A Standard for Exchangeable Magnetotelluric Data and Metadata

Working Group for Data Handling and Software - PASSCAL Magnetotelluric $\operatorname{Program}^1$

¹Portable Array Seismic Studies of the Continental Lithosphere, Incorporated Research Institutions for Seismology

$Version 0.0.1 - May 2020^*$

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	General Structure 2.1 Metadata Keyword Format	2 3 3
3	Survey 3.1 Example Survey JSON String	5
4	Station 4.1 Example Station JSON String	7 8
5	Run 5.1 Example Run JSON String	9
6	Data Logger 6.1 Example DataLogger JSON String	10 11
7	Electric Channel 7.1 Example Electric Channel JSON String	12 14
8	Magnetic Channel 8.1 Example Magnetic Channel JSON String	15 16
9	Filters 9.1 Example Filter JSON String	17 17
	Auxiliary Channels 10.1 Every lead Auxiliary ISON String	18

 $^{^*} Corresponding \ Authors:$

Jared Peacock (jpeacock@usgs.gov)

1 Introduction

Researchers using magnetotelluric (MT) methods lack a standardized format for storing time series data and metadata. Commercially available MT instruments produce data in formats that range from proprietary binary to ASCII, and recent datasets from the U.S. MT community have utilized institutional formats or heavily adapted formats like miniSEED. In many cases, the available metadata for these time series are incomplete and only loosely standardized, and overall these datasets are not "user friendly". This lack of resources impedes the exchange and broader use of these data beyond a small community of specialists.

The IRIS PASSCAL MT facility maintains a pool of MT instruments that are freely available to U.S. Principal Investigators (PIs). Datasets collected with these instruments are subject to data sharing requirements, and an IRIS working group advises the development of sustainable data formats and workflows for this facility. Following in the spirit of the standard created for MT transfer function datasets, this document outlines a new metadata standard for MT time series. This standard is a key pillar of MTH5, a new data format which we propose for the international community of MT practitioners. Further information regarding MTH5 will be available later in 2020.

The Python 3 module written for these standards are found at https://github.com/kujaku11/MTarchive/tree/tables.

2 General Structure

The metadata for a full MT dataset are structured to cover details from single channel time series to the full survey. For simplicity each of the different scales of an MT survey and measurements have been categorized starting from largest to smallest (Figure 1. These categories are: Survey, Station, Run, DataLogger, Electric Channel, Magnetic Channel, and Auxiliary Channels. Each of these are described in subsequent sections.

2.1 Metadata Keyword Format

The metadata key names should be self explanatory and they are structured as follows: {category}.{name}_{type}, where:

- category refers to a metadata category that has common parameters, such as location which will have a latitude, longitude, and elevation \longrightarrow location.latitude_d, location.longitude_d, and location.elevation_d.
- name is the description name, where words should be separated by an underscore, e.g. data_quality.
- type is the data type (Table 1). The string encompasses basically anything that cannot be represented as a float, integer, or Boolean. See below for further description of certain string types.

Table 1: Permissible values for data types

Data Type	Label
String	s
Double (float)	d
Integer	i
Boolean	b

2.2 Formatting Standards

Specific and required formatting standards for location, time and date, and angle are defined below.

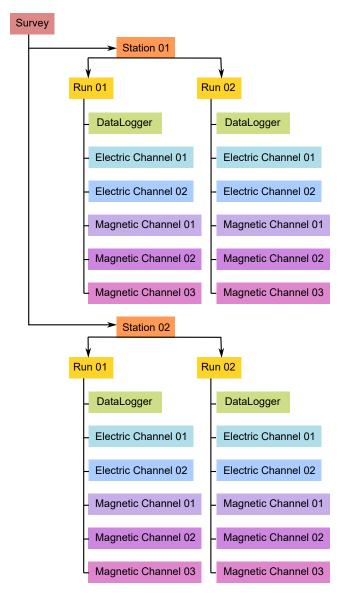


Figure 1: Schematic of a MT time series file structure with appropriate metadata.

