

< technical
environmental
systems >

project/ Building_Simulation

professor/ najafi behzad

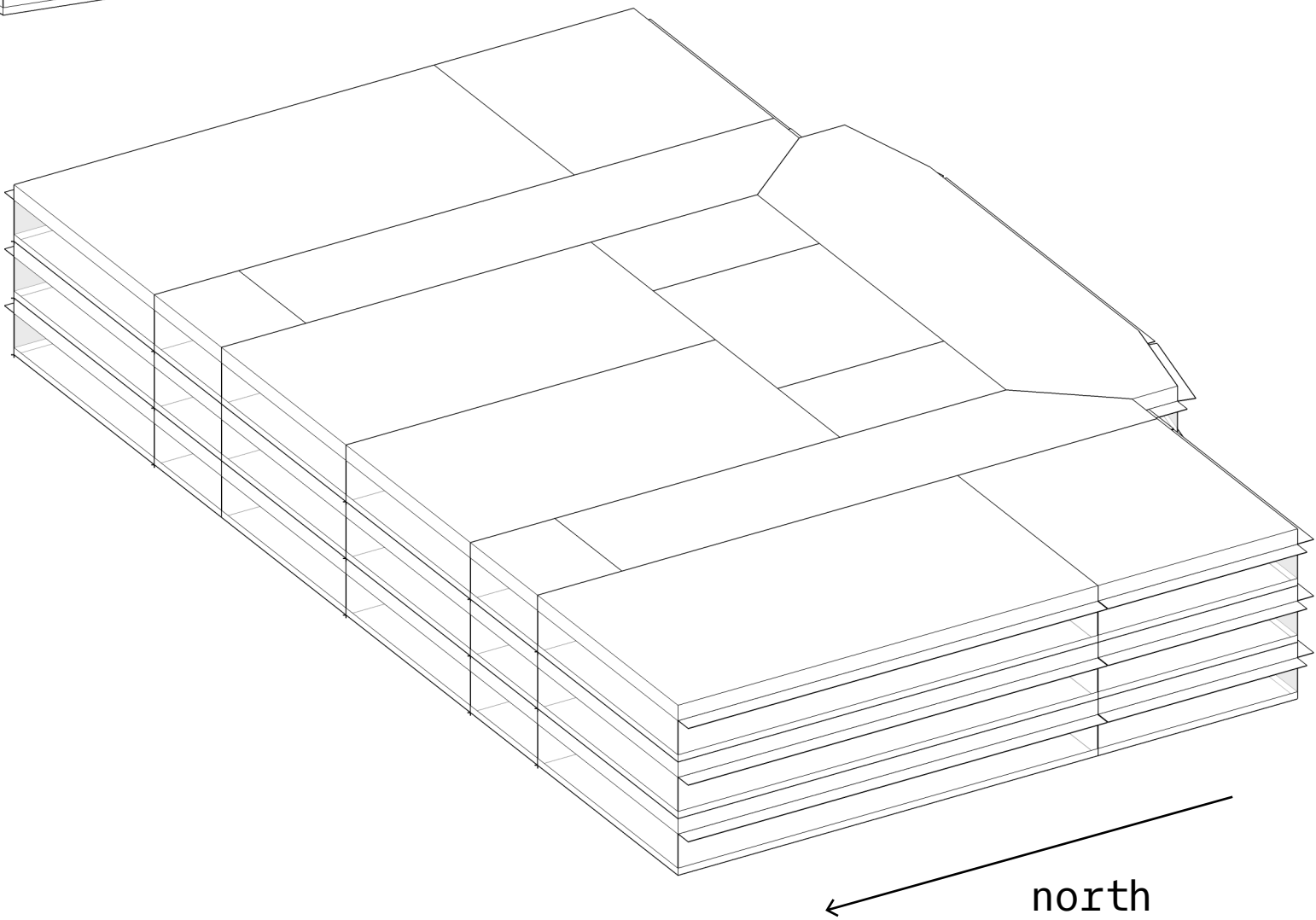
