

B&Y ENGLISH

B&Y 「중급 특강」

To 부정사 개념편 LV.1

To 부정사

1) To 부정사란? : **to + 동사원형** 의 형태로, **동사를 다른 역할로 활용**하기 위해 쓴다.

I want to go to school.

I like to take a trip to the mountain.

[명 / 형 / 부] 활용

①명 그녀는 **[나]**를 원한다.

She **wants** **[me]**

①명 그녀는 **[나를 돕기]**를 원한다.

She **wants** **[to help me]**.

②형 너는 **[좋은]** 기회를 갖고 있다.

You have a **[good]** **chance**

=>

②형 너는 **[나를 도울]** 기회를 갖고 있다.

You have a **chance** **[to help me]**.

③부 **[나를 위해]**, 그녀가 왔다.

[For me], she came.

③부 **[나를 돕기 위해]**, 그녀가 왔다.

[To help me], she came.

[5형식 N to V] 활용 (=O.C)

나는 **[그녀가 나를 돕기]**를 원한다.

I want **[her to help me]**.

그는 그의 아이들이 스마트폰을 사용하도록

He allowed **[his kids to use smartphone]**

[조동사의 일부] 활용

You **have to** save that money
(~해야 한다.)

We're **going to** buy a house
(~할 것이다)

I **used to** eat spicy food
(~하곤 했다.)

2) 그럼 어떻게 To 부정사의 품사를 구분할까?

①명 “사람들을 돕는 것”

S

동사

O/C

* Help people
돕다 사람들을

->

②명 “사람들을 도울, 돕는”

명사

[]

③부 “사람들을 돕기 위해”

[]

문장

[]

<p>I want _____</p> <p>_____ is my pleasure</p> <p>My goal is _____</p>	<p>You have a chance _____</p> <p>The chance _____ is</p>	<p>_____, She came here</p> <p>I came here _____</p>
---	---	--

3) To 부정사 개념 지도

To부정사의 용법	자리
<p>① 명 “~하는 것” / “~하기”</p> <p>① 주어 : <u>To help people</u> is important</p> <p>② 목적어 : I want <u>to help people</u></p> <p>③ 보어 : My goal is <u>to help people</u></p>	<p><u>S</u> ① 동사 <u>O/C</u></p>
<p>② 형 “~하는” / “~할”</p> <p>① 주격 관계절 : I found a way <u>to help people</u></p> <p>② 목적격 관계절 : I have nice ideas <u>to share with you</u></p> <p>③ 동격 : This is a chance <u>to learn a new language</u>.</p>	<p>② 명사 [<u> </u>]</p>
<p>③ 부</p> <p>① 목적 : To meet him, I will go there.</p> <p>② 감정·판단의 이유 : I was excited to see my friends. She must be talented to write such a novel.</p> <p>③ 정도 : He was rich enough to buy a supercar.</p> <p>④ 결과 : He grew up to be a handsome young man.</p> <p>⑤ 조건 : To go to my house, you would feel comfortable.</p> <p>⑥ 형용사 보충 : I'm prepared to die for you</p>	<p>[<u> </u>] ③ 문장 [<u> </u>]</p>
<p>④ O.C N to V 목적보어 : ~하도록, ~하게 ...등</p> <p>We want you <u>to help people</u></p> <p>Experience enables you <u>to help people</u></p>	<p>④ V5 + <u>N</u> + <u>to V</u></p>
<p>⑤ 조 조동사의 일부</p> <p>The concert <u>is about to</u> start.</p> <p>I <u>used to</u> live in London</p>	

4) To 부정사는 어디까지 묶어줘야 할까?

① 문장의 시작부에 나온 경우

To eat too much fast food will ruin your health.

To find the solution, we visited the library.

To understand the complex relations between different species in the ecosystem is a key factor.

To create an innovative design for the new product, the designers brainstormed a range of ideas.

② 주어와 동사 사이에 위치한 경우

The best way to learn a language fast is to practice regularly.

