# Capstone 2

**Applying Machine Learning to Predict Churn for Music Streaming Service KKBox** 

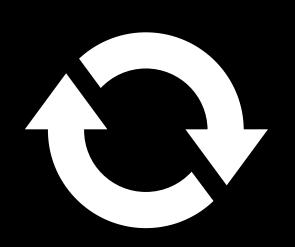
**Bradley Mensah Springboard Nov 2nd 2020 Cohort** 

#### The Problem

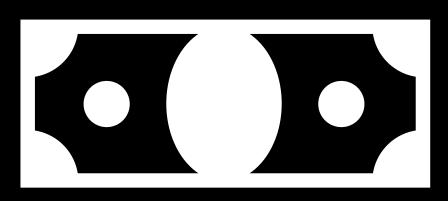
- The majority of KKBox subscriptions last only 30 days
- No single factor affects a subscribers decision to cancel or renew their membership.
- In order to be able to accurately forecast revenue and plan a budget, subscription-based services like KKBox must be able to predict how many subscribers will continue their memberships with reasonable accuracy.



# What opportunities exist for KKBox to report a positive percent change in revenue by the end of the current quarter through:







subscriber retention

attracting new subscribers

increasing prices

#### Data

#### citation:

KKBOX Group. (2017, September). WSDM - KKBox's Churn Prediction Challenge, Version 2. Retrieved March 3, 2021 from <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/c/kkbox-churn-prediction-challenge/overview/evaluation">https://www.kaggle.com/c/kkbox-churn-prediction-challenge/overview/evaluation</a>.

- Four .csv files: train\_v2.csv, members\_v3.csv, transactions\_v2.csv, and user\_logs\_v2.csv
  - Data selected from subscribers whose memberships are set to expire in March 2017
  - train\_v2.csv: This dataset has our target value, is\_churn, and a unique identifier for each customer, msno.
  - members\_v3.csv, transactions\_v2.csv, and user\_logs\_v2.csv are feature columns

#### members\_v3.csv

msno: unique identifier

city: user's city

bd: user's age

gender: user's gender

registered\_via: registration method

registration\_init\_time: date the user registered, format %Y%m%d

#### transactions\_v2.csv

This dataset is a record of each customer's transactions.

msno: user id

payment\_method\_id: payment method

payment\_plan\_days: length of membership plan in days

plan\_list\_price: in New Taiwan Dollar (NTD)

actual\_amount\_paid: in New Taiwan Dollar (NTD)

is\_auto\_renew: whether or not the user signed up to have their membership renew automatically

transaction\_date: format %Y%m%d

membership\_expire\_date: format %Y%m%d

is\_cancel: whether or not the user canceled the membership in this transaction

#### user\_logs\_v2.csv

This dataset is a log of a user's activity.

msno: user id

date: format %Y%m%d

num\_25: number of songs played less than 25% of the song length

num\_50: number of songs played between 25% to 50% of the song length

num\_75: number of songs played between 50% to 75% of of the song length

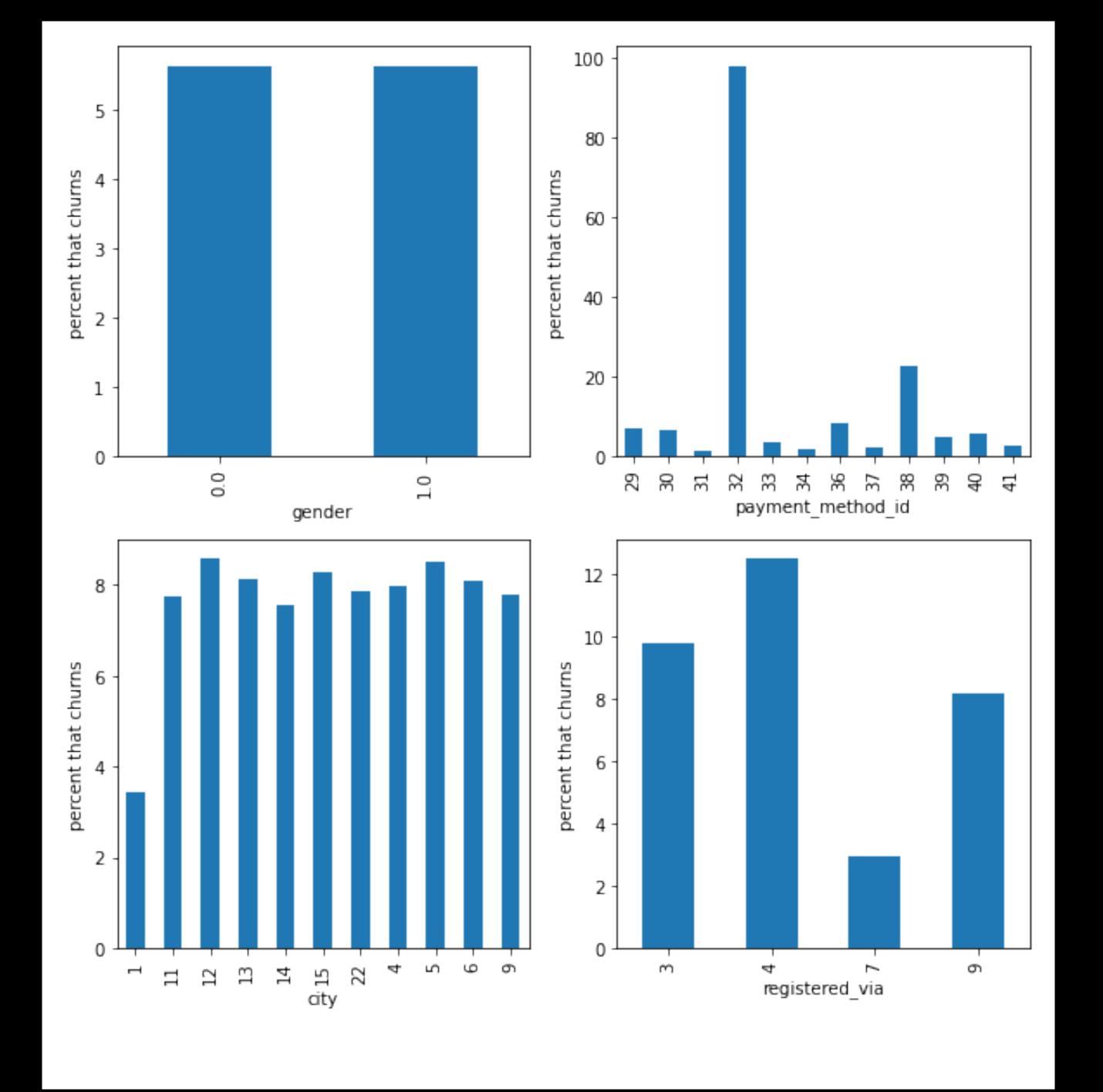
num\_985: number of songs played between 75% to 98.5% of the song length

