

Properties of Logarithms

1. If $x > 0 \Rightarrow x = a^{\log_a x}$ ($\forall a > 0, a \neq 1$)
2. $\log_a a = 1$ ($\forall a > 0, a \neq 1$)
3. $\log_a 1 = 0$ ($\forall a > 0, a \neq 1$)
4. If $x_1 > 0$ and $x_2 > 0$:
 $\log_a(x_1 x_2) = \log_a x_1 + \log_a x_2$
 $\log_a\left(\frac{x_1}{x_2}\right) = \log_a x_1 - \log_a x_2$
($\forall a > 0$ and $a \neq 1$)
5. If $x > 0 \Rightarrow \log_a x^p = p \log_a x$ ($\forall a > 0, a \neq 1$)
6. If $x > 0 \Rightarrow \log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$ ($\forall b > 0, b \neq 1$) **Change of Base**
7. $\log_a b = \frac{1}{\log_b a} \Leftrightarrow \log_a b \cdot \log_b a = 1$ ($\forall a > 0, a \neq 1, b > 0, b \neq 1$)
8. $\log_{a^m} b = \frac{1}{m} \log_a b$ ($a > 0, a \neq 1, m \neq 0, b > 0$)
9. $\log_a b = m \log_{a^m} b = \log_{a^m} b^m$ ($a > 0, a \neq 1, m \in \mathbb{R}$ and $m \neq 0$)

Exponential Function Properties

$$y = a^x, a > 0, a \neq 1$$

1. Domain: \mathbb{R} (set of all real numbers)
2. Range: \mathbb{R}^+ (set of all positive numbers: $a^x > 0, \forall x$)
3. If $a > 1$ $y \uparrow$, i.e. if $x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow a^{x_1} < a^{x_2}$
If $0 < a < 1$ $y \downarrow$, i.e. if $x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow a^{x_1} > a^{x_2}$
4. If $a^{x_1} = a^{x_2} \Rightarrow x_1 = x_2$

Logarithmic Function Properties

$$y = \log_a x, a > 0, a \neq 1$$

1. Domain: \mathbb{R}^+
2. Range: \mathbb{R}
3. If $a > 1$ $y \uparrow$, i.e. if $x_2 > x_1 > 0 \Rightarrow \log_a x_2 > \log_a x_1$
4. If $0 < a < 1$ $y \downarrow$, i.e. if $x_2 > x_1 > 0 \Rightarrow \log_a x_2 < \log_a x_1$