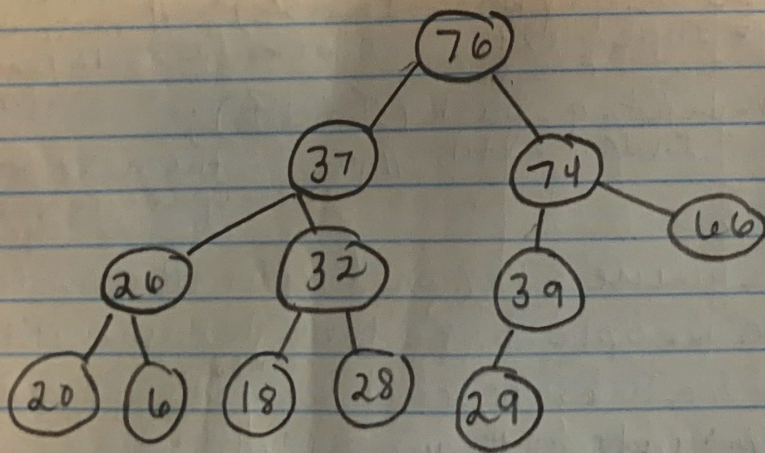
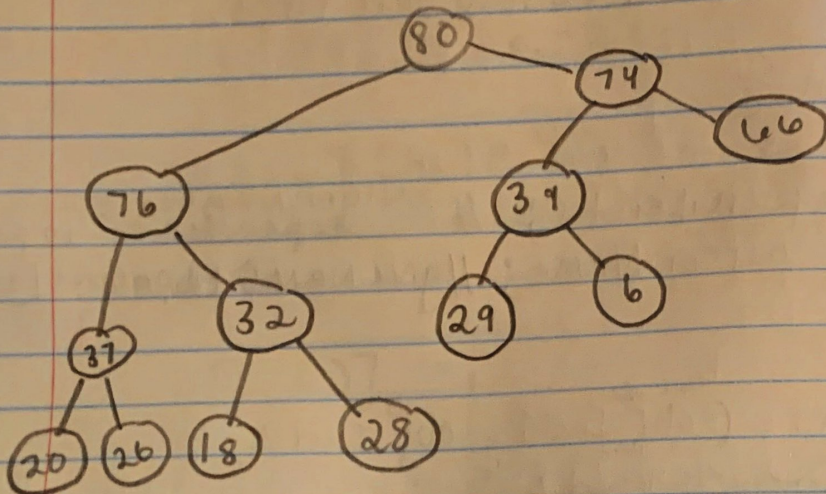


CS 303 HW #6 (Odds)

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① Show the result of removing the #80 from the following heap. Show the new heap and its array representation.



Array: 76, 37, 74, 26, 32, 39, 66, 20, 6, 18, 28, 29

③ Write a compare function class that inserts person objects in a priority queue based on the number of dependents a person has. The person object with the largest # of dependents should be removed first.

```
class Person {
```

```
public:
```

```
    int dependents; // assign number of dependents to person
    string personName; // give name to parent/guardian
```

```
};
```

```
int compare (obj Ind1, obj Ind2) {
```

```
    if (Ind1 < Ind2) {
```

```
        dependent-q.push(Ind2); // so the most dependents is removed first
        Ind2 = Ind2.next();
```

```
    } else {
        dependent-q.push(Ind1);
```

```
        Ind1 = Ind1.next(); // gives it the next object to compare to the remaining object
```

```
    }
```

```
int main() {
    priority_queue < Person, vector < Person>, Compare7 > dependent-q;
    // create people here through Person class
```

```
    // assign values to each object's dependents
```

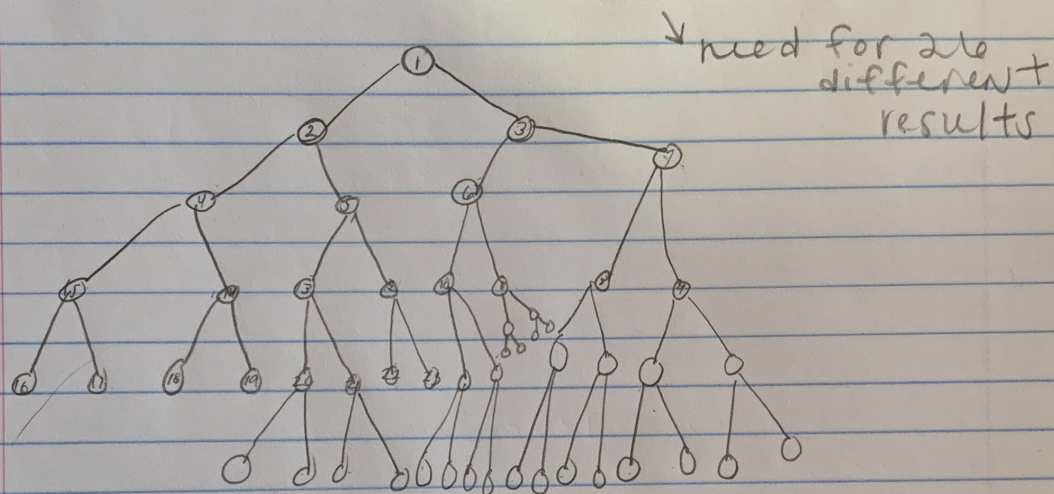
```
    int individuals = # of objects;
```

```
    while (priority_queue.size() != individuals) {
```

```
        compare(ind1, ind2); // Loops until all objects are inserted into the queue
    }
```


⑤ What would the Huffman code look like if all symbols in the alphabet had equal frequency?

alphabet = 26 letters so 26 child nodes



∴ Turns out to be a complete binary tree