BRYANT CONA 14 - Network Time Protocol

SEC 14.1 NTP- What's Going on?

Correct time for our routers is important for both the time ranges we saw before and also other important features, like the syslog.

Synched time is also critical for <u>digital</u> certificate operation as well.

MTP Allows us to specify time sources for our switches and routers, whether that time source is another router or nultilayer switch in the same retark, or an external time source.

Strature devices are at the top of the hierarchy and are typically atomic clocks, but you cannot configure a cisco rester to get the time directly from a stratum-o server.

The number following "stratum" is the number of hops the device is away from a Stratum-0 device. Stratum-1 servers are generally reteried to as time servers, and we can configure a Cisco router to get its time from a Stratum-1 device.

Cition powers can be NTP servers, clients, or pears. They can also depend on NTP broadcasts.

- Severs send the correct time to clients

- Clients accept time synch messages from the server

and set their internal clock accordingly. Clients

do not send NTP time synch messages back.

- Peers send NTP messages back and forth to each

- Peers send NTP time synch messages back.

- Peers send NTP messages back and forth to each other, and either peer can send time synch messages to the other.

In our lab, we will configure RI as our NTP sorver, with RZ as its only client.



(Sec 14.2) NTP Client Lab First, verify that RI has the correct time. R25 time is likely wrong... To setup RI as a NTP server: [RI (config) # mtp master And RR as a client | R2 (config) # ntp server 172.12.123.1 for information about NTP states we can use 2 commands. [# show ntp association # show ntp status It will take some time for the clocks to synch. SEC 14.3) Peering Labor.
In this lab we will add R3. [R2 (config)# ntp peer 172.12.23.3 [R3(config)# ntp peer 172.12.23.2 SEL 14.3 Broadcast Mode with RI still configured as master, but NTP now disabled on the other routers we can enable into broadcast, which is an interface command. Pa(config)# int serial o/1/0 RI (config-if)# ntp broadcast 22 (config)# int scrial o/1/0 RZ(config-if) # ntp broadcast client