

Math 251, section 01

Quiz 4 September 21, 2016

Name:

By handing in this quiz you assert that you understand and have followed IIT's guidelines for academic integrity.

(1) Suppose the position of a particle at time t is given by $\langle (1+t)^{3/2}, t-t^2, e^{-t} \rangle$.

(a) Find the velocity of the particle at time 0.

$$\vec{v}(t) = \left\langle \frac{3}{2}(1+t)^{1/2}, 1-2t, -e^{-t} \right\rangle \quad v(0) = \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, 1, -1 \right\rangle$$

(b) Find the acceleration of the particle at time 0.

$$\vec{a}(t) = \left\langle \frac{3}{4}(1+t)^{-1/2}, -2, e^{-t} \right\rangle \quad a(0) = \left\langle \frac{3}{4}, -2, 1 \right\rangle$$

(c) Find the tangential component of acceleration at time 0.

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_T(0) &= \text{proj}_{\vec{v}(0)} \vec{a}(0) = \frac{\vec{v}(0) \cdot \vec{a}(0)}{|\vec{v}(0)|^2} \vec{v}(0) \\ &= \frac{\frac{9}{8} - 2 - 1}{\frac{9}{4} + 1 + 1} \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, 1, -1 \right\rangle = -\frac{15}{34} \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, 1, -1 \right\rangle \end{aligned} \quad \text{OR} \quad a_T = \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}}{|\vec{v}|} = \frac{\frac{9}{8} - 2 - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{9}{4} + 1 + 1}} = -\frac{15}{4\sqrt{17}}$$

(d) Find the normal component of acceleration at time 0.

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_N(0) &= \vec{a}(0) - \vec{a}_T(0) \\ &= \left\langle \frac{3}{4} + \frac{45}{68}, -2 + \frac{15}{34}, +1 - \frac{15}{34} \right\rangle \\ &= \left\langle \frac{24}{17}, -\frac{53}{34}, +\frac{19}{34} \right\rangle \end{aligned} \quad \text{OR} \quad \begin{aligned} a_N(0) &= \frac{|\vec{v}(0) \times \vec{a}(0)|}{|\vec{v}(0)|} = \frac{|\langle -1, -\frac{9}{4}, -\frac{15}{4} \rangle|}{\sqrt{17/4}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{4} |\langle -4, -9, -15 \rangle|}{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{17}} = \frac{\sqrt{322}}{2\sqrt{17}} = \frac{\sqrt{161}}{\sqrt{34}} \end{aligned}$$

(e) At time 0, is the particle speeding up or slowing down? How do you know?

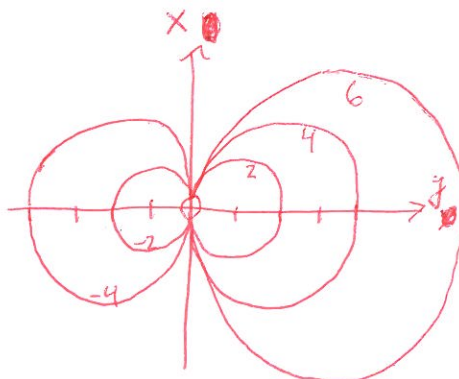
$\vec{a}_T(0)$ is in the opposite direction as $\vec{v}(0)$

OR

$$a_T(0) < 0$$

(2) Consider the function $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{y}$. Sketch the contour plot for f . (You should include at least five level curves, but you can choose them; the most convenient ones will occur at heights that are even integers.)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{y} &= k \\ x^2 + y^2 &= ky \\ x^2 + y^2 - ky + \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^2 &= 0 + \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^2 \\ x^2 + \left(y - \frac{k}{2}\right)^2 &= \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$



(Drew it sideways; sorry)