

DC Continuous Delivery Meetup

Testing the build with TestKit

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About to ship code to production...



...but the build logic contained bugs

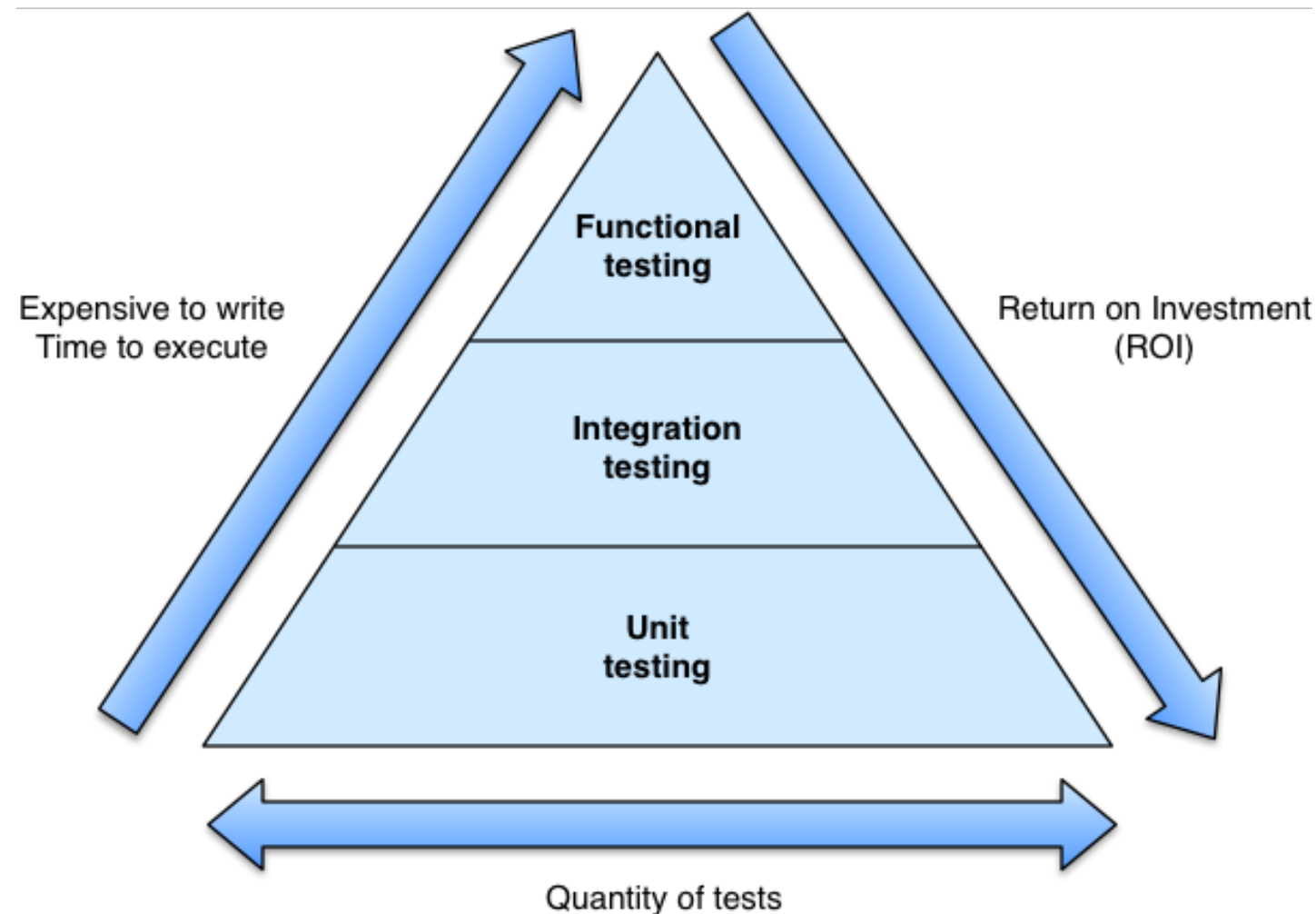


Why not test build logic?

