## Ben Simpson

### CS5402

#### Homework 1

https://github.com/bmsr56/cs5402/blob/master/hw1/code/hw1.py

#### Task 1

- a. Discrete, ordinal
- b. Continuous, ratio
- c. Discrete, ratio
- d. Discrete, nominal
- e. Continuous, ratio
- f. Discrete, ordinal
- g. Continuous, interval

#### Task 2

- a. Euclidean distance would be better to use for grouping the boxes based on length to width ratio. This is because the square root of the squared difference of length and width values (the definition of Euclidean distance applied to this case) would always result in 0 if the box was square, yet would be greater as the ratio of length to the width (or vice-versa) increased.
- b. Correlation

# Task 3

- 1. Passenger ID, ticket class, sex, name, age, number of siblings and spouses, number of parents and children, ticket number, fare cost, cabin number, port of embarkation
- 2. Sex, name, cabin number, port of embarkation, passenger ID, ticket class
- 3. Age, number of siblings and spouses, number of parents and children, fare cost
- 4. Ticket number
- 5. Age, cabin number
- 6

Passenger ID	Integer
Ticket class	Integer
Sex	String
Name	String
Age	Decimal
# siblings and spouses	Integer
# of parents and children	Integer
Ticket number	String
Fare cost	Decimal
Cabin number	string
Port of embarkation	string

				-	-	1	5	<b>T</b> 1		-	ν.
		Age		ire		rch	Passeng			class	1
	count	1046.000000			1309.000		1309.00		1309.00		
	mean	29.881138			0.385		655.00			94882	
	std	14.413493			0.865		378.02			37836	
	min	0.170000			0.000			0000		00000	
	25%	21.000000			0.000		328.00			00000	
	50%	28.000000			0.000		655.00			00000	
	75%		39.000000 31.275000		0.000000 982.000					00000	
	max	80.000000	512.3292	100	9.000000		1309.000000		3.000000		
		6:16									
		SibSp									
	count	1309.000000									
	mean	0.498854									
	std	1.041658									
	min	0.000000									
	25%	0.000000									
	50%	0.000000									
	75%	1.000000									
7.	max	8.000000	1.00000	10							
, .	, ,	15 252	Name	Sex	Ticket		Cabin	Embarl	ced		
	count		891	891	891		204		389		
	unique		891	2	681		147		3		
	top	Johansson,		male	1601	C23	C25 C27		S		
	freq		1	577	7		4		544		
8.	1										
٥.	Pcl	ass Survive	d								
	0	1 0.62963									
	1	2 0.47282									
	2	3 0.24236									
9.	2	5 0.24236	2								

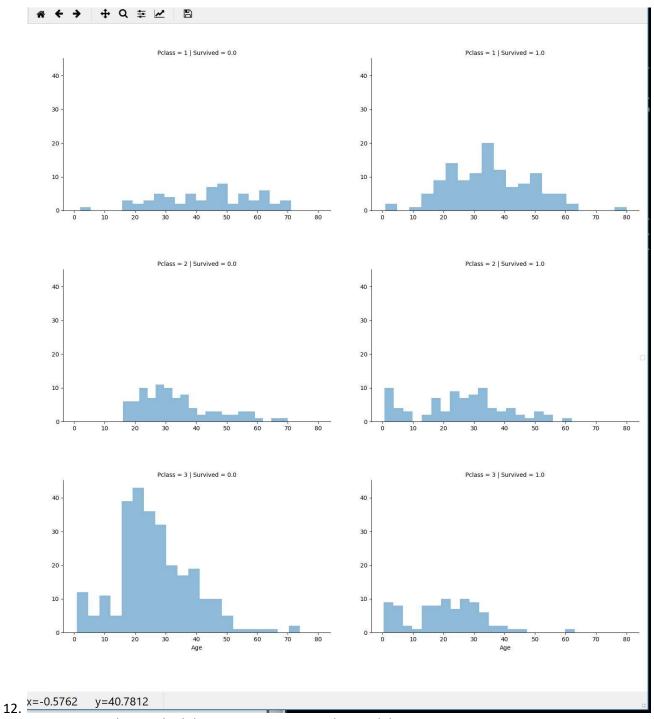
The correlation between Pclass 1 and survival rate is < 50%, so I will not include it in the predictive model.

		Sex	Survived
	0	female	0.742038
10	1	male	0.188908

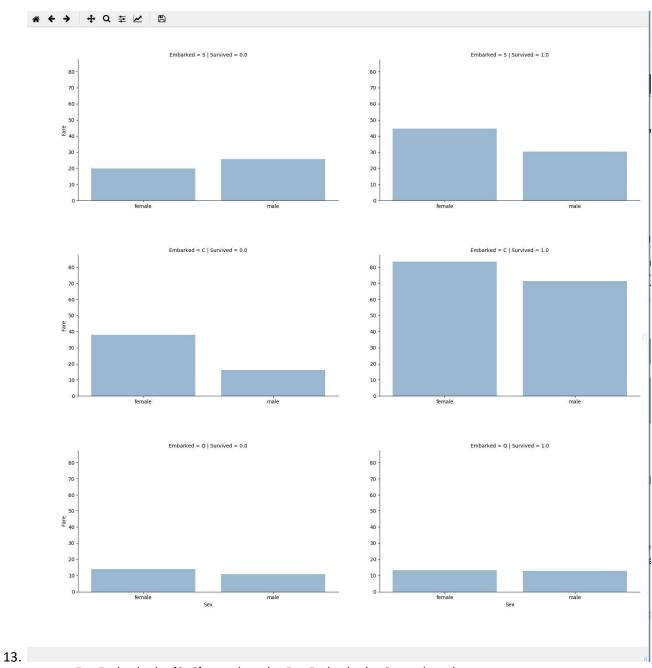
Yes, women are more likely to have survived.

11.

- a. Relatively, yes they did. They had the highest survival rate of anyone under 15.
- b. Yes
- c. Yes
- d. Yes
- e. Yes



- a. Yes, Pclass = 3 had the most passengers and most did not survive.
- b. All infants survived in Pclass = 2. However, about the survival rate in Pclass = 3 was only about ~50%.
- c. Yes.
- d. Yes. Pclass = 1 seems to have mostly middle aged people, whereas the others tend to have slightly younger people.
- e. Yes.



- a. For Embarked = {S, C}, yes they do. For Embarked = Q, no they do not.
- b. Yes, point of embarkation correlates to survival rates.
- c. Yes

14. From the categorical uniqueness analysis:

Ticket Number unique values: 929 total count: 1309

rate of duplicates = 
$$(1309 - 929) / 1309 = ^229\%$$

Ticket feature is not related to survival rate and there are many duplicates, so we should drop it.

- 15. No, it is not complete. ~77% percent (1,014) of them are missing. Regardless of whether it might produce a correlation, there is too much missing data so we should drop this feature.
- 16. See code
- 17. See code
- 18. See code
- 19. See code
- 20. See code