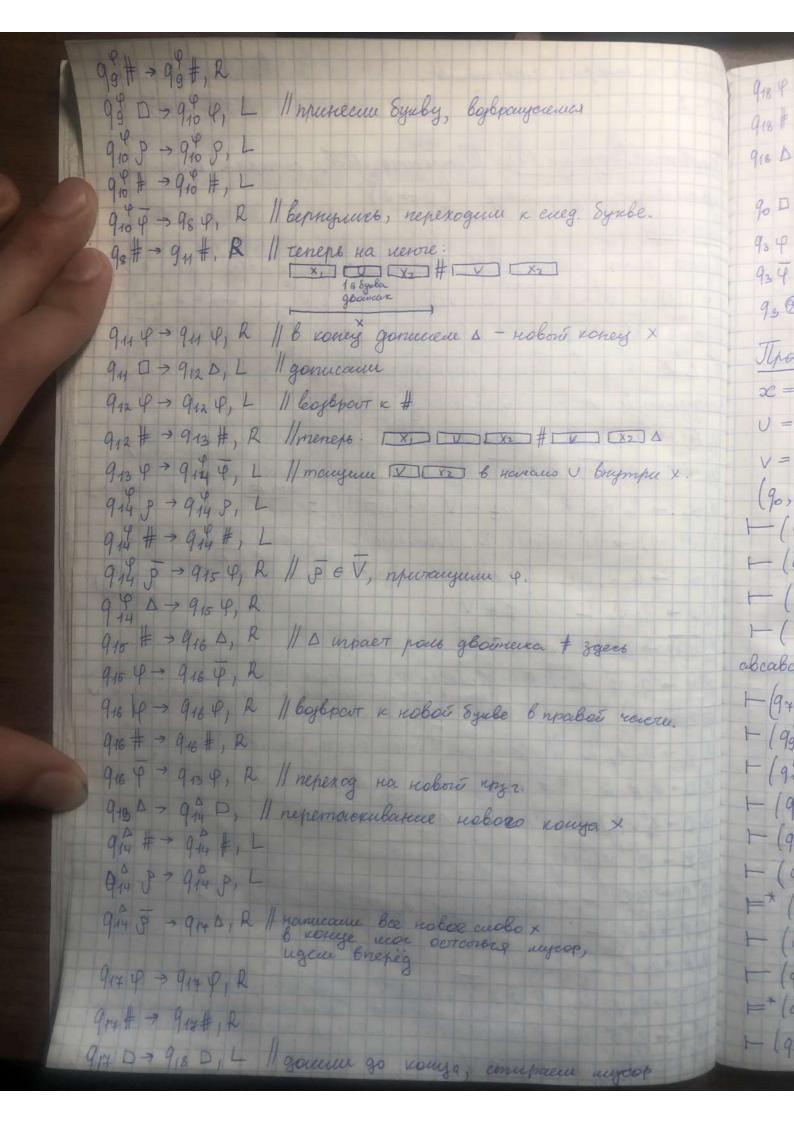
Лошка и теория аторитив Repulanoberui M. 93-1 1197-416. Your (Bapucium 10), Thoempoume MITH, которая воточняет наришивную подетичевку. (U > V) Leucence Tyens gavor anepaber V, and cueba $x = x(1) ... x(n) \in V$ $U = U(1) \dots U(k) \in V^*$ $V = V(1) \dots V(m) \in V^*$ n, m, k > 1. Пусть V -аперавит "двойников букв из аперавича V, #, DE V V V. Thorga necessar MT moncem some zagana alegyrougen unementé semang: 90 8 - 90 (8), R // nouex novama cueba v c y example out) 90 U(1) -> 9, V(1), 2 //(II) - glocircue" U(1), gauel odogranemie 9000 -> 90 do, R // de = V 1 { (t+1) }, t= 0, k-1 910(i+1) -> 91+1 v(i+1), & 11 remercue orepegnos syrbor croba U qid; - 922i, L // overeguas Eyuba не подходит, сткат 929 → 924, L // 4 € V 92 U(1) -> 90 U(1), R 919 - 94 4, R / \$ - glotioux \$, craleun orpanierenne, orxyga revenue x nouve beoriging v 94 4 > 94 4, R // ugene go koreya cueba, rimosor npumuears v 940 > 95#, R / # - perfeccureus ucenegy x u V 95 D - 96 V (1), & 11 necessar V 98 V - 96 V (j+1), R 11 j=1, m-1 96" D > 94 D, L // Boykpanyaenecs & narony tot noggenorus, 949 - 944, 6 9x# > 9x#, L 94 φ → 98 φ, & // φ ε V, φ ε V. Doranabicubasina zgres, γ φ → 99 φ, & // нежимостей перина провой чентих в концу



918 P > 918 D, L 918 # > 918 D, L И доши до конус результата, стерии х, шдем в 916 D = 93 D, L И если не нешими и, елево не исептетая 90 D > 93 D, L 11 boylepour & novano 93 4 > 93 4, L 11 возвращими "дважими" на шиого 934 - 934, L 9, 0 > 910, 8 // zakepucence paromon. Thoronxa x = abbaba c V= {a, 6, e} U = aba V= {A, B, e} v = abcabc (go, x, ⊗abbabaco) - (go, ⊕, abbabaco) - (gi, ⊗A, bbabaco) - (91, ⊕ Ab, Babac 1) - (92, ⊕ A, Bba Bac 1) - (92, €, Abbabaca) - (90, ⊕a, blabac □) = * (90, ⊕abb, abac □) + (91, Øabb A, baco) - (91, Alb Ab, ac □) + (91, Babb Aba, c □) + (94, Bbb Aba C, □) 1- (95, @abb A bac#, 1) - (96 @abb A bac#a, D) =* (96, 0066 AbaC# abcabe b) - (94, Dabb Aba C#abcab, cD) = (94, Dabb Aba C, #abcabco) 1- (94, Rabb A ba, C# abcabc 1) 1- (98, Babb A, ba, c # abcabc) 1-- (99, Babb Aba, C#abcabc 1) =* (99, Babb Aba C # abcabg 1) -- (950, € abb A Ba C#abcabec, □) = * (950, € abb Aba, C# abcabce □) - (98, Dabb A bac, # abcabec D) = * (911, Dabb A bac # abcabec, D) ► (912, @alb Abac# abcabc, CDD) = (912, @ alb Abac, # abcabccso) - (913, @ abb Abact, abcabecsD) - (914, @abb Abac, #AbcabecsD) = (914, Dabb, Abac # Abcabce DD) - (915, Bubba, buc # Abcabce DD) - (916, @ abbab, ac # Abcabccao) = (916, @abbabact, Abcabccao) (913, Dabla Bac#a, Ocaboeso) = * (913, Babbab Ac #ab, Jaboeso) = * (913, @abbabe Ctabe, Obecs) = * (914, @abbabe, Ctabe Abecso) - (915, Bobbabea, Habe Abccs 1) - (916, @abbabeas, abcAbccsD)

= * (916, Dabbabea Dabe, Abec Da) - (913, Dabbabea Dabea, Becan) ⊨* (913, Dalbabea Abea, Ceso) = * (913, Dalbabe abe Beac, Coo) = * (913, €albabeabce Cac, DD) - (914, Dabbabeabce Ca, CDD) =* (914, @albabcabce, CaeD) - (914, Dalbabcabces, acD) = * (914, ⊕abbabcabeesae, D) = * (918, ⊕abbabcabcc, DD) H (93, ⊕ abbabeabe, c □) = * (93, ×, ⊕ abbabeabec □) H H (9f, 1, ⊕abbabcabceD)