Homework #2: Describing Patterns in Accelerometer Data (100 points)

Can you identify a person's activity based on 3D accelerometer data? In this assignment, your job is to use Python to process, visualize, and explore the provided accelerometer dataset; your main task is to **manually** *identify* and *describe* general patterns that link accelerometer data to at least **four** different activities.

To clarify, you have **two** deliverables:

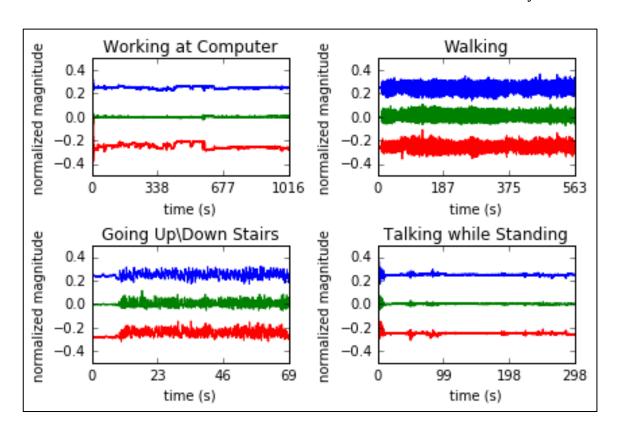
- 1. Python code to process and visualize the provided accelerometer data.
- 2. A plain-English document (with figures) that describes possible link(s) between *human-recognizable* patterns in the accelerometer data and 4 (or more) activities.

The **provided dataset** contains uncalibrated (raw) data from 3-axis accelerometers mounted on the chests of **15** *participants* during **7** different *activities*.

- There are 15 different csv files (1.csv, 2.csv, ..., 15.csv), one for each participant
 - See **README.txt** for specific *csv* file structure and types of **activities**

EXAMPLE

The following figure shows normalized x, y, z accelerometer data (blue, green, red) for participant #14. There are several trends worth noting; for instance, how would you describe the similarities and differences in accelerometer data for each activity?



HINTS

```
• simple way to normalize vector \mathbf{x} to \pm 1.0
     \circ x /= max( abs(x) )
• shift vector x to have mean 0.0
     \circ x -= mean(x)

    import numpy as np

     o np.array( ... )
     o ndarray slice
           x = data[:,2]
     o ndarray indexing
           • i = (data[:,4]==1)
• import matplotlib as plt
     o plt.subplot( ... )
     o plt.plot( ... )
     o plt.xlabel( ... )
     o plt.ylabel( ... )
     o plt.title( ... )
     o plt.axis( ... )
     o plt.xticks( ... )
     o plt.savefig( ... )
```

- sypder app within the Anaconda Python package is very helpful
- Work incrementally!!