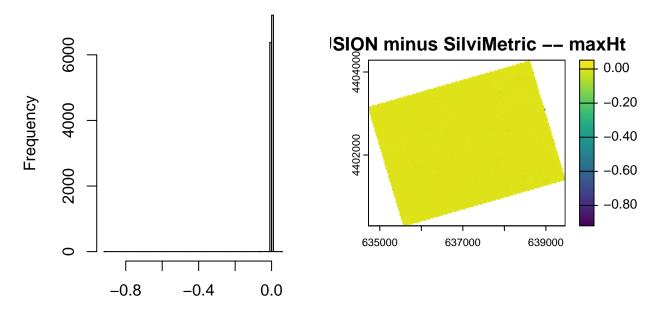
The final test used FUSION to compute HAG for the point tiles. Then PDAL to convert the tiles back to COPC format (FUSION doesn't write COPC format). The normalized point tiles were then used with SilviMetric (so no HAG computation was needed). This test, compared to the first test, highlights the difference in the HAG values computed in FUSION and PDAL. The maximum heights for cells are nearly identical with differences attributable to numeric precision used for the HAG values (FUSION carries more significant digits...not necessarily more accurate values).

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGFUSIONrast
summary(r)</pre>
```

```
##
       Layer_1
##
    Min.
            :-0.920
##
    1st Qu.:-0.002
    Median : 0.000
##
##
    Mean
            : 0.000
##
    3rd Qu.: 0.003
            : 0.052
##
    Max.
    NA's
##
            :7415
```

```
hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt", xlab = "HAG computed using points norm
plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- maxHt")
```

## FUSION minus SilviMetric -- max



IAG computed using points normalized by FI

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
```

I suspect that differences in the third test also result from the rules used to select point for a cell. FUSION does not include points that ecatly fall on the top and right edges of a cell whereas, PDAL includes these points. While this does produce slightly different values for metrics, I don't think it affect the utility of the metrics. It is debatable which method is more "correct" but I don't expect to see large difference in metrics over large areas because of this difference...only for scattered individual cells.

#### Compare raster values for mean height

This metric (mean HAG) involves calculation so it tests that FUSION and SilviMetric are using the same points and calculation methods.

```
SMfile <- "m_Z_mean.tif"
FUSIONfile <- "elev_ave_2plus_30METERS.img"

HAGVRTrast <- rast(paste0(HAGVRTfolder, SMfile))
HAGNNrast <- rast(paste0(HAGNNfolder, SMfile))
HAGFUSIONrast <- rast(paste0(HAGFUSIONfolder, SMfile))
FUSIONrast <- rast(paste0(FUSIONfolder, FUSIONfile))

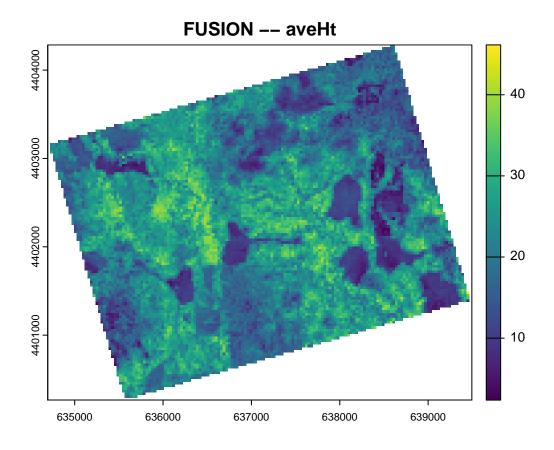
tHAGVRTrast <- trim(HAGVRTrast)
tHAGNNrast <- trim(HAGNNrast)  # different min Y///smaller by 1 cell
tHAGNNrast <- crop(tHAGNNrast, tHAGVRTrast)</pre>
```

```
tHAGFUSIONrast <- trim(HAGFUSIONrast)
tFUSIONrast <- trim(FUSIONrast)

# force FUSION srs to match
crs(tFUSIONrast) <- crs(tHAGFUSIONrast)</pre>
```

This is a plot of the FUSION output for average height.

```
plot(FUSIONrast, main = "FUSION -- aveHt")
```

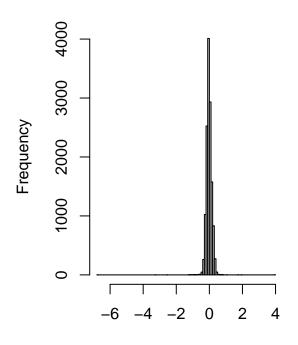


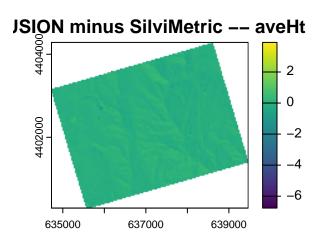
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGVRTrast
summary(r)</pre>
```

```
## Layer_1
## Min. :-6.765
## 1st Qu.:-0.114
## Median :-0.025
## Mean :-0.019
## 3rd Qu.: 0.071
## Max. : 3.905
## NA's :7415
```

```
hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt", xlab = "HAG computed using VRT") plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt")
```

# FUSION minus SilviMetric -- ave





HAG computed using VRT

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))

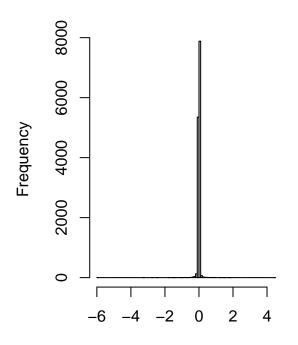
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGNNrast
summary(r)

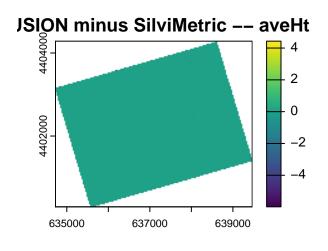
## Layer_1
</pre>
```

## Min. :-5.985 1st Qu.:-0.006 ## Median : 0.003 ## Mean : 0.000 ## 3rd Qu.: 0.011 Max. : 4.433 NA's ## :7415

hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt", xlab = "HAG computed using hag\_nn")
plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt")

# FUSION minus SilviMetric -- ave





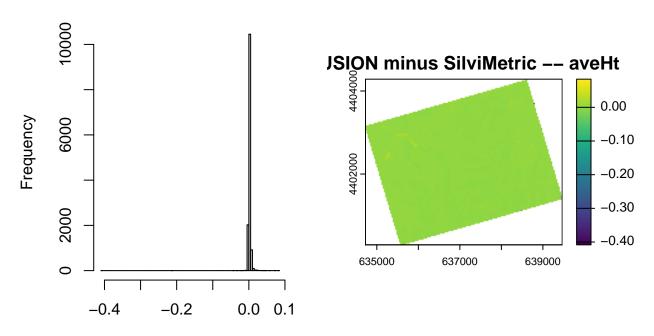
HAG computed using hag\_nn

plot(r, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt")

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
r <- tFUSIONrast - tHAGFUSIONrast
summary(r)
       Layer_1
##
   Min.
           :-0.408
##
   1st Qu.: 0.001
   Median : 0.002
##
          : 0.002
##
   Mean
    3rd Qu.: 0.003
           : 0.084
   Max.
##
   NA's
           :7415
```

hist(r, nclass= 100, main = "FUSION minus SilviMetric -- aveHt", xlab = "HAG computed using points norm

# FUSION minus SilviMetric -- ave



IAG computed using points normalized by FI

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
```

As with the comparison of maximum height values, the smallest differences occur when FUSION was used to normalize the point data. For this metric, the HAG and the set of points affect the comparison.