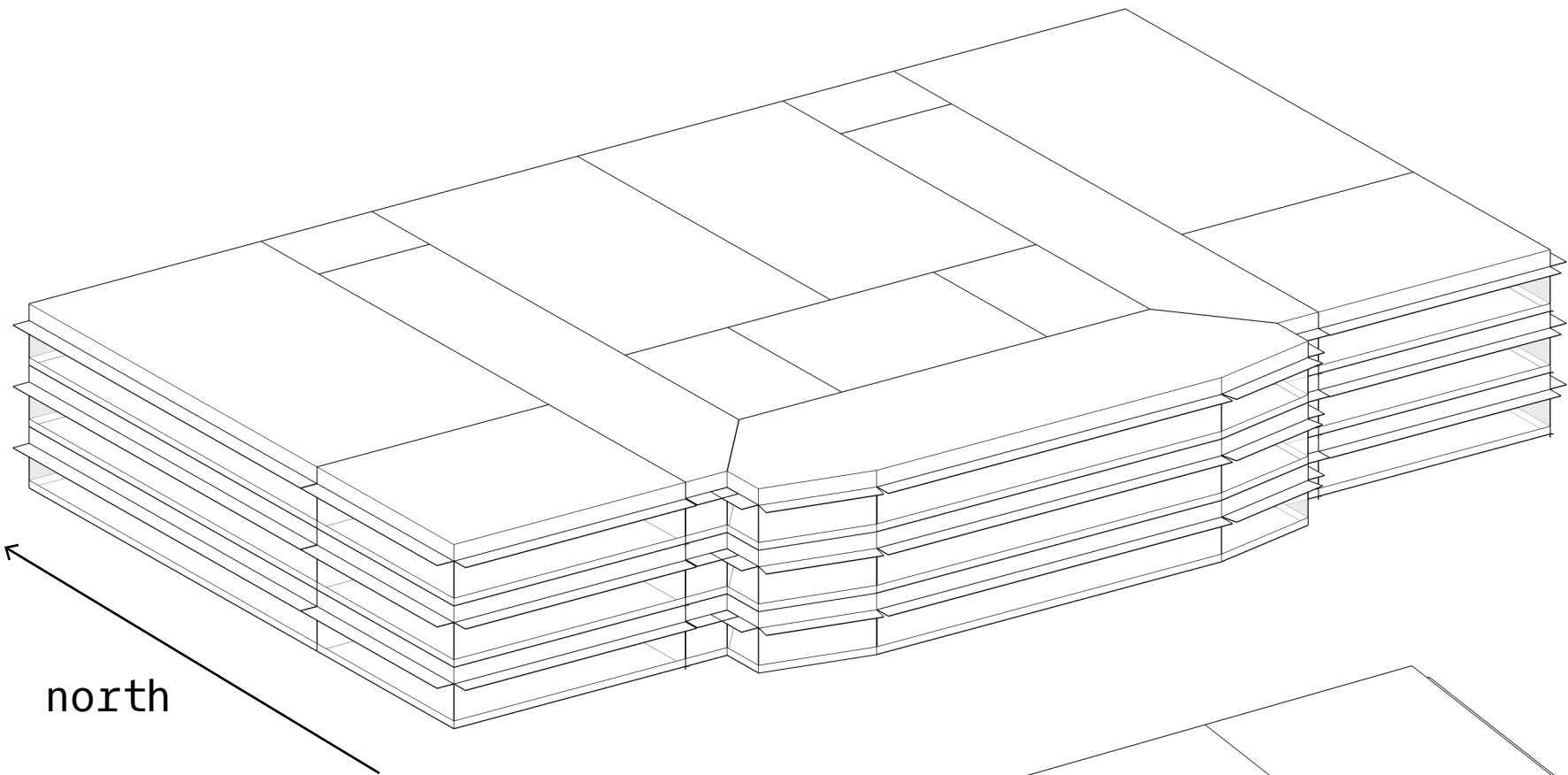
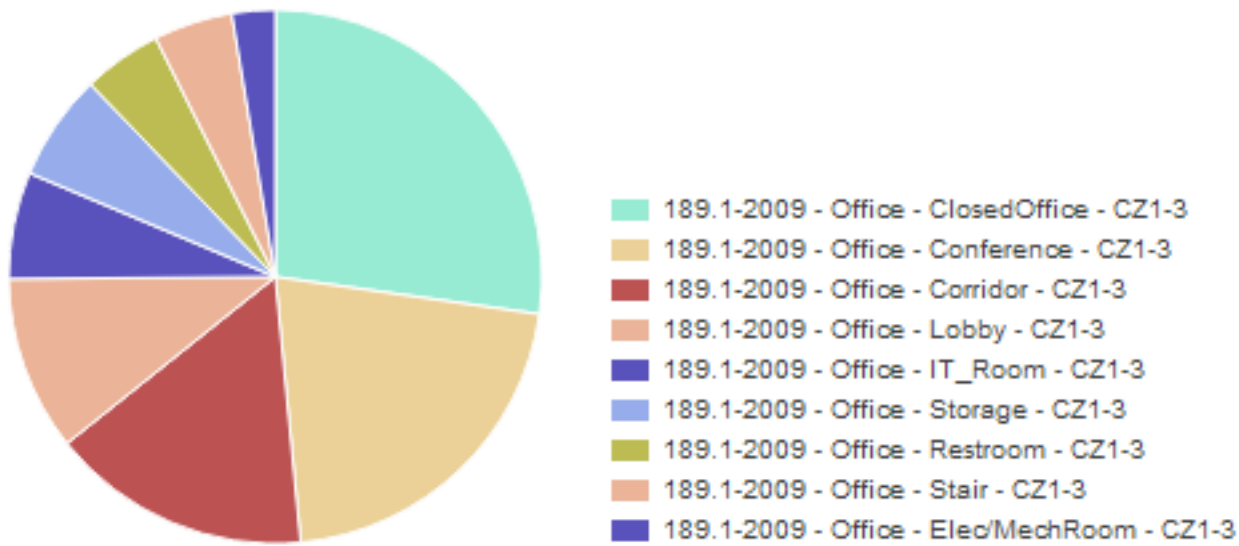
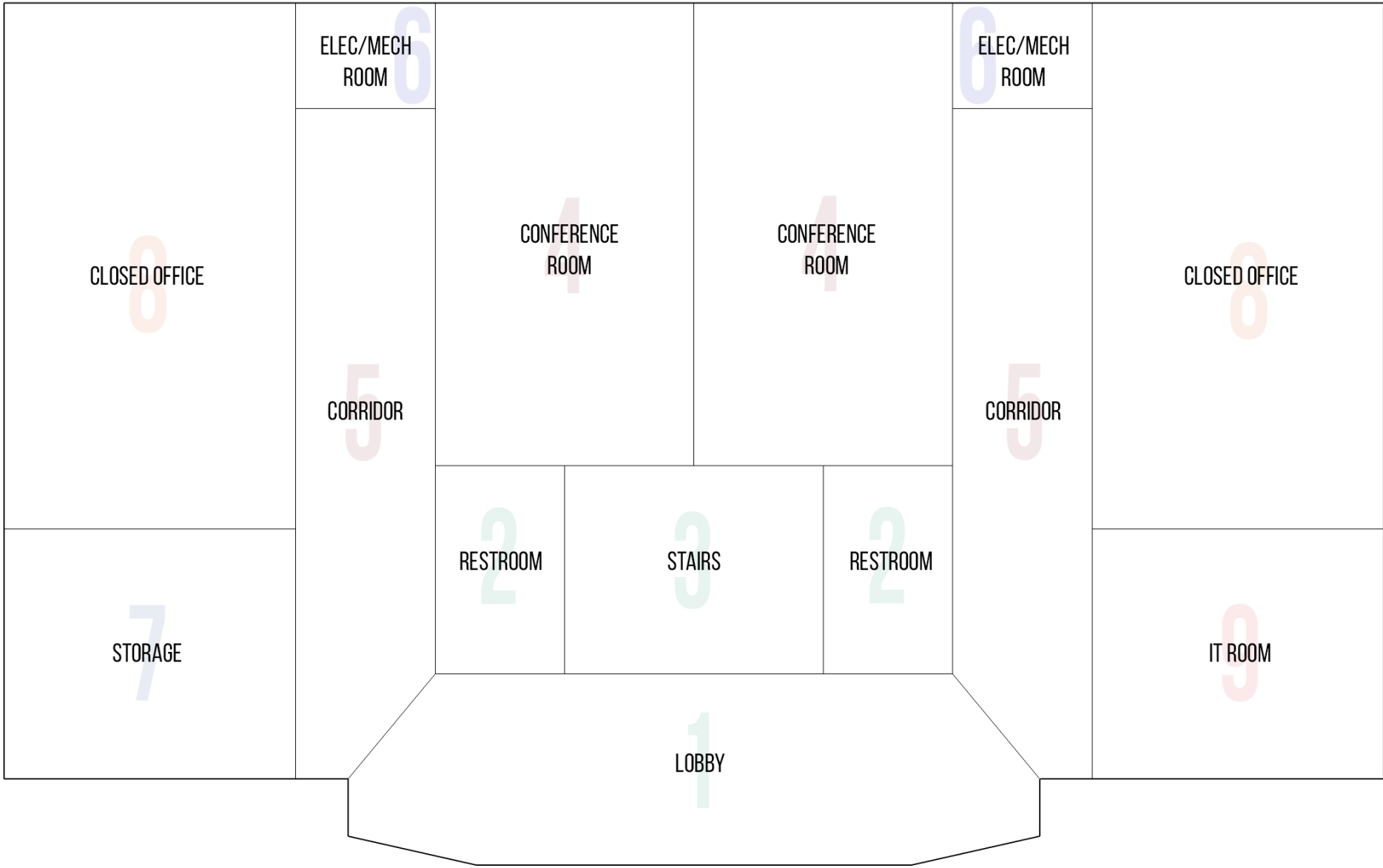
members/ pletneva tatiana	[10687319]
ahmadi ali	[10703882]
gaini angela	[10488321]
vij jagrit	[10654065]

