HP-41 FocalMaster

Version 1.0

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Prerequisits

The FocalMaster runs in a .Net 4.8 environment which is available by default on Windows 10 and Windows.

Focal Compiler

The HP-41 Focal User Code Compiler transforms focal user code from text form to the binary raw file format or to barcodes.

Strong error checking is done during the compilation. In addition to the original HP-41 the compiler adds some features like comments and constants to structure the source file and to make it more readable and maintainable.

Source File Structure

The compiler accepts any valid HP-41 command plus parameters. Additionally the compiler recognizes the commands of some common plug-in modules and translates them to the appropriate XROM codes. Please refer to appendix A and B for more details.

The compiler is line oriented. A source code line follows the following rule set:

- 1) Strings must always be quoted with a double quote (")
- 2) Comments always start with a semicolon.
- 3) Structure of a source line
 - 1. A source line may be empty to structure the source code
 - 2. A source line may only contain a comment
 - 3. A source line may contain a compile directive
 - 4. Otherwise a source line contains a focal statement
- 4) A valid focal statement is one of the following 5 cases. Each one may be followed by a comment:
 - 1. A number
 - 2. A string
 - 3. An append string which in turn is a string prefixed by the single character '>'
 - 4. A valid HP-41 command plus it's parameters
 - 5. A valid XRom command

```
define MyVariable 01
define FirstLoopLabel 2
define LoopCounter 100
define ReadyMsg "READY"
define NowMsg " NOW''
LBL "START"
            ; the program starts here
LoopCounter
STO MyVariable
LBL FirstLoopLabel
DSE MyVariable
GTO FirstLoopLabel
ReadyMsq
>NowMsq
         ;append
AVIEW
RTN
```

Directives

define

The **define** directive creates a constant, which is the association of a letter, number or text with that constant. After the constant is defined, the compiler substitutes the constant for each occurrence of the constant in the source file. **define** may occur everywhere in the source code, the constant can be used from that point of definition.

Syntax

define constant number define constant letter define constant text

Example

```
define MyConst 12
define MyLabel "Foo"
define MyStack Y

LBL MyLabel
RCL MyConst
STO ind MyStack
```

XROM Codes

The compiler recognizes the commands of some common plug-in modules and translates them to the appropriate XROM codes. The list of known XROM codes can be extended by the user by adding entries to the file XRomCodes.txt. The file must be located next to the FocalComp.exe. Please refer to appendix A and B for more details.

XROM Codes

The decompiler recognizes the commands of some common plug-in modules and translates them to the appropriate XROM codes. The list of known XROM codes can be extended by the user by adding entries to the file XRomCodes.txt. The file must be located next to the FocalMaster.exe. Please refer to appendix A and B for more details.

Appendix A

Parameter

Some of the HP-41 commands require one or more parameters. The following table lists the basic parameters including their value range:

Register integer value 0-101

Stack single letter (case insensitive):

x, y , z, t, l, m, n, o, p, q, r, d, e

Local Number Label integer value 0-99

Local_Letter_Label single letter (case-sensitive) without quotes: A-J, a-

e

Global_Label quoted text (e.g. "TRIANGLE")

Single_Digit Integer value 0-9

indirect the keyword 'ind' without quotes

Flag integer value 0-55 XRom_Module integer value 0-31 XRom_Function Integer value 0-63

Comma the character ',' without quotes

Floating Point Numbers

Floating point values may not contain blanks; the exponent follows the mantissa without blanks. The exponent is introduced by the letter 'e'.

A valid floating point value is -1234.56e-78.

The comiler also supports the special short float syntax. A float may only consist of an exponent like E56 (which is the short form of 1E56).

Parameter Type Groups

All HP-41 commands are grouped into 7 groups. The commands within each group have the same parameter structure and requirements. The following table lists the command types and their parameter options:

Type 1 no parameters required

Type 2 one the following parameter:

Register Stack

indirect Register
indirect Stack

Type 3 one the following parameters:

Single_Digit indirect Register indirect Stack

Type 4 one the following parameters:

Flag

indirect Register
indirect Stack

Type 5 one the following parameters:

Local_Number_Label

Local_Label Global_Label

Type 6 one the following parameters:

Local_Number_Label

Local_Label Global_Label indirect Register indirect Stack

Type 7 3 parameters in the following order:

XRom_Module

Comma

XRom_Function

Commands

Commands Type 1

NULL

+

-

/

X<Y?

