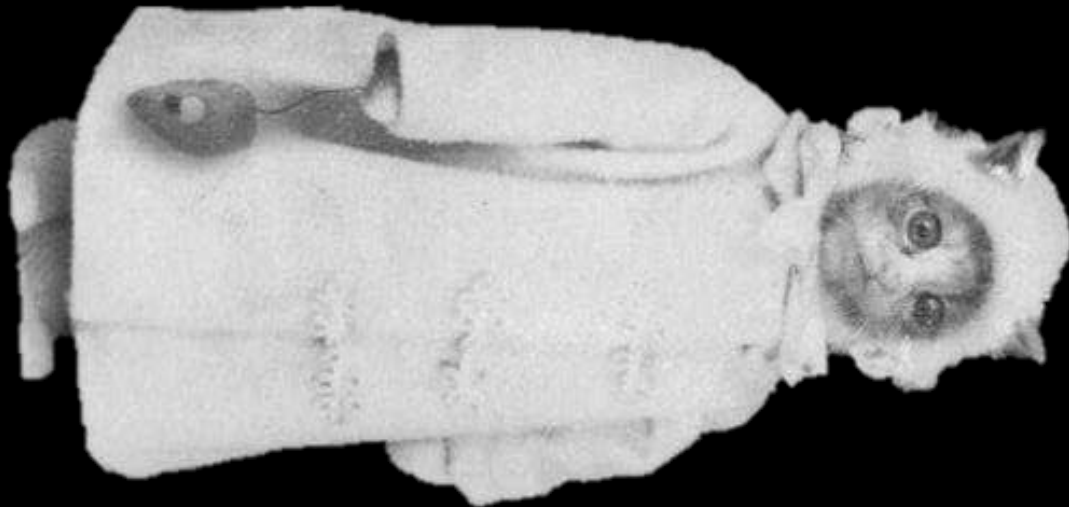


Windows Kernel Fuzzing for Intermediate Learners

Ben Nagy

PSA WARNINGS

- ALLERGY: Some Recycled Material
- SPOILER: Not Really About Kernel Fuzzing
- TRIGGER: Neckbeards



About Me:

- Not oldsk00l. Just old.
- ~ 11 weeks kernel experience
- ~ 8 years fuzzing experience
- ~ 25 years nerding experience
- Hate all Technology
- Certified Windows Internals Expert!

Disclaimer:

I am aware of the prevailing opinion that fuzzing talks without bugs suck, by definition. I do not have any bugs. Even if I did have bugs, I wouldn't tell you. There are no bugs.





ALL LIES!

Not fuzzing ALPC - Fuzzing *with* ALPC



ALL LIES!

Not kernel fuzzing - new attack surface for userland



ALL LIES!

... but we need to understand the kernel first



Fuzzing Made Simple

- Select a Good Target
- Acquire Essential Knowledge
- Apply Fuzzing Canon
 - How do we Deliver
 - How do we Instrument
 - How do we Generate
 - How does that Scale

Phase I - Target Selection

Target: ALPC

Why ALPC?

- New
- Tricky
- Undocumented
- Everywhere

What Bug Classes?

- Privesc to SYSTEM(+) from anywhere
- Memory Helpers
 - Fill memory
 - Disclose?
- DoS
- “Jackpot” bug?

ALPC What Do?

- Interprocess Communication
- New in Vista+
- Low Level
- Sync / Async, Fast, Awesome

www.syscan.org/index.php/download/get/d596c7dc486175148fc038387dc80be2/SyScan2014_AlexIonescu_AllabouttheRPCALPCandLPCinyourPC.zip

ALPC What Do?

- Shared Memory Views
- IO Completion Ports
- Lots of security, enforced by the kernel
- TOCTOU Safe

www.syscan.org/index.php/download/get/d596c7dc486175148fc038387dc80be2/SyScan2014_AlexIonescu_AllabouttheRPCALPCandLPCinyourPC.zip

ALPC What Do?

- RPC / RPC-DCOM run on it
- Can also be used directly
- Imagine it like a network

www.syscan.org/index.php/download/get/d596c7dc486175148fc038387dc80be2/SyScan2014_AlexIonescu_AllabouttheRPCLRPCALPCandLPCinyourPC.zip

User land

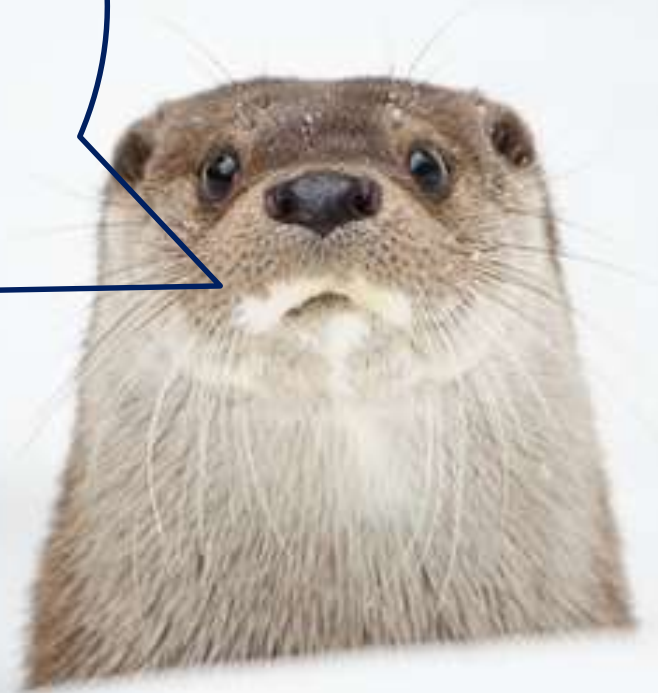
foo.exe

RPC

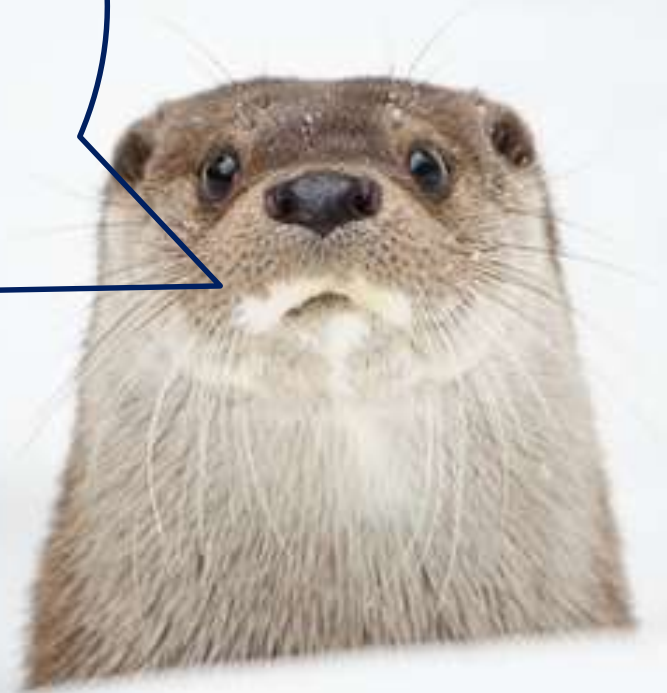
service.exe



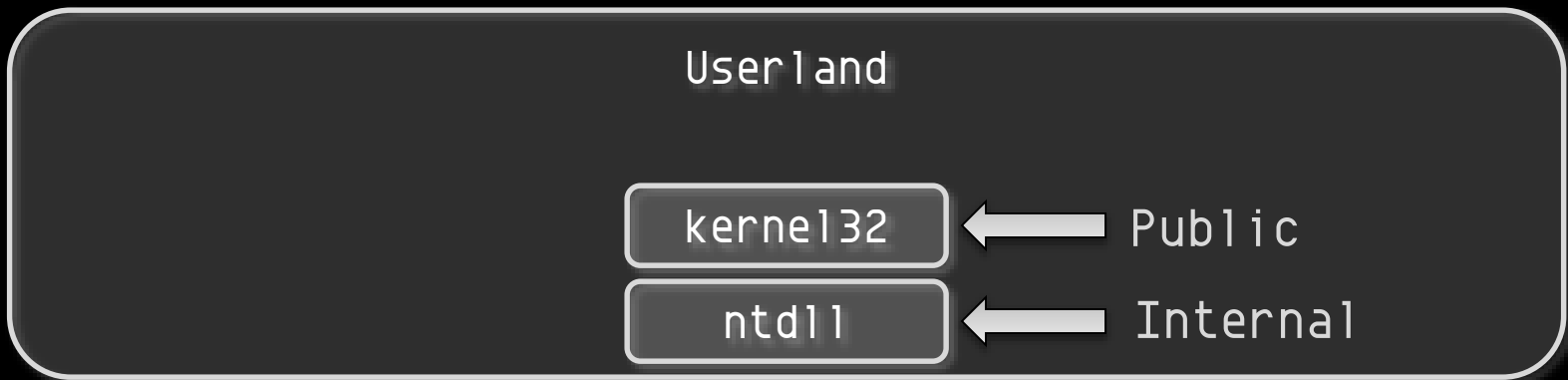
Not how it works, yo



(ohai I'm Barry)



