

MIS | Phase 2 | Formal Report

Objective: Build a client/server model for your MIS virtual machine. You wil be spliting your virtual machines into a client and server programs.

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The Reworks of Phase 1 | Then & Now.

Initially for phase 1, we worked hard towards making a working MIS simulator that would ideally run a txt file of commands however, we were unable to complete the task in time. With UML diagrams, a formal report, and multiple files towards our implementation, we tried to best describe our process via comments and explanation through the deliverables.

Our original thought process in Phase 1 involved organization of the methods that would be used by particular objects. For example, we knew that DIV label would not be applied to strings so we defined Math operators like these under LABELS that would use them. This was a flaw in the first thought process of our design so we changed it in order for classes to be divided in a more appropriate manner. We looked into the similar way the Geometric objects were made, defined, and used in the class example slides that were provided to us. Using this, we first implemented this organization of methods to our math operator Labels being ADD,MUL,DIV,SUB. Since these were most similar to the geometric objects in the way that they have similar return types, it help us understand how we should implement our other methods.

We ended up making more classes than we initially did in our phase 1 because we rewrote how the organization of our Machine class would be. Machine would have an executeAll method that would ideally read in a txt file and with the help of our other classes like Parser, Instruction, and VAR.

Initially in Phase 1, the organization of our instructions had subclasses in areas we thought would best fit them. In our newer version, the Instruction class is our Base Abstract Class where each Label gets it's own class under instruction. The same application is applied to VAR with String, Char, Numeric, and Real where VAR is also a Base Abstract Class.

Server and Client | Putting it Together.

In this phase, we are asked to learn application of multithreading via the MIS machine we made in phase 1. Since we didn't completely finish phase 1 the first time around, as described in the reworks of Phase 1, it was rewritten, twice. With this new way that we wrote the MIS machine, we were able to work independently on files a lot easier. To each of our own, but together, one of us worked on server/client side while the other tested and reworked phase 1 to make sure our machine would work when it came to the time that server and client worked.

At first understanding how this whole client/server situation worked was a huge confusing game of chasing our tail however after a lot of reading the slides, pulling code from the slides to play with, reading textbooks, and our internet provider, we were able to slowly get a better understanding of what was asked of us. Is our implementation of client/server with MIS machine completely accurate to the tee and should be used professionally? I wouldn't recommend it but we feel confident in it.



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Server and Client | Putting it Together (contd)

When planning our phase 2, we wanted to be able to have it so that when calling client in g++ command line, you can include a textile as an argument so that multiple clients can be called from that line. Nobody wants to open up a cpp file and edit how many clients will go into it... So by calling the client 'n' times being that n is the amount of clients you want to run, it will take in the first argument as a txtfile string, 2nd as a port, and last as an ip.

The reason for our implementation of port and ip address outside of localhost is because we want it to be modular in the way that we are given the case of needing to test it over different computers with multiple ports. We weren't sure what kind of testing would be involved so we both that that it would be a good idea to include this as a feature as it might nearly be a need considering the fact that we are working with networking.

With our client taking in a txtString, it would send that txtfile name to server after having established a connection. This would be executed through a thread and the thread would lead it to the server where a machine pointer object is called with the txtfile name. There, the machine object will invoke an execute all method where it will handle the file accordingly.

In the case we have multiple clients going. There can be 2 txtfiles going without them conflicting since we have multiple threads going on, each locking and unlocking mutex's independently to their own need. Our server would infinitely have socket listeners that would wait for more client items to be loaded until the user exits the server by typing cntrl +c.

