Exercises with for and while instructions

Objectives

- Recap previous session
- Exercises
- Homework exercises
- Guidelines

Recap previous session

- What is a for instruction? How does it help?
- What is the difference between a for and a while?
- Can you substitute a for loop with a while loop?

Exercises

• Note: each exercises will be first solved using the **for** instruction and then using the **while** instruction such that you will get familiar with both of them

TBD: remove this reference: => PBINFO => Iteration: Page 2

- 1. Given n natural numbers, create a JAVA program which will compute the root mean square (media patratica) of them.
 - Note: the formula for this is described in the image below:

$$\sqrt{rac{x_1^2+x_2^2{+}\ldots{+}x_n^2}{n}}$$

• Sample Input:

```
o n = 5
```

- 0 12345
- Sample Output: The quadratic mean of the entered numbers is 3.3166247903554
- Solution:
 - a. while:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("How many numbers do you want to read? ");
```

b. for:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
    public class Application {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("How many numbers do you want to read? ");
            int n = in.nextInt();
            double sumOfSquares = 0.0;
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                System.out.println("Enter number #" + (i+1));
                sumOfSquares += Math.pow(in.nextDouble(), 2);
            }
            double quadraticMean = Math.sqrt(sumOfSquares / n);
            System.out.println("The quadratic mean of the entered numbers
is: " + quadraticMean);
        }
    }
```

- 2. Given n, create a JAVA program wich will compute 10 to the power n.
 - Sample Input: n = 3
 - Sample Output: 1000

Solution: a. while

```
import java.util.Scanner;
          public class Application {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                  Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
                  System.out.print("N = ");
                  int n = in.nextInt();
                  int i = 0;
                  double result = 1;
                  while (i < n) {
                      result = result * 10;
                      i++;
                  }
                  System.out.println("10 to the power " + n + " is: " +
result );
              }
          }
```

b. for:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("N = ");
        int n = in.nextInt();
        double result = 1;

        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            result = result * 10;
        }
}</pre>
```

```
System.out.println("10 to the power " + n + " is: " + result );
}
```

}

- 3. Given two numbers a and b read from the keyboard, create a JAVA program which will compute a to the power b
 - o Sample Input:
 - a = 4
 - b = 5
 - Sample Output:
 - **1**024
 - Solution:
 - a. while:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
     public class Application {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.print("a = ");
             int a = in.nextInt();
             System.out.print("b = ");
             int b = in.nextInt();
             double result = 1;
             int i = 0;
             while (i < b) {
                 result = result * a;
                 i++;
             System.out.println(a + " to the power " + b + " is: " + result
);
        }
     }
```

b. for:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("a = ");
        int a = in.nextInt();
        System.out.print("b = ");
}
```

```
int b = in.nextInt();

double result = 1;

for(int i = 0; i < b; i++) {
    result = result * a;
}
System.out.println(a + " to the power " + b + " is: " + result
);
}
}</pre>
```

- 4. Given two numbers, not equal to 0, n and p create a JAVA program which will display in ascending order, powers of n which are smaller or equal to p
 - o Sample Input:
 - n = 2
 - p = 31
 - Sample Output: 0 1 2 3 4
 - Solution:

a. while

```
import java.util.Scanner;
        public class Application {
            public static void main(String[] args) {
                Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
                System.out.print("n = ");
                double n = in.nextDouble();
                System.out.print("p = ");
                double p = in.nextDouble();
                int i = 0;
                double power = Math.pow(n, i);
                while (power <= p) {</pre>
                    System.out.print(i + " ");
                    i++;
                    power = Math.pow(n, i);
                }
            }
        }
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("n = ");
        double n = in.nextDouble();
        System.out.print("p = ");
        double p = in.nextDouble();
        for(int i = 0; Math.pow(n, i) < p; i++) {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

- 5. Create a JAVA program which will compute the first n pyramidal numbers, n read from the keyboard. A pyramidal number n is the sum of the first n perfect squares
 - Sample Input:
 - \blacksquare n = 5
 - Sample Output:
 - **5**5
 - o Solution:
 - a. while:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("n = ");
        int n = in.nextInt();
        double sum = 0;

        int i = 1;
        while (i <= n) {
            sum += (i * i);
            i++;
        }
        System.out.println(sum);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
***
```

b. for:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("n = ");
        int n = in.nextInt();
        double sum = 0;

        for(int i = 1; i <=n; i++) {
            sum += (i * i);
        }

        System.out.println(sum);
    }
}</pre>
```

6. Given a character c and a number n. Create a JAVA program which will display the following pyramid:

```
C
C C
C C C
.....
```

Solution:

a. while:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
   public class Application {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("n = ");
}
```

```
int n = in.nextInt();
                System.out.print("c = ");
                String character = in.next();
                int line = 1;
                while ( line <= n) {
                    int i = 0;
                    while (i < line) {
                        i++;
                        System.out.print(character);
                    System.out.println();
                    line++;
            }
        }
b. `for`:
    ```java
 import java.util.Scanner;
 public class Application {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.print("n = ");
 int n = in.nextInt();
 System.out.print("c = ");
 String character = in.next();
 for(int line = 1; line <= n; line++) {</pre>
 for(int i = 0; i < line; i++) {
 System.out.print(character);
 System.out.println();
 }
 }
```

7. Create a JAVA program which will display a square of n rows and n columns, where each element is equal to the character c read from the keyboard.

- o Sample Input:
  - n = 4
  - c = r

Sample Output:

```
r r r r
r r r r
r r r r
```

Solution: a. while:

```
```java
    import java.util.Scanner;
   public class Application {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.print("n = ");
            int n = in.nextInt();
            System.out.print("c = ");
            String character = in.next();
            int line = 0;
            while(line < n) {</pre>
                int column = 0;
                while(column < n) {</pre>
                     System.out.print(character + " ");
                     column++;
                }
                System.out.println();
                line++;
            }
        }
   }
```

b. for:

```
```java
 import java.util.Scanner;

public class Application {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.print("n = ");
 int n = in.nextInt();
 System.out.print("c = ");
 String character = in.next();

 for(int line = 0; line < n; line++) {
 for(int column = 0; column < n; column++) {
 System.out.print(character + " ");
 }
 System.out.println();
 }
}</pre>
```

## Homework exercises

- 1. Create a JAVA program which will read n numbers from the keyboard and it will determine their sum
  - Sample Input:
    - n = 3
    - **1**23
  - Sample Output: 6
- 2. Create a JAVA program which will read numbers from the keyboard until the user presses 0. In the end, the program should return their sum
  - Sample Input:
    - **1230**
  - Sample Output: 6
- 3. Create a JAVA program which will read numbers from the keyboard until the user presses two consecutive identical numbers. The program should compute their sum
  - Sample Input:
    - **12344**
  - Sample Output: 14

Note: try to resolve the homework with both for and while instructions.

## Guidelines

- Try to redo each of the class exercises, both with while and for instructions. Then, compare your solution with the one provided in our session
- Do not forget that there are multiple solution to a problem, thus, if your solution differ than the one described, it is NOT wrong.

• At the end of each lecture, try to note everything that was new such that, if it not clear, we can talk about it in the next lesson.