num\_100: number of songs played over 98.5% of the song length

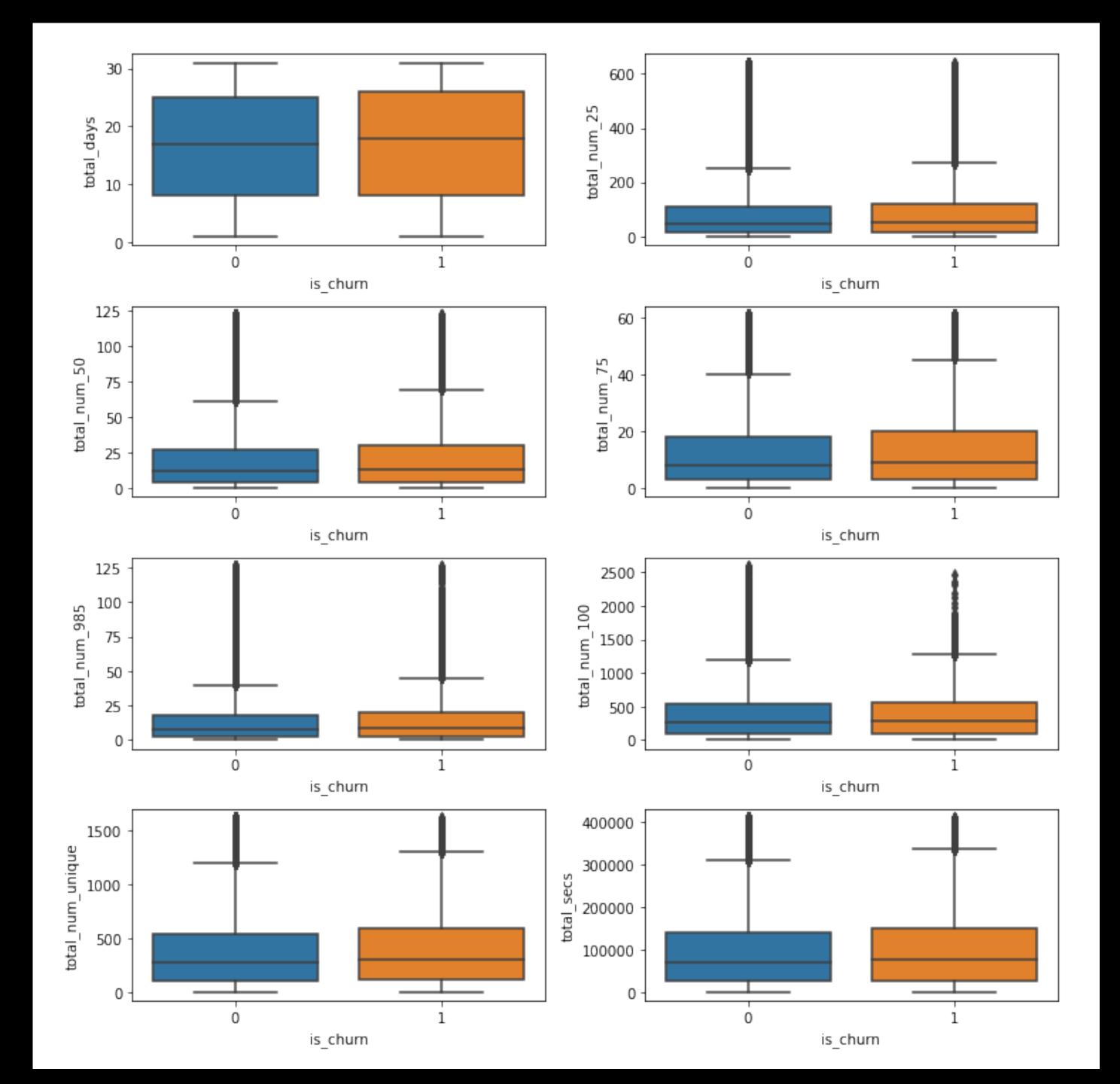
num\_unq: number of unique songs played

total\_secs: total seconds played

