



# Homework 6

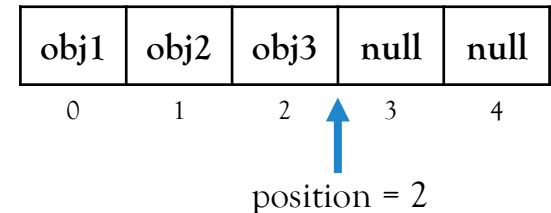
Deadline: 2015/05/15 09:00

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- Infix, postfix notations are two different but equivalent ways of writing expressions.
- For example:
  - Infix notation:  $X + Y$ 
    - Operators are written in-between their operands.
  - Postfix notation:  $X Y +$ 
    - Operators are written after their operands.
- Write a program to transform an expression from infix to postfix, and evaluate the postfix expression.
- For example, given an infix expression  $2 + 3 * 4$ , you should output the expression in the postfix style  $2 3 4 * +$  and evaluate it to 14. Each operand and operator is separated by a space.
- Use a stack data structure to solve this problem.

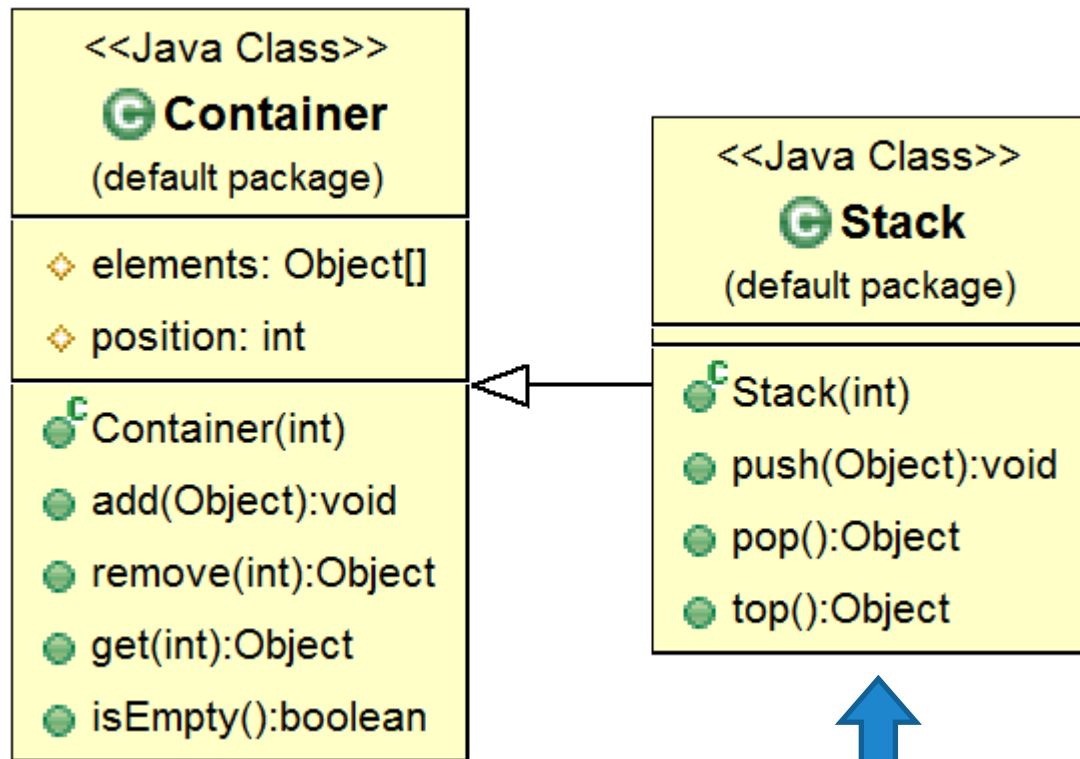
- Your program should be able to detect the following infix expression problems:
  - Divide by zero (ex:  $5 / 0 + 3$ )
  - Overflow (ex:  $2147483647 + 1$ )
  - Invalid expression (ex:  $5 + ( ( 2 )$ )
- The infix expression only contains the following elements:
  - Integers (May be larger than  $2^{31}-1$  or less than  $-2^{31}$ )
  - Operators:  $+$ ,  $-$ ,  $*$ ,  $/$
  - Parentheses:  $(, )$
  - Whitespaces
- The input file is given from the program argument `args[0]`. Each line contains an infix expression to be transformed and evaluated.

- Implement a class `Container` with at least the following attributes and operations: (you can add anything you need)
  - `protected Object[] elements`
    - Stores some objects.
  - `protected int position`
    - Holds the index of the last object added to `elements`.
  - `public Container(int)`
    - Initializes the size of `elements`.
  - `public void add(Object)`
    - Adds an object to `elements`.
  - `public Object remove(int)`
    - Removes and returns the object at the specified index in `elements`.
  - `public Object get(int)`
    - Returns the object at the specified index in `elements`.
  - `public boolean isEmpty()`
    - Returns true if `elements` contains no objects.