Kernel Recap



Userland

kernel32

ntdll

1. Setup syscall args
2. syscall number in eax
3. int2e / sysenter / syscall

-- ("context switch") --

"NT Executive"

4. Lookup syscall in SSDT
5. Dispatch to correct component

IO

USER

GDI

Boring / Complicated

Drivers

Drivers

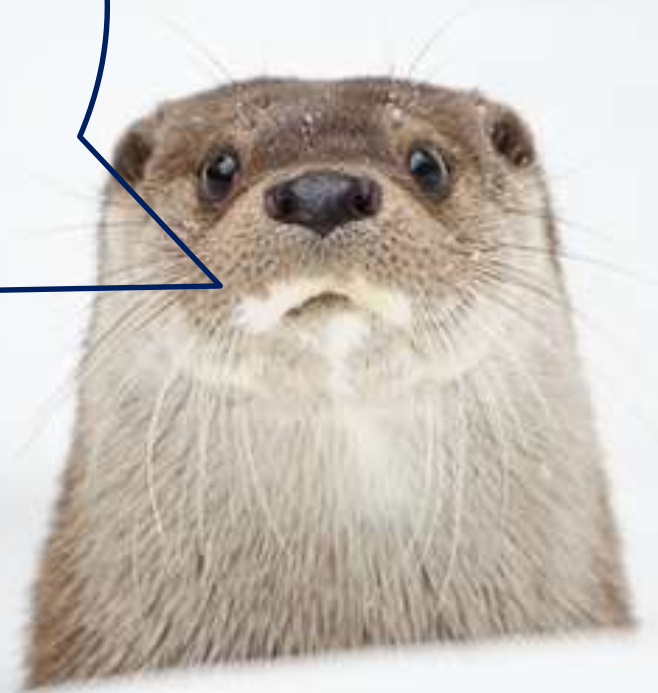
Drivers

More Complicated Stuff

Hardware



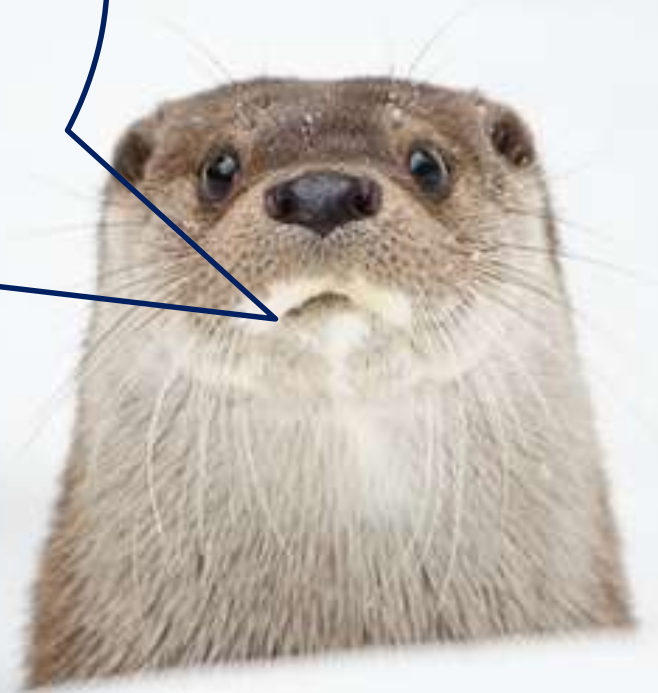
Kernel has Objects.
There are many kinds.



They go in Directories

Object Manager
manages them

(duh.)



... where were we?