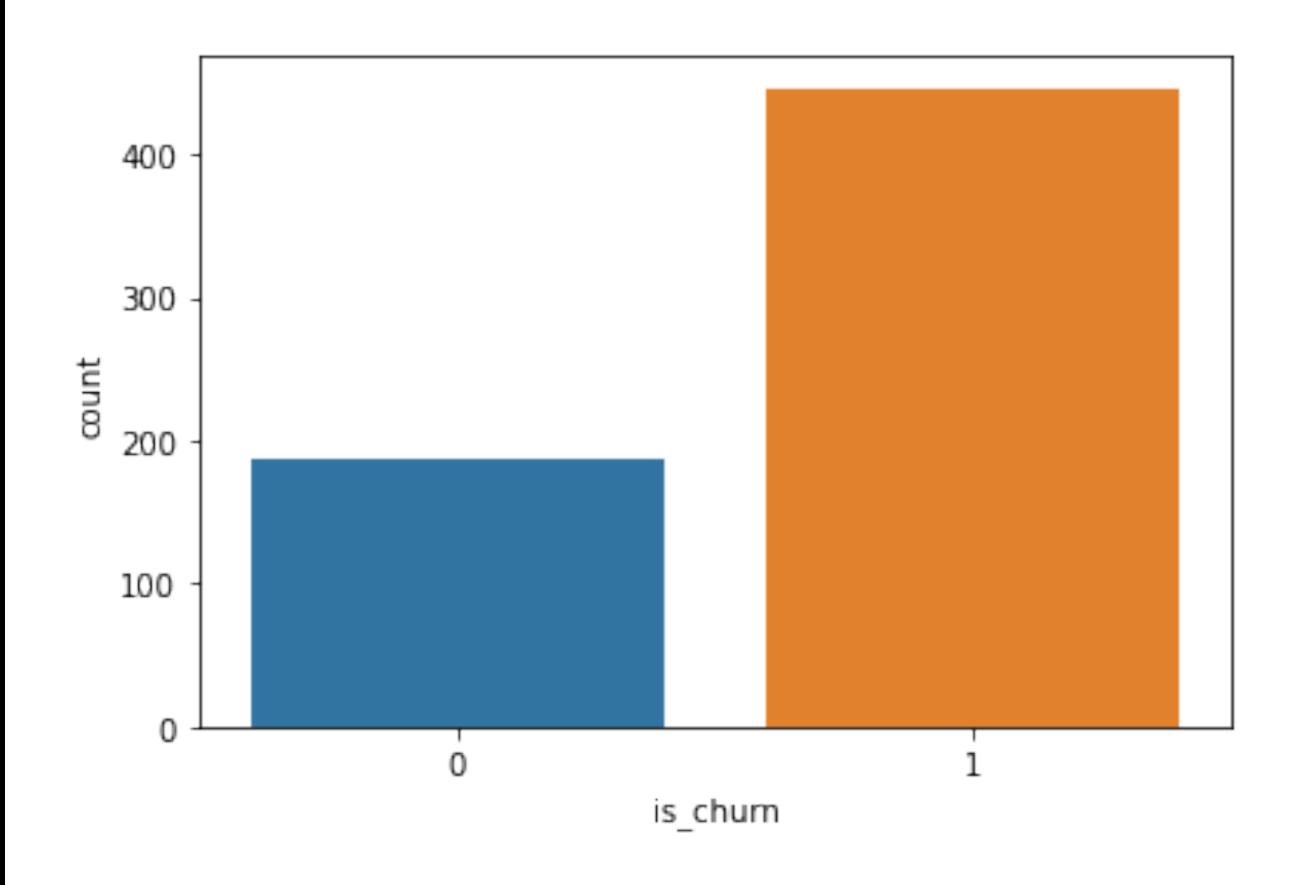
Churn for categorical features

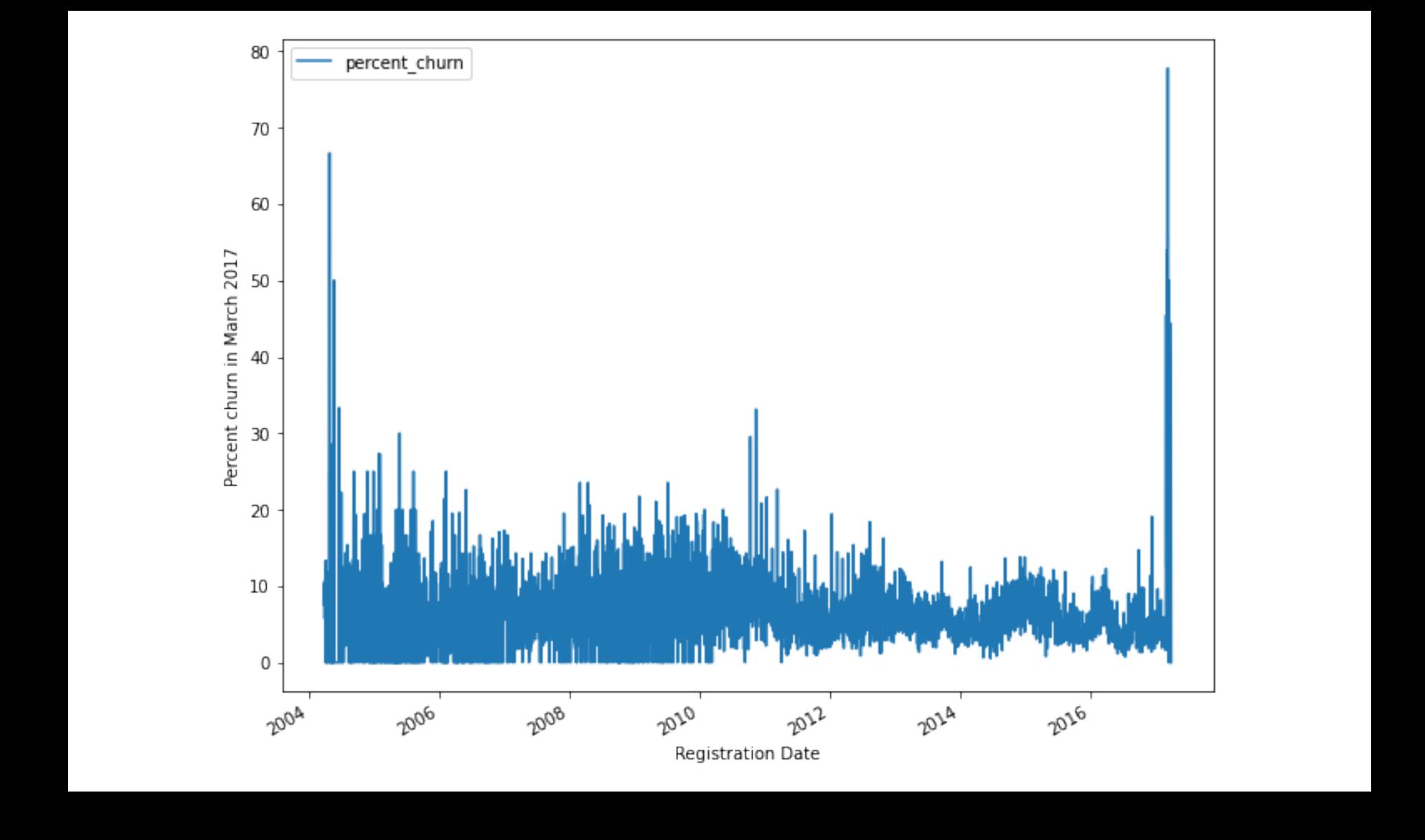


Are users who listen to more music less likely to churn?

