A Standard for Exchangeable Magnetotelluric Metadata

Working Group for Data Handling and Software - PASSCAL Magnetotelluric ${\rm Program}^1$

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1 Introduction

Researchers using magnetotelluric (MT) methods lack a standardized format for storing time series data and metadata. Commercially available MT instruments produce data in formats that range from proprietary binary to ASCII, and recent datasets from the U.S. MT community have utilized institutional formats or heavily adapted formats like miniSEED. In many cases, the available metadata for these time series are incomplete and only loosely standardized, and overall these datasets are not "user friendly". This lack of resources impedes the exchange and broader use of these data beyond a small community of specialists.

The IRIS PASSCAL MT facility maintains a pool of MT instruments that are freely available to U.S. Principal Investigators (PIs). Datasets collected with these instruments are subject to data sharing requirements, and an IRIS working group advises the development of sustainable data formats and workflows for this facility. Following in the spirit of the standard created for MT transfer function datasets, this document outlines a new metadata standard for MT time series. This standard is a key pillar of MTH5, a new data format which we propose for the international community of MT practitioners. Further information regarding MTH5 will be available later in 2020.

The Python 3 module written for these standards are found at https://github.com/kujaku11/MTarchive/tree/tables.

2 General Structure

The metadata for a full MT dataset are structured to cover details from single channel time series to the full survey. For simplicity each of the different scales of an MT survey and measurements have been categorized starting from largest to smallest (Figure 1). These categories are: Survey, Station, Run, DataLogger, Electric Channel, Magnetic Channel, and Auxiliary Channels. Each of these are described in subsequent sections. Required keywords are labeled as True and suggested keywords are labeled as False a user should try to use as much of the suggested metadata as possible for a full description of the data.

2.1 Metadata Keyword Format

The metadata key names should be self explanatory and they are structured as follows: {category}. {name}, where:

- category refers to a metadata category that has common parameters, such as location which will have a latitude, longitude, and elevation location.latitude, location.longitude, and location.elevation. These can be nested, for example positive.location.latitude
- name is a descriptive name, where words should be separated by an underscore. Note that only whole words should be used and abbreviations should be avoided. e.g. data_quality.

As described in this document a '.' represents the separator between different categories. The metadata can be stored in many different forms. Common are XML or JSON formats. See examples below for various ways to represent the metadata.

2.2 Formatting Standards

Specific and required formatting standards for location, time and date, and angles are defined below and should be adhered to.

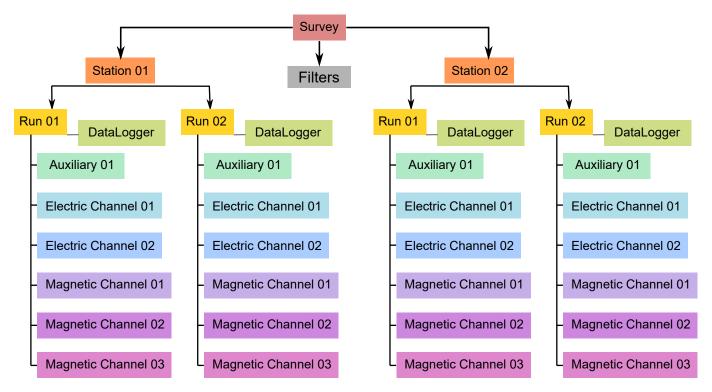


Figure 1: Schematic of a MT time series file structure with appropriate metadata. The top level is the Survey that contains general information about who, what, when, where, how the data were collected. Underneath Survey are the Station and Filter. Filter contains information about different filters that need to be applied to the raw data to get appropriate units and calibrated measurements. Underneath Station are Run which are blocks where data were collected at a single sampling rate with common start and end time. Finally Channel which describes each channel of data collected, this can be an Auxiliary, Electric, or Magnetic. Metadata is attributed based on the type of data collected in the channel.

