

EX.NO:01-Simulating a simple calculator

AIM: To generate a simple program for simple calculator without using library function.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Get input from the user(Choice corresponding to various operations like addition,multiplication,division).
- 3.Get two integer inputs from the user.
- 4.Perform the operations based on the user's choice.
- 5.Print the output.
- 6.End the program.

Program:

```
print("Operation: +, -, *, /")
select = input("Select operations: ")

num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
```

```
if select == "+":
    print(num1, "+", num2, "=", num1+num2)
elif select == "-":
    print(num1, "-", num2, "=", num1-num2)
elif select == "*":
    print(num1, "*", num2, "=", num1*num2)
elif select == "/":
    print(num1, "/", num2, "=", num1/num2)
else:
    print ("Invalid input")
```

Output:

```
Operation: +, -, *, /. /
Select Operations: *
Enter First Number: 10
Enter Second Number: 2
10.0*2.0=20.0
```

Result:Simple calculator program by using python is successfully generated.

EX.NO:02-Armstrong Series

AIM: To generate a program to check whether a number is Armstrong (or) not.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Declare variables sum, temp1, num.
- 3.Read num from users.
- 4.Initialize variable sum=0 & temp=num.
- 5.Repeat until>=0
 - i) Sum=Sum+Cube of last digit[(num%10)*(num%10)*(num%10)]
 - ii)num=num/10
- 6.If Sum==temp
 print "Armstrong Number"
 else
 print "Not Armstrong number"
- 7.Stop the program.

Program:

```
lower = int(input("Enter the lower range : "))
upper = int(input("Enter the upper range : "))
for num in range(lower, upper + 1):
    order = len(str(num))
    sum = 0
    temp = num
    while temp > 0:
        digit = temp%10
        sum+=digit**order
        temp//=10
    if num == sum:
        print (num)
```

Output:

```
Enter the Lower range: 100
Enter the upper range: 500
153
370
371
407
```

Result: To generate a program to check weather a number is Armstrong or not is verified successfully.

EX.NO:03-FIBONACCI SERIES

AIM: To generate a program to find the Fibonacci Series.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Input the number of values we want to generate the Fabonacci series.
- 3.Initialize the count=0, n-1=0 & n-2=1.
- 4.If the n-terms <=0
- 5.Print "error" as it is not a valid number for series.
- 6.If n terms=1, it will print n-1 values.
- 7.While count <n-terms.
- 8.Print(n-1).
- 9.nth=n-1+n-2
- 10.We will update the variable, n-1, n-2, n-3=nth and soon, up to the required term.
- 11.Stop the Program.

Program:

```
nterms = int(input("How many terms? "))
n1, n2 = 0, 1
count = 0
if nterms <= 0:
    print("Please enter a positive integer")
elif nterms == 1:
    print("Fibonacci sequence upto",nterms,":")
    print(n1)
else:
    print("Fibonacci sequence:")
    while count < nterms:
        print(n1)
```

nth = n1 + n2

n1 = n2

n2 = nth

count += 1

Output:

How many terms? 5

Fibonacci sequence:

0

1

1

2

3

Result: To generate a program to find the fibonacci series is implemented successfully.

EX.NO:04-MODULES AND FUNCTIONS

AIM: Creating function and importing those functions as modules.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Get input from the user(ns integer).
- 3.Do the operations like summation,Multiplication, and divide.
- 4.Then print the output.
- 5.Stop the program.

Program:

```
def summation(a,b):  
    return a+b  
def multiplication(a,b):  
    return a*b  
def divide(a,b):  
    return a/b  
a = int(input("Enter the first number"))  
b = int(input("Enter the second number"))  
print("Sum = ",summation(a,b))  
print("Product = ",multiplication(a,b))  
print("Divisor = ",divide(a,b))
```

Output:

Enter the first number 5

Enter the second number 10

Sum = 15

Product = 50

Divisor = 0.5

Result: Importing those functions as modules are implemented successfully.

