

MIT App Inventor Codi Bot: Wing control

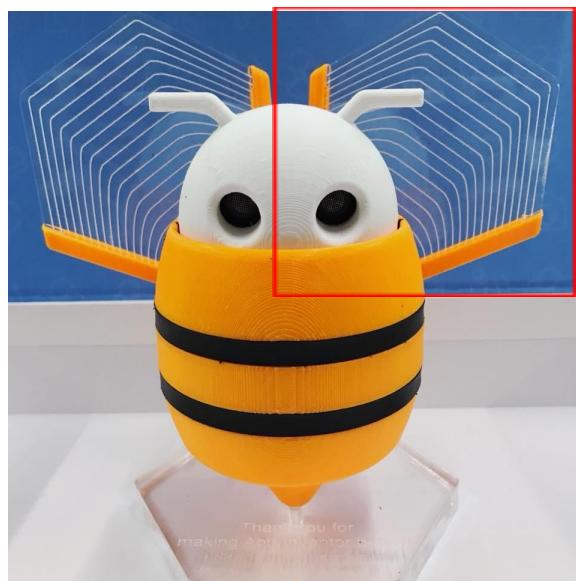
60
mins

Level: advanced

This tutorial will help you control one wing of Codi Bot by buttons and a slider, using App Inventor IoT. We have also provided a complete app so you can control both Codi Bot wings.

Note that there may be slight differences due to the tolerances of each servo, you may have to modify the parameters for servo position. Please first check everything is assembled correctly according to the [**Codi Bot Standalone Demo tutorial**](#).

- [source .ino / source .aia](#)
- [complete .aia](#)



Function description

This project will show you how to control one of Codi Bot wings, which is actually a small servo motor, with App Inventor through BLE communication. The components used in this tutorial are buttons and a slider.

Hardware

Please follow this [building guide](#) to assemble your Codi Bot.

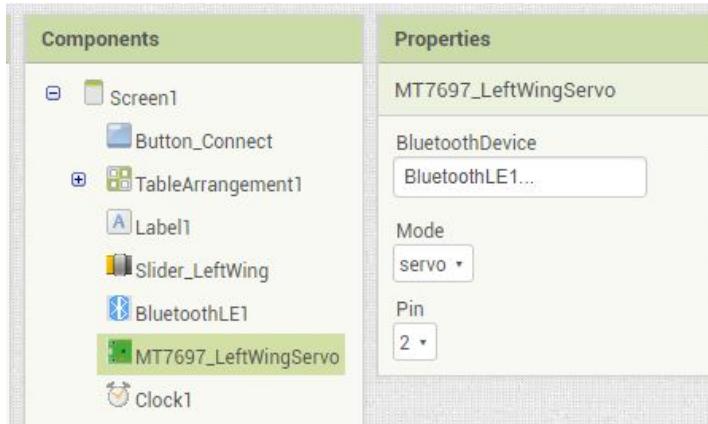
App Inventor

Log in to your App Inventor account and create a new project or directly import [this aia file](#).