2.2.1 Time and Date Format

All time and dates are given as an ISO formatted date-time string in the UTC time zone. The ISO date time format is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.ms+00:00, where UTC is represented by +00:00. If the data requires a different time zone this can be accommodated but it is recommended that UTC be used whenever possible. Milliseconds can be accurate to 6 decimal places. ISO dates are formatted YYYY-MM-DD.

2.2.2 Location

All latitude and longitude locations are given in decimal degrees in the well known datum specified at the Survey level. NOTE: The entire survey should use only one datum that is specified at the Survey level.

- All latitude values must be < |90| and all longitude values must be < |180|.
- Elevation and other distance values are given in meters.
- Datum should be one of the well known datums, WGS84 is preferred, but others are acceptable.

2.2.3 Angles

All angles of orientation are given in decimal degrees. Orientation of channels should be given in geographic coordinates where angles are assumed to be clockwise positive from Geographic North = 0. If a station was collected not in geographic coordinates this needs to be specified in station.orientation.option and the station.layout_rotation_angle needs to be specified.

2.3 Units

Acceptable units are only those from the International System of Units (SI). Only long names in all lower case are acceptable. Table 1 summarizes common acceptable units:

Table 1: Acceptable units

Measurement Type	Unit Name
Angles	$\deg rees$
Distance	meters
Latitude/Longitude	decimal degrees
Resistance	ohms
Resistivity	ohm-meters
Temperature	celsius
Time	seconds
Voltage	volts

2.4 String Formats

Each metadata level has a column that describes the style of the input. These are described in Table 2. Note that any list should be comma separated.

Table 2: Acceptable String Formats

Style	Description	Example
free form	an unregulated string that can contain {a-z, A-Z, 0-9} and special characters	This is free form!
alpha numeric	a string that contains no spaces and only characters {a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, /, _}	WGS84 or GEOMAG-USGS
controlled vocabulary	Only certain names or words are allowed, in this case examples of acceptable values are provided in the documentation as [option01 option02]. The indicates that other options are possible but have not been defined yet.	${\rm station.orientation.option} = {\rm geographic}$
list	list of entries using a comma separator	'Ex, Ey, Hx, Hy, Hz, T'
number	a number in the form of the data type, number of decimal places has not been implemented yet	10.0 for float or 10 for int
date	ISO formatted date YYYY-MM-DD in UTC	2020-02-02
date time	ISO formatted date time YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.ms+00:00 in UTC	2020-02-02T12:20:45.123456+00:00
email	a valid email address	person@mt.org
url	a full URL that a user could put into a web browser	https://www.passcal.nmt.edu/

3 Survey

A survey describes an entire data set that covers a specific time span and region. This may include multiple PIs in multiple data collection episodes but should be confined to a specific experiment. The Survey metadata category describes the general parameters of the survey.

Table 3: Attributes for Survey Category

Metadata Key	Description	Example
acquired_by.author Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	Name of the person or persons who acquired the data. This can be different from the project lead if a contractor or different group collected the data.	person name
acquired_by.comments Required: False Units: None Type: string Style: email	Email of the contact person who acquired the data. This is in case there are any questions about aspects of how the data were collected or any inconsistencies in the data.	expert digger
archive_id Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: alpha numeric	Alphanumeric name provided by the archive. For IRIS this will be a 5 character string.	YKN20
archive_network Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: alpha numeric	Network code given by PASSCAL/IRIS/FDSN. This will be a two character string that describes who and where the network operates.	EM
citation_dataset.doi Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: url	The full url of the doi number provided by the archive that describes the raw data	http://doi.10. adfabe
citation_journal.doi Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: url	The full url of the doi number for a journal article(s) that uses these data. If multiple journal articles use these data provide as a comma separated string of urls.	http://doi.10. xbsfs, or http: //doi.10.xbsfs, http://doi.10. xbsfs2

