Scheherazade New - Special rules for rendering Allah

In certain types of literature, the name *Allah* and words related to this name are given unique rendering. Unicode has a *presentation form* character (U+FDF2 ARABIC LIGATURE ALLAH ISOLATED FORM) that implements this rendering and, while this can work (in some fonts) for the word in isolation, it doesn't help users obtain special rendering in other contexts where it is desired.

Starting with v2.200, Scheherazade New provides the special rendering for sequences of Arabic letters that meet specific patterns, giving much more flexibility to document authors. To obtain the special rendering, all of the following must be true:

- The basic sequence of letters is either:
 - o lam-lam-heh
 - Preceded by some Arabic letter (joining or not, with or without diacritic marks)
 - The second lam *must* be followed (in either order) by shadda and either superscript alef or fatha
 - o alef-lam-lam-heh
 - alef is the *isolate* form (with or without diacritic marks)
 - The second lam *may* be followed (in either order) by shadda and either superscript alef or fatha
- *The heh used is the final form of either heh goal (U+06C1 ~) final OR heh (U+0647 4) final
- There are no diacritic marks between the two lam characters

feh	+	alef	+	lam	+	lam	+	shadda	+	fatha <i>or</i> superscript alef	+	heh	→	Glyph	Comm
		1	+	J	+	J	+					٥	→	الله	Ligatu is forn (U+06
		1	+	J	+	J	+					٥	\rightarrow	الله	Ligatu is forn (U+06
		١	+	J	+	J	+	, w	+	,	+	٥	\rightarrow	الله	Ligatu is forn
		١	+	J	+	J	+	W	+	1	+	٥	\rightarrow	الله	Ligatu is form
ف	+	١	+	J	+	J	+	U	+	,	+	٥	\rightarrow	فللّه	Ligatu is form
ف	+	1	+	J	+	J	+					٥	\rightarrow	فلله	Ligatu is not forme

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