2.2.1 Time and Date Format

All time and dates are given as an ISO formatted date-time string in the UTC time zone. The ISO date time format is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.ms+00:00. Milliseconds can be accurate to 6 decimal places. Dates are formatted YYYY-MM-DD. Other formats can be input but only ISO format will be output. Internally, all date time strings are converted to a datetime object which can output various formats like epoch seconds, which will keep date-times self consistent.

2.2.2 Location

All latitude and longitude locations are given in decimal degrees. Other formats can be input but will only be output as decimal degrees.

- All latitude values must be < |90| and all longitude values must be < |180|.
- Elevation and other distance values are given in meters.
- Datum should be one of the well known datums, WGS84 is preferred, but others are acceptable.

2.2.3 Angles

All angles of orientation are given in degrees. Orientation of dipoles and magnetometers are relative to station_orientation_s. Otherwise angles are assumed to be clockwise positive from Geographic North = 0.

2.3 Units

Units should all be from the metric system. Abbreviations and full names are acceptable, for example mV and millivolts. Below are the acceptable units

Table 2: Acceptable units

Measurement Type	Unit Long name	Unit Long name
Angles	degrees	\deg
Distance	meters	m
Latitude/Longitude	decimal degrees	deg
Resistance	Ohms	Ohms
Resistivity	Ohm-meters	Ohm-m, Ohmm
Temperature	Celsius	С
Time	seconds	S
Voltage	Volts	V

3 Survey

A survey describes an entire dataset that covers a specific time span and region. This may include multiple PIs in multiple data collection episodes but should be confined to a specific experiment. The Survey metadata category describes the general parameters of the survey.

Table 3: Attributes for Survey category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
name_s	name of survey	string	compulsory
id_s	nickname of survey	string	optional
net_code_s	network code given by PASSCAL/IRIS/FDSN	string	compulsory
start_date_s	start date of survey [UTC]	string	compulsory
end_date_s	end date of survey [UTC]	string	compulsory
$northwest_corner.latitude_d$	location of northwest corner of survey [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
$northwest_corner.longitude_d$	location of northwest corner of survey [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
$southeast_corner.latitude_d$	location of southeast corner of survey [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
$southeast_corner.longitude_d$	location of southeast corner of survey [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
datum_s	datum of latitude and longitude coordinates [WGS84]	string	compulsory
location_s	location of survey in general terms	string	optional
country_s	country/countries survey located in	string	optional
summary_s	summary paragraph of survey	string	compulsory
notes_s	notes about survey	string	optional
acquired_by.author_s	principal investigator(s) responsible for survey	string	compulsory
acquired_by.organization_s	organization(s) associated with survey	string	compulsory
acquired_by.email_s	email address of PI(s)	string	compulsory
acquired_by.url_s	url(s) of organization(s)	string	compulsory
release_status_s	release status [open on request propriatary]	string	compulsory
$conditions_of_use_s$	condition of use information information including licensing	string	optional
citation_dataset.doi_s	citation dataset doi number	string	compulsory
citation_journal.doi_s	citation journal doi	string	optional

3.1 Example Survey JSON String

```
"name_s": "Long Valley, CA",
"id_s": "Casa Diablo",
"net_code_s": "XE",
"start_date_s": "2020-01-01",
"end_date_s": "2021-01-01",
"northwest_corner.latitude_d": 37.5,
"northwest_corner.longitude_d": 122,
"southeast_corner.latitude_d": 36.5,
"southeast_corner.longitude_d": -121.15,
"datum_s": "WGS84",
"location_s": "Mammoth, CA",
"country_s": "USA",
"summary_s": "This survey is meant to image the magmatic and hydrothermal systems.",
"notes_s": "Had complications due to snow",
"acquired_by.author_s": "M. Tee, T. Luric, S. Spot, and A. Borealis",
"acquired_by.organization_s": "MT Gurus",
"acquired_by.email_s": "mtee@guru.com",
"acquired_by.url_s": "mt_guru.com",
"release_status_s": "open",
"conditions_of_use_s": "condition of use information information including licensing",
"citation_dataset.doi_s": "citation dataset doi number",
"citation_journal.doi_s": "citation journal doi",
```

4 Station

A station encompasses a site where data are collected. If the location changes during a run, then a new station should be created. If the sensors, cables, data logger, battery are replaced during a run but the station remains stations, then this can be recorded in the Run metadata but does not require a new station entry.