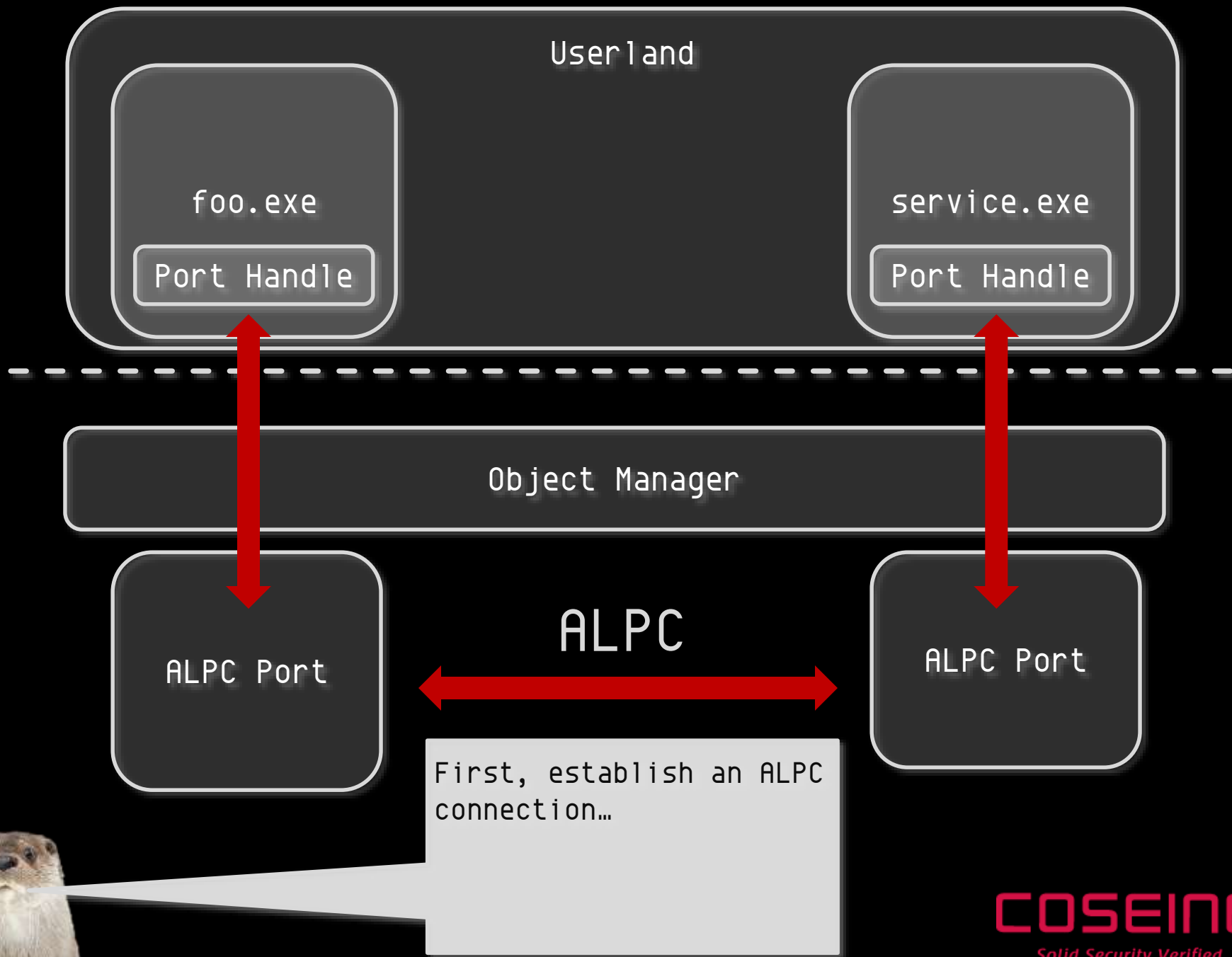
User land

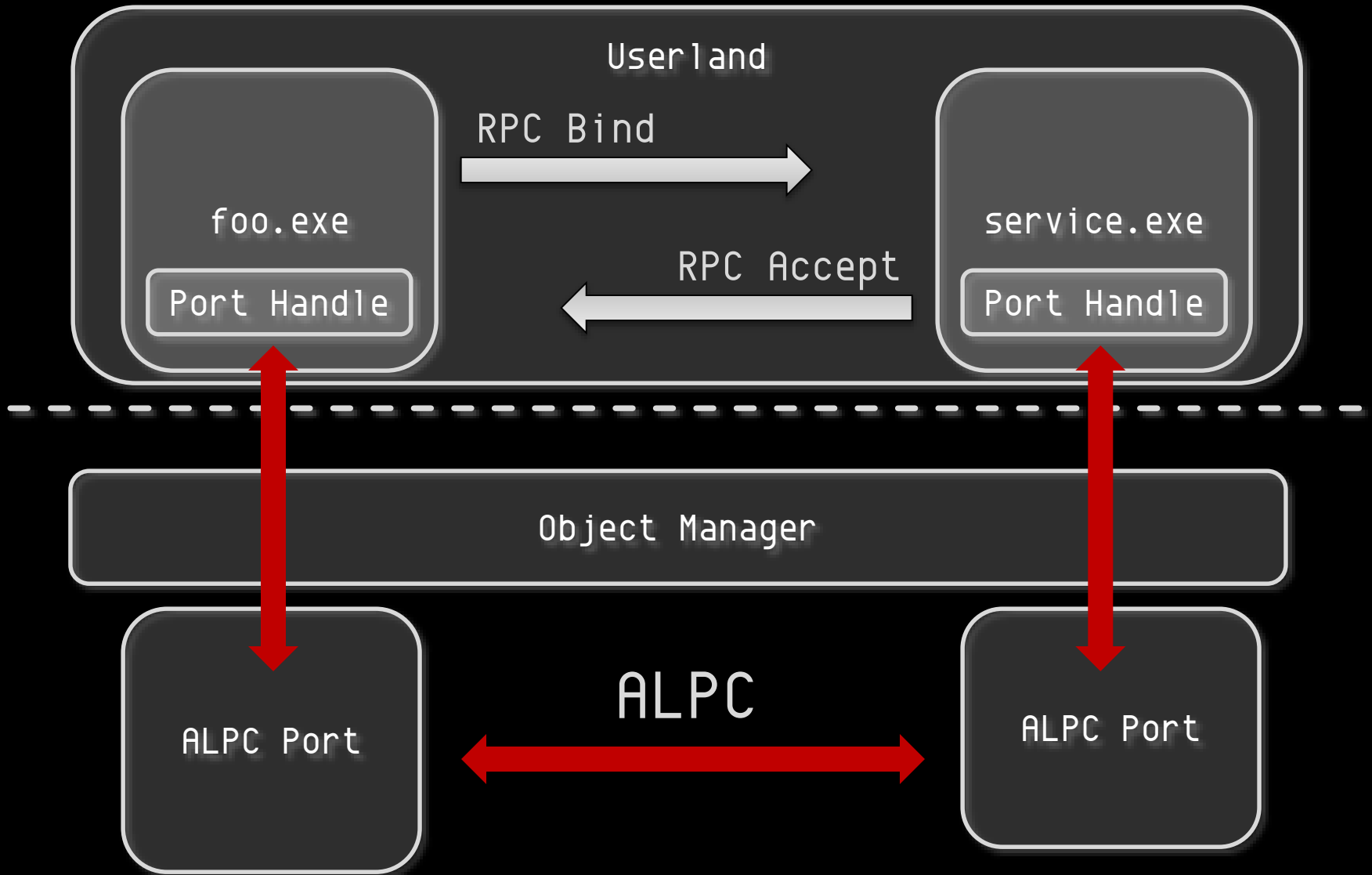
foo.exe

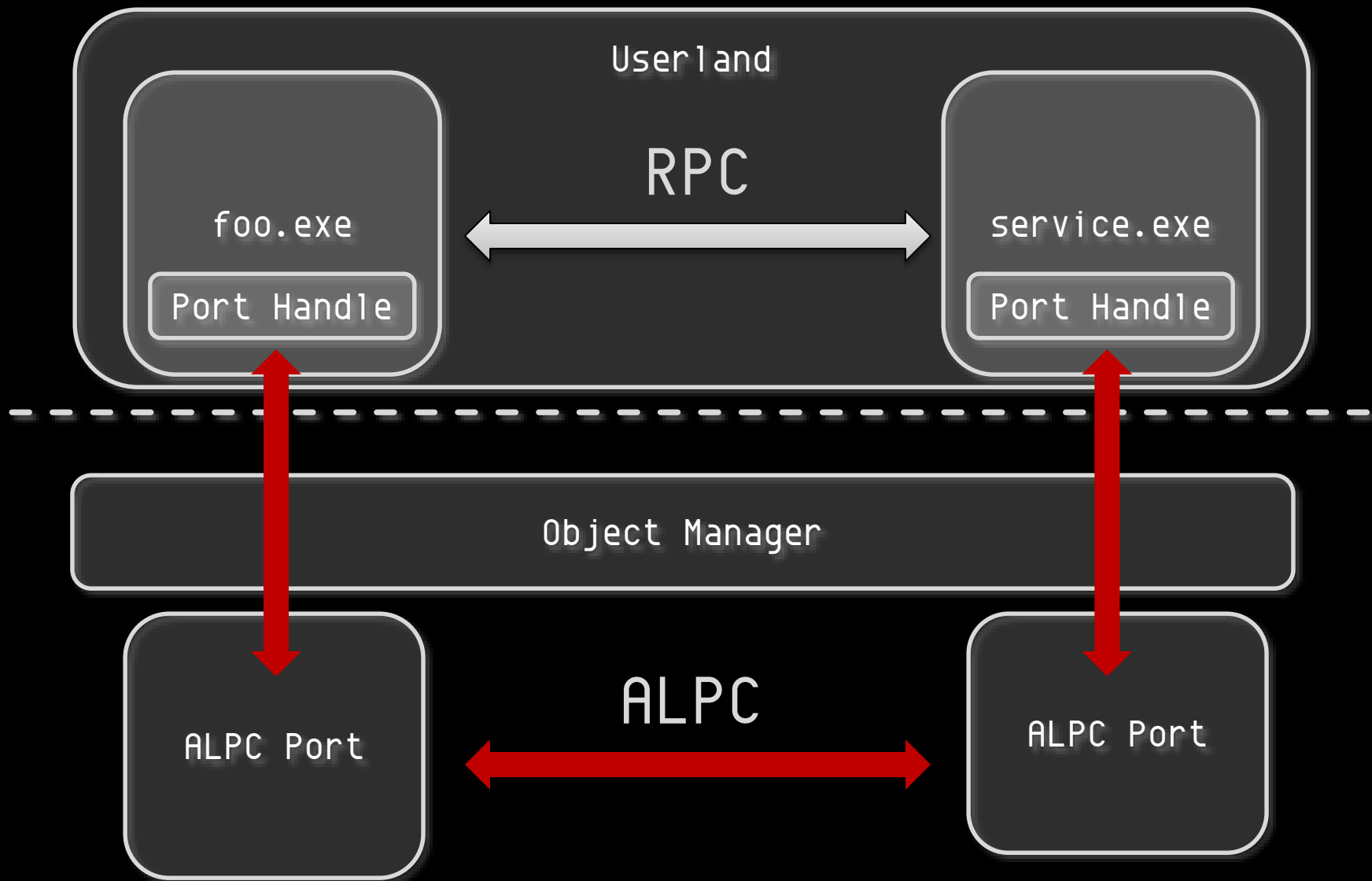
RPC

service.exe









Phase II - Acquire Knowledge

ALPC Surface

ALPC Attack Surface

- Who talks to whom?
- Which processes have open ports?