Attributes for Survey Category Continued

Metadata Key	Description	Example
comments Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	Any comments about the survey that are important for any user to know.	Solar activity low.
country Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	Country(s) countries that the survey is located in. If multiple input as comma separated names	"USA, Canada"
datum Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: controlled vocabulary	The reference datum for all geographic coordinates throughout the survey. It is up to the user to be sure that all coordinates are projected into this datum. Should be a well-known datum: [WGS84 NAD83 OSGB36 GDA94 ETRS89 PZ-90.11 other].	WGS84
geographic_name Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	Geographic names that encompass the survey. These should be broad geographic names. Further information can be found at https: //www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/ ngp/board-on-geographic-names	Yukon
name Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	Descriptive name of the survey, similar to the title of a journal article.	MT Characterization of Yukon Terrane
northwest_corner.latitude Required: True Units: decimal degrees Type: float Style: number	Latitude of the northwest corner of the survey in the datum specified.	23.134
northwest_corner.longitude Required: True Units: decimal degrees Type: float Style: number	Longitude of the northwest corner of the survey in the datum specified.	14.23

Attributes for Survey Category Continued

Metadata Key	Description	Example
project Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	alphanumeric name for the project e.g USGS-GEOMAG	YUTOO
project_lead.author Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	author name	person name
project_lead.email Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: email	email of the contact person	mt.guru@em.org
project_lead.organization Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	organization name	mt gurus
release_status Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: controlled vocabulary	how the data can be used	unrestricted release
southeast_corner.latitude Required: True Units: decimal degrees Type: float Style: number	latitude of location in datum specified at survey level	23.134
southeast_corner.longitude Required: True Units: decimal degrees Type: float Style: number	longitude of location in datum specified at survey level	14.23

Attributes for Survey Category Continued

Metadata Key	Description	Example
summary Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: free form	summary paragraph of survey including the purpose; difficulties; data quality; summary of outcomes if the data have been processed and modeled	long project of characterizing mineral resources in Yukon
time_period.end_date Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: date	end date of the survey in UTC	1/2/1995
time_period.start_date Required: True Units: None Type: string Style: date	start date of the survey in UTC	1/2/2020

3.1 Example Survey XML Element

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<survey>
   <acquired_by>
        <author>MT Graduate Students</author>
        <comments>Multiple over 5 years</comments>
    </acquired_by>
    <archive_id>SAM1990</archive_id>
    <archive_network>EM</archive_network>
    <citation dataset>
        <doi>https://doi.###</doi>
    </citation_dataset>
    <citation_journal>
        <doi>https://doi.###</doi>
    </citation_journal>
    <comments>None</comments>
    <country>USA, Canada</country>
    <datum>WGS84</datum>
    <geographic_name>Yukon</geographic_name>
    <name>Imaging Gold Deposits of the Yukon Province</name>
    <northwest corner>
        <latitude type="float" units="decimal degrees">-130</latitude>
        <longitude type="float" units="decimal degrees">75.9</longitude>
    </northwest_corner>
    project>AURORA
    ct_lead>
        <email>m.tee@mt.org</email>
        <organization>EM Ltd.</organization>
        <author>M. Tee</author>
    </project_lead>
    <release_status>Unrestricted Release</release_status>
    <southeast corner>
        <latitude type="float" units="decimal degrees">-110.0</latitude>
        <longitude type="float" units="decimal degrees">65.12</longitude>
    </southeast_corner>
    <summary>This survey spanned multiple years with graduate students
             collecting the data. Lots of curious bears and moose,
             some interesting signal from the aurora. Modeled data
             image large scale crustal features like the
             "fingers of god" that suggest large mineral deposits.
             Evidence for crustal shortening during the Miocene and
             multiple plutonic events. </summary>
    <time_period>
        <end_date>1995-01-01</end_date>
        <start_date>2020-01-01</start_date>
    </time_period>
```

</survey>

4 Station

A station encompasses a single site where data are collected. If the location changes during a run, then a new station should be created. If the sensors, cables, data logger, battery are replaced during a run but the station remains stations, then this can be recorded in the Run metadata but does not require a new station entry.

Table 4: Attributes for Station category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
$acquired_by.author$	person who acquired the station	string	True	free form
$acquired_by.comments$	comments about who acquired the data, could include the various groups or contractors	string	True	free form
archive_id	5 char name {A-Z; 1-9} for station	string	True	alpha meric
channel_layout	how the station was laid out. Options [$X \mid L \mid$]	string	True	controlle vocabula
channels_recorded	list of channels recorded e.g. 'Ex, Ey, Hx, Hy'	string	True	list
comments	any comments about station	string	False	free form
data_type	type of data collected, options: [BBMT LPMT AMT Combo] see Table 11	string	True	controlle vocabula
${\tt geographic_name}$	closest geographic reference name to station	string	True	free form
id	name of the station	string	True	free form
location.declination.comments	comments on the declination	string	True	
location. declination. model	name of the declination model. Options: [EMAG2 EMM HDGM IGRF WMM] see https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/geomag/ for definitions	string	True	controlle vocabula
location.declination.value	declination value	float	True	number
location.latitude	longitude location for station	float	True	number
location.longitude	latitude location for station	float	True	number
location.elevation	elevation of station	float	True	number
orientation.option	orientation coordinate system [geographic geomagnetic channel-measurement specific]	string	True	controlle vocabula
$orientation. \\ method$	method of orienting the channels [compass differential GPS gyroscope]	string	False	controlle vocabula
$orientation. layout_rotation_angle$	if the data were collected in a coordinate system not geographic, this will specify the angle at which all channels were ro- tated by.	float	False	number
$provenance.creation_time$	creation time of time series data for storing	string	True	date tim
provenance.comments	any comments on the history of the data	string	False	free form
provenance.log	log of any changes made to time series data	string	False	free forn
proven ance. software. author	author of software used to store time series	string	True	free form
provenance. software. name	name of software used to store time series	string	True	free form
${\bf provenance.software.version}$	version of software used to store time series 14	string	True	free form
provenance. submitter. author	name of person or group archive data	string	True	free form
provenance.submitter.email	email of person or group archiving	string	True	email

4.1 Example Station JSON

{

