Section 12.3: Dot Products

Warm up:

Problem 1 If $\vec{u} = \hat{\imath} - 2\hat{\jmath}$ and $\vec{v} = 3\hat{\imath} + 4\hat{k}$, find $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$.

Group work:

Problem 2 Find a vector (in the xy-plane) with length 4 that makes a $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radian angle with the vector $\langle 3, 4 \rangle$.

Problem 3 Answer the following questions about $proj_v u$.

- (a) Is $\operatorname{proj}_v u$ a vector of the form $c\vec{v}$ or $c\vec{u}$ (where c is a real number)? ie, is $\operatorname{proj}_v u$ parallel to \vec{u} or \vec{v} ?
- (b) If $\vec{u} = 5\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} 4\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$, find $\text{proj}_v u$.
- (c) For \vec{u} and \vec{v} from part (b), write \vec{u} as the sum of two perpendicular vectors, one of which is parallel to \vec{v} . Verify that the other vector is perpendicular to \vec{v} .

Challenge Problem

Problem 4 Suppose that the deli at the Tiny Sparrow grocery store sells roast beef for \$9 per pound, turkey for \$4 per pound, salami for \$5 per pound, and ham for \$7 per pound. For lunches this week, Sam the sandwhich maker buys 1.5 pounds of roast beef, 2 pounds of turkey, no salami, and half a pound of ham. How can you use a dot product to compute Sam's total bill from the deli?