EX.NO:05(A)-WORKING WITH STRINGS

AIM: From the string input count the special character, alphabets, digits, lowercase and uppercase characters.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Get the input string from the user.
- 3.Count the no.of digits no.of alphabets, no.of uppercase given by user.
- 4.Then print the output.
- 5.Stop the program.

Program:

```
def Count(str):
    alpha,upper,lower,number,special = 0,0,0,0,0
    for i in range(len(str)):
        if str[i].isalpha():
            alpha += 1
        if str[i].isupper():
            upper += 1
        elif str[i].islower():
            lower +=1
        elif str[i].isdigit():
            number += 1
        elif str[i]!=" ":
            special += 1
    print('Digits:', number)
    print('Alphabets:', alpha)
    print('Special characters:', special)
    print('Lowercase:', lower)
    print('Uppercase:', upper)
```

```
str = input("Enter a string: ")
Count(str)
```

Output:

```
Enter a string: sathyabama @2023
Digits: 4
Alphabets: 10
Special characters: 1
Lowercase: 10
Uppercase: 0
```

Result: The above program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:05(B)- Print the String "Welcome". Matrix size must be N X M. (N is an odd natural number, and M is 3 times N.). The design should have 'WELCOME' written in the center. The design pattern should only use |, .and - characters.

AIM: Print the String "Welcome". Matrix size must be N X M. (N is an odd natural number, and M is 3 times N.). The design should have 'WELCOME' written in the center. The design pattern should only use |, .and - characters.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Size of math must be N*M (W is an odd natural number and M is 3time N)
- 3.Design pattern should only use '1', '0', '-' characters.
- 4.Get the N amd M values from the user.
- 5.Print the output.
- 6.Stop the proram.

Program:

```
import math
N, M = map(int, input("Enter N and M: ").split())
for i in range(0,math.floor(N/2)):
    s='|.'*i
    print (s.rjust(math.floor((M-2)/2),'-')+'.|'+('|.'*i).ljust(math.floor((M-2)/2),'-'))
print ('WELCOME'.center(M,'-'))
for i in reversed(range(0,math.floor(N/2))):
```

```
s = '|'.*i
print (s.rjust(math.floor((M-2)/2),'-')+'.|'+('|'.*i).ljust(math.floor((M-2)/2),'-'))
```

Output:

```
Enter N and M: 9 27
-----.|-----
-----.|..|..|.-----
-----.|..|..|..|.-----
---.|..|..|..|..|.---
-----WELCOME-----
---.|..|..|..|..|.---
-----.|..|.-----
-----.|-----
```

Result: the above program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:06-DATA PREPROCESSING: BUILDING GOOD TRAINING SETS

AIM: To write a python program to implement data processing for building good training sets of data.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Import Libraries and dataset.
- 3.Find the description of data in the data frame count the number of rows that are having no values from each column being describe().
- 4.Print the no.of columns, columns lables,column, data types from the data frame using info()
- 5.Replace the value 0 with NAN with replace()
- 6.Input the missing data with mean values.
- 7.Assign the values to x excepting the last column and assign values to y using loc[]
- 8.Split the dataset into training, testing(80:20).

Program:

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("/Heart.csv")
df
```

```
df.describe()
```

```
df.info()
```

```
df.replace(0,'NaN')
```

```
df.dropna()
```

```
df.fillna(df.mean())
```

```
x=df.iloc[:,0:14].values
```

```
x
```

```
y=df.iloc[:,14].values
```

```
y
```

```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size = 0.2, random_state=0)
print (x_train.shape)
print (x_test.shape)

```

Output:

```

(242, 14)
(61, 14)

```

Result: The program verified and executed successfully.

EX.NO:07- MANIPULATE THE TWITTER DATASET

Aim: To create a program for manipulating the twitter dataset.

Algorithm:

- 1.Import the required libraries (pandas, numpy).
- 2.Load the dataset using pandas "read.csv" function A store it in a variable (ds) "re".
- 3.Get summary of the data using "data" , and remove the pattern in the dataset by declaring or using the det "remove pattern".
- 4.Replace the new "data" in the dataset available using [new]
- 5.Replace the text by using str replace () and print the data.
- 6.Split the data and print to Henized tweet using "to henized" tweet head() function.
- 7.Using import porter stemmer remove the common & inflexional endings from words in English and print the tokenized tweet.

Program:

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import re