README.md | How to build

```
README.md
    #How to build Server/Client
3 ▼ 1.) Open 2 seperate terminal windows.
        - 1 for Server, cd to ServerSide folder
        - 1 for Clients, cd to Clientside Folder
6 ▼ 2.) Run Server first:
         - $./server <port> <ip Address>
         - ie: $./server 9999 localhost
    3.) Run Client(s) following it:
10 ▼
         - For the amount of clients you want to run, do:
             - $./client <txtfile name> <port> <ip Address>
            - ie for 1 client: $./client varTxt.txt 9999 localhost
            - ie for multiple clients:
                 -$./client varTxt.txt 9999 localhost; ./client varTxt2.txt 9999 localhost; ./client varTxt3.txt 9999
                 localhost
    4.) To exit Server, do Cntrl+ C to exit.
```

MIS Class Diagram

Phase 2

Client Side CLIENT TCPConnector Class TCPConnector +TCPStream* connect(int port, const char* server) -int resolveHost(const char* host, struct in_addr* addr) **TCPAcceptor** Class TCPAcceptor +m_listening: bool +m_lsd: int +m port: int +m_address: string +TCPAcceptor(int port, const char* address = "") + ~TCPAcceptor(); +int start() +TCPStream* accept() -TCPAcceptor() **TCPStream** Class TCPStream +buffer: char* +m_sd: int +m peerPort: int +m_peerIP_string +TCPAcceptor(): friend class +TCPConnector(): friend class + ~TCPStream + ssize_t send(const char * buffer, size_t len) + ssize_t recieve(char* buffer, size_t len) + string getPeerIP() + int getPeerPort() **Thread** Class Thread LineQueue -pthread t m tid -int m_running Class LineQueue -int m_detatched +Thread() linequeue() + Virtual ~Thread()

+ ~linequeue()

void add(T item)

T Remove(): return item

int size(): return size

+int start()

+int join()

+int detach()

+pthread_t self() +virtual void* run() =0

SERVER MACHINE TCPStream Parser Class TCPStream Class Parser +buffer: char* -parsed: vector<string> +m sd: int - cmdMap: +m peerPort: int vector<vector<string>> +m_peerIP_string +Parser() +TCPAcceptor(): friend class +vector<string> parseFile(string file) +TCPConnector(): friend class + ~TCPStream +vector<vector<string>> parseInstructions() + ssize_t send(const char * buffer, size_t len) + ssize_t recieve(char* buffer, size_t len) + string getPeerIP() + int getPeerPort() **TCPAcceptor** Class TCPAcceptor +m_listening: bool +m_lsd: int +m port: int +m address: string +TCPAcceptor(int port, const char* address = "") + ~TCPAcceptor(); +int start() +TCPStream* accept() -TCPAcceptor() Linequeue Class LineQueue linequeue() + ~linequeue() void add(T item) T Remove(): return item int size(): return size

Server Side

Jump Add Class Jump Class Add Data Class Data + Add(); Jump(); - std::map<std::string,VAR *> varMap; +virtual ~Add(); virtual ~Jump(); std::map<std::string,int> labelMap; + virtual void virtual void execute(Data - int current; execute(Data *d, * d,vector<string> line); +vector<string> line); virtual Instruction * + Data() + virtual Instruction * clone(); int getCurrent(): return current; clone(); void setCurrent(int i) +void addVar(string name, VAR * v) +VAR * getVar(string name): return varMap[name]; void addLabel(string label, int i) Char +int getLabel(string label): return labelMap[label]; Class Char -value: char +Char(); **JumpGT** + Char(std::string n, char v); + ~Char(); Class JumpGT + void initialize(vector<string> line); + VAR * clone(vector<string> line); + char getValue() const; JumpGT(); + void setValue(char c); virtual ~JumpGT(); + friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& virtual void execute(Data * d,vector<string> line); os, + const Char& var); virtual Instruction * clone(); Real SET STR CHAR Class Real Class SET_STR_CHAR double value; SET STR CHAR(); Real(); virtual ~SET STR CHAR(): Real(std::string n, double v); virtual void execute(Data * d,vector<string> line); virtual ~Real(); virtual Instruction * clone(); virtual void initialize (vector<string> line); VAR * clone (vector<string> line); GET STR CHAR void setValue(double v); double getValue() const; Class GET_STR_CHAR Real operator*(const Real& other); Real operator/(const Real& other); Real operator-(const Real& other); Real operator+(const Real& other); GET_STR_CHAR(); Real& operator=(const Real& other); virtual ~GET_STR_CHAR(); Real& operator=(const int& n); virtual void execute(Data *d, vector<string> line); Real& operator+=(const Real& other): virtual Instruction * clone(); Real& operator+=(const int& i); Real& operator+=(const double& d); Real& operator+=(const Numeric& num); Div Real& operator*=(const Real& other); Class Div Real& operator*=(const int& i); Real& operator*=(const double& d); Real& operator*=(const Numeric& num); friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const + Div(); Real& var): + virtual ~Div(); +virtual void execute(Data *d, vector<string> line);