WinObj - Sysinternals: www.sysinternals.com

File View Help

Name	Type	SymLink
ArcName	ALPC Port	
BaseNamedObjects	ALPC Port	
Callback	ALPC Port	
Device	ALPC Port	
Driver	ALPC Port	
FileSystem	ALPC Port	
GLOBAL??	ALPC Port	
KernelObjects	ALPC Port	
KnownDlls	ALPC Port	
KnownDlls32	ALPC Port	
NLS	ALPC Port	
ObjectTypes	ALPC Port	
RPC Control	ALPC Port	
Security	ALPC Port	
Sessions	ALPC Port	
UMDFCommunicationPorts	ALPC Port	
Windows	ALPC Port	
OLE31E7B8CC11BC42A89252579F28B1	ALPC Port	
OLE346FD9BAF68462EB783AED1D94C	ALPC Port	
OLE3A92D54243214E89A133CAC20AB3	ALPC Port	
OLE3F8649594F89477883FF2B511E5F	ALPC Port	
OLE4145347BBD8248E99512382E3303	ALPC Port	
OLE42631A68EAD1438BA9F8537FF345	ALPC Port	
OLE5171E63FC98341C6A1DE57CC9FA7	ALPC Port	
OLE5C2581F61887462888BCC7F60659	ALPC Port	
OLE7FFD5E541DEE450BB2B734FC8A94	ALPC Port	
OLE9A4737D7B98049D4A2ACFD805EF6	ALPC Port	
OLE9E1A96F17E9D4F0F92E1AAB876C4	ALPC Port	
OLEB3E71EF9DE294C3784BFCE3170A	ALPC Port	
OLED77F752EEF1C40DF9BBC4C00EF46	ALPC Port	
OLEDBB7D660E838431EA0058DFC8A86	ALPC Port	
OLEEE4CCA55FF464D8BA6203E40E4F8	ALPC Port	
OLEFEFA4508050544F4BDCBEF3E43A7	ALPC Port	
PlaySoundKRpc1	ALPC Port	
plugplay	ALPC Port	
protected_storage	ALPC Port	
samss lpc	ALPC Port	
securityevent	ALPC Port	
senssvc	ALPC Port	
spoolss	ALPC Port	
STI_LRPC	ALPC Port	
trkwks	ALPC Port	
ubpmrpc	ALPC Port	
umpo	ALPC Port	
W32TIME_ALT	ALPC Port	
WindowsShutdown	ALPC Port	
WMsgKRpc093780	ALPC Port	
WMsgKRpc095651	ALPC Port	

\RPC Control\OLE9E1A96F17E9D4F0F92E1AAB876C4

WinObj - Sysinternals: www.sysinternals.com

File View Help

- ArcName
- BaseNamedObjects
- Callback
- Device
- Driver
- FileSystem
- GLOBAL??
- KernelObjects
- KnownDlls
- KnownDlls32
- NLS
- ObjectTypes
- RPC Control
- Security
- Sessions
- UMDFCommunicationPorts
- Windows

Name	Type	SymLink
OLE31E788CC11BC42AB9252579F28B1	ALPC Port	
OLE346FD98AAF68462E8783AED1D94C	ALPC Port	
OLE3A92D54243214E89A133CAC20AB3	ALPC Port	
OLE3F8649594F89477883FF2B511E5F	ALPC Port	
OLE41453478BD824BE99512382E3303	ALPC Port	
OLE42631A68EAD1438BA9F8537FF345	ALPC Port	
OLE5171E63FC98341C6A1DE57CC9FA7	ALPC Port	
OLE5C25B1F61887462888BC7F60659	ALPC Port	
OLE7FFD5E541DEE4508B2B734FC8A94	ALPC Port	
OLE9A4737D7B98049D4A2ACFD805EF6	ALPC Port	
OLE9E1A96F17E9D4F0F92E1AAB876C4	ALPC Port	
OLEB3E71EF9DE294C3784BFCF3170A	ALPC Port	
OLED77F752EEF1C40DF9B8C4C00EF46	ALPC Port	
OLEDB87D660E838431EA0058DFC8A86	ALPC Port	
OLEEE4CCA55FF464D8BA6203E40E4F8	ALPC Port	
OLEFEFA4508050544F48DCBEF3E43A7	ALPC Port	
PlaySoundKRpc1		
plugplay	ALPC Port	
protected_storage	ALPC Port	
samss lpc	ALPC Port	
securityevent	ALPC Port	
senssvc	ALPC Port	
spoolss	ALPC Port	
STL_RPC	ALPC Port	
trkwks	ALPC Port	
ubpmrpc	ALPC Port	
umpo	ALPC Port	
W32TIME_ALT	ALPC Port	
WindowsShutdown	ALPC Port	
WMsgKRpc0937B0	ALPC Port	
WMsgKRpc095651	ALPC Port	

WinObj Error

This object type cannot be opened

OK

\\RPC Control\\OLE9E1A96F17E9D4F0F92E1AAB876C4



lrm2kd, noob!

```
lkd> !process 0 0 services.exe
PROCESS fffffa803228cb30
  SessionId: 0  Cid: 0234    Peb: 7fffffff5000  ParentCid: 01b8
  DirBase: 907c9000  ObjectTable: fffff8a0014c8620  HandleCount: 220.
  Image: services.exe
```



```
lkd> !alpc /lpp fffffa803228cb30
```

Ports created by the process fffffa803228cb30:

```
fffffa80322d4090('ntsvcs') 18, 24 connections
```

```
fffffa80322ff680 0 -> fffffa80322aeb30 0 fffffa803229d650('lsmd.exe')
fffffa8032302e60 0 -> fffffa8032301070 0 fffffa803229a7c0('lsass.exe')
fffffa8032308b10 0 -> fffffa8032308d20 0 fffffa8032305060('svchost.exe')
fffffa8032340890 0 -> fffffa8032340aa0 0 fffffa8032341b30('svchost.exe')
fffffa8032394e60 0 -> fffffa8032391e60 0 fffffa803225a060('winlogon.exe')
fffffa8032396e60 0 -> fffffa8032390e60 0 fffffa8032378b30('svchost.exe')
fffffa80323dde60 0 -> fffffa80323b43c0 0 fffffa80323ceb30('svchost.exe')
fffffa80330eac50 0 -> fffffa80330eae60 0 fffffa80323f9b30('svchost.exe')
fffffa80339b3070 0 -> fffffa80339b3e60 0 fffffa80323d4b30('svchost.exe')
fffffa80339dedc0 0 -> fffffa80339dc680 0 fffffa80339d78c0('svchost.exe')
fffffa8033c81070 0 -> fffffa8033c7ee60 0 fffffa8033c66b30('spoolsv.exe')
fffffa8032d07630 0 -> fffffa8032d07840 0 fffffa8033c9ab30('svchost.exe')
```

```

lkd> !alpc /p fffffa80322d4090
Port fffffa80322d4090
Type I : ALPC_CONNECTION_PORT
CommunicationInfo : fffff8a001542490
  ConnectionPort : fffffa80322d4090 (ntsvcs)
  ClientCommunicationPort : 0000000000000000
  ServerCommunicationPort : 0000000000000000
OwnerProcess : fffffa803228cb30 (services.exe)
SequenceNo : 0x000000CE (206)
CompletionPort : fffffa80322b85c0
CompletionList : 0000000000000000
MessageZone : 0000000000000000
ConnectionPending : No
ConnectionRefused : No
Disconnected : No
Closed : No
FlushOnClose : Yes
ReturnExtendedInfo : No
Waitable : No
Security : Static
Wow64CompletionList : No

