### Question 1

A competitive equilibrium is a set of prices,  $\{w_t, r_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty}$  and allocations  $\{c_t, k_{t+1}, l_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty}$  such that

1. Given prices,  $\{w_t, r_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty}$  , the allocation,  $\{c_t, k_{t+1}, l_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty},$  solves

$$\max_{c_t, k_{t+1}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t u(c_t) \tag{1}$$

s.t. 
$$c_t + k_{t+1} \le r_t k_t + w_t l_t, \forall t$$
 (2)

$$c_t, k_t, l_t \ge 0, k_0 \text{ given.}$$
 (3)

2. Given prices,  $\{w_t, r_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty}$  , the allocation  $\{k_{t+1}, l_t\}_{t=0}^{\infty},$  solves

$$\max_{l_t, k_t} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (y_t - w_t l_t - r_t k_t) \tag{4}$$

$$s.t. y_t = F(k_t, l_t)$$
 (5)

$$y_t, k_t, l_t \ge 0 \tag{6}$$

3. Markets clear:  $l_t = 1$  and  $c_t + k_{t+1} = F(k_t, 1)$ 

## Question 2

$$\max_{c_t, k_{t+1}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t u(c_t) \tag{7}$$

s.t. 
$$k_{t+1} = F(k_t, 1) - c_t,$$
 (8)

$$k_t > 0, c_t > 0, k_0 \text{ given},$$
 (9)

# Question 3

As leisure is not in the utility function, consumers allocate all time to work,  $l_t = 1$ , for the competive equilibrium and the social planners problem.

Competitive Equilibrium:

1. Firms problem: Sub in production constraint and take the FOC with respect to capital in period t to obtain

$$r_t = F_k(k_t, 1) \tag{10}$$

2. Consumers problem: Sub in the constraint for consumption and take FOC with respect to capital in period t to obtain

$$u_c(c_t) = \beta u(c_{t+1})r_t \tag{11}$$

Now sub in (10) for  $r_t$  to obtain

$$u_c(c_t) = \beta u(c_{t+1}) F_k(k_t, 1) \tag{12}$$

Social Planners Problem: Sub the constraint in and take the FOC with respect to capital to directly obtain

$$u_c(c_t) = \beta u(c_{t+1}) F_k(k_t, 1),$$
 (13)

which is the same equilibrium condition as the competitive case, hence the allocatuous for  $\{c, k, l\}$  are the same in both cases. (maybe write only in terms of k, then mention budget/ feasiblitly implies consumption is same in both cases)

#### Question 4 1

The planners dynamic programming problem is,

$$V(k_t) = \max_{k_{t+1}} u(F(k_t, 1) - k_{t+1}) + \beta V(k_{t+1})$$
(14)

s.t. 
$$k_t \ge 0, F(k_t, 1) - k_{t+1} \ge 0, k_0 \text{ given},$$
 (15)

## Question 5

$$V(k_t) = \max_{k_{t+1}} \log(zk_t^{\alpha} - k_{t+1}) + \beta V(k_{t+1})$$
s.t.  $k_t \ge 0, zk^{\alpha} - k_{t+1} \ge 0, k_0$  given, (17)

s.t. 
$$k_t \ge 0, zk^{\alpha} - k_{t+1} \ge 0, k_0 \text{ given},$$
 (17)

Take FOC w.r.t  $k_{t+1}$  to obtain

$$d$$
 (18)