Table 4: Attributes for Station category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
sta_code_s	5 char name A-Z; 1-9 of station	string	compulsory
name_s	name station site	string	compulsory
latitude_d	longitude location [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
longitude_d	latitude location [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	compulsory
elevation_d	elevation [m]	float	compulsory
notes_s	any notes about station	string	optional
datum_s	datum for lat, lon location	string	compulsory
start_s	start time and date of data logging [ISO UTC]	string	compulsory
end_s	stop time and date of data logging [ISO UTC]	string	compulsory
num_channels_i	number of channels recording	int	compulsory
channels_recorded_s	"list of channels recorded [EX, EY, HX, HY, HZ]"	string	compulsory
data_type_s	type of data collected [BB LP AMT Combo]	string	compulsory
declination.value_d	declination value	float	compulsory
declination.units_s	declination units [degrees]	string	compulsory
declination.epoch_s	declination epoch	string	compulsory
${\it declination.model_s}$	declination model	string	compulsory
$station_orientation_s$	orientation coordinate system [geographic channel-measurement specific]	string	compulsory
orientation_method_s	[compass differential GPS gyroscope]	string	optional
acquired_by.author_s	person(s) operating station	string	compulsory
acquired_by.email_s	email of lead station operator	string	compulsory
provenance.creation_time_s	creation time of time series data for storing	string	compulsory
provenance.software.name_s	name of software used to store time series	string	compulsory
provenance.software.version_s	version of software used to store time series	string	compulsory
provenance.submitter.author_s	name of person or group submitting archive data	string	compulsory
$provenance. submitter. organization_s$	name of organization or institution submitting archive data	string	compulsory
provenance.submitter.url_s	url of group submitting archive data	string	compulsory
provenance.submitter.email_s	email of person or group submitting archive data	string	compulsory
provenance.notes_s	any notes on the history of the data	string	optional
provenance.log_s	log of any changes made to time series data	string	optional

4.1 Example Station JSON String

```
"sta_code_s": "MNP01",
 "name_s": "Mojave National Preserve Hole-in-the-rock",
 "latitude_d": 35.0,
 "longitude_d": -117.0,
 "elevation_d": 1200,
 "notes_s": "Donkeys chewed both electric channels",
 "datum_s": "WGS84",
 "start_s": "2020-01-01T12:00:00.0000+00:00",
 "end_s": "2020-01-12T12:00:00.0000+00:00",
 "num_channels_i": 5,
 "channels_recorded_s": "[EX, EY, HX, HY, HZ]",
 "data_type_s": "BB & LP",
 "declination.value_d": "11.5",
 "declination.units_s": "degrees",
 "declination.epoch_s": "declination epoch",
 "declination.model_s": "WMM2019-2024",
 "station_orientation_s": "geographic",
 "orientation_method_s": "compass",
 "acquired_by.author_s": "M. Tee and A. Borealis",
 "acquired_by.email_s": "m.tee@guru.com",
 "provenance.creation_time_s": "2020-05-01T12:00:00.0000+00:00",
 "provenance.software.name_s": "MTH5",
 "provenance.software.version_s": "1.0.0",
 "provenance.software.author_s": "IRIS",
 "provenance.submitter.author_s": "M. Tee",
 "provenance.submitter.organization_s": "MT Gurus",
 "provenance.submitter.url_s": "mt_guru.com",
 "provenance.submitter.email_s": "m.tee@guru.com",
 "provenance.notes_s": "Electrics are good until 2020-01-10",
 "provenance.log_s": "2020-05-02T12:00:00+00:00: The data rotated with updated
                     declination of N13.78W."
}
```

5 Run

A run represents data collected at a single station with a single sampling rate. If the dipole length or other such station parameters are changed between runs, this would require adding a new run. If the station is relocated then a new station should be created.