```

```
kd> !alpc /lp
fffffa8030d004c0 CON 0
fffffa8030d002b0 CON 0
fffffa8031eedb20 CON 0
fffffa8031f26190 CON 0
fffffa8032219b20 CON 0
fffffa8032219340 CON 0
fffffa803221be60 CLI 0
fffffa803221bc50 SRV 0
fffffa803221ba40 CLI 0
fffffa803221b830 SRV 0
fffffa8031fbcd10 CLI 0
fffffa8032225790 SRV 0
fffffa8032230e60 CON 0
fffffa8032232d20 CLI 0
fffffa8032235e60 SRV 0
fffffa803225fe60 CON 0
fffffa803225f680 CON 0
fffffa8032260e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032260590 SRV 0
fffffa8032260380 CLI 0
fffffa8032260170 SRV 0
fffffa803221fcb0 CLI 0
fffffa8032c7f880 SRV 0
fffffa80322722c0 CON 0
fffffa8032274e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032273d70 SRV 0
fffffa803224fb80 CON 0
fffffa8032299610 CLI 0
fffffa8032299370 SRV 0
fffffa803229d070 CLI 0
fffffa803229c730 SRV 0
fffffa80322a0720 CON 7
fffffa803229eaf0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e050 SRV 0
fffffa803229e8e0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e380 SRV 0
fffffa80322aae60 CLI 0
fffffa80322aab30 SRV 0
fffffa80322e3090 CON 0
fffffa80322dc090 CON 0
fffffa80322f4e60 CON 0
fffffa80322e3e60 CON 0
fffffa80322f69d0 CON 0
fffffa80322f67a0 CON 0
fffffa80322f7440 CLI 0
fffffa80322f7230 SRV 0
fffffa80322c9d00 CON 0
fffffa80322c63b0 CLI 0
fffffa803224eaf0 SRV 0
```

```
kd> !alpc /lp
fffffa8030d004c0 CON 0
fffffa8030d002b0 CON 0
fffffa8031eedb20 CON 0
fffffa8031f26190 CON 0
fffffa8032219b20 CON 0
fffffa8032219340 CON 0
fffffa803221be60 CLI 0
fffffa803221bc50 SRV 0
fffffa803221ba40 CLI 0
fffffa803221b830 SRV 0
fffffa8031fbcd10 CLI 0
fffffa8032225790 SRV 0
fffffa8032230e60 CON 0
fffffa8032232d20 CLI 0
fffffa8032235e60 SRV 0
fffffa803225fe60 CON 0
fffffa803225f680 CON 0
fffffa8032260e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032260590 SRV 0
fffffa8032260380 CLI 0
fffffa8032260170 SRV 0
fffffa803221fcb0 CLI 0
fffffa8032c7f880 SRV 0
fffffa80322722c0 CON 0
fffffa8032274e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032273d70 SRV 0
fffffa803224fb80 CON 0
fffffa8032299610 CLI 0
fffffa8032299370 SRV 0
fffffa803229d070 CLI 0
fffffa803229c730 SRV 0
fffffa80322a0720 CON 7
fffffa803229eaf0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e050 SRV 0
fffffa803229e8e0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e380 SRV 0
fffffa80322aae60 CLI 0
fffffa80322aab30 SRV 0
fffffa80322e3090 CON 0
fffffa80322dc090 CON 0
fffffa80322f4e60 CON 0
fffffa80322e3e60 CON 0
fffffa80322f69d0 CON 0
fffffa80322f67a0 CON 0
fffffa80322f7440 CLI 0
fffffa80322f7230 SRV 0
fffffa80322c9d00 CON 0
fffffa80322c63b0 CLI 0
fffffa803224eaf0 SRV 0
```

```
fffffa80339b25c0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b3620 SRV 0
fffffa80339b5710 CLI 0
fffffa80339b5070 SRV 0
fffffa80339b38e0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b6e60 SRV 0
fffffa80339b6070 CLI 0
fffffa80339b7070 SRV 0
fffffa80339b5b50 CLI 0
fffffa80339b7ab0 SRV 0
fffffa80339cc070 CLI 0
fffffa80339b2e60 SRV 0
fffffa8033987090 CON 0
fffffa80339c06a0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b6740 SRV 0
fffffa80339bf120 CON 0
fffffa80339c0090 CON 0
fffffa80339d56d0 CON 52
fffffa80339d8b80 CLI 0
fffffa80339d88e0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dccf0 CLI 0
fffffa80339dcae0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dc680 CLI 0
fffffa80339dedc0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dfe60 CLI 0
fffffa80339df070 SRV 0
fffffa80339eabe0 CLI 0
fffffa80339ebaf0 SRV 0
fffffa80339ecaf0 CON 0
fffffa80339ec8c0 CON 0
fffffa80339f3970 CLI 0
fffffa80339ed070 SRV 0
fffffa80339ed2c0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c145a0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c19920 CLI 0
fffffa8033c19710 SRV 0
fffffa8033c193b0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c1a070 SRV 0
fffffa8033c22510 CON 0
fffffa8033c1fdd0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c1f6f0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c37390 CLI 0
fffffa8033c38070 SRV 0
fffffa8033c43290 CLI 0
fffffa8033c3ea40 SRV 0
fffffa8033c3e070 CLI 0
fffffa8033c3e5c0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c52e60 CLI 0
fffffa8033c48740 SRV 0
fffffa8033c6f070 CLI 0
fffffa8033c6f280 SRV 0
fffffa80323b2500 CLI 0
fffffa8033c80800 SRV 0
```