building_information/

Building type:commercial/office

Total Building Area:3787.96m2

zones;thermal_zones/



basic_wall/

	[m] thickness	[W/m*K] conductivity	[kg/m3] density	[J/kg*K] specific heat	thermal absorptance	solar absorptance	visible absorptance	[m2*C/W] R-value
1IN Stucco	0.025300	0.691800	1858.0	837	0.900000	0.920000	0.920000	0.036
8IN Concrete HW	0.203300	1.729600	2243.0	837	0.900000	0.650000	0.650000	0.12
Wall insulation [44]	0.110400	0.043200	91.0	837	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	2.56
1/2IN Gypsum	0.012700	0.160000	784.9	830	0.900000	0.400000	0.400000	0.079

* R_value = thickness/conductivity
* U_value = 1/R_total

R_total: 2.795 [m2*C/W]
U_value: 0.357 [W/m2*C]

24.43°N,54.65°E		
Abu_Dhabi, UAE/		
average outdoor temperature	26.8	[°C]
heating consumption [end use]	87597	[kBtu]
	25.6	[MWh]
cooling consumption [end use]	1943044	[kBtu]
	569.4	[MWh]
electricity: [end use]		
/interior lighting	414537	[kBtu]
	121.4	[MWh]
/interior equipment	261598	[kBtu]
	76.6	[MWh]

28.58°N,77.20°E		
New_Delhi, India/		
average outdoor temperature	24.6	[°C]
heating consumption [end use]	238319	[kBtu]
	69.8	[MWh]
cooling consumption [end use]	1556335	[kBtu]
	456.1	[MWh]
electricity: [end use]		
/interior lighting	414537	[kBtu]
	121.4	[MWh]
/interior equipment	261598	[kBtu]
	76.6	[MWh]

Heating consumption is 92.7 % HIGHER
Cooling consumption is 22.1 % LOWER
with respect to the Abu Dhabi case

24.43°N,54.65°E		
Oslo, Norway/		
average outdoor temperature	6.6	[°C]
heating consumption [end use]	3424084	[kBtu]
	1003.4	[MWh]
cooling consumption [end use]	11175	[kBtu]
	3.2	[MWh]
electricity: [end use]		
/interior lighting	414537	[kBtu]
	121.4	[MWh]
/interior equipment	261598	[kBtu]
	76.6	[MWh]

Heating consumption is 190 % HIGHER
Cooling consumption is 198 % LOWER
with respect to the Abu Dhabi case

building_information/								
3_different_walls								
	[m] thickness	[W/m*K] conductivity	[kg/m3] density	[J/kg*K] specific heat	thermal absorptance	solar absorptance	visible absorptance	[m2*C/W] R-value
basic_wall [type_1]/								
1IN Stucco	0.025300	0.691800	1858.0	837	0.900000	0.920000	0.920000	0.036
8IN Concrete HW	0.203300	1.729600	2243.0	837	0.900000	0.650000	0.650000	0.12
Wall insulation [44]	0.110400	0.043200	91.0	837	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	2.56
1/2IN Gypsum	0.012700	0.160000	784.9	830	0.900000	0.400000	0.400000	0.079
					R_total: 2.795 [m2*C/W] U_value: 0.357 [W/m2*C]			
type_2/								
1IN Stucco	0.025300	0.691800	1858.0	837	0.900000	0.920000	0.920000	0.036
5IN Concrete HW	0.127000	1.729600	2243.0	837	0.900000	0.650000	0.650000	0.074
Wall insulation [44]	0.110400	0.043200	91.0	837	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	2.56
F16 Acoustic tile	0.019100	0.060000	368.0	590	0.900000	0.300000	0.300000	0.32
1/2IN Gypsum	0.012700	0.160000	784.9	830	0.900000	0.400000	0.400000	0.079
					R_total: 3.069 [m2*C/W] U_value: 0.325 [W/m2*C] >> Total resistance is 9.3 % HIGHER U_value is 9.3 % LOWER, with respect to the basic wall [type_1]			
type_3/								
G05 25mm wood	0.025400	0.150000	608.0	1630	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	0.17
12IN Concrete HW	0.203300	1.729600	2243.0	837	0.900000	0.650000	0.650000	0.118
Wall insulation [44]	0.110400	0.043200	91.0	837	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	2.56
Wall insulation [44]	0.110400	0.043200	91.0	837	0.900000	0.500000	0.500000	2.56
1/2IN Gypsum	0.012700	0.160000	784.9	830	0.900000	0.400000	0.400000	0.079
					R_total: 5.487 [m2*C/W] U_value: 0.182 [W/m2*C] >> Total resistance is 65.0 % HIGHER U_value is 65.0 % LOWER, with respect to the basic wall [type_1]			

heating
consumption
[end use]

cooling
consumption
[end use]