- Define a class `Stack` that is derived from `Container` with the following operations:
  - `public Stack(int)`
    - Initializes the size of objects this stack can hold.
  - `public void push(Object)`
    - Pushes an object onto the top of this stack.
  - `public Object pop()`
    - Removes and returns the object at the top of this stack.
  - `public Object top()`
    - Looks at the object at the top of this stack without removing it from the stack.
- You CANNOT add any other attributes or operations.
- You MUST use `super` in each operation of `Stack`.

- You CAN add other attributes or operations you need to Container.
- You CANNOT add any other attributes or operations to Stack.



Use this class as data structure to solve the problem.

# Transform from Infix Expr to Postfix Expr

1

$a * b + c \rightarrow ab * c +$

Token	Stack			Position	Output
	[0]	[1]	[2]		
a				-1	a
*	*			0	a
b	*			0	ab
+	+			0	ab*
c	+			0	ab*c
				-1	ab*c+

if  $\text{precedence}(\text{instack}) \leq \text{precedence}(\text{incoming})$   
pop the stack

operator	precedence
+ -	2
* /	1

# Transform from Infix Expr to Postfix Expr

2

$a * (b + c) * d \rightarrow abc + * d *$

Token	Stack			Position	Output
	[0]	[1]	[2]		
a				-1	a
*	*			0	a
(	*	(		1	a
b	*	(		1	ab
+	*	(	+	2	ab
c	*	(	+	2	abc
)	*			0	abc+
*	*			0	abc+*
d	*			0	abc+*d
				-1	abc+*d*



# Evaluate a Postfix Expression

$abc + {}^*d^*$

Token	Stack			Position
	[0]	[1]	[2]	
a	a			0
b	a	b		1
c	a	b	c	2
+	a	(b+c)		1
*	$a^*(b+c)$			0
d	$a^*(b+c)$	d		1
*	$a^*(b+c)^*d$			0

answer = stack.top

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```
1  transform(infix_expr) {
2      for each token in infix_expr do
3          switch (token)
4              case operand:
5                  print(token)
6              case operator:
7                  while (precedence(stack.top()) <= precedence(token))
8                      print(stack.pop())
9                      stack.push(token)
10             case left-parentheses:
11                 stack.push(token)
12             case right-parentheses:
13                 while (stack.top() != left-parentheses)
14                     print(stack.pop())
15                 stack.pop()
16             end switch
17         end for
18         while (!stack.isEmpty())
19             print(stack.pop())
20 }
```

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```
1  evaluate(postfix_expr) {
2      for each token in postfix_expr do
3          switch (token)
4              case operand:
5                  stack.push(token)
6              case operator:
7                  pop two elements from stack and do the operation on them
8                  stack.push(result)
9          end switch
10     end for
11     return stack.top()
12 }
```

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# Input and Output

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- For each infix expression, you should output two lines:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> line: the transformed postfix expression
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> line: the evaluation result of the 1<sup>st</sup> line
- If the infix expression is invalid:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> line: "Invalid expression"
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> line: "Invalid expression"
- If the evaluation process encountered divide-by-zero problem:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> line: the transformed postfix expression
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> line: "Divide by zero"
- If the evaluation process encountered overflow problem:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> line: the transformed postfix expression
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> line: "Overflow"

# Sample Input and Output

Input	<pre>1 + 2 6 + 5 * 4 1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + 5 - 6 + 7 - 8 + 9 - 10 999 - 888 * ( 777 / 666 ) - 555 + 444 -6 + 0 - ( -6 ) ( ( 1 + 2 ) + 3 ) + 4 + 5 ) 5 / 0 + 1 2147483647 + 1 1234567890 9876543210</pre>
Output	<pre>1 2 + 3 6 5 4 * + 26 1 2 - 3 + 4 - 5 + 6 - 7 + 8 - 9 + 10 - -5 999 888 777 666 / * - 555 - 444 + 0 -6 0 + -6 - 0 Invalid expression Invalid expression 5 0 / 1 + Divide by zero 2147483647 1 + Overflow 1234567890 1234567890 9876543210 Overflow</pre>

# Scoring Criteria and Rules

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- Correctness: 80%
  - There will be 16 test cases. (Each for 5%)
- Coding standards: 20%
- Plagiarism is strictly forbidden
  
- You **MUST** follow the class design depicted in P3~P5.
- You **CANNOT** use Java collections framework.
  - `java.util.ArrayList`
  - `java.util.Stack`
  - `java.util.HashMap`
  - ... etc

# Submission

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- Please upload your source code to Moodle
  - Put all classes in one java file
- The file name should be {STUDENT\_ID}\_hw6.java
- Deadline: 2015/05/15 09:00
- No late submission is accepted

If you have any problem about this homework,  
please email to: p96024029@mail.ncku.edu.tw (林昆輝)