

## week8

### QUESTION1

Using the diagrams given in the presentation calculate how much (%) is the effect of applying different modifications (changing the gas, adding an extra pane, using a low emissivity coating) on the U value with respect to a benchmark case of double layer with air and no coating ? ( keep the gap thickness to be 13 mm)

	Benchmark	Window1	Window2	Window3	Window4
GAP	13mm	13mm	13mm	13mm	13mm
$\epsilon$	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.10
PANES	2	2	2	3	2
GAS	AIR	ARGON	KRYPTON	AIR	AIR
$U_{\text{factor}}$	2.8	2.65	2.6	1.8	1.8
%	100	94.64	92.86	64.29	64.29

#### 1. Changing the gas

So, from the graph is can be see that by comparing the benchmark with the different gas(ARGON/KRYPTON),

the Ufactor decreases by 5.36%/7.14%, little improving the thermal transmittance of the window.

#### 2. Adding an extra pane

From the graph is can be see that by comparing the benchmark with the triple-pane window, the Ufactor decreases by 35.71%, more improving the thermal transmittance of the window.

#### 3. Using a low emissivity coating

From the graph is can be see that by comparing the benchmark with a low emissivity coating, the Ufactor decreases by 35.71%, more improving the thermal transmittance of the window.

## QUESTION2

Consider the house that we analyzed in the last two examples, calculate the heating and cooling load of the other windows which are fixed 14.4 on the west, fixed 3.6 on the south and an operable 3.6 on the south (the same window and frame type). How much does the total value change if I change the frame of the window from wooden one to aluminum ?

PIACENZA  
LAT: 44.92 N  
LONG: 9.73 E  
ELEV :138  
 $T_{summer} = 24^{\circ}$   
 $T_{winter} = 20^{\circ}$   
HEATING DB 99%: -4.8  
COOLING DB/MCW8 1%: 31.9  
 $\Delta T_{COOLING} = 31.9 - 24 = 7.9^{\circ}C = 7.9K$   
 $\Delta T_{HEATING} = 20 - (-4.8) = 24.8^{\circ}C = 24.8K$   
EAST SIDE OF THE BUILDING  
45° LATITUDE  
No internal shading - IAC = 1  
 $DR = 11.9^{\circ}C = 11.9K$

Window frame with **wooden**

**1- Fixed on west/14.4m<sup>2</sup>**

### COOLING LOAD

$$U_{window1,west1} = 2.84W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$CF_{window1,west1} = U_{window1,west1}(\Delta T_{COOLING} - 0.46DR)$$

$$= 2.84 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 6.89W/m^2$$

$$PXL_{window1,west2} = E_D + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$SHGC = 0.54$$

$$FF_s = 0.56$$

$$CF_{window1,west2} = PXL \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s$$

$$= 747 \times 0.54 \times 1 \times 0.56 \approx 225.89W/m^2$$

$$CF_{window1,west} = CF_{window1,west1} + CF_{window1,west2} = 6.89 + 225.89 = 232.78W/m^2$$

$$Q_{window1,west-c} = A \times CF_{window1,west} = 14.4 \times 232.78 \approx 3352.03W$$

### HEATING LOAD

$$Q_{window1,west-h} = A \times HF_{window1,west} = A \times U_{window1,west} \times \Delta T_{HEATING} = 14.4 \times 2.84 \times 24.8 \approx 1014.22W$$

**2- Fixed on south/3.6m<sup>2</sup>**

Table 10 Peak Irradiance, W/m<sup>2</sup>

Exposure		Latitude									
		20°	25°	30°	35°	40°	45°	50°	55°	60°	
North	$E_D$	125	106	92	84	81	85	96	112	136	
	$E_d$	128	115	103	93	84	76	69	62	55	
	$E_i$	253	221	195	177	166	162	164	174	191	
Northeast/Northwest	$E_D$	460	449	437	425	412	399	386	374	361	
	$E_d$	177	169	162	156	151	147	143	140	137	
	$E_i$	637	618	599	581	563	546	529	513	498	
East/West	$E_D$	530	543	552	558	560	559	555	547	537	
	$E_d$	200	196	193	190	189	188	187	187	187	
	$E_i$	730	739	745	748	749	747	742	734	724	
Southeast/Southwest	$E_D$	282	328	369	405	436	463	485	503	517	
	$E_d$	204	203	203	204	205	207	210	212	215	
	$E_i$	485	531	572	609	641	670	695	715	732	
South	$E_D$	0	60	139	214	283	348	408	464	515	
	$E_d$	166	193	196	200	204	209	214	219	225	
	$E_i$	166	253	335	414	487	557	622	683	740	
Horizontal	$E_D$	845	840	827	806	776	738	691	637	574	
	$E_d$	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	
	$E_i$	1015	1010	997	976	946	908	861	807	744	