[kd> !alpc /lp

```
fffffa8030d004c0 CON 0
fffffa8030d002b0 CON 0
fffffa8031eedb20 CON 0
fffffa8031f26190 CON 0
fffffa8032219b20 CON 0
fffffa8032219340 CON 0
fffffa803221be60 CLI 0
fffffa803221bc50 SRV 0
fffffa803221ba40 CLI 0
fffffa803221b830 SRV 0
fffffa8031fbcd10 CLI 0
fffffa8032225790 SRV 0
fffffa8032230e60 CON 0
fffffa8032232d20 CLI 0
fffffa8032235e60 SRV 0
fffffa803225fe60 CON 0
fffffa803225f680 CON 0
fffffa8032260e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032260590 SRV 0
fffffa8032260380 CLI 0
fffffa8032260170 SRV 0
fffffa803221fcb0 CLI 0
fffffa8032c7f880 SRV 0
fffffa80322722c0 CON 0
fffffa8032274e60 CLI 0
fffffa8032273d70 SRV 0
fffffa803224fb80 CON 0
fffffa8032299610 CLI 0
fffffa8032299370 SRV 0
fffffa803229d070 CLI 0
fffffa803229c730 SRV 0
fffffa80322a0720 CON 7
fffffa803229eaf0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e050 SRV 0
fffffa803229e8e0 CLI 0
fffffa803229e380 SRV 0
fffffa80322aae60 CLI 0
fffffa80322aab30 SRV 0
fffffa80322e3090 CON 0
fffffa80322dc090 CON 0
fffffa80322f4e60 CON 0
fffffa80322e3e60 CON 0
fffffa80322f69d0 CON 0
fffffa80322f67a0 CON 0
fffffa80322f7440 CLI 0
fffffa80322f7230 SRV 0
fffffa80322c9d00 CON 0
fffffa80322c63b0 CLI 0
fffffa803224eaf0 SRV 0
```

```
fffffa80339b25c0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b3620 SRV 0
fffffa80339b5710 CLI 0
fffffa80339b5070 SRV 0
fffffa80339b38e0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b6e60 SRV 0
fffffa80339b6070 CLI 0
fffffa80339b7070 SRV 0
fffffa80339b5b50 CLI 0
fffffa80339b7ab0 SRV 0
fffffa80339cc070 CLI 0
fffffa80339b2e60 SRV 0
fffffa8033987090 CON 0
fffffa80339c06a0 CLI 0
fffffa80339b6740 SRV 0
fffffa80339bf120 CON 0
fffffa80339c0090 CON 0
fffffa80339d56d0 CON 52
fffffa80339d8b80 CLI 0
fffffa80339d88e0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dccf0 CLI 0
fffffa80339dcae0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dc680 CLI 0
fffffa80339dedc0 SRV 0
fffffa80339dfe60 CLI 0
fffffa80339df070 SRV 0
fffffa80339eabe0 CLI 0
fffffa80339ebaf0 SRV 0
fffffa80339ecaf0 CON 0
fffffa80339ec8c0 CON 0
fffffa80339f3970 CLI 0
fffffa80339ed070 SRV 0
fffffa80339ed2c0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c145a0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c19920 CLI 0
fffffa8033c19710 SRV 0
fffffa8033c193b0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c1a070 SRV 0
fffffa8033c22510 CON 0
fffffa8033c1fdd0 CLI 0
fffffa8033c1f6f0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c37390 CLI 0
fffffa8033c38070 SRV 0
fffffa8033c43290 CLI 0
fffffa8033c3ea40 SRV 0
fffffa8033c3e070 CLI 0
fffffa8033c3e5c0 SRV 0
fffffa8033c52e60 CLI 0
fffffa8033c48740 SRV 0
fffffa8033c6f070 CLI 0
fffffa8033c6f280 SRV 0
fffffa80323b2500 CLI 0
fffffa8033c80800 SRV 0
```

```
fffffa803351fe60 CLI 0
fffffa8032267a10 SRV 0
fffffa80334209d0 CLI 0
fffffa80333c84d0 SRV 0
fffffa80331682b0 CLI 0
fffffa80334da3e0 SRV 0
fffffa8033513070 CLI 0
fffffa8033ce7070 SRV 0
fffffa80333306b0 CLI 0
fffffa803346d070 SRV 0
fffffa80333a6960 CLI 0
fffffa803315e950 SRV 0
fffffa8034501e60 CLI 0
fffffa80345023a0 SRV 0
fffffa80333b86a0 CLI 0
fffffa8033512b50 SRV 0
fffffa803346fe60 CLI 0
fffffa8033576a30 SRV 0
fffffa80335da3f0 CLI 0
fffffa8033567780 SRV 0
fffffa803352bbd0 CLI 0
fffffa8033584e60 SRV 0
fffffa80334cc090 CON 0
fffffa8033584c50 CLI 0
fffffa80334cc2c0 SRV 0
fffffa803453a950 CLI 0
fffffa80334c6750 SRV 0
fffffa803346a400 CLI 0
fffffa8035051070 SRV 0
fffffa8035057430 CLI 0
fffffa803328fe60 SRV 0
fffffa8033523070 CLI 0
fffffa803450e560 SRV 0
fffffa8034586c90 CLI 0
fffffa8035419e60 SRV 0
fffffa8034550a70 CLI 0
fffffa8032f46430 SRV 0
fffffa8033464090 CON 0
fffffa80339ab070 CLI 0
fffffa8034597c90 SRV 0
fffffa8034541b30 CLI 0
fffffa80334b1cf0 SRV 0
fffffa8033530a10 CLI 0
fffffa80335c8070 SRV 0
fffffa80345854b0 CLI 0
fffffa8034544990 SRV 0
fffffa8033580810 CON 0
fffffa80335cc070 CLI 0
fffffa8033464e60 CLI 0
fffffa8033409800 SRV 0
fffffa80334f6070 CLI 0
fffffa80334d2a30 SRV 0
```

Isn2code?





Cutting Edge Tech

- <https://github.com/bnagy/rBuggery>
- Ruby wrapper for dbgeng.dll (windbg)
- Fully scriptable debugger
 - kernel debugging
 - LOCAL kernel debugging
- Unique Features:
 - Actually works

Know what the Windows Kernel needs?

A JSON API!

- Wrap rBuggery with Sinatra
- Connect with Go
- Map ALPC
- Drink Barry's salty ragetears



alpcmap

- Start debugger bridge on Windows
- Connect from anywhere
- Maps ports, serves webapp graph
- <https://github.com/bnagy/alpcmap>



alpcmap

- Automates and parses:
 - !alpc /lp, /lpc, /p
 - dt nt_OBJECT_HEADER
 - !token
 - !sd
 - !object
 - !process
 - ...



Initiating demonstration...

Phase III - Generation

What to send?

Phase III - Generation

Examine existing messages!

ALPC Message Logging

- Event Tracing for Windows (ETW)?
- advapi32 has StartTrace() ...
- EVENT_TRACE_FLAG_ALPC ...
- SystemTraceControlGuid ...
- CODEZ!

ALPC Message Logging

- Hacked StartTrace() support into w32
 - Needs lots of support cruft

ETW

```
// Set the session properties. You only append the log file name
// to the properties structure; the StartTrace function appends
// the session name for you.
pSessionProperties.Wnode.BufferSize = uint32(bufsz)
pSessionProperties.Wnode.Flags = w32.WNODE_FLAG_TRACED_GUID
pSessionProperties.Wnode.ClientContext = 1 //QPC clock resolution
pSessionProperties.Wnode.Guid = w32.SystemTraceControlGuid
pSessionProperties.EnableFlags = w32.EVENT_TRACE_FLAG_ALPC
pSessionProperties.LogFileMode = w32.EVENT_TRACE_FILE_MODE_CIRCULAR
pSessionProperties.MaximumFileSize = uint32(*LogfileSize) // MB
pSessionProperties.LoggerNameOffset = uint32(unsafe.Sizeof(w32.EVENT_TRACE_
pSessionProperties.LogFileNameOffset = uint32(unsafe.Sizeof(w32.EVENT_TRACE_

for i, b := range logPathW.Bytes() {
    buf[int(pSessionProperties.LogFileNameOffset)+i] = b
}

// Create the trace session.
hTrace, err := w32.StartTrace(w32.KERNEL_LOGGER_NAME, pSessionProperties)
if err != nil {
    log.Fatalf("StartTrace failed: %v", err)
}
```

FAIL

Xperf, a new tool in the Windows SDK



gr 8 Feb 2008 8:59 PM

15



The SDK team just [shipped the latest version of the Windows SDK](#) which supports Windows Server 2008 and Vista SP1. The SDK now includes an important new tool; the **Windows Performance Tool Kit** from the Windows performance team (we call them the xperf tools for short...)

*This is the first article in the xperf series, the next one is
[Xperf Tools Landing Page and Update](#)*

The xperf tools have long been an internal tool used by our team, and widely throughout Windows, for system-wide performance analysis. Xperf got its start many years ago as a set of command-line tools that produce reports based off the [ETW](#) instrumentation in the kernel[1]. Many other components and applications in Windows are instrumented with ETW and xperf can enable these events, dump them, and analyze them.

Xperf is an important tool for anyone doing system performance work on Windows because it's specifically designed to give you a complete system-wide view of performance over long periods of time (10's of seconds, to minutes)[2]. It's also the only tool that knows how to fully process all the events from the kernel and correlate them into something that makes sense.



ln2google

DOUBLE FAIL

... The message contents aren't even in the ETW output
only the Message IDs ☹️

Undocumented !alpc switch /lm !

Set "AlpcMessageLog" in
HKLM\CCS\Control\Session !

Use this sweet trick to add private
ALPC_MESSAGE_LOG symbol...



symbol.c

```
typedef unsigned long ULONG;  
typedef unsigned char BOOL;  
typedef void* PVOID;
```

```
typedef struct _LIST_ENTRY {  
    struct _LIST_ENTRY* Flink;  
    struct _LIST_ENTRY* Blink;  
} LIST_ENTRY, *PLIST_ENTRY;
```

```
typedef struct _ALPC_MESSAGE_LOG {  
    LIST_ENTRY Entry;  
    LIST_ENTRY HashEntry;  
    PVOID Message;  
    ULONG MessageId;  
    __declspec(align(4)) BOOL Valid;  
    LIST_ENTRY SnapshotListHead;  
} ALPC_MESSAGE_LOG, *PALPC_MESSAGE_LOG;
```

```
ALPC_MESSAGE_LOG foo;
```

That's a private symbol!



```
cl.exe /Zi /Gz /c /Fdntkrnlmp  
/IC:\WinDDK\7600.16385.1\inc\ddk  
/IC:\WinDDK\7600.16385.1\inc\crt  
/D_X86_=1 symbols.c
```

```
// FIXME
```


Pass in the existing .pdb
It will be modified in-place
(so save a copy)



FAIL



Oh, BTW, /Im only works in Vista...