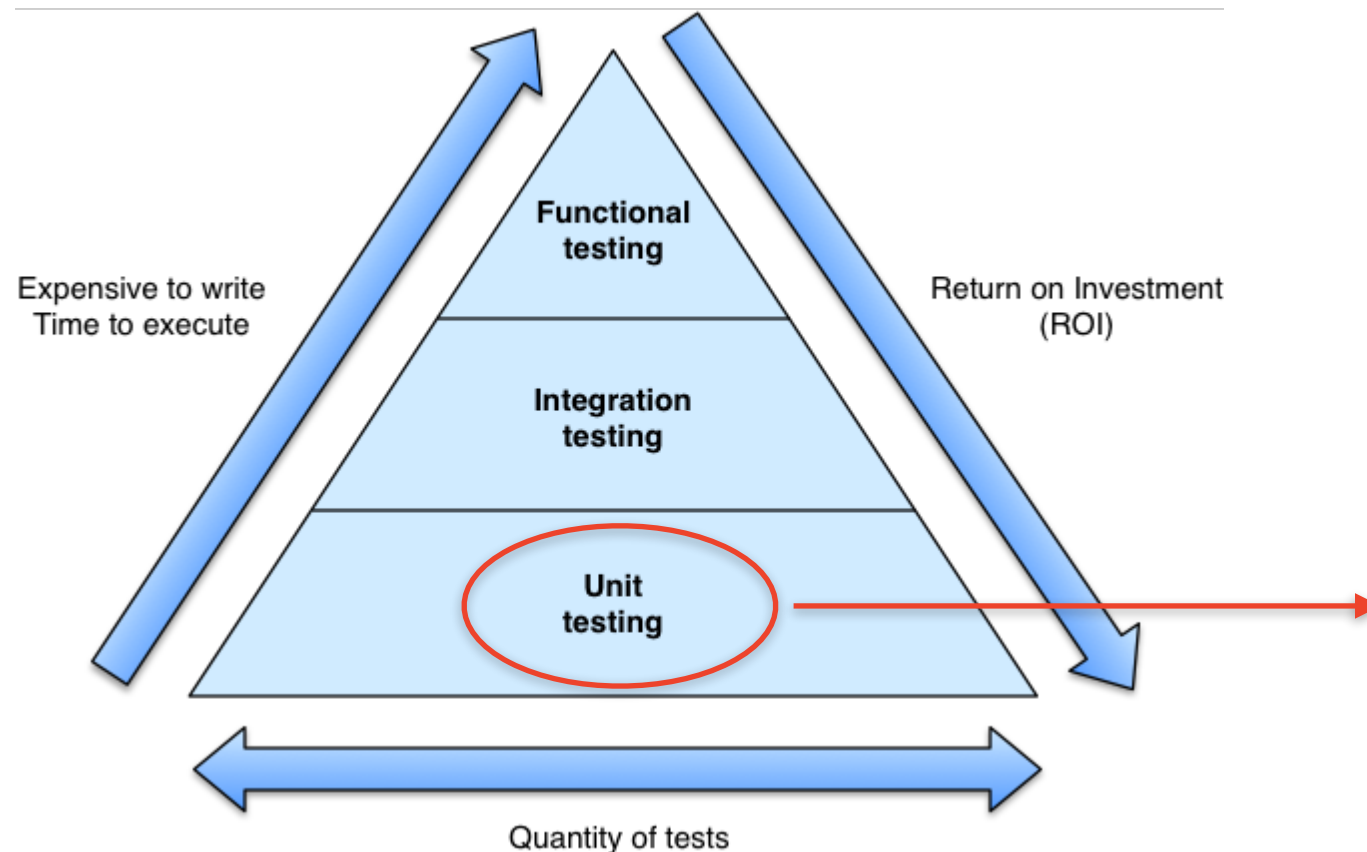


Testing build logic

Build logic needs to be testable on multiple levels.