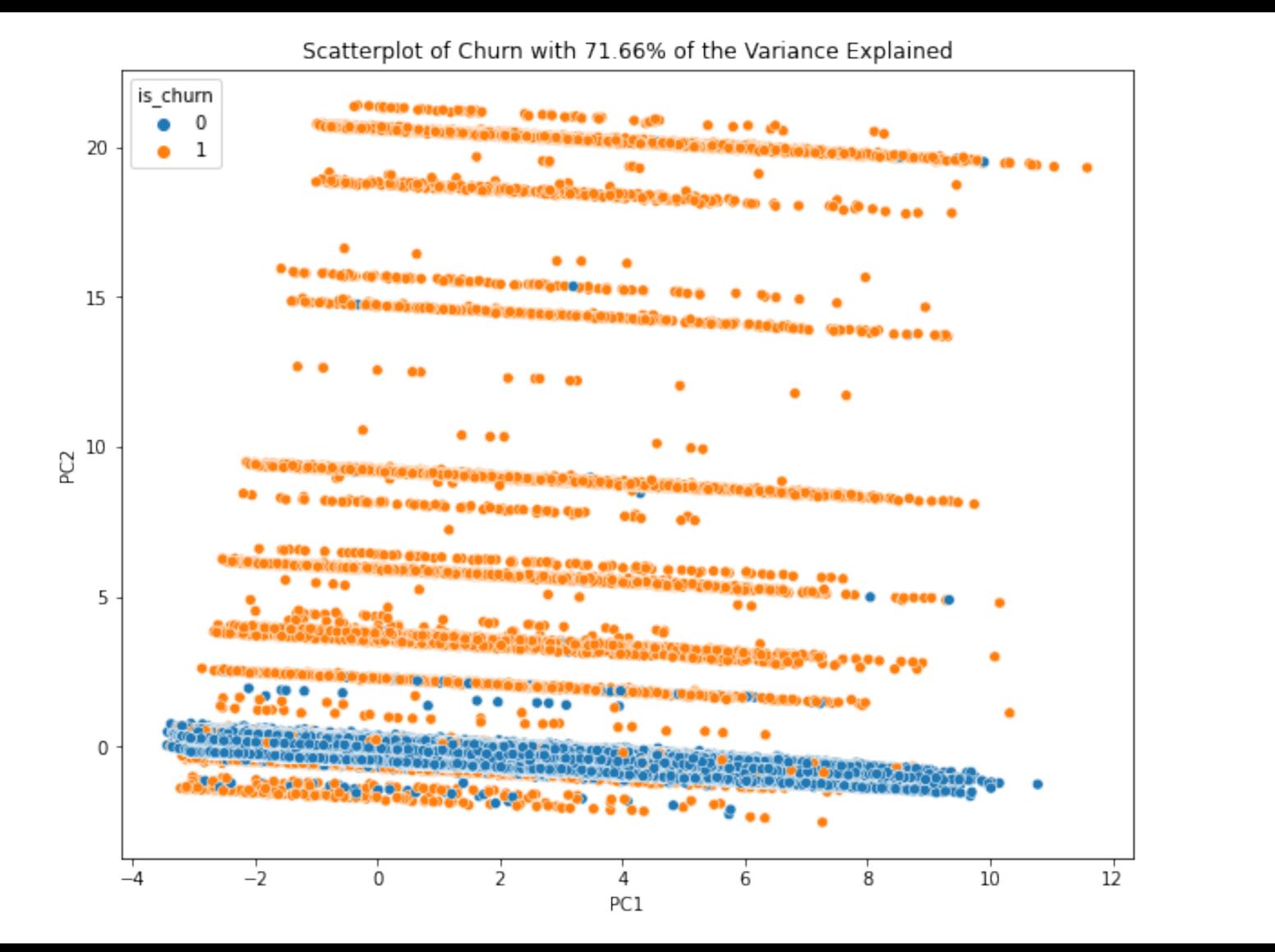


Does getting a discount discourage users from churning?





Does the amount of time a subscriber has been registered for KKBox affect churn?