Table 5: Attributes for Run category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
id_s	run ID	string	compulsory
notes_s	notes on run	string	optional
start_s	start date and time of data logging [ISO UTC]	string	compulsory
end_s	stop date and time of data logging [ISO UTC]	string	compulsory
sampling_rate_d	sampling rate of run (samples.second)	float	compulsory
num_channels_i	number of channels recorded	int	compulsory
channels_recorded_s	list of channels recorded [[EX, EY, HX, HY]]	string	compulsory
data_type _s	type of data collected [BB LP AMT Combo]	string	compulsory
acquired_by.author_s	person(s) responsible for run	string	compulsory
acquired_by.email_s	email of lead run operator	string	compulsory
provenance.notes_s	any notes on the history of the data	string	optional
provenance.log_s	log of any changes made to time series data	string	optional

5.1 Example Run JSON String

```
{
  "id_s": "MNP02_b",
  "notes_s": "Changed north electrode",
  "start_s": "2020-01-02T15:30:00.0000+00:00",
  "end_s": "2020-01-05T07:05:30.0000+00:00",
  "sampling_rate_d": 256,
  "num_channels_i": 5,
  "channels_recorded_s": "[EX, EY, HX, HY, HZ]",
  "data_type_s": "BB",
  "acquired_by.author_s": "T. Luric",
  "acquired_by.email_s": "t.lurric@guru.com",
  "provenance.notes_s": "Near a powerline and HZ is clipped",
  "provenance.log_s": "2020-05-01T12:00:00+00:00: Clipped data in HZ replaced with zeros by T. Luric."
}
```

6 Data Logger

Data logger is a the digital acquisition system used to collect time series data at a single station for a single run. DataLogger metadata includes the type of data logger, timing system, firmware, number of channels, calibrations, and power source.

Table 6: Attributes for DataLogger category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
manufacturer_s	manufacturer name	string	compulsory
model_s	model name	string	compulsory
serial_s	serial number	string	compulsory
notes_s	notes about data logger	string	compulsory
timing_system.type_s	type of timing system [GPS internal \dots]	string	compulsory
$timing_system.drift_d$	any drift in internal clock [seconds]	float	compulsory
timing_system.uncertainty_d	uncertainty associated with internal clock [seconds]	float	compulsory
timing_system.notes_s	notes on timing system	string	optional
firmware.version_s	firmware version	string	compulsory
firmware.date_s	date on firmware	string	compulsory
firmware.author_s	author of firmware	string	optional
n_channels_i	number of channels	int	compulsory
n_channels_used_s	number of channels used	int	compulsory
power_source.type_s	power source type [Pb-acid battery solar panel Li battery]	string	compulsory
power_source.id_s	power source id	string	optional
power_source.voltage.start_d	starting voltage of power source	float	compulsory
power_source.volage.end_d	ending voltage of power source	float	compulsory
power_source.notes_s	notes on power source	string	optional

6.1 Example DataLogger JSON String

```
"manufacturer_s": "MT 'r Us",
"model_s": "Broadband 2000",
"serial_s": "0128947850230",
"notes_s": "Intern dropped the data logger on a shovel.",
"timing_system.type_s": "GPS",
"timing_system.drift_d": 0,
"timing_system.uncertainty_d": 0.0016,
"timing_system.notes_s": "only works when sky is clear",
"firmware.version_s": "1.0",
"firmware.date_s": "2020-01-01",
"firmware.author_s": "R. Phase",
"n_channels_i": 5,
"n_channels_used_s": 4,
"power_source.type_s": "solar panel and battery",
"power_source.voltage.start_d": 13.1,
"power_source.voltage.end_d": 12.0,
"power_source.notes_s": "Overcast all day reduced recharging"
```

7 Electric Channel

Electric channel refers to a dipole measurement of the electric field for a single station for a single run.