Writing unit tests in Gradle



Testing a single class

Class under test does not use Gradle API

Test logic in isolation

Example: Writing a unit test with Spock

```
package com.bmuschko.gradle.docker.tasks.image

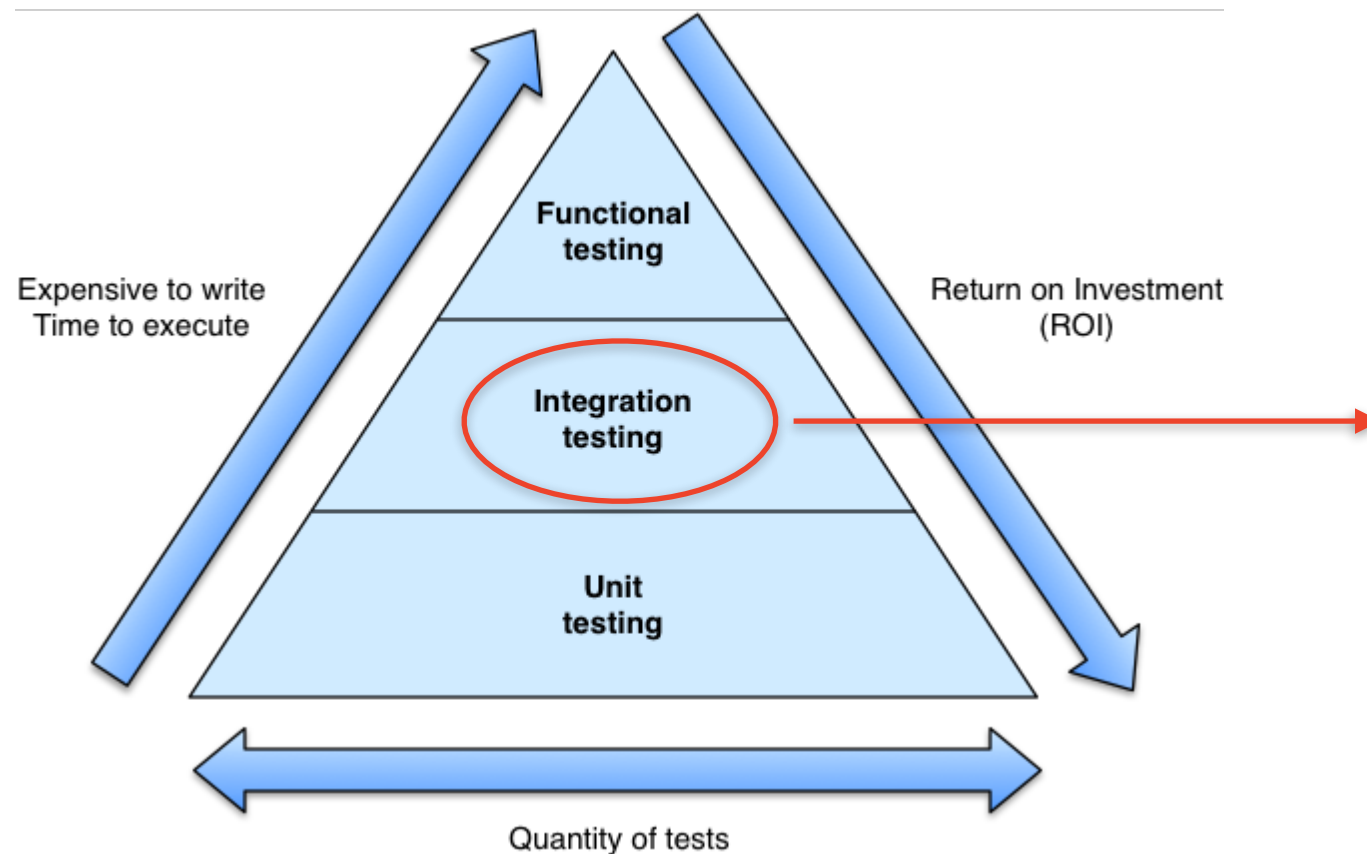
import spock.lang.Specification

import static com.bmuschko.gradle.docker.tasks.image.Dockerfile.*

class DockerfileTest extends Specification {
    def "Instruction String representation is built correctly"() {
        expect:
        instructionInstance.keyword == keyword
        instructionInstance.build() == builtInstruction

        where:
        instructionInstance          | keyword | builtInstruction
        new FromInstruction('ubuntu:14.04') | 'FROM'  | 'FROM ubuntu:14.04'
        new FromInstruction({ 'ubuntu:14.04' }) | 'FROM'  | 'FROM ubuntu:14.04'
        ...
    }
}
```

