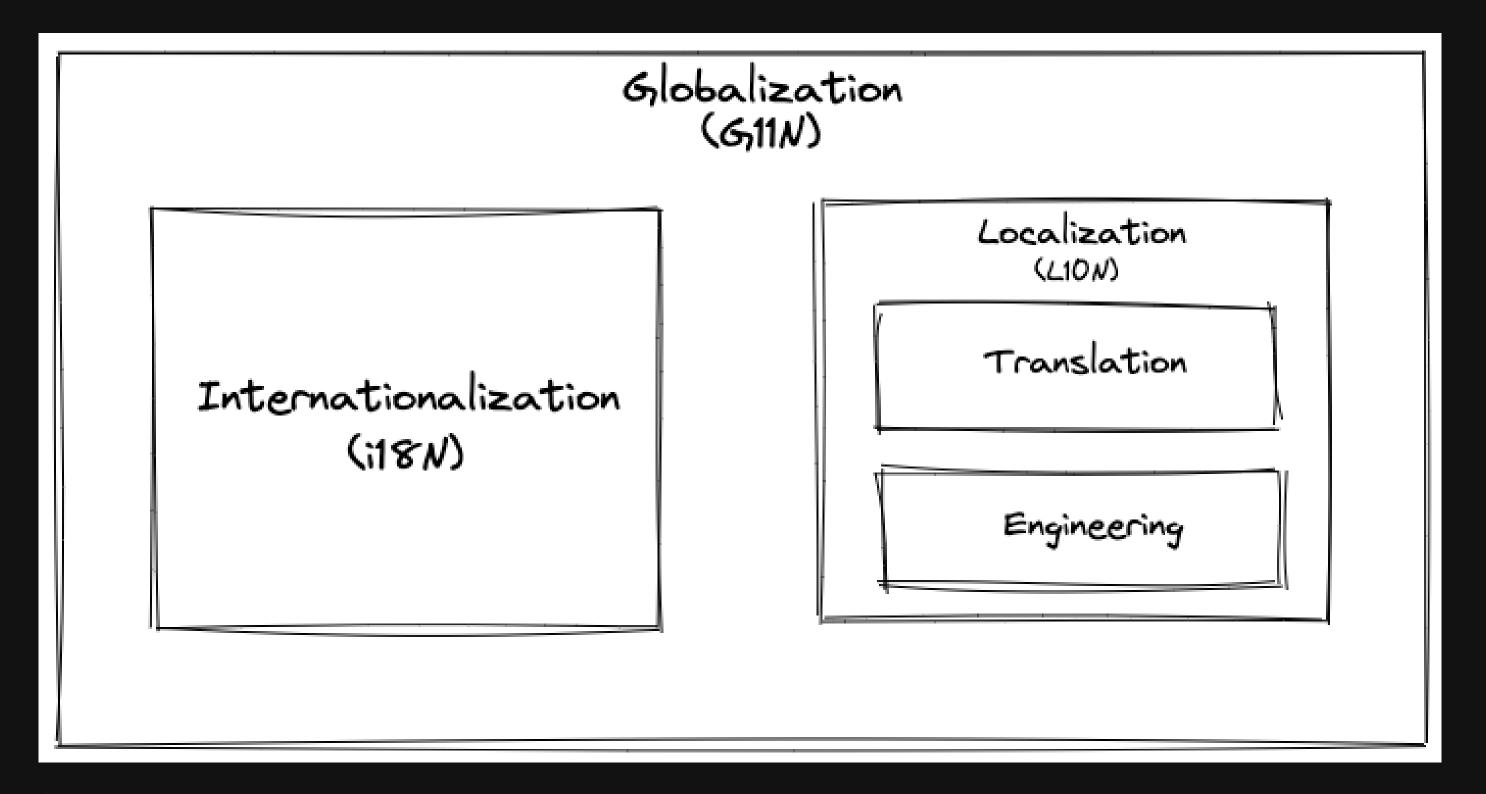


# G11N/i18N/L10N



Internationalization is the process of designing an application so that it can be adapted to various **languages** and **regions** <u>without engineering changes</u>.