The most challenging task to complete under such tight deadlines was the project report.

The easiest way to get to the city center during rush hour is the subway.

The hardest part to paint in this artwork was the detailed landscape in the background.

③ 문장 끝에 위치한 경우

The government encourages citizens to participate in community service.

There is a new, exciting recipe to try for tonight's dinner.

The musician practiced tirelessly to become a virtuoso.

The campaign persuades consumers to buy eco-friendly products.

to 부정사 분석하기 - 명사적 용법

④

[To win this competition] is my goal.
v3' O' S V2 C

[이 경기를 이기는 것] 이 / 나의 목표이다.

1) to 부정사 덩어리를 []로 묶고 (품사) 표시하기

2) 문장 구조를 분석하기. (세부 문장 구조까지)

3) 끊어 읽기 방식으로 한글 해석 쓰기

[예시]

① 주어 : To learn a new language can be very enjoyable.

② 목적어 : We hope to finish the project by the deadline.

③ 보어 : Her goal is to become a successful author.

명사적 용법 Training

1	To finish this task by tomorrow will be difficult.	★ task - n. 일, 업무 ★ by - prep. ~까지(시간)
2	He plans to travel to Japan next year.	★ travel - v. 여행하다.
3	The key to success is to stay focused	★ stay + a - "~한 상태로 있다. ★ focus - v. 집중하다. focused - a. 집중된 (p.p)
4	Our plan is to expand the business internationally.	★ expand - v. 확장하다 ★ business - n. 사업 ★ internationally - ad. 국제적으로
5	He promised to return the book tomorrow.	★ promise - v. 약속하다. ★ return - v. 돌려주다

to 부정사 분석하기 - 형용사적 용법

That is the best way [to stimulate new ideas.]
 S V2 C V3' O'
 그것은 / 최고의 방법이다. / [새로운 아이디어를 자극하는]

- 1) to 부정사 덩어리를 []로 묶고 (품사) 표시하기
- 2) 문장 구조를 분석하기. (세부 문장 구조까지)
- 3) 끊어 읽기 방식으로 한글 해석 쓰기

[예시]

- ① 주격 관계절 : There is a man to help you.
- ② 목적격 관계절 : There is a man to help.
- ③ 동격(=보충절) : There is an opportunity to help you.

형용사적 용법 Training		
1	A mechanic to fix our car is coming.	★ mechanic – n. 기계공 ★ fix – v. 고치다. 수리하다
2	I need a problem to solve.	★ solve – v. 해결하다. 풀다
3	Ideas to revolutionize society are frequently discussed	★ revolutionize – v. 혁명하다. 혁신하다 ★ frequently – ad. 자주 ★ discuss – v. 논의하다
4	He had no friends to support him	★ support – v. 지지하다. 응원하다
5	A challenge to overcome strengthens the spirit.	★ overcome – v. 극복하다 ★ strength-en – v. 강화하다 ★ spirit – n. 영혼
6	Face-to-face interaction is one of the best ways to stimulate new thinking and ideas.	★ face-to-face interaction – n. 대면 상호작용 / ★ stimulate – v. 자극하다.

[세부 용법]

① 목적

To meet the deadline, she worked through the night.

So as to improve her language skills, she practiced speaking daily.

In order to pass the test, he studied hard for weeks.

② 감정·판단의 이유

She was **excited** to see her friends.

He **must be foolish** to believe such a thing.

It's very **kind** of you to invite me to your party.

③ 정도·결과

He was rich enough to buy a supercar.

There's enough money to buy the house.

The rain was so heavy as to make our picnic impossible.

I was not such a fool as to risk my life.

The offer was too good to refuse.

The girl cried hard only to make her mom more.

She left her country never to return.

He awoke to find himself famous.

My grandparents lived to be ninety.

The boy grew up to be a great musician.

④ 조건

To experience their hospitality, you **would** feel comfortable.

You **would** think of her as an angel to see her dancing.

You **would** believe he is a natural leader [to listen to his speech.]