```
"station": {
    "acquired_by": {
        "author": "mt",
        "comments": null
    },
    "archive_id": "MT012",
    "channel_layout": "L",
    "channels_recorded": "Ex, Ey, Hx, Hy",
    "comments": null,
    "data_type": "MT",
    "geographic_name": "Whitehorse",
    "id": "Curious Bears Hallabaloo",
    "location": {
        "latitude": 10.0,
        "longitude": -112.98,
        "elevation": 1234.0,
        "declination": {
            "value": 12.3,
            "comments": null,
            "model": "WMM"
        }
    },
    "orientation": {
        "method": "compass",
        "option": "geographic",
        "layout_rotation_angle": 0.0
    },
    "provenance": {
        "comments": null,
        "creation_time": "1980-01-01T00:00:00+00:00",
        "log": null,
        "software": {
            "author": "test",
            "version": "1.0a",
            "name": "name"
        "submitter": {
            "author": "name",
            "organization": null,
            "email": "test@here.org"
        }
    },
    "time_period": {
        "end": "1980-01-01T00:00:00+00:00",
```

```
"start": "1980-01-01T00:00:00+00:00"
}
}
```

5 Run

A run represents data collected at a single station with a single sampling rate. If the dipole length or other such station parameters are changed between runs, this would require adding a new run. If the station is relocated then a new station should be created. If a run has channels that drop out, the start and end period will be the minimum time and maximum time for all channels recorded.

5.1 Example Run XML Element