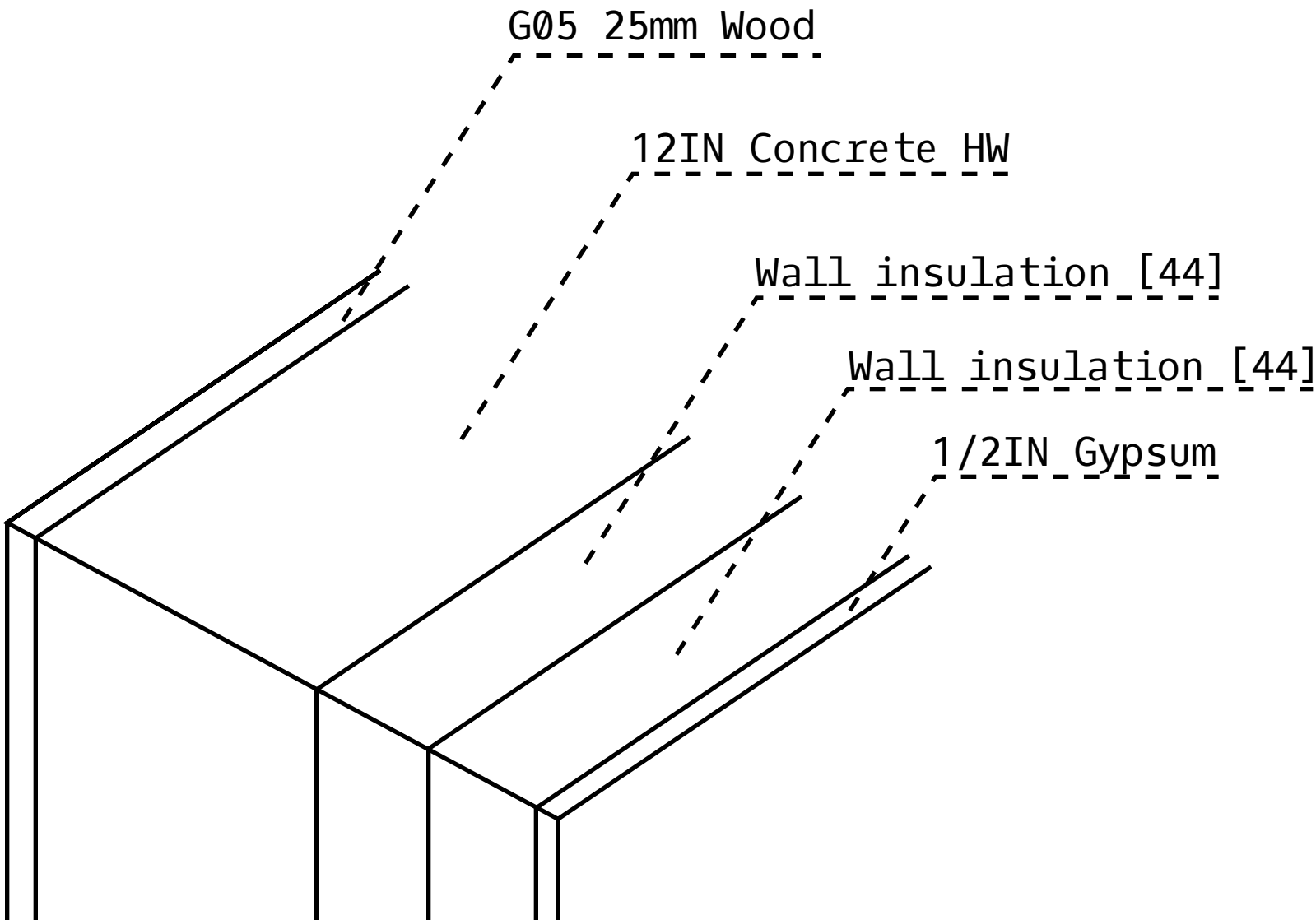
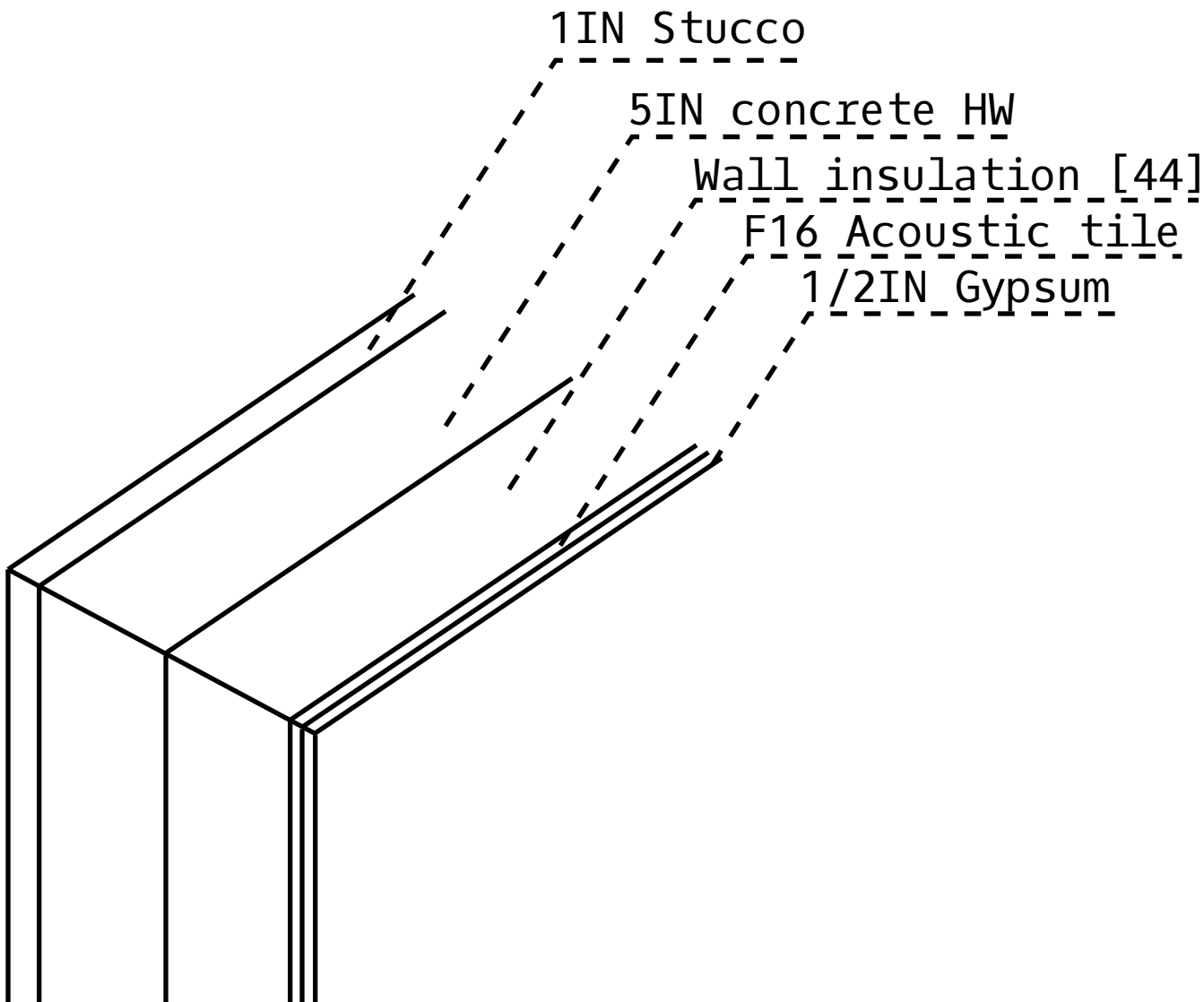
