

PAGE 1: INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENT

What is Environment?

The environment means everything that surrounds us and affects our life. It includes air, water, land, plants, animals, human beings, and social conditions. In simple words, environment is our home where all living and non-living things exist together.

Components of Environment

Living (Biotic) Components: Humans, animals, plants, birds, microorganisms.

Non-Living (Abiotic) Components: Air, water, soil, sunlight, temperature.

Types of Environment

Natural Environment, Human-Made Environment, Social Environment.

PAGE 2: TYPES OF ENVIRONMENT

Natural Environment

Includes forests, rivers, mountains, oceans, air, and atmosphere. It provides oxygen, water, food, and land and maintains ecological balance.

Human-Made Environment

Includes buildings, roads, bridges, factories, vehicles, and dams. These are created for human comfort but may harm nature if not controlled.

Social Environment

Includes family, society, culture, traditions, education, and religion. It influences human behavior, values, and lifestyle.

PAGE 3: IMPORTANCE, PROBLEMS & PROTECTION

Importance of Environment

Supports life, provides natural resources, maintains climate balance, supports biodiversity, and helps in development.

Environmental Problems

Air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, deforestation, climate change, and global warming.

Protection of Environment

Plant trees, save water, reduce plastic use, recycle and reuse, use renewable energy, avoid pollution, and use public transport.

Conclusion

Environment is a precious gift of nature. Protecting it is our responsibility.

Save Environment, Save Life.