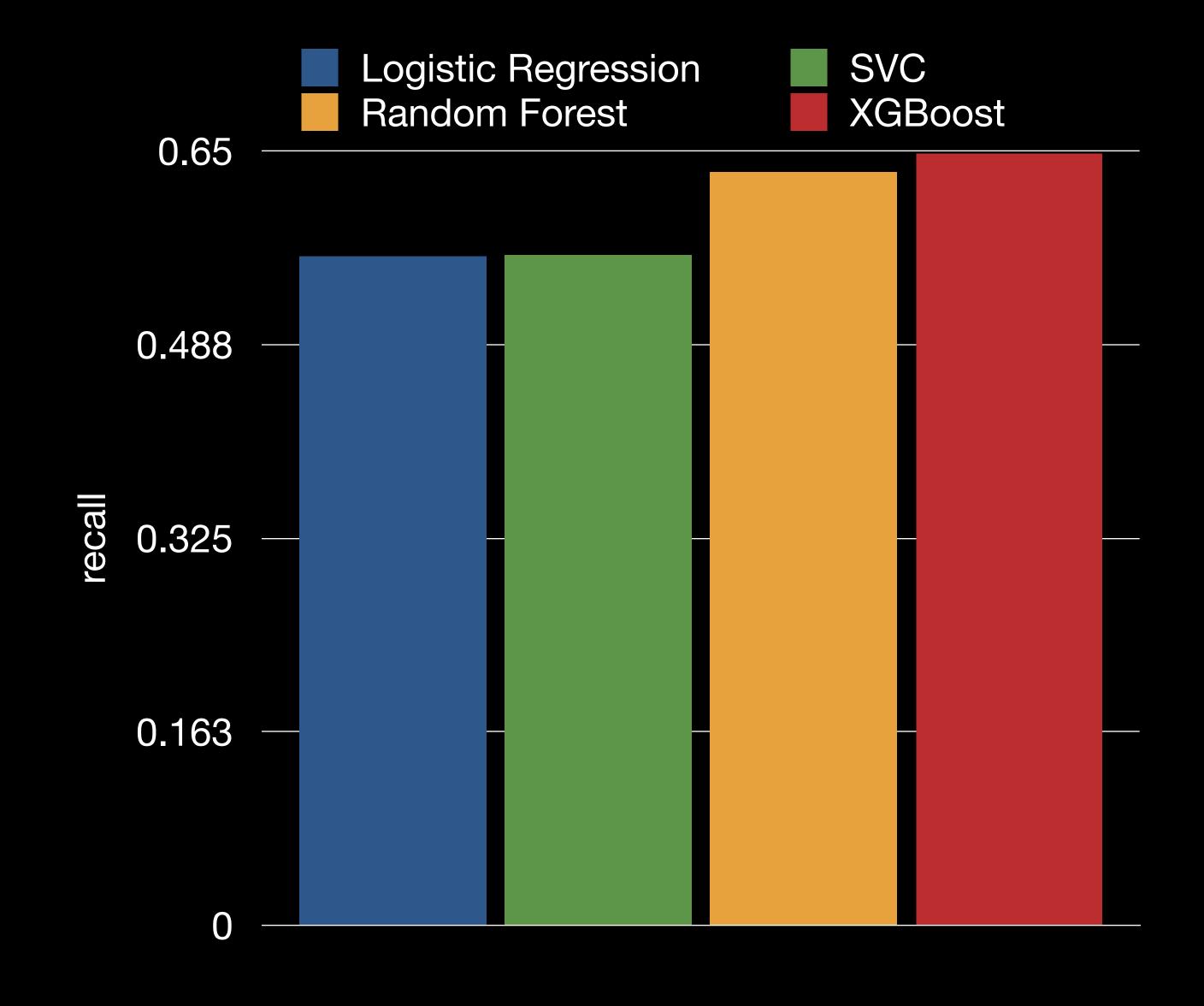
Exploring the distribution of churn using PCA components

### Modeling Overview

- Since our data is labelled, this is a supervised learning problem.
- Binary classification will determine whether a subscriber will renew (0) or churn (1)
- False negatives are more important than false positives: missing a subscriber at risk of churn is worse than mislabeling a subscriber who is not at risk of churn
  - Therefore recall will be used as the primary metric to determining model efficacy.

# Comparing Models

XGBoost is the best performing model on recall.



### Hyperparameter Tuning

Random search and Bayesian optimization were used to to tune hyperparameters.

The following hyperparameter ranges were set:

eta (learning\_rate): between 0.3 and 0.9

max\_depth: between 1 and 9

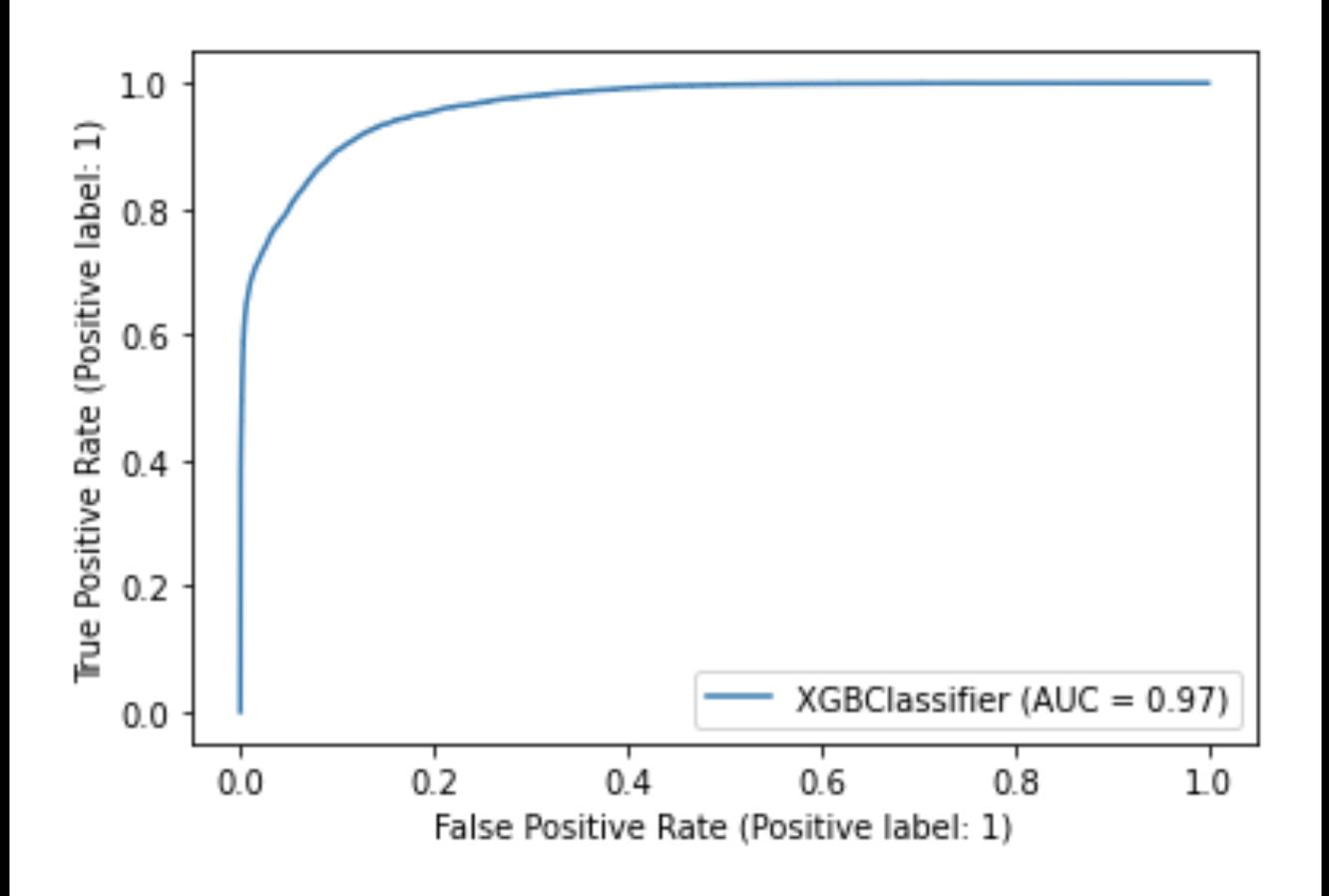
min\_child\_weight: between 1 and 7

colsample\_bytree: between 0.1 and 0.8

gamma: between 0.1 and 0.5

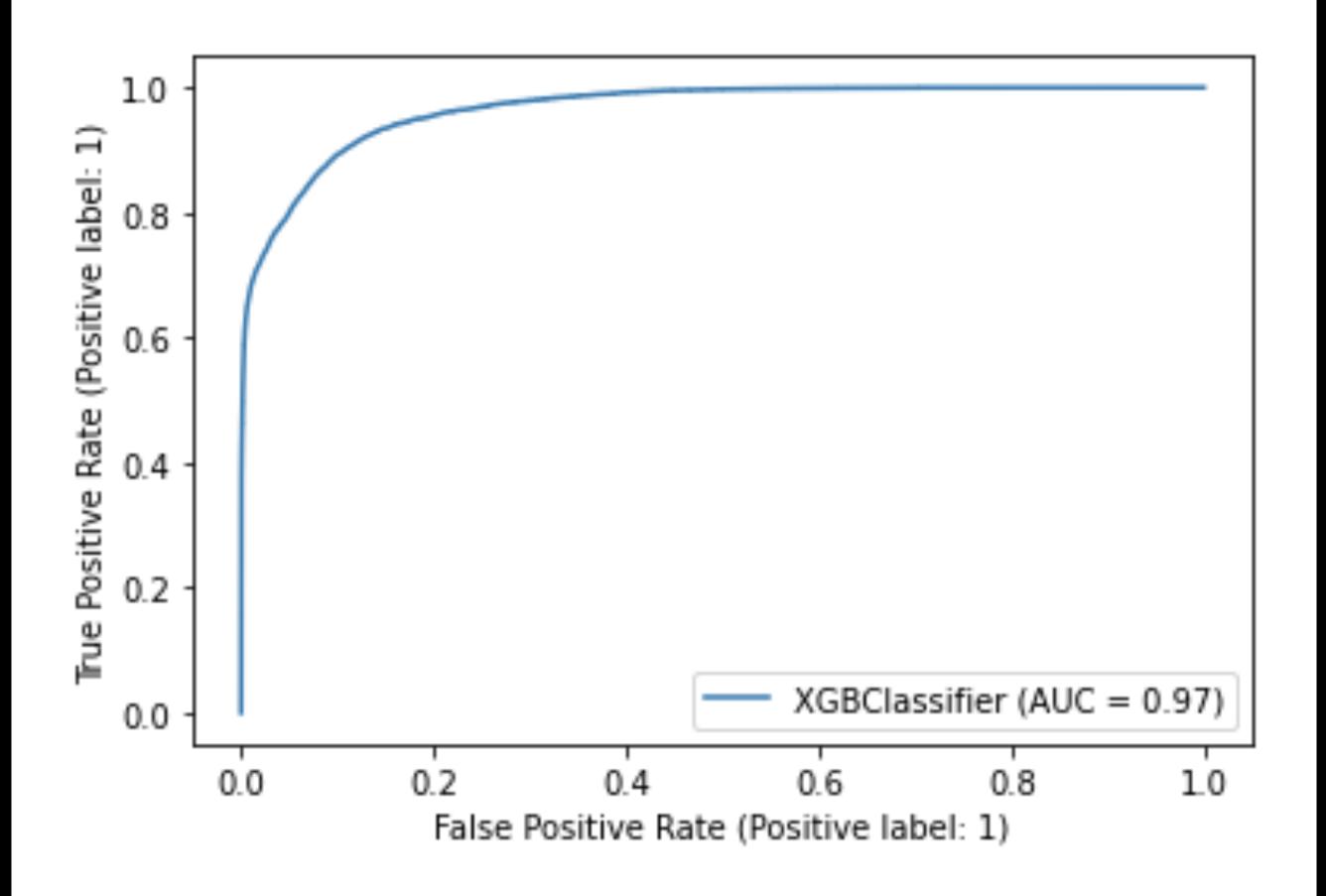
# Hyperparameter Tuning Random Search

- eta = 0.6340410
- $max_depth = 6$
- min\_child\_weight = 6
- colsample\_bytree = 0.6101575
- gamma = 0.4770061



