# pstat274\_lab03\_aoxu

### AO XU

#### 2022-10-17

```
1.(a)  
Solution: (1-0.8B+0.12B^2)X_t = Z_t  
(b)  
Solution: polyroot(c(1,-0.8,0.12))
```

#### ## [1] 1.666667+0i 5.000000+0i

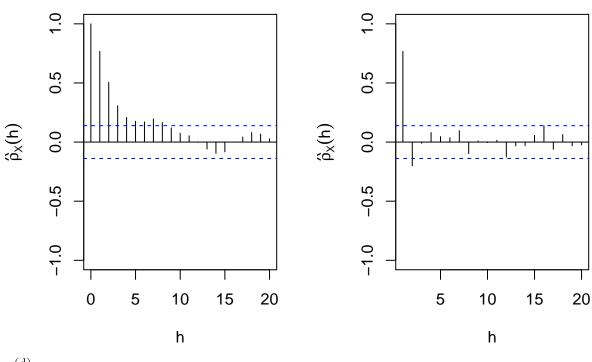
Since the roots are outside of the unit circle, then we could get that it's a casual AR(2), and also invertible since AR model is invertible.

(c)

Solution:

## Sample ACF

## **Sample PACF**



(d)

```
Solution:
acv_ar <- acf(ar2,type = "covariance",main = "Sample ACF",plot = F)</pre>
Rho <- toeplitz(acv_ar$acf[c(1,2)]/acv_ar$acf[1])</pre>
rho <- acv_ar$acf[c(2,3)]/acv_ar$acf[1]</pre>
phi_hat <- solve(Rho)%*%rho</pre>
phi_hat
##
               [,1]
## [1,] 0.9210879
## [2,] -0.2011451
sigma_z <- acv_ar$acf[1]*(1-t(rho)%*%solve(Rho)%*%rho)</pre>
sigma_z
             [,1]
##
## [1,] 1.024407
# parameter estimates
ar.yw(ar2)
##
## Call:
## ar.yw.default(x = ar2)
##
## Coefficients:
##
         1
    0.9211 -0.2011
##
##
## Order selected 2 sigma^2 estimated as 1.04
```

Therefore,  $\hat{\phi_1}=0.9210879,\ \hat{\phi_2}=-0.2011451,\ \hat{\sigma_z}^2=1.024407,$  and predictor estimators are 0.9210879, -0.2011451, and 1.040007.