Table 13 Fenestration Solar Load Factors FF<sub>s</sub>

Exposure	Single Family Detached	Multifamily
North	0.44	0.27
Northeast	0.21	0.43
East	0.31	0.56
Southeast	0.37	0.54
South	0.47	0.53
Southwest	0.58	0.61
West	0.56	0.65
Northwest	0.46	0.57
Horizontal	0.58	0.73

## COOLING LOAD

$$U_{\text{window2,south1}} = 2.84 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} CF_{\text{window2,south1}} &= U_{\text{window2,south1}} (\Delta T_{\text{COOLING}} - 0.46 \text{ DR}) \\ &= 2.84 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 6.89 \text{ W/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$PXI_{\text{window2,south2}} = E_D + E_d = 348 + 209 = 557$$

$$SHGC = 0.54$$

$$FF_s = 0.47$$

$$\begin{aligned} CF_{\text{window2,south2}} &= PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s \\ &= 557 \times 0.54 \times 1 \times 0.47 \approx 141.37 \text{ W/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$CF_{\text{window2,south}} = CF_{\text{window2,south1}} + CF_{\text{window2,south2}} = 6.89 + 141.37 = 148.26 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$Q_{\text{window2,south-c}} = A \times CF_{\text{window2,south}} = 3.6 \times 148.26 \approx 533.74 \text{ W}$$

## HEATING LOAD

$$Q_{\text{window2,south-h}} = A \times HF_{\text{window2,south}} = A \times U_{\text{window2,south}} \times \Delta T_{\text{HEATING}} = 3.6 \times 2.84 \times 24.8 \approx 253.56 \text{ W}$$

### 3- Operable on south/3.6m<sup>2</sup>

## COOLING LOAD

$$U_{\text{window3,south1}} = 2.87 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} CF_{\text{window3,south1}} &= U_{\text{window3,south1}} (\Delta T_{\text{COOLING}} - 0.46 \text{ DR}) \\ &= 2.87 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 6.96 \text{ W/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$PXI_{\text{window3,south2}} = E_D + E_d = 348 + 209 = 557$$

$$SHGC = 0.46$$

$$FF_s = 0.47$$

$$\begin{aligned} CF_{\text{window3,south2}} &= PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s \\ &= 557 \times 0.46 \times 1 \times 0.47 \approx 120.42 \text{ W/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$CF_{\text{window3,south}} = CF_{\text{window3,south1}} + CF_{\text{window3,south2}} = 6.96 + 120.42 = 127.38 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$Q_{\text{window3,south-c}} = A \times CF_{\text{window3,south}} = 3.6 \times 127.38 \approx 458.57 \text{ W}$$

## HEATING LOAD

$$Q_{\text{window3,south-h}} = A \times HF_{\text{window3,south}} = A \times U_{\text{window3,south}} \times \Delta T_{\text{HEATING}} = 3.6 \times 2.87 \times 24.8 \approx 256.23 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{total-c}} = Q_{\text{window1,west-c}} + Q_{\text{window2,south-c}} + Q_{\text{window3,south-c}} = 3352.03 + 533.74 + 458.57 = 4364.34 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{total-h}} = Q_{\text{window1,west-h}} + Q_{\text{window2,south-h}} + Q_{\text{window3,south-h}} = 1014.22 + 253.56 + 256.23 = 1524.01 \text{ W}$$