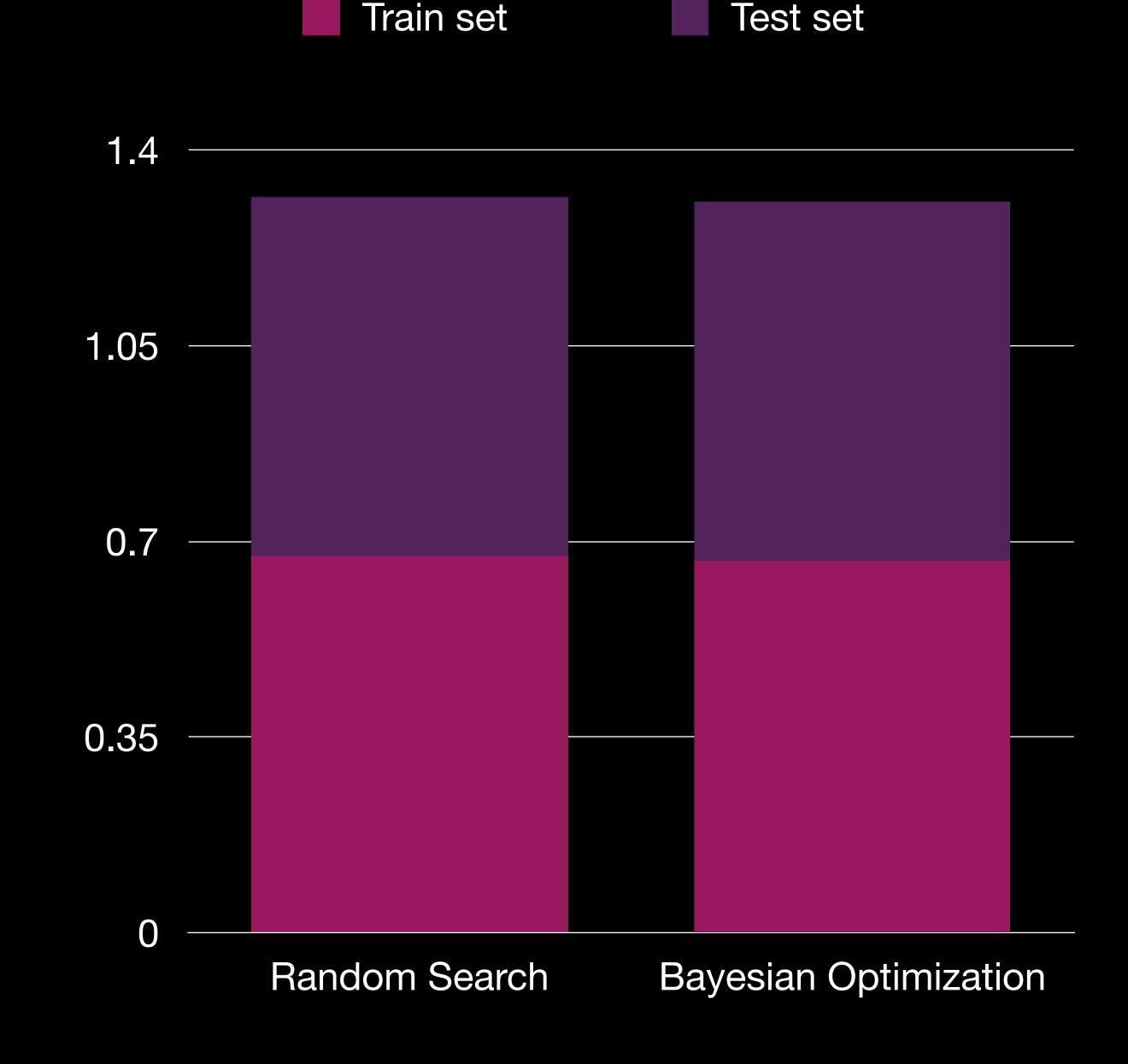
# Hyperparameter Tuning Bayesian Optimization

- eta = 0.60
- $max_depth = 5$
- min\_child\_weight = 4
- colsample\_bytree = 0.45
- gamma = 0.30



# Hyperparameter Tuning

Though disagreeing on the best hyperparameter values, both search methods produce a recall score of 0.642 on the test set.



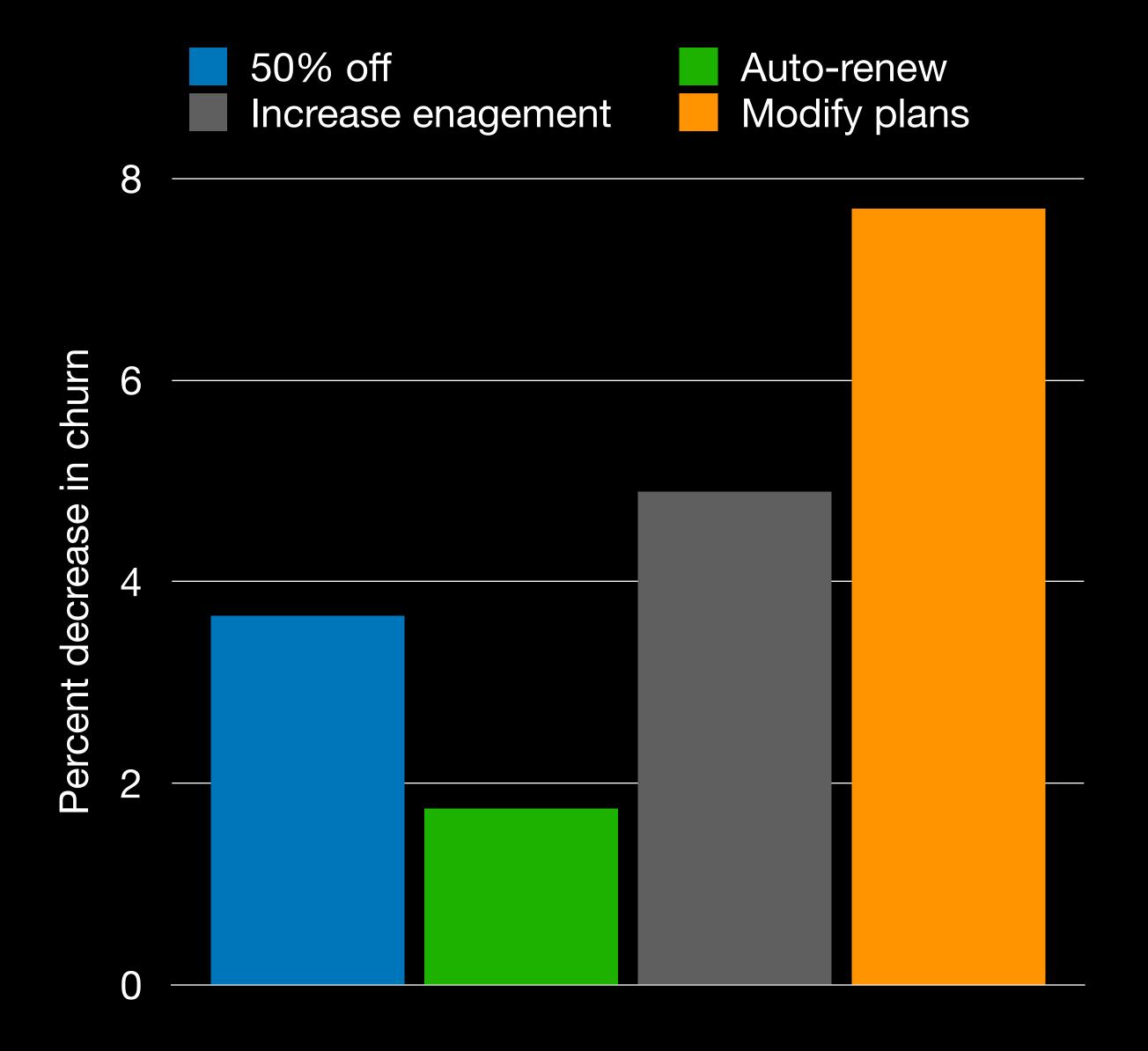
# Modeling Scenarios

The following scenarios were modeled to discover what methods KKBox could employ to decrease churn:

