```
ESE 2025 - Week 9 Report
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```

return max

Introduction:

This report shows the algorithm of finding a maximum, minimum, median integer in a vector. As well as using the built-in function to solve those requirements, and sorting an array in C++ program

Discussion:

```
To find a maximum value in a vector manually, we follow this pseudocode declare variable i =1;
declare variable next, max;
assign max = first element;
while i not equal to size of array
assign next = i element
if max < next
max = next;
increment of i;
```

To find the minimum integer in the vector manually, we follow:

```
declare variable i =1;
declare variable next, min;
assign min = first element;
while i not equal to size of array
assign next = i element
if min > next
min = next;
increment of i;
return min;
```

```
int Min(vector<int> thearr)
{
   int min = thearr[0];
```

```
int next;
vector<int>::size_type i =1;
while (i != thearr.size())
{
    next = thearr[i];
    if (min > next)
        min = next;
    ++i;
}
return min;
}

To find the median of the vector, we follow:
    declear float median;
    if size of array is even
```

median = [element(size / 2) + element(size /2 - 1)] / 2;

C++

```
float Median(vector<int> thearr)
{
    float Median;
    if ((thearr.size() % 2) == 0)
        Median =
    (thearr[thearr.size()/2]+thearr[(thearr.size()/2)-1])/2.0f;
    else
        Median = thearr[(thearr.size()/2)];
    return Median;
}
```

Using the built-in function:

else if size of array is odd

return median;

median = element(size/2);

To use the functions, we need to use the algorithm library by #include <algorithm>

```
/* Maximum integer */
cout << "The maximum integer is " <<
    *std::max_element(myarr.begin(),myarr.end())<< endl;
/* Minumum integer */
cout << "The minimum integer is " <<
    *std::min_element(myarr.begin(),myarr.end())<< endl;</pre>
```

For sorting an array, we can use the built - in function with the same library algorithm

```
sort(myarr.begin(),myarr.end());
```

Summary:

Althogh we can write our own function for specific usage, some of the built-in functions are extremely helpful in larger programs.

Appendix:

```
//-----
// Name
           : MaxMinAve.cpp
// Author
           : Vy
// Version
// Copyright : Your copyright notice
// Description : , Ansi-style
//----
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm> // this library contain min_element and max_element built-in
using std::vector;
using std::cout;
using std::endl;
using std::cin;
/*
*/
int Max(vector<int> thearr)
      int max = thearr[0];
      int next;
      vector<int>::size_type i =1;
      while (i != thearr.size())
      {
            next = thearr[i];
            if (max < next)</pre>
                  max = next;
            ++i;
      return max;
int Min(vector<int> thearr)
      int min = thearr[0];
      int next;
      vector<int>::size_type i =1;
      while (i != thearr.size())
      {
            next = thearr[i];
            if (min > next)
                  min = next;
            ++i;
      }
      return min;
float Median(vector<int> thearr)
{
      float Median;
      if ((thearr.size() % 2) == 0)
```

```
Median = (thearr[thearr.size()/2]+thearr[(thearr.size()/2)-1])/2.0f;
       else
               Median = thearr[(thearr.size()/2)];
       return Median;
}
int main()
{
       /* store integers in a vector from standard input */
       vector<int> myarr;
                                                              // our container
                                                             // our container content variable
       int token;
       cout << "Please enter some integers, followed by <CTRL><D>:" << endl;</pre>
       while (cin >> token)
                                                     // loop exits when user enters <CTRL><D>
               myarr.push_back(token);
       }
       cout << endl << endl;</pre>
       /* print integers from vector */
       cout << "Your integer array are:" << endl;</pre>
       for (vector<int>::size_type j = 0; j != myarr.size(); ++j)
               cout << " " << myarr[j];</pre>
       cout << endl;</pre>
       /* The largest integer */
       int max = Max(myarr);
       cout << endl << "The largest integer in the array is: " << max << endl;</pre>
       /*The smallest integer*/
       int min = Min(myarr);
       cout << endl << "The smallest integer in the array is: " << min << endl;</pre>
       /* The Median integer*/
       float median = Median(myarr);
       cout << endl << "The median of the array is: " << median << endl;</pre>
        * Maximum, Minimum, Median using built - in functions
       cout << "Using built in functions"<< endl << endl;</pre>
       /* Maximum integer */
       cout << "The maximum integer is " << *std::max_element(myarr.begin(),myarr.end())<< endl;</pre>
       /* Minumum integer */
       cout << "The minimum integer is " << *std::min_element(myarr.begin(),myarr.end())<< endl;</pre>
        * Built-in functions for sorting an array
        */
       sort(myarr.begin(),myarr.end());
       cout << "The sorted array is"<<endl;</pre>
               for (vector<int>::size_type j = 0; j != myarr.size(); ++j)
                       cout << " " << myarr[j];</pre>
               cout << endl;</pre>
```

```
/* exit happily */
return 0;
}
```