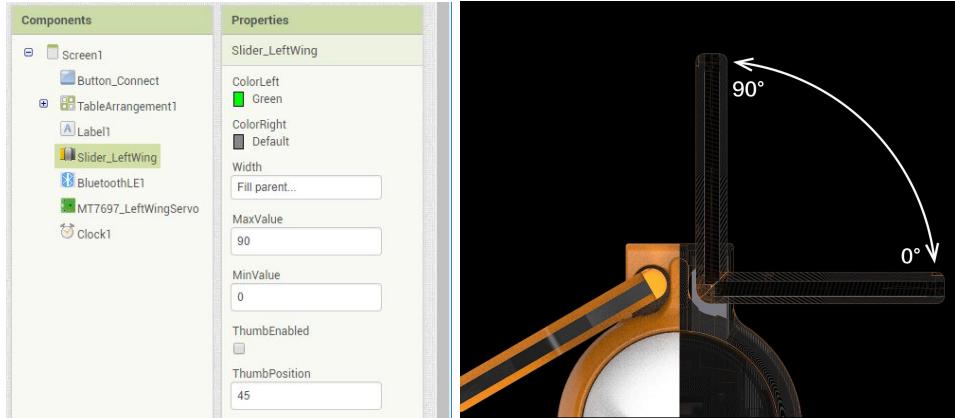
Designer

1. We need to import two extensions from this URL:
 - **Bluetooth low energy:**
<http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/resources/edu.mit.apinventor.ble.aix>
 - **MT7697pin:**
<http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/resources/edu.mit.apinventor.iot.mt7697.aix>
2. Add a **BluetoothLE** component to your project. We use this to send commands to Codi Bot through Bluetooth communication.
3. Add an **MT7697pin** component to your project. We use them to control a pin of LinkIt 7697, where the servomotor is also connected.
 - Rename one **MT7697pin** component to "**MT7697_LeftWingServo**". Set the **BluetoothDevice** property to **BluetoothLE1** (Step 2.), the **Mode** to **servo** and the **Pin** to **2**. This will help us connect the servo

signal pin to LinkIt 7697 #2 pin.



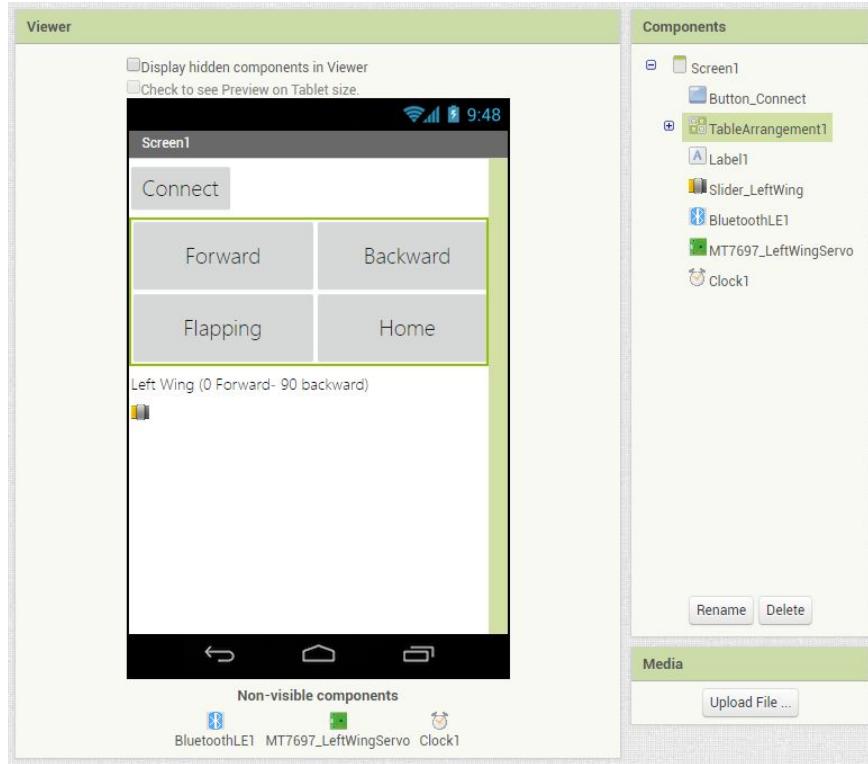
4. Add a button to establish the Bluetooth connection between your Android phone and LinkIt 7697. Rename it to "**Button_Connect**" and set Text to "**Connect**".
5. Add another four buttons for corresponding wing action. Rename them as "**Button_WingForward**", "**Button_WingBackward**", "**Button_wingFlap**" and "**Button_Home**". Set FontSize to **20**, Width to 50 percent and Text to "**Forward**", "**Backward**", "**Flaping**" and "**Home**" accordingly.
6. Add a TableArrangement component, set the Visible to **false** and both Columns and Rows to **2**. Then put buttons of Step 5 into it.
7. Add a label to show message. Set its Text to "**Left Wing (0 Forward- 90 backward)**".
8. Add a slider to control the servo motor position. Rename it as "**Slider_LeftWing**". Set its **.MaxValue** to **90**, **.MinValue** to **0** and **ThumbPosition** to **45**. We do this because the servo can only move up to 90 degrees.