Writing integration tests in Gradle



**Class(es) under test
use Gradle API**

**Usually interacts with
Project instance**

**Does not execute
a full build script**

Example: Writing an integration test using ProjectBuilder

```
import org.gradle.api.Project
import org.gradle.testfixtures.ProjectBuilder

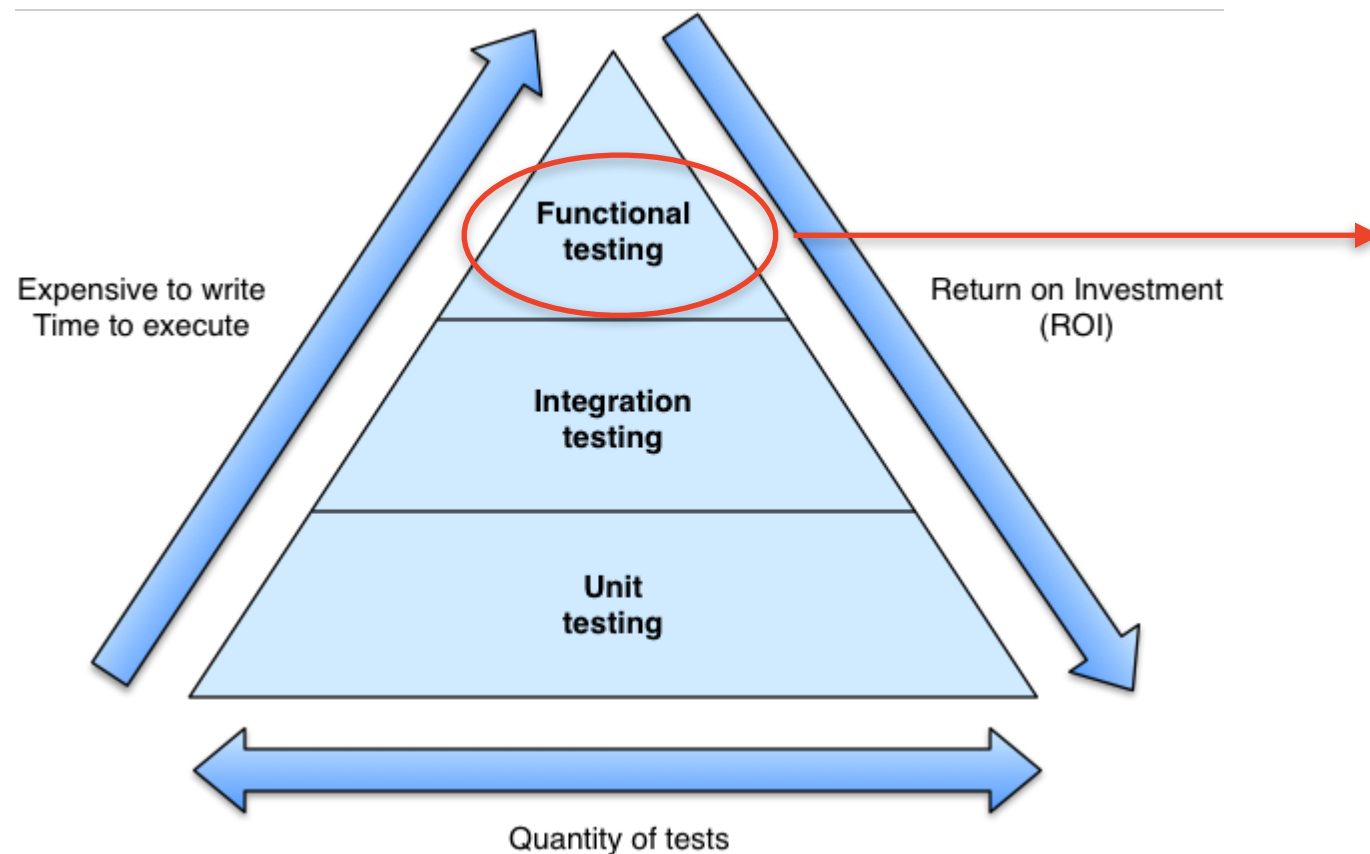
class DockerJavaApplicationPluginIntegrationTest extends Specification {
    @Rule TemporaryFolder temporaryFolder = new TemporaryFolder()
    Project project

    def setup() {
        project = ProjectBuilder.builder().withProjectDir(temporaryFolder.root).build()
    }

    def "Creates tasks out-of-the-box when application plugin is applied"() {
        when:
        project.apply(plugin: DockerJavaApplicationPlugin)
        project.apply(plugin: 'application')

        then:
        project.tasks.findByName(DockerJavaApplicationPlugin
                                .COPY_DIST_RESOURCES_TASK_NAME)
        project.tasks.findByName(DockerJavaApplicationPlugin.DOCKERFILE_TASK_NAME)
        project.tasks.findByName(DockerJavaApplicationPlugin.BUILD_IMAGE_TASK_NAME)
        project.tasks.findByName(DockerJavaApplicationPlugin.PUSH_IMAGE_TASK_NAME)
    }
}
```

Writing functional tests in Gradle



**Executes build script
similar to end user**

**Examines build
outcome and output**

**Isolated test
environment**

Example: Writing a functional test with TestKit

```
def "can successfully create Dockerfile"() {  
    given:  
        buildFile << """  
            import com.bmuschko.gradle.docker.tasks.image.Dockerfile  
  
            task dockerfile(type: Dockerfile) {  
                from 'ubuntu:14.04'  
                maintainer 'Benjamin Muschko "benjamin.muschko@gmail.com"'  
            }  
        """  
  
    when:  
        def result = GradleRunner.create()  
            .withProjectDir(testProjectDir.root)  
            .withArguments('dockerfile')  
            .build()  
  
    then:  
        result.task(":dockerfile").outcome == SUCCESS  
        testProjectDir.file('Dockerfile').exists()  
}
```

What's the Gradle TestKit?

