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PMB 2002, Ago – Iwoye, Ogun State, Nigeria.

GNS 201 – Nigerian people and Citizenship Education

Harmattan Semester Examination. 2011/2012

1. Which of these is a popular traditional music in Hausa?
(a) Igbin (b) Gogo (c) Sekere (d) Akaba (e) Idoma
2. In culture, man adjusts to the process of
(a) Political and Social Setting (b) Political and religious setting
(c) Social and Economic Setting (d) Social and religious setting (e) Political and economic setting
3. Which of these festivals is synonymous with the Nupe of Niger State?
(a) Pategi regatta (b) Okosi (c) Oshun (d) Sango (e) Odu
4. As punishment, a murderer in Kanuri is
(a) Charmed (b) Whipped (c) Beheaded (d) Imprisoned (e) Amputated
5. The members of a family are held as constituting an economic unit that produces _____ and _____ from the satisfaction of their needs.
(a) Food and health (b) goods and services (c) health and wage
(d) All of the above (e) none of the above
6. A relationship that recognizes several blood ties is known as _____ family
(a) Nuclear (b) consanguine (c) Primary (d) Elementary (e) Conjugal
7. Which of the under listed Countries practices matrilineal family system?
(a) Nigeria (b) USA (c) Kenya (d) Ghana (e) Great Britain
8. The Akan ethnic group is found in
(a) Nigeria (b) Togo (c) Morocco (d) South Africa (e) Ghana
9. The word "kinship" refers to what?
(a) A group of people related through common ancestry, marriage or adoption
(b) A group of people related by marriage and adoption (c) A continent
(d) An extra-marital conjugal relationship (e) All of the above
10. Polyandry, in relation to the commonly held notion of marriage is
(a) A fraternal and non-fraternal (b) A woman marries a group of brothers
(c) A woman married several husbands (d) A woman visits her husbands in turn
(e) A woman is compelled to marry many husbands
11. Marriage by mutual consent best defines
(a) Trial marriage (b) Extra-marital relationship (c) Christian marriage
(d) Islamic marriage (e) Marriage by ordinance
12. OSU caste system is synonymous with when which of these towns?
(a) Asokoro (b) Mbaise (c) Itsekiri (d) Mbube (e) Idoma
13. Which of these events marked the origin of marriage by photograph in Nigeria?
(a) First World War (b) Second World War (c) Nigeria-Biafra War (d) Congo War
(e) All of the above
14. The Yoruba adopted which of the following media in response to inadequate supply of labour in the farms?
(a) Aaro and Owe (b) Ifa and Ogun (c) Sango and Obatala (d) Oba and Age-grade (e) divination
15. The Emirs palace, in many towns and cities in the northern part of Nigeria, comprises the
(a) Focal point of activities (b) Play ground (c) Coronation Centre (d) Ritual centre
(e) A centre for war council against enemies.
16. Ogun (the god of iron) is _____ among the Yoruba

- (a) A spirit (b) a terrestrial being (c) divine being (d) a charm (e) all of the above
17. Which arm of government adjudicates?
(a) Judiciary (b) legislative (c) executive (d) judges (e) Ombudsman
18. Osun, among the Yoruba, is revered for _____
(a) Protection (b) provision of irrigation (c) provision of potable water (d) healing of diseases
(e) Protection from the elements
19. The following are types of citizenship, except _____
(a) By birth (b) by marriage (c) by colour (d) by naturalization (e) all of the above
20. To broker peace with the Niger-Delta Militants, Yar Adua offered _____
(a) Amnesty (b) free education (c) free health services (d) professional training abroad
(b) 50% derivation from the federated accounts
21. When did Nigeria adopt the presidential system of government?
(a) September 31, 1979 (b) October 2, 1979 (c) September 25, 1979
(d) October 3, 1979 (e) October 1, 1979
22. An effective leader has the ability to _____
(a) Carry his/her followers along with him on any issue (b) Adopt unpopular approaches
(c) Refuse to assess his subjects as at when due (d) Cater for his followers interests out of duty only
(e) Adopt a do-or-die stance towards issues
23. Who among the under listed was celebrated for extreme tyranny as a president and head-of-state?
(a) Idi-Amin (b) Sani Abacha (c) Jerry Rawlings (d) Ibrahim Babangida (e) Muamar Chadafi
24. What is the argument in support of open ballot system in Nigeria?
(a) Voters must line up behind the poster of their choice candidates (b) Voters should cast their votes secretly
(c) The consensus candidate is not penalized (d) The country of the votes is usually manipulated
(e) Voters' influence is easily bought
25. The unwritten constitution is applicable to which of these countries
(a) USA (b) Mongolia (c) Great Britain (d) Indian (e) Pakistan
26. Richard's Constitution of 1946 made provision for _____
(a) Establishment of regional councils (b) Elective principle through the election of three representatives
(c) Limited suffrage (d) Adult suffrage (e) Free election
27. The first Indigenous Constitution in Nigeria was _____
(a) 1979 Constitution (b) 1963 Constitution (c) 1951 Constitution (d) 1946 Constitution
(e) 1999 Constitution
28. Which of the following countries triggered the Arab Spring?
(a) Egypt (b) Libya (c) Syria (d) Yemen (e) Tunisia
29. Which of the following is not a fundamental human right?
(a) Dignity of person (b) Personal liberty (c) Fair hearing
(d) Private and family life (e) Freedom of expression without control
30. Which of the following best defines national identity as a concept?
(a) It relates to people of the same kind (b) It relates to people of the same nation
(c) It relates to people having a sense of absolute sameness (d) It relates to people identifying with the aims and objectives of the nation
(e) All of the above
31. All the under listed are national symbols except _____
(a) National identity emblem (b) National flag (c) Coat of arms
(d) National anthem (e) National pledge
32. Which of these towns hosts an annual international mountain race?
(a) Argungu (b) Yankari (c) Jos (d) Obudu (e) Nankka
33. What is the landmass for the Federal Republic of Nigeria?
(a) 923,768km² (b) 950,600km² (c) 820,650km² (d) 802,650km²
(e) 750,670km²
34. Which of these best capture culture in a society?
(a) Materialistic and idealistic approaches (b) Psychological and sociological approaches
(c) Institutional and systemic approaches (d) Political and social approaches
(e) Realist and non-materialistic approaches
35. Which is the newest independent _____
(a) Namibia (b) South Africa (c) Sao-Tome and principal (d) South Sudan (e) Angola