```
<run>
    <acquired_by>
        <author>T. Lurric</author>
        <email>mt@mt.org</email>
    </acquired_by>
    <channels_recorded_auxiliary>[Temperature]</channels_recorded_auxiliary>
    <channels_recorded_electric>[Ex, Ey]</channels_recorded_electric>
    <channels_recorded_magnetic>[Hx, Hy, Hz]</channels_recorded_magnetic>
    <comments>None</comments>
    <data_logger>
        <id>instrument01</id>
        <manufacturer>MT r' US</manufacturer>
        <type>32 bit digital</type>
        <model>best</model>
        <timing_system>
            <comments>Internal clock locked every 10 seconds</comments>
            <drift type="float" units="seconds">0.00001</drift>
            <type>GPS</type>
            <uncertainty type="float" units="seconds">0.0001</uncertainty>
        </timing_system>
        <firmware>
            <author>T. Lurric</author>
            <version>12.34c
            <name>MTGDC</name>
        </firmware>
        <power_source>
            <type>Pb-acid gel cell</type>
            <id>10</id>
            <voltage>
                <start type="float" units="volts">13.9</start>
                <end type="float" units="volts">12.1</end>
            </voltage>
            <comments>connector cable chewed by rats/comments>
        </power_source>
    </data_logger>
    <data_type>BBMT</data_type>
    <id>mt01a</id>
    <metadata_by>
         <author>student</author>
         <comments>lazy</comments>
    </metadata_by>
    ovenance>
        <comments>redone by grad student</comments>
        <log>2020-01-01T00:00:00+00:00 updated metadata</log>
```

6 Electric Channel

Electric channel refers to a dipole measurement of the electric field for a single station for a single run.

Table 5: Attributes for Run category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
acquired_by.author	author name	string	True	free for:
acquired_by.comments	email of the contact person	string	False	email
channels recorded auxiliary	list of auxiliary channels recorded	string	True	list
channels_recorded_electric	list of electric channels recorded. See Table 12 and Table 13	string	True	list
$channels_recorded_magnetic$	list of magnetic channels recorded. See Table 12 and Table 13	string	True	list
comments	any comments on the run. See Table 12 and Table 13	string	False	free for
$data_logger.firmware.author$	author of the firmware	string	False	free for
$data_logger.firmware.name$	firmware name	string	False	free for:
data_logger.firmware.version	firmware version	string	False	free for
data_logger.id	instrument ID number can be serial number or a designated ID	string	True	free for
data_logger.manufacturer	who manufactured the instrument	string	True	free for
data_logger.model	model version of the instrument	string	False	free for
data_logger.power_source.comments	any comment about the battery	string	False	free for
data_logger.power_source.id	battery id	string	False	free for
data_logger.power_source.type	battery type	string	True	free for
data_logger.power_source.voltage.end	end voltage	float	False	number
data logger.power source.voltage.start	starting voltage	float	False	number
data_logger.timing_system.comments	any comment on timing system	string	False	free for:
data_logger.timing_system.drift	estimated drift of the timing system	float	False	number
data_logger.timing_system.type	type of timing system	string	False	free for
data_logger.timing_system.uncertainty	estimated uncertainty of the timing system	float	False	number
data_logger.type	instrument type	string	True	free for
data_type	type of data recoreded for this run. Options: [BBMT LPMT AMT Combo] see Table 11 for more details	string	True	controll vocabul
id	run ID should be	string	True	alpha
	$station.archive_id\{a-z\}$			meric
metadata_by.author	metadata author name	string	True	free for
metadata_by.comments	comments on metadata	string	False	free for
provenance.comments	any comments on provenance of the data	string	False	free for
provenance.log	a history of changes made to the data	string	False	free for:
$sampling_rate$	rate of sampling renureded for this run	float	True	number
$\operatorname{time_period.end}$	maximum end time of all run channels	string	True	date tir
time_period.start	minimum start time of all run channels	string	True	date tir

Table 6: Attributes for Electric category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
ac.end	ending AC value; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number
ac.start	starting AC value; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number
channel_number	channel number on the data logger	integer	True	number
comments	any comments about the channel	string	False	free form
component	name of the component measured. Options: $[Ex \mid Ey \mid Ez \mid E\#]$	string	True	controlled vocabulary
contact_resistance.end	starting contact resistance; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number list
contact_resistance.start	starting contact resistance; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number list
data_quality.rating.author	author of who rated the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.method	the method used to rate the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.value	a rating from 1-5 where 1 is bad and 5 is good and 0 if unrated	integer	True	number
data_quality.warning	any warnings about the data that should be noted	string	False	free form
dc.end	ending DC value; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number
dc.start	starting DC value; if more than one measurement input as a list of number [1,]	float	False	number
$dipole_length$	length of the dipole	float	True	number
filter.applied	boolean if filter has been applied or not. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list. Needs to be the same length as name or if only one entry is given it is assumed to apply to all filters listed.	boolean	True	list
filter.comments	any comments on filters	string	False	name
filter.name	name of filter applied or to be applies. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list	string	True	list
measurement_azimuth	azimuth of channel in measurement co- ordinates	float	True	number

Table 7: Attributes for Electric category continued

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
negative.elevation	elevation of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
negative.id	instrument ID number can be serial number or a designated ID	string	False	free form
negative.latitude	latitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
${\it negative.} longitude$	longitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
negative.manufacturer	who manufactured the instrument	string	False	free form
negative.model	model version of the instrument	string	False	free form
negative.type	instrument type	string	True	free form
positive.elevation	elevation of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
positive.id	instrument ID number can be serial number or a designated ID	string	False	free form
positive.latitude	latitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
positive.longitude	longitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
positive.manufacturer	who manufactured the instrument	string	False	free form
positive.model	model version of the instrument	string	False	free form
positive.type	instrument type	string	True	free form
$sample_rate$	sample rate	float	True	number
time_period.end	end date and time of collection in UTC	string	True	date time
$time_period.start$	start date and time of collection in UTC	string	True	date time
type	data type for the channel [electric]	string	True	controlled vocabulary
units	units of the data [counts V]	string	True	controlled vocabulary

6.1 Example Electric Channel JSON