X>Y?

 $X \leftarrow Y$?

S+

S-

HMS+

HMS-

MOD

%

%CH

P-R

R-P

LN

X^2

SQRT

 Y^X

CHS

E^X

LOG 10^X

10 A

E^X-1

SIN

COS

TAN

ASIN

ACOS

ATAN DEC

1/X

ABS

FACT

X#0?

X>0?

LN1+X

X<0?

X=0?

INT

FRC

D-R

R-D

HMS

HR

RND

OCT

CLS

X<>Y

PΙ

CLST

R^

RDN

LASTX

CLX

X=Y?

X#Y?

SIGN

X<=0?

MEAN

SDEV

AVIEW

CLD

DEG

RAD

GRAD

ENTER

ENTER^

STOP

RTN

BEEP

CLA

ASHF

PSE

CLRG

AOFF

AON OFF

PROMPT

ADV

Commands Type 2

RCL

ST0

ST+

ST-

ST*

ST/ ISG DSE VIEW SREG AST0 ARCL x<> Commands Type 3 FIX SCI ENG TONE Commands Type 4 SF CF FS?C FC?C FS? FC? Command Type 5 LBL Commands Type 6 GT0 XEQ Command Type 7

XROM

Appendix B

File format of XRomCodes.txt

The file is line oriented. Each line contains one out of the following list:

- a blank line
- a comment
- an XRom definition

A comment starts with a semicolon ";".

An XRom definition line has the following syntax:

```
<function name>, <rom#>, <function#> [;<comment>]
```

The function name optionally can be enclosed by quotes ("), the comment is optional. A valid XRom definition are:

```
"test1", 12, 42 ;a comment test2, 13, 43 ;a comment
```

Appendix C

The following functions of ROMs are known to the compiler and the compiler creates the appropriate XROM codes.

Extended I/O $-X_MASS_1A$ **COPYFL** DIRX **FLLENG FLTYPE** MCOPY **MCOPYPV MVERIFY** -X_EXT_FCN **ALENGIO** ANUNDEL **ATOXL ATOXR ATOXX XTOAL XTOAR** X<>FIO **YTOAX** -X_CTRL_FNS AID **CLRDEV CLRLOOP** DEVL **DEVT** FINDAID ID INAC **INACL** INAE INAN INXB INP LOCK **NLOOP** NOTREM **OUTAC OUTACL OUTAE OUTAN OUTXB**

OUTP POLL **POLLD**

POLLE

POLLUNC

RCLSEL

SRQ?

STAT

XFER

XFERC

XREFCL

XFERE

XFERN

-ADV_CTL_FN

ADROFF

ADRON

DDL

DDT

LAD

SEND

TAD

UNL

UNT

EXT-Functions -EXT_FCN_1B

ALENG

ANUM

APPCHR

APPREC

ARCLREC

AROT

ATOX

CLFL

CLKEYS

CRFLAS

CRFLD

DELCHR

DELREC

EMDIR

FLSIZE

GETAS

GETKEY

GETP

GETR

GETREC

GETRX

GETSUB

GETX

INSCHR

INSREC

PASN

PCLPS

POSA

POSFL

PSIZE

PURFL

RCLFLAG

RCLPT

RCLPTA

REGMOVE

REGSWAP

SAVEAS

SAVEP

SAVER

SAVERX

SAVEX

SEEKPT

SEEKPTA

SIZE?

STOFLAG

X<>F

XTOA

-CX EXT-Functions

ASROOM

CLRGX

ED

EMDIRX

EMROOM

GETKEYX

RESZFL

SREG?

X=NN?

X#NN?

X<NN?

X <= NN ?

X>NN?

 $X \ge NN$?