Table 7: Attributes for Electric category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
dipole_length_d	length of dipole [m]	float	compulsory
channel_number_i	channel number [1 2 3 4 5 6]	int	compulsory
component_s	[Ex Ey Ez]	string	compulsory
azimuth_d	azimuth of dipole $N = 0$, $E = 90$ [degrees]	float	compulsory
positive.id_s	sensor id number	string	compulsory
$positive.latitude_d$	positive sensor location latitude [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	optional
$positive.longitude_d$	positive sensor location longitude [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	optional
$positive.elevation_d$	positive sensor location elevation [m]	float	optional
positive.datum_s	positive datum for location [WGS84]	string	optional
positive.type_s	type of electric sensor [Ag-AgCl Pb-PbCl]	string	compulsory
positive.manufacturer_s	electric sensor manufacturer	string	compulsory
positive.notes_s	notes on electric sensor	string	optional
negative.id_s	sensor id number	string	compulsory
$negative.longitude_d$	negative sensor location latitude [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	optional
$negative.latitude_d$	negative sensor location longitude [degrees (hh.mmss)]	float	optional
$negative.elevation_d$	negative sensor location elevation [m]	float	optional
negative.datum_s	negative datum for location [WGS84]	string	optional
negative.type_s	type of electric sensor [Ag-AgCl Pb-PbCl]	string	compulsory
$negative.manufacturer_s$	electric sensor manufacturer	string	compulsory
$negative.notes_s$	notes on electric sensor	string	optional
$contact_resistance_1.start_d$	contact resistance at beginning of measurement, positive polarity [Ohm]"	float	optional
$contact_resistance_2.start_d$	contact resistance at beginning of measurement, negative polarity [Ohm]	float	optional
contact_resistance_1.end_d	contact resistance at end of measurement, positive polarity [Ohm]	float	optional
contact_resistance_2.end_d	contact resistance at end of measurement, negative polarity [Ohm]	float	optional
ac.start_d	AC at start of measurement [V]	float	optional
ac.end_d	AC at end of measurement [V]	float	optional
dc.start_d	DC at start of measurement [V]	float	optional
$dc.end_d$	DC at end of measurement [V]	float	optional

Table 8: Attributes for Electric category continued

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
units_s	units of electric field data [counts mV/km]	string	compulsory
sample_rate_d	sample rate of electric channel (samples.second)	float	compulsory
notes_s	notes about electric field measurement	string	optional
data_quality.rating_i	data quality rating based on some sort of statistic	integer	optional
data_quality.warning_notes_s	any warnings about data quality	string	optional
data_quality.warning_flags_i	a value flagging bad data	float	integer
data_quality.author_s	person who did QA/QC on data	string	optional
filter.name_s	filter name in filter table, can be a list. Needs to be ordered in which filters were applied	string	optional
filter.notes_s	any notes on the filtering	string	optional
filter.applied_b	have filters been applied [True False]	string	compulsory