```
{
 "electric": {
    "ac.end": 10.2,
    "ac.start": 12.1,
    "channel_number": 2,
    "comments": null,
    "component": "EX",
    "contact_resistance.end": 1.2,
    "contact_resistance.start": 1.1,
    "data_quality.rating.author": "mt",
    "data_quality.rating.method": "ml",
    "data_quality.rating.value": 4,
    "data_quality.warning": null,
    "dc.end": 1.0,
    "dc.start": 2.0,
    "dipole_length": 100.0,
    "filter.applied": [False],
    "filter.comments": null,
    "filter.name": [ "counts2mv", "lowpass"],
    "measurement_azimuth": 90.0,
    "negative.elevation": 100.0,
    "negative.id": "a",
    "negative.latitude": 12.12,
    "negative.longitude": -111.12,
    "negative.manufacturer": "test",
    "negative.model": "fats",
    "negative.type": "pb-pbcl",
    "positive.elevation": 101.0,
    "positive.id": "b",
    "positive.latitude": 12.123,
    "positive.longitude": -111.14,
    "positive.manufacturer": "test",
    "positive.model": "fats",
    "positive.type": "ag-agcl",
    "sample_rate": 256.0,
    "time_period.end": "1980-01-01T00:00:00+00:00",
    "time_period.start": "2020-01-01T00:00:00+00:00",
    "type": "electric",
    "units": "counts"
  }
}
```

7 Magnetic Channel

A magnetic channel is a recording of one component of the magnetic field at a single station for a single run.

7.1 Example Magnetic Channel JSON