- provide subscribers at risk of churn with a 50% off discount
- double user engagement with the app
- switch subscribers on plans lasting more than 30 days to monthly plans
- convince subscribers at risk of churn to sign up for auto-renew

### Modeling Scenarios

Bar graph showing the predicted decrease in churn in each scenario



# 18.28%

predicted decrease in churn with all four scenarios combined

0.56%

predicted increase in subscription revenue with an 18.28% decrease in churn

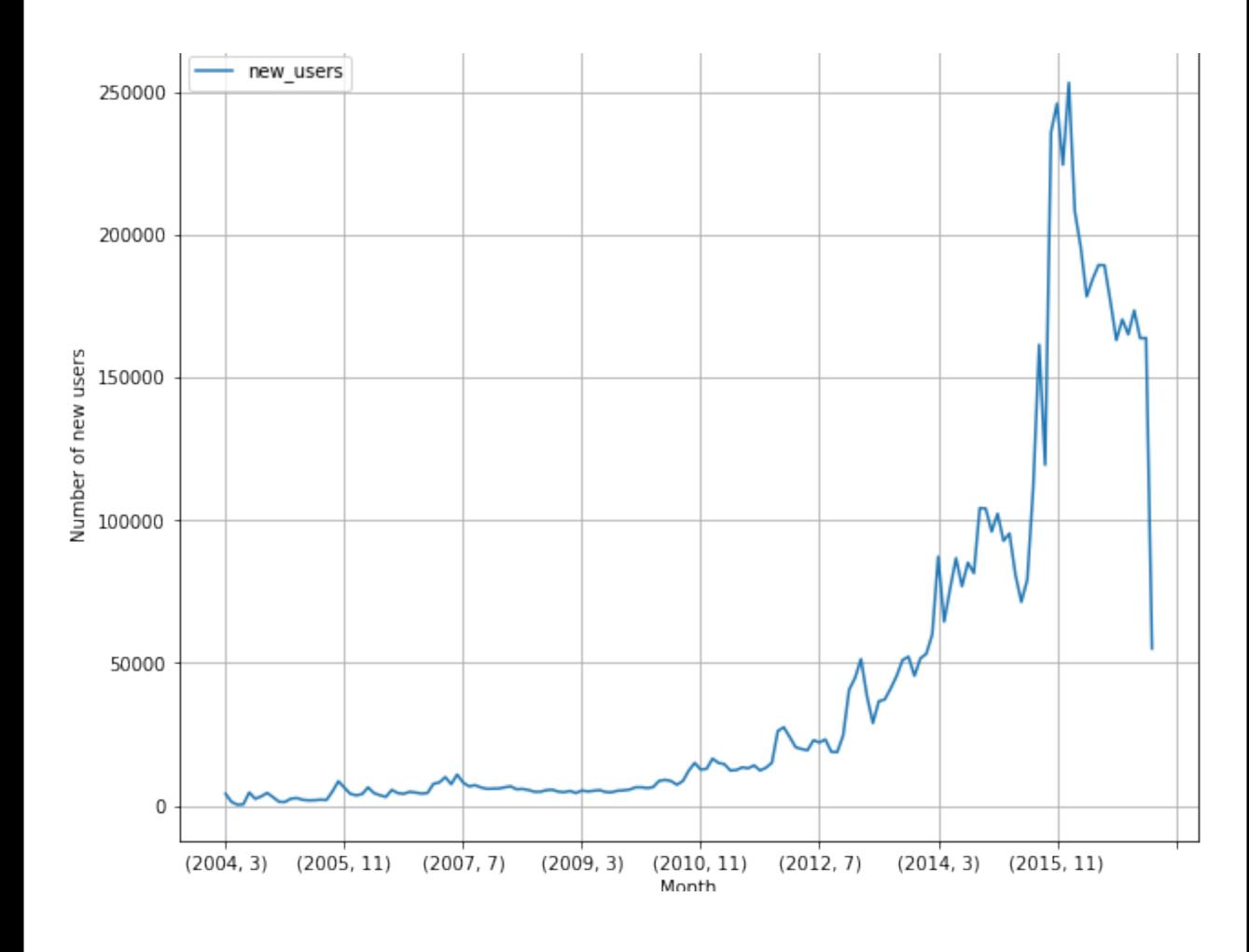
#### Conclusions and Recommendations

- Payment method id 32 should no longer be used
- Targeted marketing to cities where KKBox has a smaller presence could help reduce churn.
- Registration method 7 should be used to sign up new subscribers.
- To reduce churn, KKBox should implement any or all of the following methods:
  - convince subscribers at risk of churn to sign up for auto-renew
  - restructure any subscriptions longer than 30 days to be monthly
  - provide subscribers at risk of churn with a 50% off discount for one month
  - invest in efforts to increase user time spent listening to music on the app

#### Further Analysis

#### Attracting New Subscribers

- There has been a downward trend in new subscribers since November 2015.
- More data analysis should be done to determine the cause of this downward trend and predict what options KKBox has to increase the number of new users added.



#### Further Analysis

#### Increasing Prices

- The model used in this analysis predicts that doubling prices would only increase churn by 4.25%. However, this figure is doubtful. The data this model was trained on is likely ill-suited to predict if increasing prices would increase churn.
- Further analysis using competing businesses' prices and features should be done in order to determine if KKBox can increase prices without increasing churn.