7.1 Example Electric Channel JSON String

```
"dipole_length_d": 59.7,
 "channel_number_i": "1",
 "component_s": "EX",
 "azimuth_d": 0,
 "positive.id_s": "101",
 "positive.latitude_d": 35.5578,
 "positive.longitude_d": -117.38754,
 "positive.elevation_d": 103.4,
 "positive.datum_s": "WGS84",
 "positive.type_s": "Ag-AgCl",
 "positive.manufacturer_s": "Zaps",
 "positive.notes_s": "Sitting on the shelf since last year",
 "negative.id_s": "102",
 "negative.latitude_d": 35.5588,
 "negative.longitude_d": -117.38754,
 "negative.elevation_d": 105.8,
 "negative.datum_s": "WGS84",
 "negative.type_s": "Ag-AgCl"
 "negative.manufacturer_s": "Zaps",
 "negative.notes_s": "Sitting on the shelf since last year",
 "contact_resistance_1.start_d": 1200.0,
 "contact_resistance_2.start_d": 1210.0,
 "contact_resistance_1.end_d": 1205.0,
 "contact_resistance_2.end_d": 1205.0,
 "ac.start_d": 0.03,
 "ac.end_d": 0.04,
 "dc.start_d": 0.001,
 "dc.end_d": 0.002,
 "units_s": "counts",
 "sample_rate_d": 256,
 "notes_s": "cables chewed on 2020-01-07",
 "data_quality.rating_d": 3,
 "data_quality.warning_notes_s": "cables chewed 2020-01-07",
 "data_quality.warning_flags_s": "Nan",
 "data_quality.author_s": "Q. Sea",
 "filter.name_s": "[counts2mv, datalogger024]",
 "filter.notes_s": "notes on filters applied",
 "filter.applied_b": "true"
}
```

8 Magnetic Channel

A magnetic channel is a recording of one component of the magnetic field at a single station for a single run.

Table 9: Attributes for Magnetic category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
sensor.type_s	type of magnetic sensor [Induction Coil flux gate $ \ \dots]$	string	compulsory
$sensor.manufacturer_s$	magnetic sensor manufacturer	string	compulsory
$sensor.notes_s$	notes on sensor	string	compulsory
sensor.id_s	sensor id number	string	compulsory
$channel_number_i$	channel number [1 2 3 4 5 6]	int	compulsory
$component_s$	[Hx Hy Hz]	string	compulsory
$\operatorname{azimuth_d}$	azimuth in station_coordinates_s [degrees]	float	compulsory
longitude_d	sensor longitude degrees	float	compulsory
latitude_d	sensor latitude in degrees	float	compulsory
elevation_d	sensor elevation in meters	float	compulsory
datum_s	datum for location [WGS84]	string	compulsory
units_s	units of magnetic field data [counts mV]	string	compulsory
sample_rate_d	sample rate of magnetic channel (samples.second)	float	compulsory
h_field_min.start_d	minimum h-field value at beginning of measurement	float	optional
h_field_max.start_d	maximum h-field value at beginning of measurement	float	optional
h_field_min.end_d	minimum h-field value at end of measurement	float	optional
h_field_max.end_d	maximum h-field value at end of measurement	float	optional
h_field.units_s	units of h-field measurement [nT]	string	optional
notes_s	notes on magnetic field measurments	string	optional
data_quality.rating_i	data quality rating based on some sort of statistic	integer	optional
data_quality.warning_notes_s	any warnings about data quality	string	optional
data_quality.warning_flags_i	a value flagging bad data	integer	optional
data_quality.author_s	person who did QC.QA on data	string	optional
filter.name_s	filter name in filter table, can be a list. Needs to be ordered in which filters were applied	string	optional
filter.notes_s	any notes on the filtering	string	optional
filter.applied_b	have filters been applied [True False]	string	compulsory

8.1 Example Magnetic Channel JSON String

```
"sensor.type_s": "Induction Coil",
 "sensor.manufacturer_s": "MT 'r Us",
 "sensor.notes_s": "new coil",
 "sensor.id_s": "2149",
 "channel_number_i": 5,
 "component_s": "HZ",
 "azimuth_d": 90,
 "longitude_d": -117.0,
 "latitude_d": 45.0,
 "elevation_d": 107.4,
 "datum_s": "WGS84",
 "units_s": "counts",
 "sample_rate_d": 256,
 "h_field_min.start_d": -10,
 "h_field_max.start_d": 10,
 "h_field_min.end_d": -9,
 "h_field_max.end_d": 9,
 "h_field.units_s": "nT",
 "notes_s": "not buried all the way ",
 "data_quality.rating_d": 4,
 "data_quality.warning_notes_s": "windy during the day",
 "data_quality.warning_flags_s": 0,
 "data_quality.author_s": "Q. Sea",
 "filter.name_s": "[counts2mv, datalogger024, coil2149]",
 "filter.notes_s": "Calibrated 2018-01-01",
 "filter.applied_b": "[true, false, false]"
}
```