⑤ 형용사 보충

Tom is sure to pass the test.

He is ready to take on new challenges.

They are determined to make a difference.

They are willing to help those in need.

He is reluctant to change his plans.

부사적 용법 Training

She was sad ^{(부)원인} [to leave her hometown.]
 S V2 C V3' O'
 그녀는 / 슬펐다. / [그녀의 고향을 떠나게 되어서]

- 1) to 부정사 덩어리를 []로 묶고 (품사) 표시하기
- 2) ★ 용법의 세부 의미를 표시하기 ex) '원인'
- 3) 문장 구조 분석하기. (세부 문장 구조까지)
- 4) 품어 읽기 방식으로 한글 해석 쓰기

1	To meet new friends, she joined a club.	★ join - v. 가입하다. 합류하다
2	He is brave enough to face challenges.	★ brave - a. 용감한 ★ face - v. 직면하다. ★ enough - ad. 충분히 a. 충분한
3	He must be very happy to smile like that.	★ must - aux. ~임에 틀림없다 ★ like - prep. ~처럼, ~와 같이
4	She is proud to be part of the team.	★ proud - a. 자랑스러운
5	I was surprised to find the door open.	★ find - v. 발견하다, 알게되다
★ 6 ★	He reads books to gain knowledge.	★ knowledge - n. 지식
7	She awoke to find a magical house.	★ awake - v. 깨다. ★ magical - a. 마법의
8	She is afraid to speak in public.	★ afraid - a. 두려워 하는 ★ in public - "공개적으로, 대중 앞에서"
9	They were thrilled to receive the award.	★ Thrill - v. 짜릿하게 하다. Thrilled - a. 짜릿한, 매우 좋은 ★ receive - v. 받다. ★ award - n. 상

주요 5형식(N to V) 동사 복습하기

* 5형식 N to V 동사의 종류는 크게 4가지의 뜻으로 분류된다.

유발	지각
<p>① [<u>make, have, let, help</u>] the man [<u>to</u> do it] └사역동사 삭제 <u>get, cause, encourage,...</u> O O.C</p> <p>시키다, ~하도록 하다, 요청하다 ~가 ~하기를 ~하도록 돕다, 설득하다 등</p> <p>I asked him to solve the problem. He allow me to go there. Hard work will enable you to do anything. Mr.Bae makes his students to study hard.</p>	<p>② [<u>see, watch, hear, feel,</u>] the man [<u>to</u> do it] └지각동사 삭제 <u>observe, notice, ...</u> O O.C</p> <p>보다, 듣다, 느끼다 ~가 ~하는 것을</p> <p>I saw people to dance. He watched her to be walking I heard the train to arrive at the station. I felt the ground to be shaking.</p>
바람	판단
<p>③ [<u>want, like, wait for</u>] the man [<u>to</u> do it] O O.C</p> <p>원하다. 바라다. ~가 ~하기를</p> <p>She want her team to win the championship. I like the steak to be cooked more. He waits for the leaves to fall.</p>	<p>④ [<u>think, believe, find,</u>] the man [<u>(to be)</u> honest] <u>prove, hold, ...</u> O O.C</p> <p>생각하다. 여기다. 알게되다 ~가 ~하다고, 증명하다, 주장하다 등 ~하라는 것을</p> <p>I considered him to be smart. I think him to be the best man for the job. He proved the theory to be correct. She found the solution to be simple</p>

[Training] 다음 문장의 구조를 분석하고, 한글 해석을 쓰세요. (굵어 읽기)

1	The writer used his experience to write Harry Porter.	★ experience : n. 경험
2	He finds the exercise to be good for his health.	★ exercise : n. 운동
3	You must find a new path to get food.	★ path : n. 방법, 길 ★ get : v3. 얻다
4	I helped my friend to move to her new apartment.	★ move : v1. 이사하다. 움직이다. ★ apartment : n. 아파트

