## Math 251

## Name(s):

## PaperAssign 6

Workshop (in-class)

October 27, 2017

- (1) The equation  $17x^2 + 10xy + 13y^2 + 2x 6y = 0$ , being a degree 2 polynomial equation in x and y, must be one of the conic sections. Find out which by using the change of coordinates u = x 3y, v = 2x + y. [Since this is a linear transformation, it preserves the type of conic section.]
- (2) Compute the volume inside the ellipsoid  $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + z^2 = 1$ . Start by using an appropriate linear transformation.
- (3) Compute the volume inside the surface  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z} = 1$  and in the positive octant. (Hint: a change of variables,  $u = \sqrt{x}, \ldots$ )
- (4) Evaluate  $\iint_R x^2 dA$ , where R is the solid triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0), and  $(1,\sqrt{3})$ :
  - (a) with horizontal slices
  - (b) with vertical slices
  - (c) with polar coordinates
- (5) Compute  $\iiint_E y^2 z^2 dV$ , where E is bounded by  $x = 1 y^2 z^2$  and x = 0.
- (6) Compute  $\iiint_E z \, dV$ , where E is bounded by y = 0, z = 0, x + y = 2,  $y^2 + z^2 = 1$ , and lies in the positive octant.
- (7) Compute the volume of above  $z = x^2 + y^2$  and below  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .
- (8) Compute  $\iint_R e^{x+y} dA$ , where R is the region defined by  $|x| + |y| \le 1$ :
  - (a) with horizontal or vertical slices
  - (b) using a change of coordinates
- (9) Find the centroid (the center of mass, assuming constant density) for the solid between  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  and  $z = \sqrt{3x^2 + 3y^2}$  and below z = 4. (The integration is reasonably nice in both cylindrical and spherical coordinates.)
- (10) Compute  $\iiint_E \frac{z}{y} dV$ , where E is the region bounded by the surfaces xyz = 1, xyz = 4, xy = 1, xy = 3, z = x + 5, and z = x + 7. (Remark: you have to be pretty careful about whether the Jacobian is positive or not.)