```
{
    "magnetic": {
        "comments": null,
        "component": "Hz",
        "data_logger": {
            "channel_number": 2
        },
        "data_quality": {
            "warning": "periodic pipeline",
            "rating": {
                "author": "M. Tee",
                "method": "Machine Learning",
                "value": 3
            }
        },
        "filter": {
            "name": ["counts2nT", "lowpass_mag"],
            "applied": [true, false],
            "comments": null
        },
        "h_field_max": {
            "start": 40000.,
            "end": 420000.
        },
        "h_field_min": {
            "start": 38000.,
            "end": 39500.
        },
        "location": {
            "latitude": 25.89,
            "longitude": -110.98,
            "elevation": 1234.5
        },
        "measurement_azimuth": 0.0,
        "sample_rate": 64.0,
        "sensor": {
            "id": 'spud',
            "manufacturer": "F. McAraday",
            "type": "tri-axial fluxgate",
            "model": "top hat"
        },
        "time_period": {
            "end": "2010-01-01T00:00:00+00:00",
            "start": "2020-01-01T00:00:00+00:00"
        },
```

8 Filters

Filters is a table that holds information on any filters that need to be applied to get physical units, and filters that were applied to the data to analyze the signal. This includes calibrations, notch filters, conversion of counts to units, etc. The actual filter will be an array of numbers contained within an array named name and formatted according to type. The preferred format for a filter is a look-up table which internally can be converted to other formats.

It is important to note that filters will be identified by name and must be consistent throughout the file. Names should be descriptive and self evident. Examples:

- $coil_2284 \longrightarrow induction coil number 2284$
- ullet counts 2mv \longrightarrow conversion from counts to mV
- e_gain → electric field gain
- datalogger_024 \longrightarrow data logger number 24 response
- notch_60hz \longrightarrow notch filter for 60 Hz and harmonics
- lowpass_10hz \longrightarrow low pass filter below 10 Hz

In each channel there are keys to identify filters that can or have been applied to the data to get an appropriate signal. This can be a list of filter names or a single filter name. An applied key also exists for the user to input whether that filter has been applied. Can be a single Boolean True if all filters have been applied, False if none of the filters have been applied. Or can be a list the same length and the filter list identifying if the filter has been applied. name: "[counts2mv, notch_60hz, e_gain]" and applied: "[True, False, True]".

8.1 Example Filter JSON

```
{
    "filter":{
        "type": "look up",
        "name": "counts2mv",
        "units_in": "counts",
        "units_out": "mV",
        "calibration_date": "2015-07-01",
        "comments": "Accurate to 0.001 mV"
    }
}
```

9 Auxiliary Channels

Auxiliary channels include state of health channels, temperature, etc.

9.1 Example Auxiliary JSON