9. Add a Clock component, uncheck the **TimerEnabled** property and set **TimerInterval** to **1000** (1 second). We use this time duration to make sure the wing can move to its destination.

After some adjusting, your designer page should look similar to the image below. It doesn't have to be exactly the same. Feel free to modify the component's background color, position and text size.

Note: The TableArrangement and components insides are shown here, but don't forget that we've set it to be invisible in step 6.



Blocks

Let's take a look at our blocks step by step:

1. Variable for Bluetooth address

Please replace the **addr** variable with what you get from Arduino Serial Monitor, this is the Bluetooth address of LinkIt 7697. We will show you how to check this information in [Arduino IDE and sketch](#) section.

```
initialize global addr to "F9:3D:00:2B:88:8C"
```

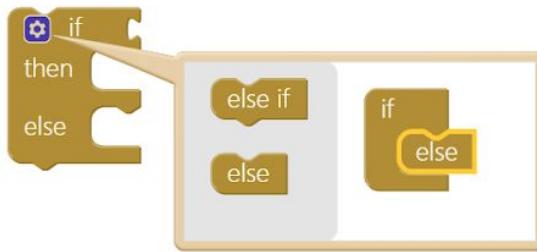
2. Initialize app and scan for nearby Bluetooth devices

In **Screen1.Initialize** event, we ask the **BluetoothLE** component to scan for BLE devices nearby (**BluetoothLE1.StartScanning**).

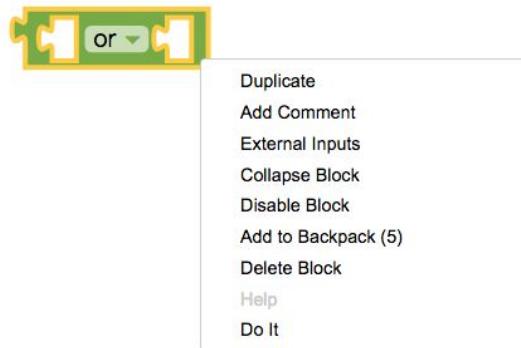
```
when Screen1.Initialize
do call BluetoothLE1.StartScanning
```

3. Connect and disconnect from Bluetooth device

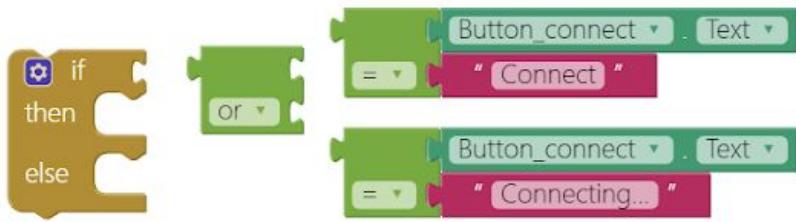
In **Button_Connect.Click** event, we are going to connect or disconnect from Bluetooth device depending on the button text. First, add an **if** condition, then click its blue gear icon to add an **else**.



Add an **or** command from logic block, then right-click it and select "**External Inputs**". A drop-down menu will appear on the right-hand side.