#### An internationalized program has the following characteristics:

- With the <u>addition of localized data</u>, the <u>same executable</u> can run worldwide.
- Textual elements, such as status messages and the GUI component labels, are <u>not hardcoded</u> in the program. Instead they are stored outside the source code and <u>retrieved dynamically</u>.
- Support for <u>new languages</u> does not require recompilation.
- Culturally-dependent data, such as <u>dates and currencies</u>, appear in formats that conform to the end user's region and language.
- It can be <u>localized quickly</u>.

### Java i18n Demo

```
import java.util.Locale;
import java.util.ResourceBundle;
public class Hello {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String language = "en";
        String country = "US";
        if (args.length == 1) {
            language = args[0];
        } else if (args.length == 2) {
            language = args[0];
            country = args[1];
        var locale = new Locale(language, country);
        var messages = ResourceBundle.getBundle("messages", locale);
        System.out.print(messages.getString("hello") + " ");
        System.out.println(messages.getString("world"));
```

### messages\_en.properties

hello=Hello(en)
world=World

### messages\_en\_US.properties

world=World(en\_US)

### messages\_es.properties

hello=Hola world=Mundo

### execute java

java Hello.java java Hello.java es

Hello(en) World(en\_US)
Hola Mundo

## Java i18N workflow

#### 1. Create the Properties Files

```
greetings = Hello
farewell = Goodbye
inquiry = How are you?
```

#### 2. Define the **Locale**

```
aLocale = new Locale("en","US");
```

#### 3. Create a **ResourceBundle**

```
messages = ResourceBundle.getBundle("MessagesBundle", currentLocale);

MessagesBundle_en_US.properties
MessagesBundle_fr_FR.properties
MessagesBundle_de_DE.properties
```

#### 4. Fetch the Text from the ResourceBundle

```
String msg1 = messages.getString("greetings");
```

How does an internationalized program identify the appropriate language and region of its end users? It references a <u>Locale</u> object.

### Locale in i18N

Locale is the user-specific location and cultural information managed by a computer. (RFC6365)

A concept or identifier used by programmers to represent a particular collection of cultural, regional, or linguistic preferences.

# Tags for Identifying Languages (BCP 47)

# sl-Latn-IT-rozaj-1994-x-mine

OSI 3166 (alpha2) or UN M49

Registered variants

Extension

ISO 639-1/2 (alpha2/3) 15924 script codes (alpha

langtag = language["-" script]["-" region]\*("-" variant)\*("-" extension)["-" privateuse]

### i18N IETF Standard

- Terminology Used in Internationalization in the IETF
- IETF BCP<sub>Best</sub> Current Practice 47<sup>Language</sup> Tag Registry Update (LTRU)
- Making Sense of Language Tags

# Locale in Java

### java.util.Locale

- Implements IETF BCP 47
  - RFC 4647: Matching of Language Tags
    - Filtering is used to get all matching locales
    - lookup is to choose the best matching locale
  - RFC 5646: Tags for Identifying Languages
- Refers to IETF RFC 2616
  - Quality Values
- Refers to ISO
  - ISO 639: Language codes
  - ISO 3166: Country codes
  - ISO 15924: Script code

How does Java get messages by locale identify?

It's *ResourceBundle*!