```
<auxiliary>
    <comments>great</comments>
    <component>Temperature</component>
    <data_logger>
        <channel_number type="integer">1</channel_number>
    </data_logger>
    <data_quality>
        <warning>None</warning>
        <rating>
            <author>mt</author>
            <method>ml</method>
            <value type="integer">4</value>
        </rating>
    </data_quality>
    <filter>
        <name>
            <i>lowpass</i>
            <i>counts2mv</i>
        </name>
        <applied type="boolean">
            <i type="boolean">True</i>
        </applied>
        <comments>test</comments>
    </filter>
    <location>
        <latitude type="float" units="degrees">12.324</latitude>
        <longitude type="float" units="degrees">-112.03</longitude>
        <elevation type="float" units="degrees">1234.0</elevation>
    </location>
    <measurement_azimuth type="float" units="degrees">0.0</measurement_azimuth>
    <sample_rate type="float" units="samples per second">8.0</sample_rate>
    <time_period>
        <end>2020-01-01T00:00:00+00:00
        <start>2020-01-04T00:00:00+00:00</start>
    </time_period>
    <type>auxiliary</type>
    <units>celsius</units>
</auxiliary>
```

A Option Definitions

Table 8: Attributes for Magnetic category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
${ m channel_number}$	channel number on the data logger	integer	True	number
comments	any comments about the channel	string	False	free form
component	name of the magnetic component measured. Options: [Hx Hy Hz H#	string	True	controlled vocabulary
data quality.rating.author	author of who rated the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.method	the method used to rate the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.value	a rating from 1-5 where 1 is bad and 5 is good and 0 if unrated	integer	True	number
${ m data_quality.warning}$	any warnings about the data that should be noted	string	False	free form
filter.applied	boolean if filter has been applied or not. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list. Needs to be the same length as name or if only one entry is given it is assumed to apply to all filters listed.	boolean	True	list
filter.comments	any comments on filters	string	False	name
filter.name	name of filter applied or to be applies. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list	string	True	list
h_field_max.end	maximum magnetic field strength at end	float	False	number
h_field_max.start	maximum magnetic field strength at beginning	float	False	number
h_field_min.end	minimum magnetic field strength at end	float	False	number
h_field_min.start	minimum magnetic field strength at beginning	float	False	number
location.elevation	elevation of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
location.latitude	latitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
location.longitude	longitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
${ m measurement_azimuth}$	azimuth of channel in measurement co- ordinates	float	True	number
$sample_rate$	sample rate	float	True	number
sensor.id	instrument ID number can be serial number or a designated ID	string	True	free form
sensor.manufacturer	who manufactured the instrument	string	True	free form
sensor.model	model version of the instrument	string	False	free form
sensor.type	instrument type	string	True	free form
${ m time_period.end}$	end date and time of collection in UTC	string	True	date time
$time_period.start$	start date and time of collection in UTC 32	string	True	date time
type	data type for the channel	string	True	free form
units	units of the data Options: [counts]	string	True	controlled

Table 9: Attributes for Filters

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
type	type of filter [look up poles-zeros con-	string	True	controlled
	verter FIR]			vocabulary
name	unique name for the filter such that it	string	True	alpha nu-
	is easy to query			meric
units_in	units of data going in [counts mV/km	string	True	free form
]			
units_out	units of data coming out [counts	string	True	free form
	$\mid \mathrm{mV/km} \mid \mid$			
calibration_date	date of calibration	string	True	date time
comments	any comments on the filtering	string	False	free form

Table 10: Attributes for Auxiliary category

Metadata Key	Description	Type	Required	Style
channel_number	channel number on the data logger	integer	True	number
comments	any comments about the channel	string	False	free form
component	name of the component measured. Op-	string	True	controlled
	tions [Temperature batter_voltage state_of_health]			vocabulary
data_quality.rating.author	author of who rated the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.method	the method used to rate the data	string	False	free form
data_quality.rating.value	a rating from 1-5 where 1 is bad and 5 is good and 0 if unrated	integer	True	number
data_quality.warning	any warnings about the data that should be noted	string	False	free form
filter.applied	boolean if filter has been applied or not. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list. Needs to be the same length as name or if only one entry is given it is assumed to apply to all filters listed.	boolean	True	list
filter.comments	any comments on filters	string	False	name
filter.name	name of filter applied or to be applies. If more than one filter input as a comma separated list	string	True	list
location.elevation	elevation of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
location.latitude	latitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
location.longitude	longitude of location in datum specified at survey level	float	False	number
${ m measurement_azimuth}$	azimuth of channel in measurement co- ordinates	float	True	number
sample_rate	sample rate	float	True	number
time_period.end	end date and time of collection in UTC	string	True	date time
time_period.start	start date and time of collection in UTC	string	True	date time
type	data type for the channel	string	True	free form
units	units of the data options are related to	string	True	controlled
	the data type [counts]			vocabulary

Table 11: Generalized electromagnetic period bands. Some overlap, use the closest definition.

Data Type	Definition	Period Range [s]
RMT	${ m radio\ magnetotellurics}$	$10^{-6} - 10^{-4}$
AMT	audio magnetotellurics	$10^{-4} - 10^{0}$
BBMT	broadband magnetotellurics	$10^{-1} - 10^3$
LPMT	long period magnetotellurics	$10^2 - 10^5$
ULPMT	ultra long period magnetotellurics	$10^5 - 10^7$

Table 12: These are the common channel components. More can be added.

Channel Type	Definition
Е	electric field measurement
Н	magnetic field measurement
T	temperature
Battery	battery
SOH	state-of-health channel

Table 13: Channel Direction. The convention for many MT setups follows the right-hand-rule with X in the northern direction, Y in the eastern direction, and Z positive down. If the setup has multiple channels in the same direction they can be labeled with a number. For instance if you measure multiple electric fields Ex01, Ey01, Ex02, Ey02.

Direction	Definition	
X	north direction	
У	east direction	
Z	vertical direction	
# {0-9}	variable directions	