+ virtual Instruction * clone();

JumpGT

INSTR

Class Jump@

JumpGTE() virtual ~JumpG virtual void execute(Data * d, virtual Instruction

Jumpl

Class Jur

JumpLT virtual ~Jur virtual void execute(Data * virtual Instruction

JumpL

Class Jun

JumpLT virtual ~Jum virtual void execute(Data * virtual Instruction

Jumpl

Class Jur

JumpN. virtual ~Jun virtual void execute(Data * virtual Instruction

Sle

Class :

Sleei virtual ~ virtual void execute(Data

virtual Instruc

ISTRUCTION **VAR** Class Instruction Class VAR String Name Instruction(); String Type virtual ~Instruction(); virtual void execute(Data * d,vector<string> line)=0; VAR(); virtual string getType() const; virtual ~VAR(); virtual Instruction* clone()=0; string getType() const; string getName() const; npGTE JumpZ virtual void initialize (vector<string> line)=0; virtual VAR* clone (vector<string> line)=0; Class JumpZ JumpGTE String Class String JumpZ(); npGTE(); virtual ~JumpZ(); ~JumpGTE(); int length; Data * d,vector<string> line); virtual void execute(Data * d,vector<string> line); std::string value; virtual Instruction * clone(); static const size_t MAX = 256; ruction * clone(); String(); String(std::string n, std::string v, int l); Label JumpLT virtual ~String(); Class Label ialize (vector<string> line); ass JumpLT VAR * clone (vector<string> line); void setValue(std::string v); char getChar(int i); Label(); int getLength(); JumpLT(); virtual ~Label(); string getValue(); ual ~JumpLT(); virtual void execute(Data *d,vector<string> line); e(Data * d,vector<string> line); void setAt(char c,int i); virtual Instruction * clone(); char &operator[](int i); nstruction * clone(); Numeric Mul umpLTE Numeric Class Mul ass JumpLTE int value Mul(); JumpLTE(); virtual ~Mul(); al ~JumpLTE(); Numeric(); virtual void execute(Data *d, vector<string> line); e(Data * d,vector<string> line); Numeric(string n, int v); virtual Instruction * clone(); nstruction * clone(); virtual ~Numeric(); virtual void initialize (vector<string> line); Out lumpNZ virtual VAR * clone(vector<string> line); Class Out void setValue(int v); ass JumpNZ int getValue() const; Numeric operator*(const Numeric& other); Numeric operator/(const Numeric& other); Numeric operator-(const Numeric& other); Out(); JumpNZ(); virtual ~Out(); Numeric operator+(const Numeric& other); ual ~JumpNZ(); virtual void execute(Data *d, vector<string> line); Numeric& operator=(const Numeric& other); e(Data * d,vector<string> line); Numeric& operator=(const int& n); virtual Instruction * clone(); nstruction * clone(); Numeric* operator+=(const Numeric* other); Numeric* operator+=(const int& i); Sub Sleep Numeric* operator+=(const double& d): Class Skeep Class Sub Numeric* operator*=(const Numeric* other); Numeric* operator*=(const int& i); Numeric* operator*=(const double& d);

Sub();

virtual ~Sub();

virtual void execute(Data *d, vector<std::string>

virtual Instruction * clone();

line);

Sleep();

line);

virtual ~Sleep();

Instruction * clone();

ute(Data *d, vector<std::string>

Assign

Class Assign

+Assign();

+virtual ~Assign();

+virtual void

execute(Data *d,

+vector<string>

line);

+ virtual Instruction

* clone();

friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const

Numeric& var);