(except debug builds)

ALPC Message Logging

FINE! Let's use rBuggery then.

ntdll!ZwAlpcSendWaitReceivePort:

4c8bd1 mov r10,rcx

b882000000 mov eax,82h

0f05 syscall

c3 ret

Message contents added
and removed here ;-)



ALPC Message Logging

```
NTSYSCALLAPI
NTSTATUS
NTAPI
NtAlpcSendWaitReceivePort(
    __in HANDLE PortHandle,
    __in ULONG Flags,
    __in_opt PPORT_MESSAGE SendMessage,
    __in_opt PALPC_MESSAGE_ATTRIBUTES SendMessageAttributes,
    __inout_opt PPORT_MESSAGE ReceiveMessage,
    __inout_opt PULONG BufferLength,
    __inout_opt PALPC_MESSAGE_ATTRIBUTES ReceiveMessageAttributes,
    __in_opt PLARGE_INTEGER Timeout
);
```

0x28

x64 fastcall uses registers for first 4 args, but space is still reserved for them on the stack...



Breakpoint Callback

```
bp_proc = lambda {|args|  
  begin  
    p_msg = debugger.read_pointers( debugger.registers['rsp']+0x28 ).first  
    return 1 if p_msg.null?  
  
    # hackily get total length  
    message_offset = p_msg.address  
    total_length = debugger.read_virtual( message_offset+2, 2 ).unpack('s').first  
  
    if total_length >= PORT_MESSAGE_SIZE  
      message = debugger.read_virtual(message_offset, total_length)  
      q.push message  
    end  
  
  ensure  
    return 1 # DEBUG_STATUS_GO  
  end  
}
```

ॐ (ॐ ॐ) ॐ

Sappy Moralizing Interlude

- Learned cool stuff while failing
- Presenting failure helps everyone



DEMO?

Phase IV - Delivery

ALPC Programming

What I cannot create,
I do not understand.

Know how to solve every
problem that has been solved

Why const \times sort

TO LEARN:

Bethe Ansatz Pro

Kondo

2-D Hall

accel. Temp

Non linear classical Hy

$$\textcircled{A} f = u(r, a)$$

$$g = 4(r \cdot z) u(r)$$

$$\textcircled{B} f = 2|r \cdot a| u$$



Programming with ALPC

- Very little documentation!
 - New Edition of Windows Internals
 - Some LPC stuff on j00ru's blog
 - Alex Ionescu's trainings
 - ntlpcapi.h
 - This project (didn't test)
 - <https://github.com/avalon1610/ALPC/tree/master/ALPC>

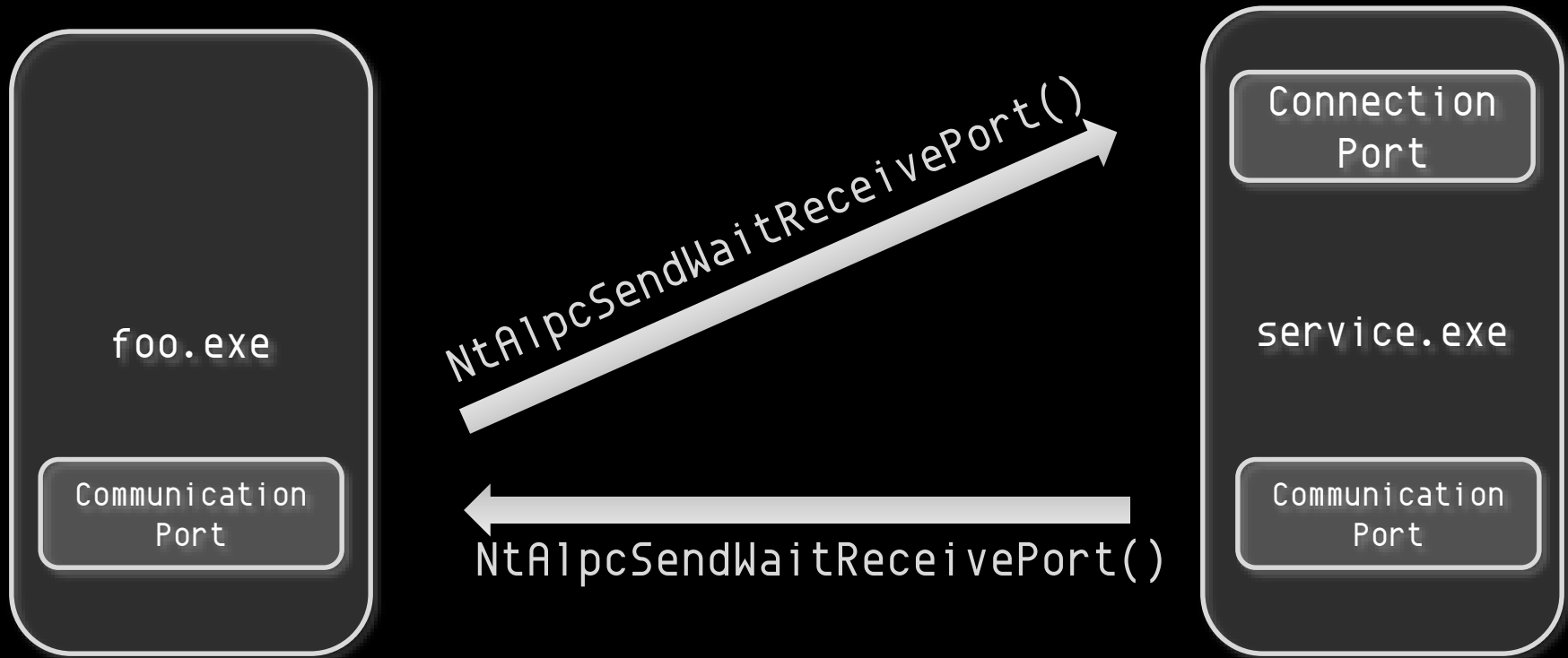
Why use Go?

- Compiled.
 - Windows users can ship binaries
- Idiomatic Windows binding (w32)
- cgo - use headers directly in a pinch
- Raging code hipster



- Server can refuse
- Connection message optional





Servers only wait on one port!



Your flippant
manner
wearies me.
Display your
pathetic code
immediately.



Connection - Client

```
hPort, e = w32.NtAlpcConnectPort(  
    serverName,  
    &oa,  
    &basicPortAttr,  
    w32.ALPC_PORFLG_ALLOW_LPC_REQUESTS,  
    nil,  
    pConnMsg,  
    nil,  
    nil,  
    nil,  
    nil,  
)
```

Acceptance - Server

```
hPort, e = w32.NtAlpcAcceptConnectPort(  
    hSrv,  
    0,  
    &oa,  
    &basicPortAttr,  
    context,  
    pConnReq,  
    nil,  
    accepted,  
)
```