Functional testing support in Gradle core.

- Agnostic of test framework
- Assertions made based on build output, build logging or executed tasks + their result
- Uses Tooling API as test execution harness

 Gradle 2.6

TestKit usage

Declaring TestKit dependency

```
dependencies {  
    testCompile gradleTestKit()  
}
```

Declaring dependency on test framework

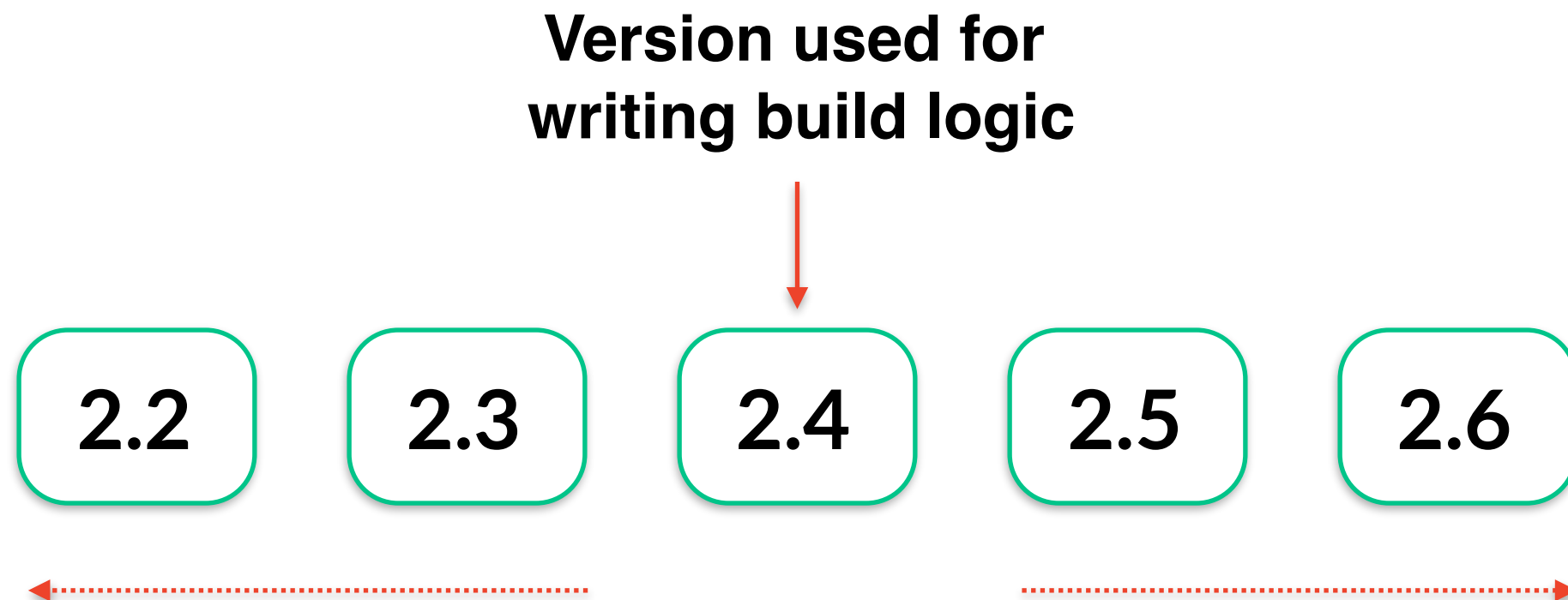
```
dependencies {  
    testCompile 'org.spockframework:spock-core:1.0-groovy-2.4'  
}
```