```

```

data = pd.read_csv("/content/tweets1.csv")
data

```

```

def remove_pattern(input_txt, pattern):
    r = re.findall(pattern,input_txt)
    for i in r:
        input_txt = re.sub(i,"",input_txt)
    return input_txt
print(data)

```

```

data['new'] = np.vectorize(remove_pattern)(data ['text'],"@[\w]*")
print(data)

```

```

data['new'] = data['new'].str.replace("[^a-zA-Z#]", " ")
print(data)

```

```

data['new'] = data['new'].apply(lambda x:' '.join([w for w in x.split() if len(w) > 3]))
print (data)

```

```

tokenized_tweet = data['new'].apply (lambda x:x.split())
print (tokenized_tweet.head())

```

```

from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
tokenized_tweet = tokenized_tweet.apply(lambda x:[stemmer.stem(i) for i in x])
print (tokenized_tweet.head())

```

Output:

```

0          [robot, spare, human, http, jujqwfcv]
1  [exactli, tesla, absurdli, overvalu, base, pas...
2          [walt]
3          [stormi, weather, shortvil]
4          [coal, die, frack, basic, dead]
Name: new, dtype: object

```

Result:The program to manipulate the twitter dataset using python is manipulated successfully and verified.

EX.NO:08- EVALUATING THE RESULTS OF MACHINE LEARNING

Aim:To create a program for evaluating the result of machine learning.

Algorithm:

- 1.Read actual values vs predicted values
- 2.Compute the following:
3. Compute the Confusion Matrix
4. Compute the Accuracy
5. Compute the Specificity
6. Compute the Sensitivity
7. Compute the Precision
8. Compute the Recall
9. Compute the Misclassification Error

Program:

```

y=['0','1','0','1','1','1','0','1','0','1','0','0','1','1','1','0','1','1','0']
y_pred = ['0','0','0','0','1','0','1','1','1','1','0','0','0','0','0','1','0','1','1','0']
print (y)
print(y_pred)

```

```

j=0
TP,TN,FP,FN = 0,0,0,0
for i in y:
    if i == '1' and y_pred[j] == '1':
        TP +=1
    elif i == '0' and y_pred[j] == '0':
        TN +=1
    elif i == '1' and y_pred[j] == '0':
        FP +=1
    elif i == '0' and y_pred[j] == '1':
        FN+=1
    j+=1
confusion_matrix = [TP,TN,FP,FN]
print ("Confusion Matrix : ", confusion_matrix)
ACC = (TP+TN) / (TP+FP+TN+FN)
print ("ACCURACY : ", ACC)
PREC = TP / (TP+FP)
print ("PRECISION : ", PREC)
REC = TP / (TP+FN)
print ("RECALL : ", REC)
SN = TP/ (TP+FN)
print ("SENSITIVITY : ", SN)
SP = TN/ (TN+FP)
print ("SPECIFICITY : ", SP)
MCE = 1-ACC
print ("MISCLASSIFICATION ERROR : ", MCE)

```

Output:

```
Confusion Matrix : [6, 7, 5, 2]
ACCURACY : 0.65
PRECISION : 0.5454545454545454
RECALL : 0.75
SENSITIVITY : 0.75
SPECIFICITY : 0.5833333333333334
MISCLASSIFICATION ERROR : 0.35
```

Result:The program to evaluating the result of machine learning is successfully evaluated and verified.

EX.NO:09- IMPLEMENT CORRELATION AND REGRESSION TECHNIQUES

AIM:Write a program to implement correlation and regression techniques by using python.

Algorithm:

- 1.Import the libraries.
- 2.Read the csv file and let the variables (x,y).
- 3.Find the sum of the means (x,y).
- 4.Find zip-li, val, b&bo
- 5.Assign the test and train dataset split.
- 6.Create the machine Learning linear regression model using the train dataset.
- 7.plotting classification data in matplotlib.