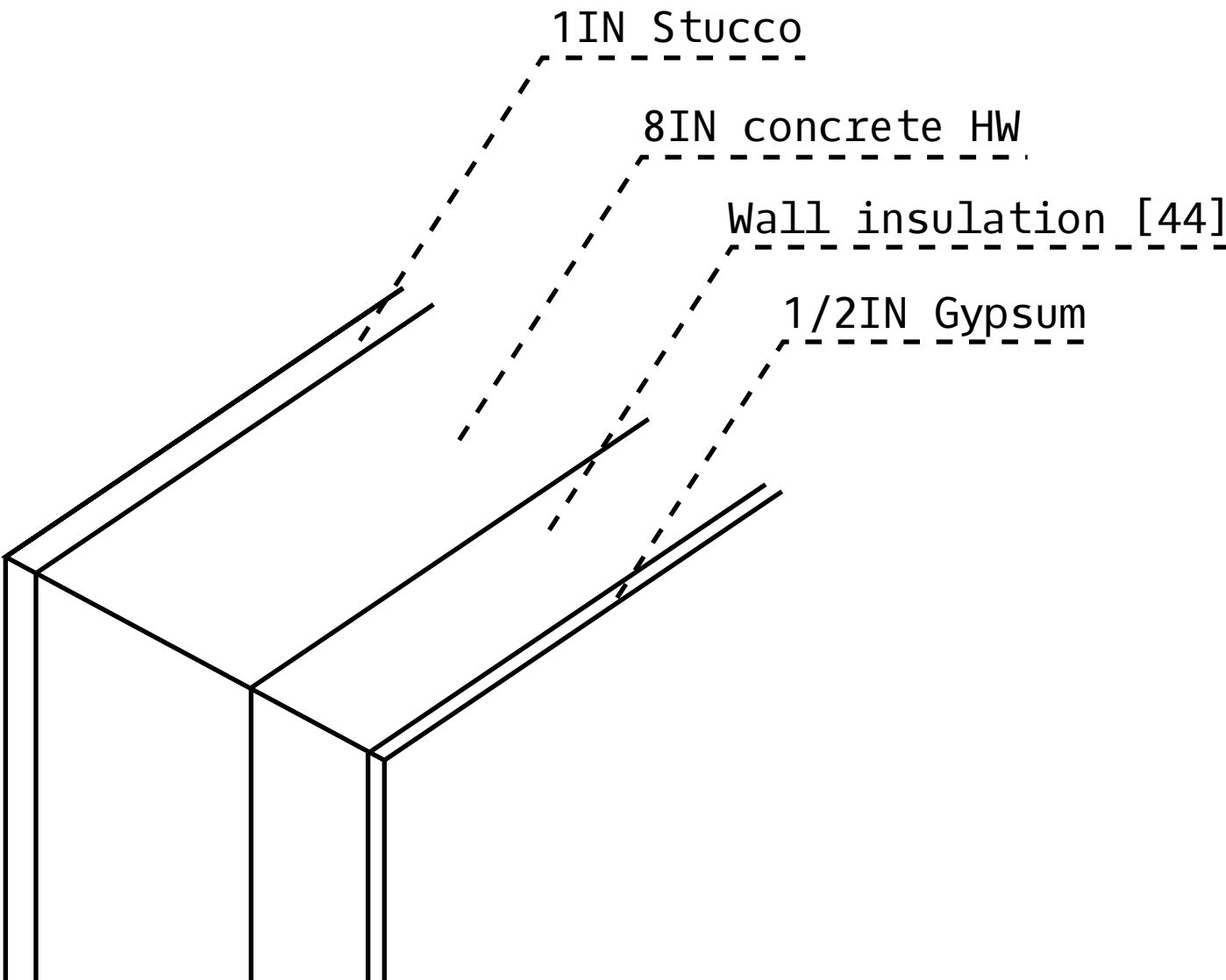
basic_wall [type_1]/	
87597 [kBtu]	
25.6 [MWh]	
1943044 [kBtu]	
569.4 [MWh]	

