

מת"מ תרגיל בית 1  
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בקובץ : קובץ מתוקן של foo.  
merge sorted list.-

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <string.h>
4
5
6 char* foo(char* str, int* x) {
7
8     char* str2;
9     int i;
10    if(x==NULL || str == NULL)//1-need to check the addres of X, and if it valid
    save the len !
11    {
12        return NULL;
13    }
14    *x = (int)strlen(str); //2- add pointer to X and casting the value to int
    from"size_t"
15    str2 =(char*) malloc(sizeof(char)*(*x+1)); //plus 1 for '/0' , 3-fixed the way
    we created the malloc.
16
17    if(str2==NULL) //4 - add check for mallocd .
18    {
19        free(str2);
20        return NULL;
21    }
22    int len=*x;
23    for (i = 0; i <= len; i++) // 5- adding "=" because we have the special last
    char.
24        str2[i] = str[len- i-1]; // 6- adding "-1"
25
26    if (len % 2 != 0) { // 7- fix to "!=" because if the len is odd we need to
    pring the original string
27        printf("%s", str);
28    }
29
30    if (len % 2 == 0) // 8-fix to "==" , because if the len is even we need to
    pring the oppsite string.
31    {
32        printf("%s", str2);
33    }
34    return str2;
35 }
36
37
```

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <stdbool.h>
4 #include <string.h>
5 typedef struct node_t
6 {
7     int x;
8     struct node_t *next;
9 } *Node;
10 typedef enum
11 {
12     SUCCESS=0,
13     MEMORY_ERROR,
14     UNSORTED_LIST,
15     NULL_ARGUMENT,
16 } ErrorCode;
17 int getListLength(Node list);
18 bool isListSorted(Node list);
19 Node mergeSortedList(Node list1, Node list2, ErrorCode* error_code);
20 int compareElements(int x1,int x2);
21 void DestroyList(Node list);
22 void AddElement(Node list,int x);
23 Node CreateElement(int x);
24 //returns 0,if x1=x2,x1>x2 will return positive number,x1<x2 will return negative
    number.
25 int getListLength(Node list) {
26     int len=0;
27     Node i=list;
28     while(i){
29         len++;
30         i=i->next;
31     }
32     return len;
33 }
34
35 Node CreateElement(int y)
36 {
37     Node new=(Node)malloc(sizeof(*new));
38     if(!new) return NULL;
39     new->x=y;
40     return new;
41 }
42
43
44 void DestroyList(Node list)
45 {
46     if(list == NULL) return;
47     while(list!= NULL )
48     {
49         Node tmp=list;
50         list=list->next;
51         free(tmp);
52         tmp=NULL;
53     }
54 }
55 int compareElements(int x1,int x2)
56 {
57     return (x1-x2);
58 }
59 Node mergeSortedList(Node list1, Node list2, ErrorCode* error_code)
```

```

60 {
61     int size1, size2;
62     size1=getListLength(list1),size2=getListLength(list2);
63     if(size1 == 0)
64     {
65         *error_code=SUCCESS;
66         return list2;
67     }
68     if(size2 == 0)
69     {
70         *error_code=SUCCESS;
71         return list1;
72     }
73     Node merged_list=(Node)malloc(sizeof(*merged_list));
74     if(!merged_list)
75     {
76         *error_code=MEMORY_ERROR;
77         return NULL;
78     }
79     //merge
80     int result=0;
81     Node tmp1=list1;
82     Node tmp2=list2;
83     Node tmp3=merged_list;//will save the current "head" of list1,list2,list3.
84     while( list1!= NULL && list2!= NULL )
85     {
86         result=compareElements(list1->x,list2->x);//are there any cases for x1,x2?
87         if(result <= 0)
88         {
89             merged_list->x=list1->x;
90             list1=list1->next;
91         }
92         //advancing of merged_list will happen in the end.
93         //else- result >0
94         else
95         {
96             merged_list->x=list2->x;
97             list2=list2->next;
98         }
99         //now malloc the next Node for merged_list.
100        merged_list->next=(Node)malloc(sizeof(*merged_list->next));
101        if(!merged_list->next)
102        {
103            //free all things that was malloced in list.
104            DestroyList(tmp3);
105            *error_code=MEMORY_ERROR;
106            return NULL;
107        }
108        merged_list=merged_list->next;
109    }
110    //now after one of lists of list1,list2 went empty,we iterate throught each one and
    just insert the elements there..
111    while(list1!=NULL)
112    {
113        //we assume the first iteration is malloced
114        merged_list->x=list1->x;
115        list1=list1->next;
116        if(list1!=NULL)
117        {
118            merged_list->next=(Node)malloc(sizeof(*merged_list->next));

```

```
119 //we know for fact(or else we wont be here), that one of the lists is
null.in this case list 2 is null
120 //the last element makes us problems in compilation
121 //so we check whether or not there exists antoer element in list1,if yes,we
malloc,else,we dont
122 if(!merged_list->next)
123 {
124     DestroyList(tmp3);
125     *error_code=MEMORY_ERROR;
126     return NULL;
127 }
128 merged_list=merged_list->next;
129 }
130 }
131 while(list2!=NULL)
132 {
133     //we assume the first iteration is malloced
134     merged_list->x=list2->x;
135     list2=list2->next;
136     //we know for fact(or else we wont be here), that one of the lists is
null.in this case list 1 is null
137 //the last element makes us problems in compilation
138 //so we check whether or not there exists antoer element in list2nif yes,we
malloc,else,we dont
139 if(list2!=NULL)
140 {
141     merged_list->next=(Node)malloc(sizeof(*merged_list->next));
142     if(!merged_list->next)
143     {
144         DestroyList(tmp3);
145         *error_code=MEMORY_ERROR;
146         return NULL;
147     }
148     merged_list=merged_list->next;
149 }
150 }
151 *error_code=SUCCESS;
152 merged_list=tmp3;
153 list1=tmp1;
154 list2=tmp2;
155 return merged_list;
156 }
```