DEMO

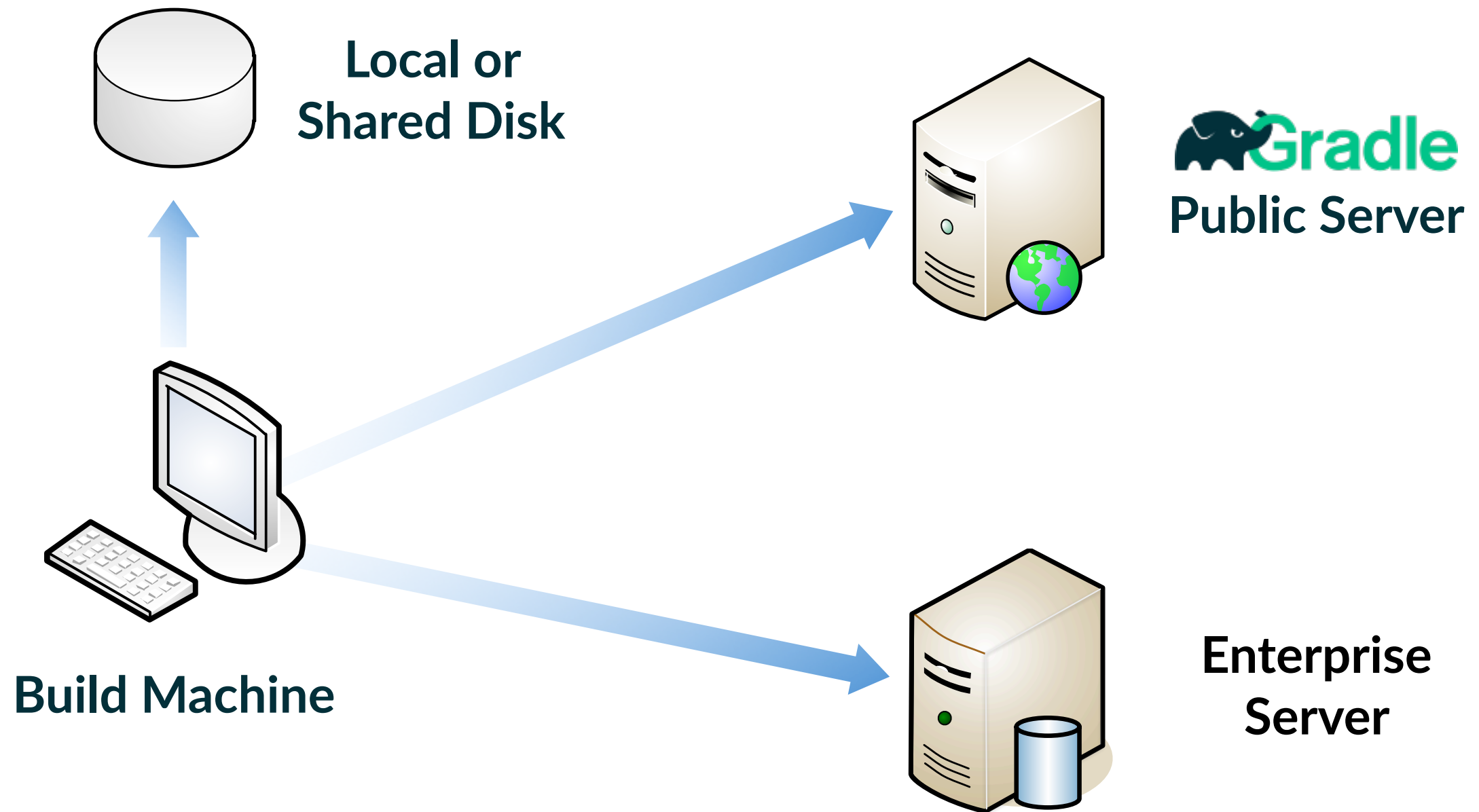
Functional testing of a build script

Cross-version compatibility tests

Forward and backward compatibility independent of Gradle version used to build logic.



Retrieving Gradle distributions



Specifying a Gradle version

Using a Gradle version available on server

```
GradleRunner.withGradleVersion(String)
```

Using a Gradle installation on disk

```
GradleRunner.withGradleInstallation(File)
```

Using a Gradle distribution via URL

```
GradleRunner.withGradleDistribution(URI)
```