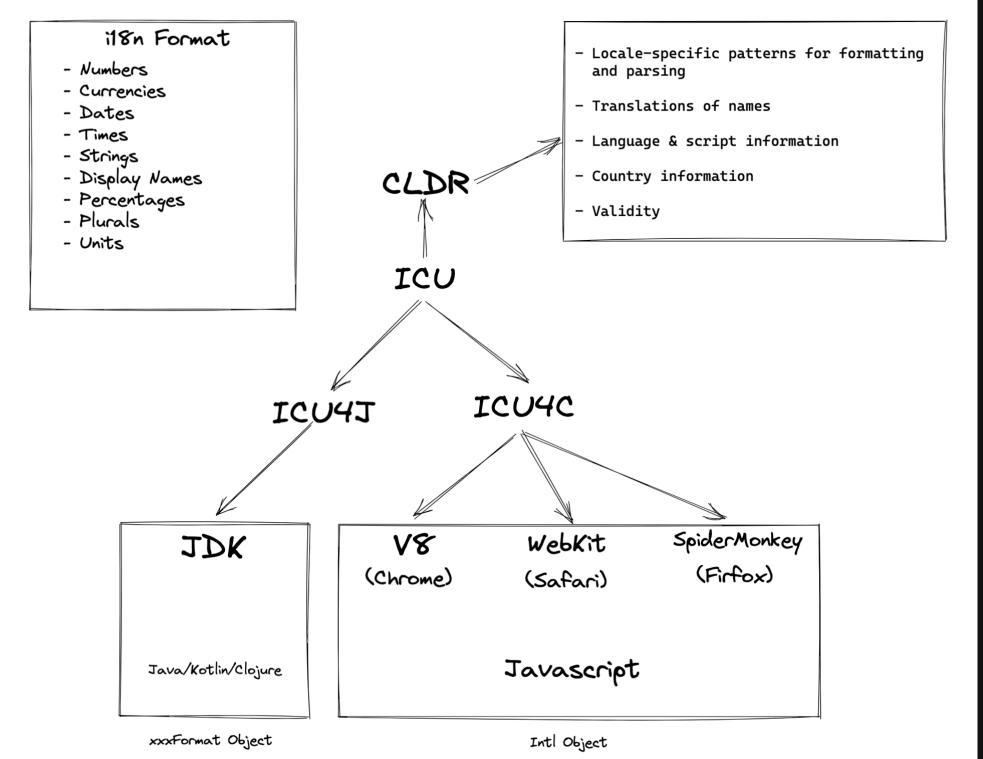
# ResourceBundle in Java

java.util.ResourceBundle

### Others for i18N

- Common Language Data Repository(CLDR)<sup>Incorporated into JDK 8</sup>
  - <u>Locale-specific patterns for formatting and parsing</u>: dates, times, timezones, numbers and currency values, measurement units,...
  - <u>Translations of names</u>: languages, scripts, countries and regions, currencies, eras, months, weekdays,
     day periods, time zones, cities, and time units, and sequences (and search keywords),...
  - <u>Language & script information</u>: characters used; plural cases; gender of lists; capitalization; rules for sorting & searching; writing direction; transliteration rules;...
  - Country information: language usage, currency information, calendar preference, week conventions,...
  - <u>Validity</u>: Definitions, aliases, and validity information for Unicode locales, languages, scripts, regions,
     and extensions,...
- UNICODE LOCALE DATA MARKUP LANGUAGE (LDML)

# i18n Format



### i18n Format Reference

- 1. https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/i18n/format/index.html
- 2. https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Intl
- 3. http://rxaviers.github.io/javascript-globalization/
- 4. https://lokalise.com/blog/comparing-libraries-translating-js-apps/
- 5. https://github.com/unicode-org/cldr-json#package-organization

# Outside of Java

- GUN gettext
  - C
  - **C**++
  - Python
  - PHP
  - Elixir
- ICU
  - Code Page Conversion
  - Collation
  - Formatting(CLDR)
  - Time Calculations
  - Unicode Support
  - Regular Expression
  - Bidi

# Further reading list

- Building a minimal i18n library
- Clojure uses standard Java ResourceBundle
- awesome-i18n 1
- awesome-i18n 2
- A Beginner's Guide to Internationalization in Java
- -----
- -----
- ECMAScript® 2021 Internationalization API Specification
- iLib-js

Thanks!