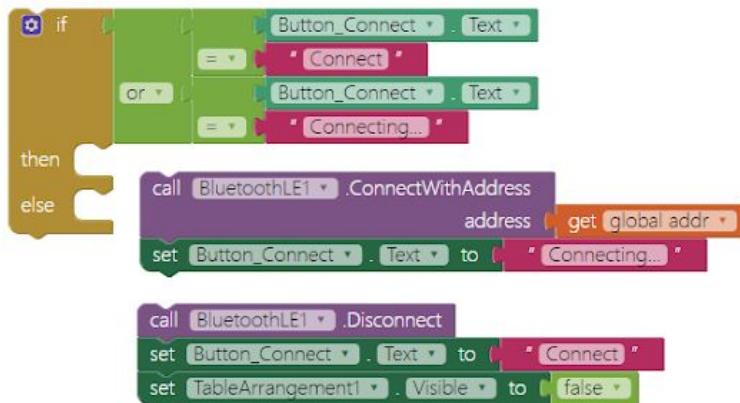


Now we want to check whether the **Button_Connect.Text** status is "**Connect**" OR "**Connecting...**", this is how App Inventor decides whether to connect or disconnect the Bluetooth connection with LinkIt 7697. Please combine these blocks.

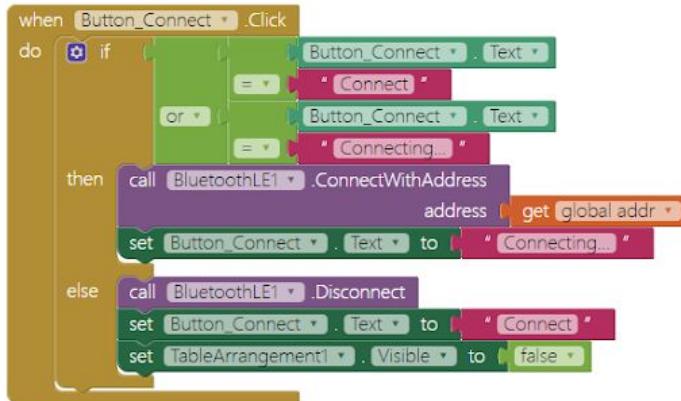


Good! When the **Button_Connect**'s text reads "**Connect**" or "**Connecting...**", the app will connect to the specified Bluetooth device (**BluetoothLE1.ConnectwithAddress**), which is our LinkIt 7697.

If the text does not read "**Connect**", the app will disconnect (**BluetoothLE1.Disconnect**) and show a message on **Button_Connect**, then set the slider Enabled property to **false**.

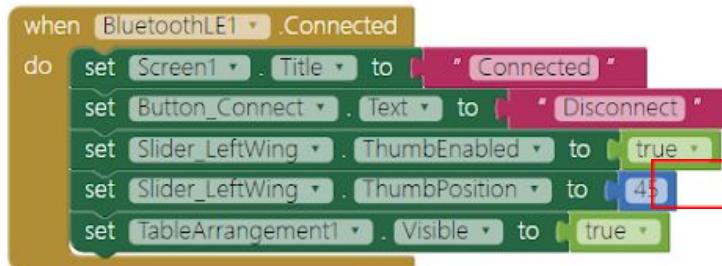


Put everything into the **Button_Connect.Click** event, and finish like this:



4. BLE Connected

When connected successfully (**BluetoothLE.Connected** event), we will see related messages on several components. Note that we set **Slider_LeftWingServo.ThumbPosition** to 45, this will cause the left wing to move to its home position of 45 degrees.

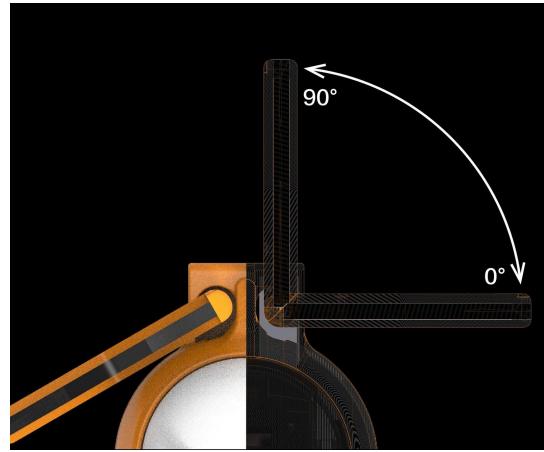


5. Buttons to make the wing move forward and backward

We use several buttons to make the servo motor move the wing to the position we want.