DEMO

Cross-version compatibility testing

Testing a plugin

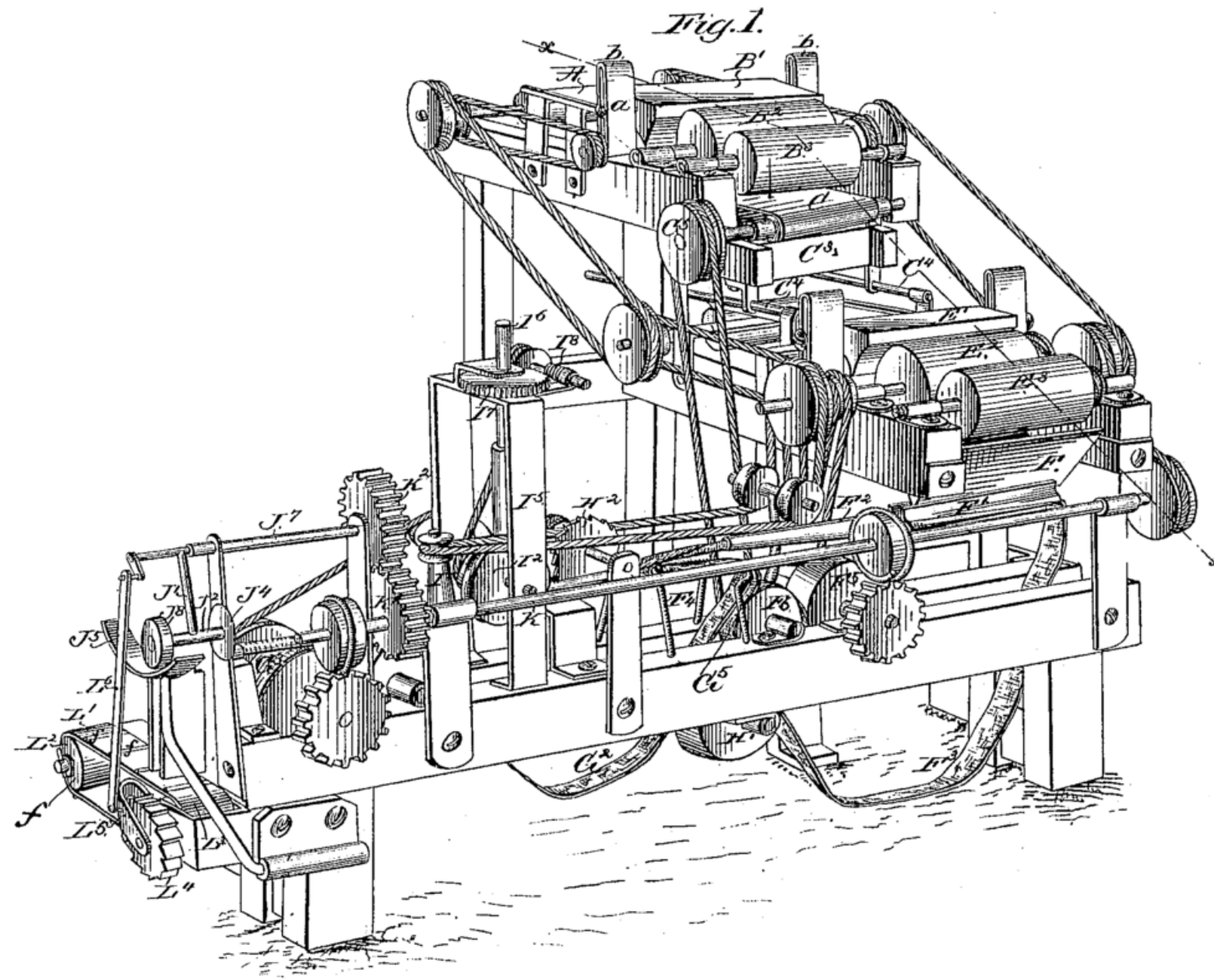
Requires additional work!

- Tooling API runs in separate process
- Does not share classpath and classloaders as test process
- Requires injection of code under test

DEMO

Manually injecting the plugin classpath

That's some complex machinery!



Simplifying setup with plugin development plugin

Apply sensible default and conventions...

- Declaration of `gradleApi()` and `gradleTestKit()`
- Generates plugin classpath manifest file
- Plugin classpath injection needs to be declared for `GradleRunner` instance explicitly
- Requires use of plugin DSL

 Gradle 2.13

Automatic injection of plugin code

Applying the Java Gradle plugin dev. plugin

```
apply plugin: 'java-gradle-plugin'
```

Injecting classpath into GradleRunner

```
GradleRunner.create()  
    .withPluginClasspath()  
    .build()
```

DEMO

Testing a plugin with TestKit

Configurable conventions

Source set containing code under test

```
sourceSets.main
```

Source set used for injecting the plugin classpath

```
sourceSets.test
```

Reconfigurable with the help of the class
`GradlePluginDevelopmentExtension`

DEMO

Configuring a dedicated test source set

Debugging test execution

Setting system property for ad-hoc testing

```
-Dorg.gradle.testkit.debug=true
```

Enabling debugging programmatically

```
GradleRunner.withDebug(true)
```

DEMO

Debugging tests from the IDE

Feature limitations

Support for features determined by version of Tooling API used to execute test.

