

Mobile Application Projects

Lecture Outline

Intro to Sensors on iOS Devices
iOS Technology: Device Frameworks
Examples: Proximity Sensor, Bluetooth, Accelerometer
Overview of Core Motion
Accelerometer in Depth
Sensor Resources

Lecture Goals

- Get an introduction to the hot topic of programming iPhone's built-in sensors
- Learn how to create sensor-aware apps that respond to a user's location
- Understand the basics of augmented reality programming
- Build apps that combine data from the accelerometer, GPS, digital compass, and camera



Sensors on iOS Devices

Cellular & Wireless

- GSM model A1428*: UMTS/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA (850, 900, 1900, 2100 MHz); GSM/EDGE (850, 900, 1800, 1900 MHz); LTE (Bands 4 and 17)
- CDMA model A1429*: CDMA EV-DO Rev. A and Rev. B (800, 1900, 2100 MHz); UMTS/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA (850, 900, 1900, 2100 MHz); GSM/EDGE (850, 900, 1800, 1900 MHz); LTE (Bands 1, 3, 5, 13, 25)
- GSM model A1429*: UMTS/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA (850, 900, 1900, 2100 MHz); GSM/EDGE (850, 900, 1800, 1900 MHz); LTE (Bands 1, 3, 5)
- 802.11a/b/g/n Wi-Fi (802.11n 2.4GHz and 5GHz)
- Bluetooth 4.0 wireless technology

802.11n





Sensors on iOS Devices

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Sensors

Assisted GPS and GLONASS

Digital compass

Wi-Fi

Cellular

Three-axis gyro

Accelerometer

Proximity sensor

Ambient light sensor

Built-in microphones

8-megapixel iSight camera



iOS Technology: Device Frameworks

Name	First available	Prefixes	Description
AudioToolbox.fra mework	2.0	AU, Audio	Contains the interfaces for handling audio stream data and for playing and recording audio. See "Core Audio."
AudioUnit.framew ork	2.0	AU, Audio	Contains the interfaces for loading and using audio units. See "Core Audio."
AVFoundation.fra mework	2.2	AV	Contains Objective-C interfaces for playing and recording audio and video. See <u>"AV Foundation Framework."</u>
CFNetwork.frame work	2.0	CF	Contains interfaces for accessing the network via Wi-Fi and cellular radios. See <u>"CFNetwork Framework."</u>
CoreAudio.framew ork	2.0	Audio	Provides the data types used throughout Core Audio. See "Core Audio."
CoreBluetooth.fra mework	5.0	СВ	Provides access to low-power Bluetooth hardware. See <u>"Core Bluetooth Framework"</u>



Proximity Sensor

Using the Proximity Sensor

- proximityMonitoringEnabled property
- 2 proximityState property

proximityState

A Boolean value indicating whether the proximity sensor is close to the user (YES) or not (NO). (read-only)

@property(nonatomic, readonly)
BOOL proximityState

Availability

1 Available in iOS 3.0 and later.

See Also

1 @property proximityMonitoring
 Enabled

Declared In

UIDevice.h

proximityMonitoringEnabled

A Boolean value indicating whether proximity monitoring is enabled (YES) or not (NO).

@property(nonatomic,
getter=isProximityMonitoringEnabled)
BOOL proximityMonitoringEnabled

Discussion

Enable proximity monitoring only when your application needs to be notified of changes to the proximity state. Otherwise, disable proximity monitoring. The default value is NO.

Not all iOS devices have proximity sensors.



Bluetooth

Core Bluetooth Framework

The Core Bluetooth framework (CoreBluetooth framework) allows developers to interact specifically with Bluetooth Low-Energy ("LE") accessories. The Objective-C interfaces of this framework allow you to scan for LE accessories, connect and disconnect to ones you find, read and write attributes within a service, register for service and attribute change notifications, and much more.

For more information about the interfaces of the Core Bluetooth framework, see <u>Core Bluetooth Framework Reference</u>.

Core Motion Framework Reference

- Lets your application receive motion data from device hardware and process that data.
- This hardware includes an accelerometer and, on some device models, a magnetometer and a gyroscope.
- Through the CMMotionManager class you can start receiving accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer, and combined device-motion events at regular intervals or you can poll for them periodically.