type_2/	
88261 [kBtu]	
25.8 [MWh]	
1973452 [kBtu]	
578.3 [MWh]	

type_3/	
90365 [kBtu]	
26.4 [MWh]	
1907349 [kBtu]	
558.9 [MWh]	

Heating consumption is 0.7 % HIGHER
Cooling consumption is 0.19 % LOWER
with respect to the basic wall [type_1]

Heating consumption is 3.0 % HIGHER
Cooling consumption is 1.8 % LOWER
with respect to the basic wall [type_1]

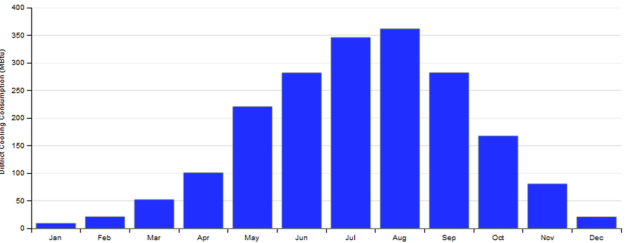


monthly_review/
3_different_walls

basic_wall [type_1]/

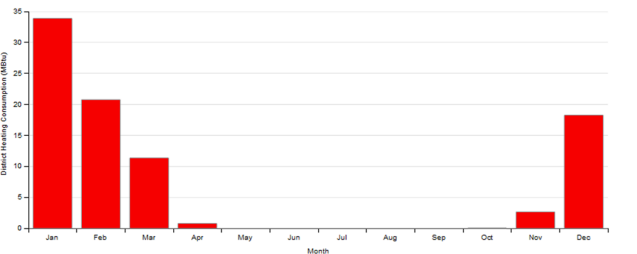
cooling [Mbtu]

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
9.08	21.09	52.0	100.76	220.42	281.73	345.75	361.49	282.15	167.45	80.4	20.74	1943.04



heating [Mbtu]

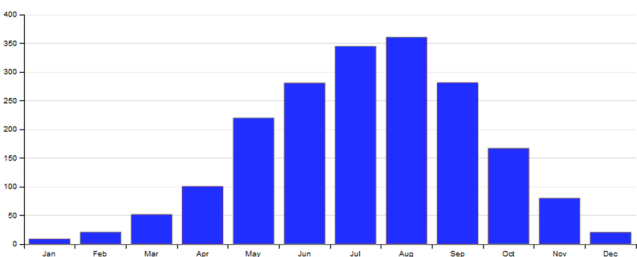
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
33.87	20.75	11.34	.77	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.63	18.24	87.6



type_2/

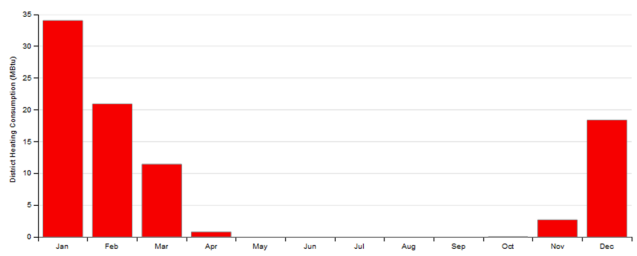
cooling [Mbtu]

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
9.0	20.94	51.78	100.45	219.91	281.03	344.89	360.58	281.35	166.91	79.99	20.59	1937.45



heating [Mbtu]