9 Filters

Filters is a table that holds information on any filters that need to be applied to get physical units, and filters that were applied to the data to analyze the signal. This includes calibrations, notch filters, conversion of counts to units, etc. The actual filter will be an array of numbers contained within an array named name_s and formatted according to type_s. The preferred format for a filter is a look-up table which internally can be converted to other formats.

It is important to note that filters will be identified by name and must be consistent throughout the file. Names should be descriptive and self evident. Examples:

- $coil_2284 \longrightarrow induction coil number 2284$
- $counts2mv \longrightarrow conversion from counts to mV$
- ullet e_gain \longrightarrow electric field gain
- datalogger_024 data logger number 24 response
- notch_60hz --> notch filter for 60 Hz and harmonics
- lowpass_10hz \longrightarrow low pass filter below 10 Hz

In each channel there are keys to identify filters that can or have been applied to the data to get an appropriate signal. This can be a list of filter names or a single filter name. An applied_b key also exists for the user to input whether that filter has been applied. Can be a single Boolean true if all filters have been applied, false if none of the filters have been applied. Or can be a list the same length and the filter name list identifying if the filter has been applied. name_s: "[counts2mv, notch60hz, e_gain]" and applied_b: "[true, false, true]".

Table	10.	Attributes	for	Filters

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
type_s	type of filter [look up poles-zeros converter FIR]	string	compulsory
name_s	unique name for the filter such that it is easy to query	string	compulsory
units_in_s	units of data going in [counts mV/km]	string	compulsory
units_out_s	units of data coming out [counts mV/km]	string	compulsory
calibration_date_s	date of calibration	string	compulsory
notes_s	any notes on the filtering	string	optional

9.1 Example Filter JSON String

```
{
  "type_s": "look up",
  "name_s": "coil_8897",
  "units_in_s": "mV",
  "units_out_s": "mV",
  "calibration_date_s": "2015-07-01",
  "notes_s": "interpolated from poles and zeros"
}
```

10 Auxiliary Channels

Auxiliary channels include state of health channels, temperature, etc.

Table 11: Attributes for Auxiliary category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required
type_s	type of data recorded [temperature GPS]	string	compulsory
units_s	units of magnetic field data [counts mV]	string	compulsory
channel_num_i	channel number [1 2 3 4 5 6]	int	compulsory
component_s	channel number ['None']	string	compulsory
sample_rate_d	sample rate (samples.second)	float	compulsory
notes_s	any notes on the auxillary channel	string	optional
data_quality.rating_i	data quality rating based on some sort of statistic	integer	optional
data_quality.warning_notes_s	any warnings about data quality	string	optional
data_quality.warning_flags_i	a value flagging bad data	integer	optional
data_quality.author_s	person who did QC.QA on data	string	optional
filter.name_s	filter name in filter table, can be a list. Needs to be ordered in which filters were applied	string	optional
filter.notes_s	any notes on the filtering	string	optional
filter.applied_b	have filters been applied [True False]	string	compulsory

10.1 Example Auxiliary JSON String

```
{
"type_s": "temperature",
"units_s": "celsius",
"channel_number_i": "6",
"component": "None",
"sample_rate_d": "256",
"notes_s": "internal data logger temperature"
"data_quality.rating_d": 4,
"data_quality.warning_notes_s": "windy during the day",
"data_quality.warning_flags_s": "Nan",
"data_quality.author_s": "Q. Sea",
"filter.name_s": "[counts2c]"
"filter.notes_s": "Calibrated 2018-01-01",
"filter.applied_b": "true"
}
```