Core Motion Framework Reference

Class References

- 1. CMAccelerometerData
- 2. CMAttitude =
- 3. CMDeviceMotion
- 4. CMGyroData
- 5. CMLogItem
- 6. CMMagnetometerData
- 7. CMMotionManager

An instance of this class represents a measurement of the device's attitude at a point in time. "Attitude" refers to the orientation of a body relative to a given frame of reference.

The CMAttitude class offers three different mathematical representations of attitude: a rotation matrix, a quaternion, and Euler angles (roll, pitch, and yaw values).

Encapsulates measurements of the attitude, rotation rate, and acceleration of a device.

An instance of this class contains a single measurement of the device's rotation rate.

An application receives or samples CMGyroData objects at regular intervals after calling the startGyroUpdatesToQueue:withHandler: method of the cMMotionManager class.



Sensors on iOS Devices

Location

Sensors

Assisted GPS and GLONASS

Digital compass

Wi-Fi

Cellular

Three-axis gyro

Accelerometer

Proximity Sensor

Ambient light sensor

Built-in microphones

8-megapixel iSight camera

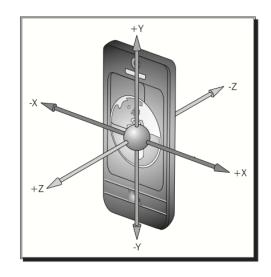


Image Reference {click}



Accelerometer in Depth

UIAccelerometer Class Reference

Inherits from	<u>NSObject</u>
Conforms to	NSObject (NSObject)
Framework	/System/Library/Frameworks/ <u>UIKit.framework</u>
Availability	Available in iOS 2.0 and later.

- 1. Lets you register to receive acceleration-related data from the onboard hardware.
- 2. You do not create accelerometer objects directly.
 - 1. Instead, **you use the shared UIAccelerometer object** to specify the interval at which you want to receive events and then set its delegate property.
 - 2. Upon assigning your delegate object, the accelerometer object begins delivering acceleration events to your delegate immediately at the specified interval. Events are always delivered on the main thread of your application.



Using the UIAccelerometer Class

MainViewController.h

```
#import <UIKit/UIKit.h>
@class GraphView;
@class AccelerometerFilter;
@interface MainViewController : UIViewController<UIAccelerometerDelegate>
    GraphView *unfiltered;
    GraphView *filtered;
    UIBarButtonItem *pause;
   UILabel *filterLabel;
    AccelerometerFilter *filter;
   BOOL isPaused, useAdaptive;
}
MainViewController.m
// UIAccelerometerDelegate method, called when the device accelerates.
-(void)accelerometer:(UIAccelerometer *)accelerometer didAccelerate:
(UIAcceleration *)acceleration
   // Update the accelerometer graph view
   if(!isPaused)
       [filter addAcceleration:acceleration];
       [unfiltered addX:acceleration.x y:acceleration.y z:acceleration.z];
       [filtered addX:filter.x y:filter.y z:filter.z];
}
```

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MainViewController.m

```
// Implement viewDidLoad to do additional setup after loading the view.
-(void)viewDidLoad {
    [super viewDidLoad];
    pause.possibleTitles = [NSSet setWithObjects:kLocalizedPause, kLocalizedResume, nil];
    isPaused = NO;
    useAdaptive = NO;
    [self changeFilter:[LowpassFilter class]];
    [[UIAccelerometer sharedAccelerometer] setUpdateInterval:1.0 / kUpdateFrequency];
    [[UIAccelerometer sharedAccelerometer] setDelegate:self];
    [unfiltered setIsAccessibilityElement:YES];
    [unfiltered setAccessibilityLabel:NSLocalizedString(@"unfilteredGraph", @"")];
    [filtered setIsAccessibilityLabel:NSLocalizedString(@"filteredGraph", @"")];
}
```

Sensor Resources

Topics Covered:

- AccelerometerGraph
- Core Bluetooth
- UIAcceleration
- CoreMotion Reference
- Proximity Sensor Features

Others:

Sheng, Xiang; Xiao, Xuejie; Tang, Jian; Xue, Guoliang; , "Sensing as a service: A cloud computing system for mobile phone sensing," Sensors, 2012 IEEE , vol., no., pp.1-4, 28-31 Oct. 2012

Sensors and Sensibility - IEEE Spectrum spectrum.ieee.org/computing/networks/sensors-and-sensibility

Compass Band