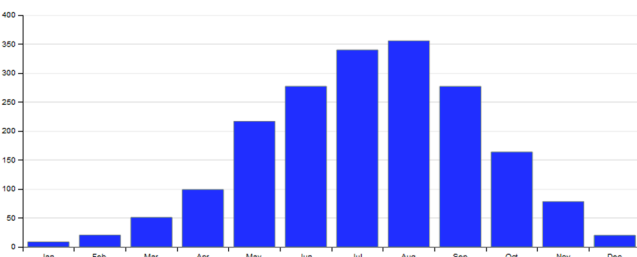
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
34.05	20.91	11.44	0.79	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.68	18.39	88.26



type_3/

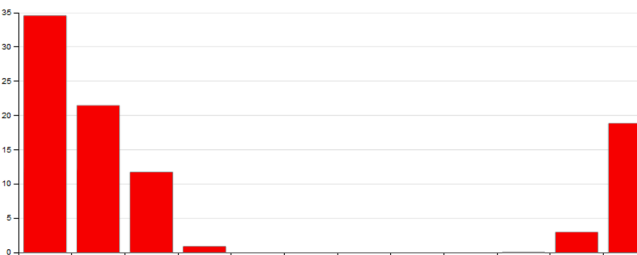
cooling [Mbtu]

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
8.66	20.28	50.87	98.86	216.7	277.18	339.93	355.63	277.1	163.87	78.25	20.03	1907.34



heating [Mbtu]

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
34.56	21.45	11.73	0.86	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.93	18.83	90.16



hvac_systems_load/
3_different_walls

basic_wall [type_1]/

type_2/

type_3/

average outdoor air
dry bulb [F]

cooling Load [MBtu]

heating Load [MBtu]

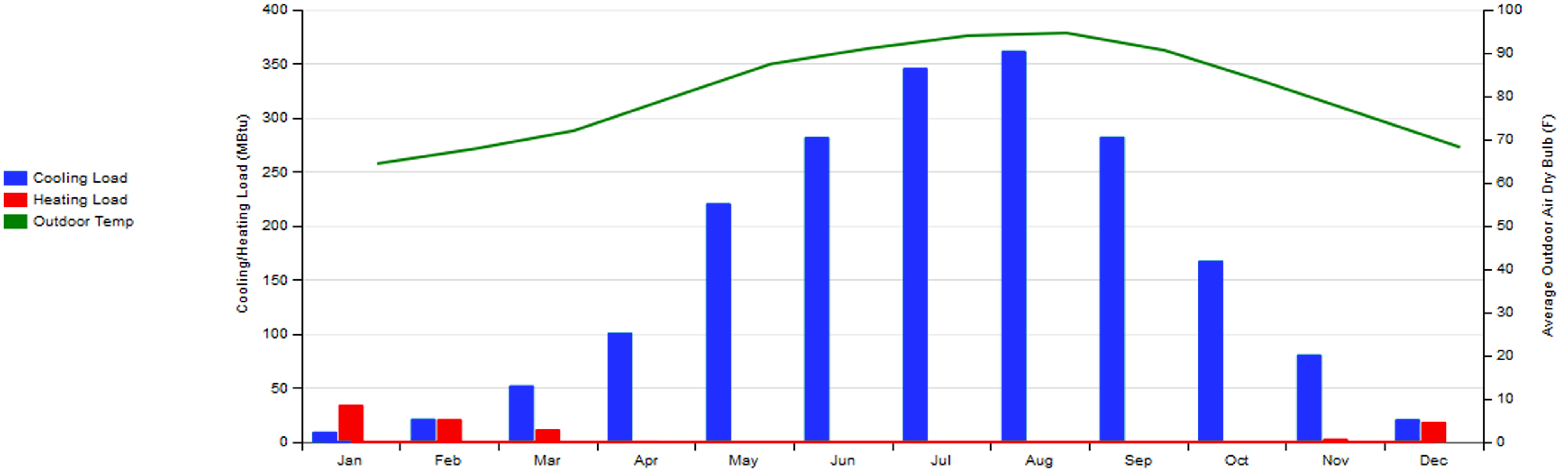
cooling Load [MBtu]

heating Load [MBtu]

cooling Load [MBtu]

heating Load [MBtu]

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
64.4	67.9	72.0	79.8	87.5	91.1	94.0	94.6	90.6	83.4	75.8	68.2
9.08	21.09	52.0	100.76	220.42	281.73	345.75	361.49	282.15	167.45	80.4	20.74
33.87	20.75	11.34	0.77	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.63	18.24
9.0	20.94	51.78	100.45	219.91	281.03	344.89	360.58	281.35	166.91	79.9	20.59
34.05	20.91	11.44	0.79	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.68	18.39
8.66	20.28	50.87	98.86	216.7	277.18	339.93	355.63	277.1	163.87	78.25	20.03
34.56	21.45	11.73	0.86	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.93	18.83



This simulation project shows, that differences in energy consumption of the building depend on the climate zone, as well as on the construction materials used.

Concerning the software, OpenStudio allows us to easily calculate various consumptions & loads of the building at the early design stage. This provides an opportunity to prevent extra costs.