[Training] 형용사적 용법 vs 부사적 용법 vs 5형식 N to V		
1	I have a few tips to share for better cooking.	★ a few – det. 약간의 ★ share – v. 공유하다.
2	He is looking for a partner to join his business.	★ look for – (구동사) ~를 찾다. ★ join – v. 합류하다, 가입하다.
3	There is no reason to delay the project.	★ There is ~ - ~가 있다. ★ reason - n. 이유 ★ delay – v. 미루다, 지연시키다.
4	Banks encourage people to borrow money	★ Encourage – v. 장려하다, 격려하다 ★ borrow – v. 빌리다.
5	She went to the library to study for her exams.	★ library – n. 도서관 ★ exam – n. 시험
6	They are studying hard to pass the university entrance exam.	★ hard – a. 어려운, 단단한 ad. 열심히 ★ entrance – n. 입학
7	Internet allows us to expand our circle of friends.	★ allow – v. 허용하다. ★ expand – v. 확장시키다. ★ circle – n. 범위
8	She exercises regularly to maintain her fitness.	★ regularly – ad. 규칙적으로 ★ maintain – v. 유지하다.
★ 9 ★	She wrote a book to inspire young entrepreneurs.	★ inspire – v. 고무시키다. ★ entrepreneur – n. 기업가
10	She's practicing piano daily to prepare for the concert.	★ practice – v. 연습하다. ★ prepare for - (구동사) ~를 준비하다.

to가 사용된 조동사 표현들

(하나의 서술어로 취급)

He is about to reach his final goal.
S V3 O

그는 / 막 도달하려 한다. / 그의 최종 목표에

* to가 사용된 조동사 표현은 동사와 함께 하나의 서술어로 취급한다.

* 반복 숙지하여 빠르게 서술어를 인식할 수 있도록 한다.

조동사 표현	뜻	예문
have to	-해야 한다 [할 필요가 없다;] 틀림없이 -일 것이다	You <u>have to</u> save that money to buy a house. You <u>don't have to</u> knock — just walk in. There <u>has to</u> be a reason for his strange behaviour.
have got to	-해야 한다 [할 필요가 없다] 틀림없이 -일 것이다	You <u>have got to</u> admit your mistakes. I <u>haven't got to</u> leave till seven. This war <u>has got to</u> end soon.
need (to)	-해야 한다[-할 필요가 있다] [할 필요가 없다]	You <u>need (to)</u> finish that work today. You <u>don't need to</u> finish that work today. You <u>need not</u> finish that work today.
ought to	-해야 한다 -일 것이다	They <u>ought to</u> apologize. If he started out at nine, he <u>ought to</u> be here by now.
be to	예정[-하기로 되어 있다] 의무[-해야 한다] 의도[-하려 하다] 가능[-할 수 있다] 운명[-할 운명이다.]	The President <u>is to</u> visit Paris next month. You <u>are to</u> do your homework before you watch TV. If we <u>are to</u> get there by lunchtime, we had better hurry. She <u>was</u> nowhere <u>to</u> be found. But we <u>were to</u> meet again, many years later.
be about to	막 -하려는 참이다	The concert <u>is about to</u> start.
be going to	-할 것이다 -일 것이다	We're <u>going to</u> buy a house next week. If the drought continues, there's <u>going to</u> be a famine.
come to	-하게 되다	He <u>comes to</u> know that.
get to	-하게 되다	He <u>gets to</u> know that.
grow to	-하게 되다	He <u>grows to</u> know that.
used to	-하곤 했다 예전에는 -했다 예전에는 -이었다	I <u>used to</u> eat spicy food whenever I got stressed. I <u>used to</u> live in London. There <u>used to</u> be a church on the hill.
dare (to)	감히 -하다; -할 용기가 있다	She <u>doesn't dare (to)</u> go out at night.
tend to	-하는 경향이 있다[보통 -한다]	When I'm tired, I <u>tend to</u> make mistakes.
struggle to	-하려고 애쓰다, 분투하다	They <u>struggled to</u> pay their bills.