## Window frame with **aluminium**

### 1- Fixed on west/14.4m<sup>2</sup>

## COOLING LOAD

$$U'_{\text{window1,west1}} = 3.61 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$CF'_{window1,west1} = U'_{window1,west1}(\Delta T_{COOLING} - 0.46DR)$$

$$= 3.61 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 8.76W/m^2$$

$$PXI_{window1,west2} = E_D + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$SHGC = 0.56$$

$$FF_s = 0.56$$

$$CF'_{window1,west2} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s$$

$$= 747 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.56 \approx 234.26W/m^2$$

$$CF'_{window1,west} = CF'_{window1,west1} + CF'_{window1,west2} = 8.76 + 234.26 = 243.02W/m^2$$

$$Q'_{window1,west-c} = A \times CF'_{window1,west} = 14.4 \times 243.02 \approx 3499.49W$$

#### HEATING LOAD

$$Q'_{window1,west-h} = A \times HF'_{window1,west} = A \times U'_{window1,west} \times \Delta T_{HEATING} = 14.4 \times 2.87 \times 24.8 \approx 1289.20W$$

### 2- Fixed on south/3.6m<sup>2</sup>

#### COOLING LOAD

$$U'_{window2,south1} = 3.61W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$CF'_{window2,south1} = U'_{window2,south1}(\Delta T_{COOLING} - 0.46DR)$$

$$= 3.61 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 8.76W/m^2$$

$$PXI_{window2,south2} = E_D + E_d = 348 + 209 = 557$$

$$SHGC = 0.56$$

$$FF_s = 0.47$$

$$CF'_{window2,south2} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s$$

$$= 557 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.47 \approx 146.60W/m^2$$

$$CF'_{window2,south} = CF'_{window2,south1} + CF'_{window2,south2} = 8.76 + 146.60 = 155.36W/m^2$$

$$Q'_{window2,south-c} = A \times CF'_{window2,south} = 3.6 \times 155.36 \approx 559.30W$$

#### HEATING LOAD

$$Q'_{window2,south-h} = A \times HF'_{window2,south} = A \times U'_{window2,south} \times \Delta T_{HEATING} = 3.6 \times 3.61 \times 24.8 \approx 322.30W$$

### 3- Operable on south/3.6m<sup>2</sup>

#### COOLING LOAD

$$U'_{window3,south1} = 4.62W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$CF'_{window3,south1} = U'_{window3,south1}(\Delta T_{COOLING} - 0.46DR)$$

$$= 4.62 \times (7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) \approx 11.21W/m^2$$

$$PXI_{window3,south2} = E_D + E_d = 348 + 209 = 557$$

$$SHGC = 0.55$$

$$FF_s = 0.47$$

$$CF'_{window3,south2} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s$$

$$= 557 \times 0.55 \times 1 \times 0.47 \approx 143.98W/m^2$$

$$CF'_{\text{window3,south}} = CF'_{\text{window3,south1}} + CF'_{\text{window3,south2}} = 11.21 + 143.98 = 155.19 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$Q'_{\text{window3,south-c}} = A \times CF'_{\text{window3,south}} = 3.6 \times 155.19 \approx 558.68 \text{ W}$$

#### HEATING LOAD

$$Q'_{\text{window3,south-h}} = A \times HF'_{\text{window3,south}} = A \times U'_{\text{window3,south}} \times \Delta T_{\text{HEATING}} = 3.6 \times 4.62 \times 24.8 \approx 412.47 \text{ W}$$

$$Q'_{\text{total-c}} = Q'_{\text{window1,west-c}} + Q'_{\text{window2,south-c}} + Q'_{\text{window3,south-c}} = 3499.49 + 559.30 + 558.68 = 4617.47 \text{ W}$$

$$Q'_{\text{total-h}} = Q'_{\text{window1,west-h}} + Q'_{\text{window2,south-h}} + Q'_{\text{window3,south-h}} = 1289.20 + 322.30 + 412.47 = 2026.67 \text{ W}$$

$$\Delta Q_{\text{COOLING}} = Q_{\text{total-c}} - Q'_{\text{total-c}} = 4364.34 - 4617.47 = -253.13 \text{ W}$$

$$\Delta Q_{\text{HEATING}} = Q_{\text{total-h}} - Q'_{\text{total-h}} = 1524.01 - 2026.67 = -502.66 \text{ W}$$

So, it can be seen that frame with wooden has a greater resistance in cooling and heating than aluminium frame.