Time

-TIME 2C

ADATE

ALMCAT

ALMNOW

ATIME

ATIME24

CLK12

CLK24

CLKT

CLKTD

CLOCK

CORRECT

DATE

DATE+

```
DDAYS
DMY
DOW
MDY
RCLAF
RCLSW
RUNSW
SETAF
SETDATE
SETIME
SETSW
STOPSW
\sf SW
T+X
TIME
XYZALM
-CX TIME
CLALMA
CLALMX
CLRALMS
RCLALM
SWPT
HP-IL Mass storage functions
CREATE
DIR
PURGE
READA
READK
READP
READR
READRX
READS
READSUB
RENAME
SEC
SEEKR
UNSEC
VERIFY
WRTA
WRTK
WRTP
WRTPV
WRTR
WRTRX
WRTS
ZERO
HP-IL Control Functions
AUTOIO
```

FINDIO

INA

IND

INSTAT

LISTEN

LOCAL

MANIO

OUTA

PWRDN

PWRUP

REMOTE

SELECT

STOPIO

TRIGGER

Wand

WNDDTA

WNDDTX

WNDLNK

WNDSUB

WNDSCN

WNDTST

-HP 41Z

W^1/Z

W^Z

X^1/Z

 X^Z

Z+

Z-

Z*

Z/

Z^1/X

Z^2

Z^3

Z^X

Z=0?

Z=I?

Z=W?

Z=WR?

Z#0?

Z#W?

ZACOS

ZALOG

ZASIN

ZATAN

ZCOS

ZEXP

ZHACOS

ZHASIN

ZHATAN

ZHCOS

ZHSIN

ZHTAN

ZIMAG?

ZIN?

ZINT?

ZINV

ZLN

ZLOG

ZNEG

ZOUT?

ZPI*

ZREAL?

ZRND

ZSIN

ZSQRT

ZTAN

ZUNIT?

-ZSTACK

CLZ

CLZST

LASTZ

ZAVIEW

ZENTER^

Z<>

Z<>ST

 ${\sf ZTRP}$

Z <> W

ZIMAG^

ZRCL

ZRDN

ZREAL^

ZRPL^

ZRUP

ZST0

ZVIEW

^IM/AG

1/Z

e^Z

EIZ/IZ

NXTACS

NXTASN

NXTATN

NXTLN

NXTRTN

SQRTZ

Z*I

ZCHSX

ZGEU

ZK?YN

ZKBRD

ZST+

ZST-

ZST*

ZST/

 ${\sf ZWLOG}$

-ZVECTOR

POLAR

RECT

ZARG

ZCONJ

ZMOD

ZNORM

ZPOL

ZREC

ZSIGN

ZWANG

ZWCROSS

ZWDET

ZWDIST

ZWDOT

ZWLINE

-HL ZMATH

ZAWL

ZBS#

ZCI

ZCRT

ZEI

ZERF

ZGAMMA

ZHCI

ZHGF

ZHSI

ZIBS

ZJBS

ZKBS

ZLI2

ZLIN

ZLNG

ZLRCH

ZPROOT

ZPSI

ZQRT

ZSHK1

ZSHK2

ZSI

ZSOLVE

ZWL

ZYBS

ZZETA

-SNDMTH 2x2

2^X-1

S1/N

SDGT

SN^X

AINT

ATAN2

BS>D

CBRT

CEIL

CHSYX

CROOT

CVIETA

D>BS

D>H

E3/E+

FLOOR

GMSLVR

GEU

H>D

HMS*

HMS/

LOGYX

MKEYS

P>R

QREM

QROOT

QROUT

R>P

R>S

S>R

STLINE

T>BS

VMANT

X^3

X=1?

X=YR?

X>=0?

 $X \ge Y$?

Y^1/X

Y^^X

YX^

-FRC D>F

F+

F-

F*

F/

FRC?

INT?

-HYP

HACOS

HASIN

HATAN

HCOS HSIN

HTAN

-RCL

AIRCL

RCL^ RCL+

RCL-

RCL* RCL/

```
-HL MATH
```

1/GMF

SFL

SFL\$

SFL#

BETA

CHBAP

CI

DHT

ΕI

ENX

ERF

FFOUR

FINTG

FL00P

FROOT

GAMMA

HCI

HGF+

HSI

IBS

ICBT

ICGM

IERF

IGMMA

JBS

KBS

LINX

LNGM

LOBACH

PSI

PSIN

SI

SJBS

SYBS

TAYLOR

WL0

YBS

ZETA

ZETAX

ZOUT

-PB/STs

%Т

CORR

COV

CRVF

CURVE

EVEN?

GCD

LCM

LR

LRY

NCR

NPR

ODD?

PDF

PFCT

PRIME?

RAND

RGMAX

RGSORT

SEEDT

ST<>S

STSORT