## WORKSHOP 23: §10.7, 10.11; CHAPTER 9 APRIL 11, 2017

Name:

- (1) You decide to read one book to your child each night of the week. You have 100 distinct titles.
  - (a) With no restrictions, how many weekly lineups are possible?
  - (b) If you insist that you read different stories every night of a week, how many lineups are possible?
  - (c) If your child insists that you read "Goodnight Loon" exactly once in the week, how many lineups are possible? (Any other book may be repeated.)
  - (d) If your child insists that you read "Goodnight Loon" at least once in the week, how many lineups are possible? (Any other book may also be repeated.)
- (2) Using Inclusion-Exclusion and Complement-counting, we can find the number of surjective functions if the target is small. Consider a domain X with cardinality n. (The desired answers to the below questions are in terms of n, but you can partially check your work by plugging in small values of n and finding all the requested functions.)
  - (a) How many functions are there from X to  $\{a\}$ ? How many of them are surjective?
  - (b) How many functions are there from X to  $\{a,b\}$ ? How many of them are surjective?
  - (c) How many functions are there from X to  $\{a, b, c\}$ ? How many of them are surjective?
- (3) Prove: for any finite poset  $(P, \leq)$ , for any  $x \in P$ , there exists  $y \in P$  such that  $x \leq y$  and y is a maximal element. (Direct proof, consider  $Z = \{z \in P : z \succeq x\}$ , apply Workshop20 #1,2.)
- (4) Let  $f: X \to Y$  be any function. Define a relation R on X by  $x_1Rx_2$  if (and only if)  $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ .
  - (a) For example, let  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ ,  $Y = \{a, b, c\}$ , f(1) = f(2) = f(5) = a, f(3) = b, f(4) = f(6) = c. Draw the arrow diagram of R.
  - (b) Back to generic X, Y, f. Prove that R is an equivalence relation.
  - (c) Describe the equivalence classes of f.
  - (d) For each  $y \in Y$ , define  $f^{-1}(y) = \{x \in X : f(x) = y\}$ . Then the equivalence classes of R are almost, but not quite the same as the collection of sets  $\{f^{-1}(y)\}_{y \in Y}$ . What is the difference?