Program:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
experience = np.array([3.4,4.2,5.0,1.6,5.2,2.6,7.2,8.2,6.1,7.3,3.4,8.5,7.4,6.2,6.6])
salary = np.array([3.1,5.7,4.2,2.3,5.3,2.4,7.6,6.4,6.5,7.4,3.5,9.3,8.2,4.6,7.2])
```

```
plt.scatter(experience,salary,color='red')
plt.xlabel("Experience")
plt.ylabel("Salary")
plt.show
```

```
a0 = 0 #intercept
a1 = 0 #slope
lr = 0.0001 #learning rate
iterations = 1000 #Number of iterations
error = [] #Error array to calculate cost for each iterations
for itr in range(iterations):
    error_cost = 0
    cost_a0 = 0
    cost_a1 = 0
    for i in range(len(experience)):
        y_pred = a0+a1*experience[i] #predict value for given x
        error_cost = error_cost + (salary[i]-y_pred)**2
    for j in range(len(experience)):
        partial_wrt_a0 = -2*(salary[j] -(a0 + a1 * experience[j]))
        partial_wrt_a1 = (-2*experience[j]) * (salary[j] - (a0 + a1 * experience[j])) #partial derivative with respect to a1
    cost_a0 = cost_a0 + partial_wrt_a0
    cost_a1 = cost_a1 + partial_wrt_a1
    a0 = a0 - lr * cost_a0 #update a0
    a1 = a1 - lr * cost_a1 #update a1
```



```

print (itr,a0,a1) #check iteration and updated a0 and a1
error.append (error_cost)

print (a0)
print (a1)

plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
plt.plot (np.arange(1,len(error)+1),error,color='red',linewidth=5)
plt.title("Iteration Vs Error")
plt.xlabel("Iterations")
plt.ylabel("Error")

pred = a0+a1 * experience
print (pred)

plt.scatter(experience,salary,color='red')
plt.plot(experience,pred,color='green')
plt.xlabel('experience')
plt.ylabel('salary')

```

```

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
experience = experience.reshape (-1,1)
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(experience,salary)
salary_pred = model.predict(experience)
Mse = mean_squared_error(salary,salary_pred)
print ("Slope", model.coef_)
print ("Intercept", model.intercept_)
print ("MSE", Mse)

```

Output:

```

Slope [0.94194449]
Intercept 0.3741867752387451
MSE 0.7364342954183717

```

Result:The program is executed and the output is verified.

EX.NO:10- IMPLEMENT CLASSIFICATION ALGORITHMS

AIM:Write program to implement classification Algorithm by using python.

Algorithm:

- 1.Import the libraries
- 2.Fetch data.
- 3.Determine the target variable.
- 4.creation of predictors variables.
- 5.test and train dataset split.
- 6.create the machine learning classification model using the train dataset.
- 7.The classification model accuracy score in python.
- 8.Prediction.
- 9.Plotting classification data in matplotlib.

Program:

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from math import *

```

```

df=pd.DataFrame()
df['refund'] = ['yes','no','no','yes','no','no','yes','no','no','no']
df['marital_status'] = ['single','married','married','single','single','divorced','married','single','single','married']
df['taxable_income'] = [125000,100000,150000,250000,300000,350000,500000,180000,420000,275000]
df['evade'] = ['no','no','no','no','yes','no','no','yes','no','yes']
df

```

```

for i in range(len(df)):
    df.loc[i,'taxable_income'] = str(ceil(df.loc[i,'taxable_income']/100000))
df

```

```

data = pd.get_dummies(df[df.columns])
data

```

```

for i in range(1,4):
    if ('taxable_income'+str(i) not in data.columns):
        data['taxable_income'+str(i)] = [0 for i in range(10)]
data

```

```

x=['no','married',180000]
x[2] = str(ceil(x[2]/100000))
x

```

Output:

```

['no', 'married', '2']

```

Result:To implement classification algorithm by using python has been executed successfully and verified output.