Receive Loop - Client

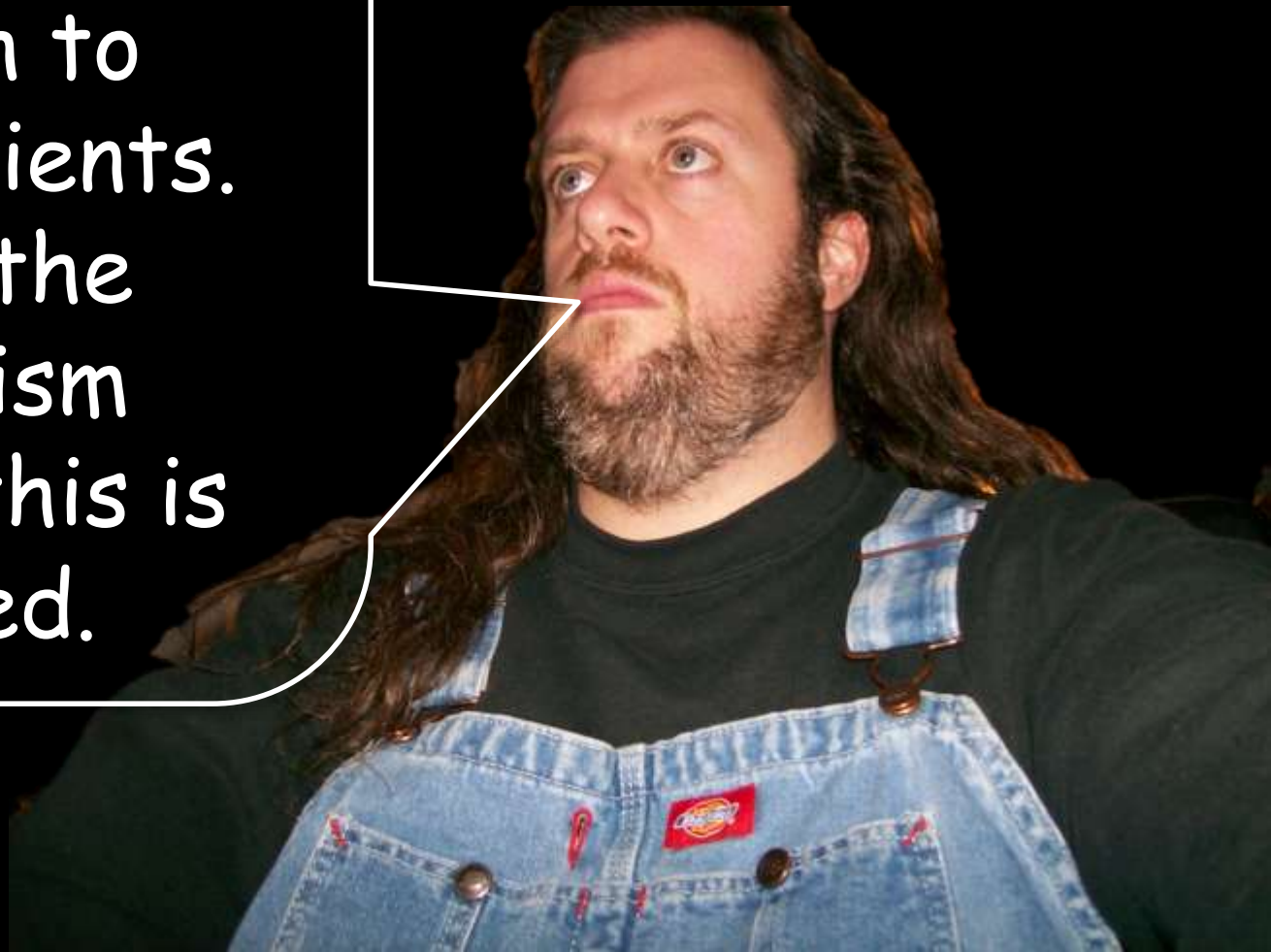
```
// Reset the buffer, or the fields set in the previous recv will cause
// the message to be rejected - new ALPC messages should have most
// fields zeroed, as they are filled in by the kernel
clientMsg.Reset()
clientMsg.SetData([]byte(msg))

log.Printf("Client: Sending %s to handle %x", msg, hClientComm)
err := w32.NtAlpcSendWaitReceivePort(
    hClientComm,
    0,
    &clientMsg,
    nil,
    &clientMsg,
    nil,
    nil,
    nil,
)
if err != nil {
    log.Fatalf("Client: Recv Error: %v", err)
}
```

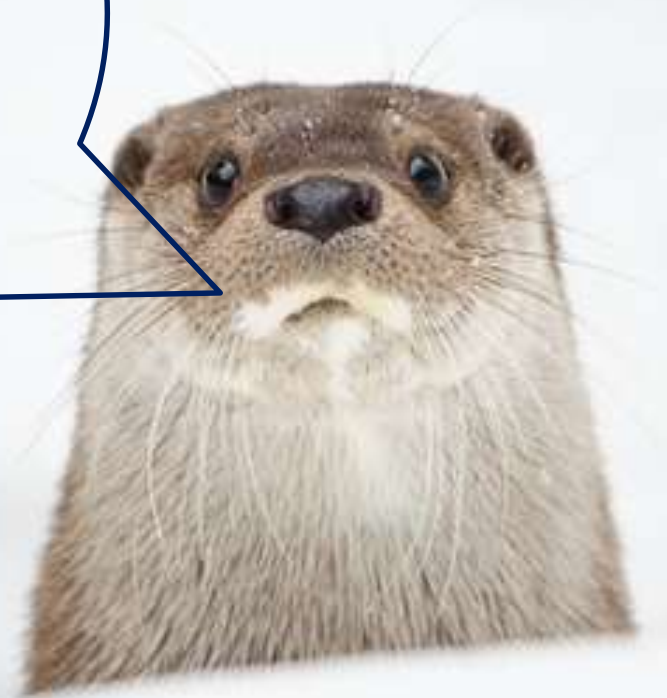
Note same buffer for send / recv...



Your puerile code
lacks all ability to
dispatch to
multiple clients.
Clarify the
mechanism
whereby this is
achieved.



Context Attributes!



Message Attributes

- Context - opaque struct
- Security
- Data View - share memory
- Handle - share handles

Secured “in transit” by the kernel



Capture

```
if recvMsg.Type&w32.LPC_CONNECTION_REQUEST == w32.LPC_CONNECTION_REQUEST {  
  
    log.Printf("Server: Connection Message: % x", recvMsg.GetData())  
  
    portContext := w32.AlpcPortContext{}  
    handles = append(handles, &portContext)  
    hServerComm, err := basicalpc.Accept(hServerConn, &portContext, &recvMsg, true)  
    if err != nil {  
        log.Fatalf("Server: Failed to accept client: %v", err)  
    }  
    // Save the communication port handle in the context. We could  
    // save anything we wanted, this is an opaque blob.  
    portContext.Handle = hServerComm  
    log.Printf("Server: New Communication Port, handle: %x", hServerComm)
```

Expose and Cast

```
pMsgAttrs := w32.AlpcGetMessageAttribute(  
    pRecvAttrs,  
    w32.ALPC_MESSAGE_CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE,  
)  
  
if pMsgAttrs != nil {  
    context = (*w32.ALPC_CONTEXT_ATTR)(pMsgAttrs)  
    commHandle := context.PortContext.Handle  
  
    if commHandle != 0 {
```

FAILS?

ALPC Programming Tips

- ntstatus.h - learn it, live it, love it
- Zero out reused buffers / headers
- Initialize struct Length fields
- Double check your flags
 - ALPC_PORFLG_*
 - ALPC_MSGFLG_*

Code - Go

- <https://github.com/bnagy/w32>
- <https://github.com/bnagy/alpcgo>
 - High level API
 - alpcchocli / alpcchosrv
 - alpcbridge (jsonrpc API)

Rust or Haskell
would clearly
have been a more
felicitous choice.

Whoa! I can connect
with 5 lines of python!

WHAN RELEASE FUZZER??



My TODOs

- Add Attribute support to Send()
 - Rating: EASY (NOW...)
- Add LRPC Parsing?
 - Rating: HARD
- Add MitM Fuzzing Proxy
 - Rating: NOT FOR RELEASE

Your TODOs

- Here's the whole JSONRPC API:
 - Connect()
 - Send()
 - Close()
- Add radamsa and 15 lines of python
 - Rating: TRIVIAL



Instrumentation

- Userland Issues
 - “Normal” Exception instrumentation
 - RADAR
 - [http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd393057\(WS.10\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd393057(WS.10).aspx)
 - ProcDump
 - <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/dd996900.aspx>

Instrumentation

- BSOD Logging
 - Dump to disk
 - Check for dumps at startup
 - Dispatch to a triage server

My work here is done



Thanks:

- Alex Ionescu
- @miaubiz

Contact:

- ben@1rn2google.com
- @rantyben
- github.com/bnagy



COSEINC[®]
Solid Security. Verified.



Questions?