More info:

https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/test_kit.html

Future enhancements for TestKit

- Convenience test fixtures
- Hooking into IDE plugins
- Integration with JaCoCo plugin

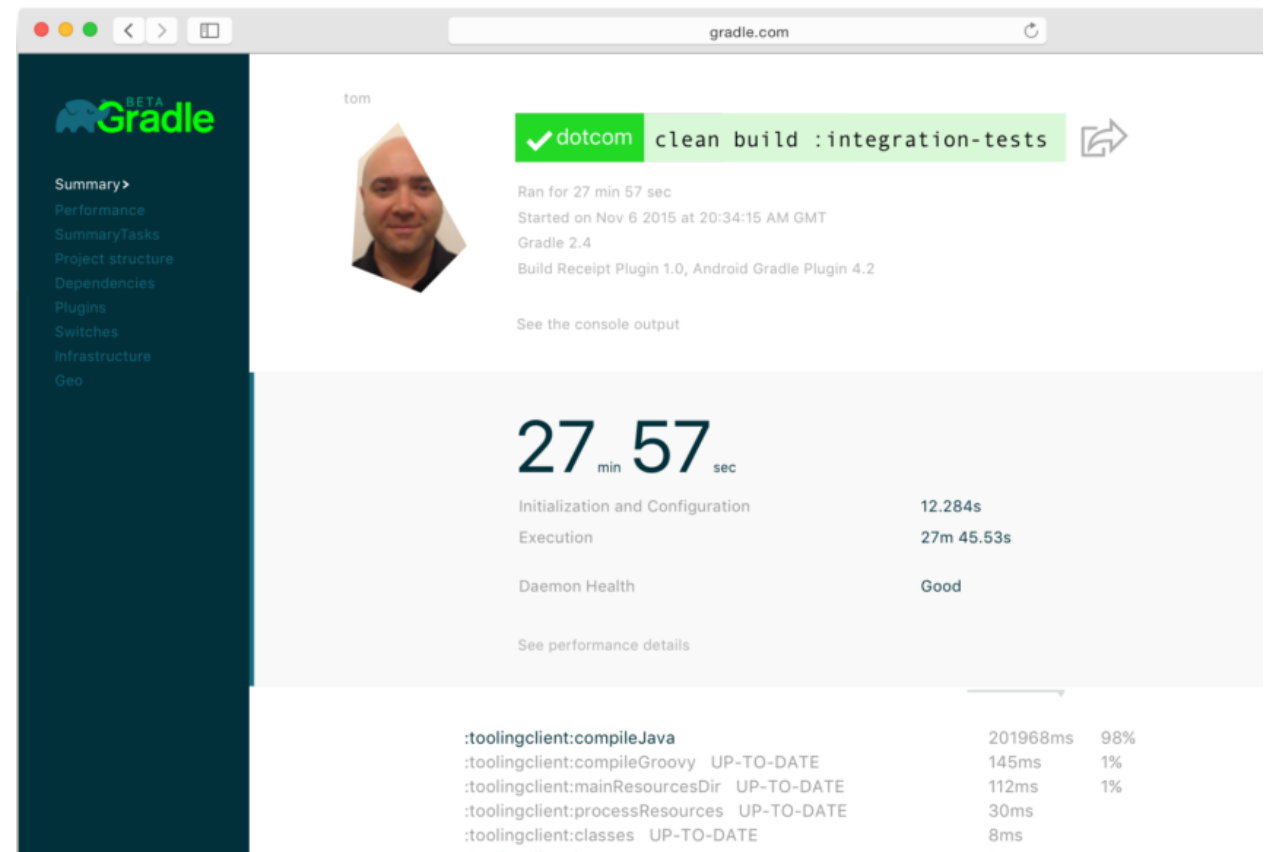
More info:

<https://github.com/gradle/gradle/blob/master/design-docs/testing-toolkit.md>

Introducing Gradle Cloud Services

The first service, **Gradle Build Scans**, is now available.

- Insights into your build
- View and share via URL
- Debug, optimize and refine
- Analyze *all* of your builds



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We're Hiring: Gradle is hiring front-end, back-end, and core software engineers. Visit gradle.org/jobs to apply

Thank You!

Please ask questions...



<https://www.github.com/bmuschko>



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Learn more at www.gradle.org