When **Button_WingForward** is pressed, the servo moves the wing to position **0** by **MT7697_LeftWingServo.Write** method.

Similarly, when **Button_WingBackward** is pressed, the servo moves the wing to position **90**.



```
when Button_WingForward .Click
do ? call MT7697_LeftWingServo .Write
   value 0
```

```
when Button_WingBackward .Click
do ? call MT7697_LeftWingServo .Write
   value 90
```

6. Button_Home to move the wing to its home position

Similar to the previous step, we move the left wing servo to its home position (45 degree) when **Button_Home** is pressed. This is the same action as when it is connected (Step 4.).

```
when Button_Home .Click
do ? call MT7697_LeftWingServo .Write
   value 45
```

7. Drag slider to move the wing

When the slider is dragged (**Slider_LED_R.PositionChanged**

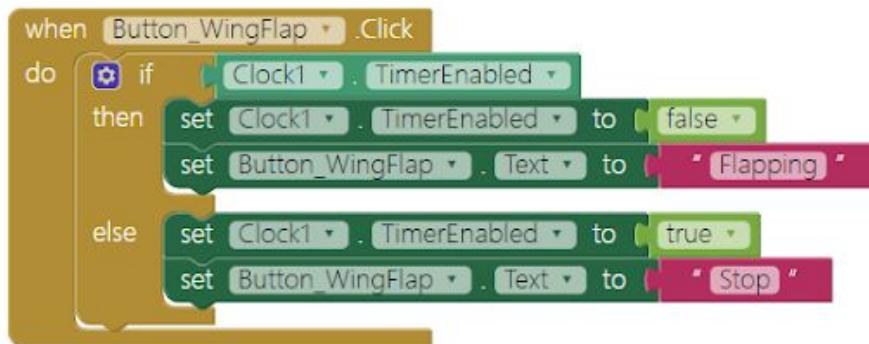
event), we show the position on the label and tell the left wing to move to this position: (**90 minus thumbPosition**). The 90-degree position of the slider and the wing are in the opposite direction.

Note that we've used a math **round** method to this is because this method can apply integer only.



8. Button to turn on/off the clock timer

We use **Button_WingFlap** to turn on/off the clock timer, which consequently makes the wing flap or stop. In the **Button_WingFlap** event, we first check whether the Timer is on. If it is on, the app will turn off the timer and change button text to "**Flapping**"; if it is off, the app will turn on the timer and change text to "**Stop**".



9. Wing flap/stop

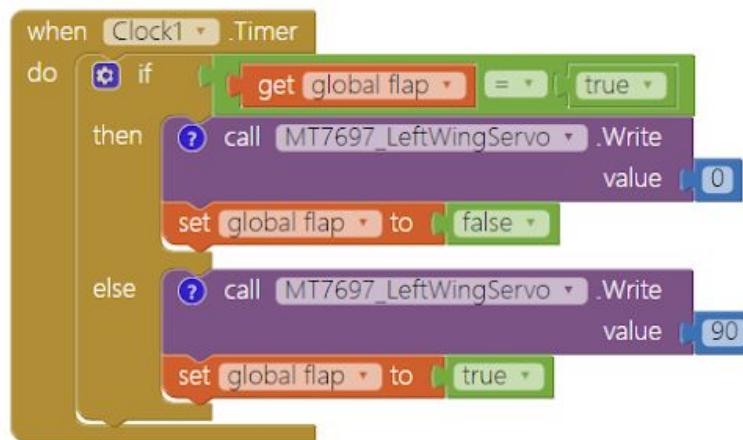
This is the most interesting function of this project. We use a logic variable named **flap** to tell the servo whether it is allowed to

move.

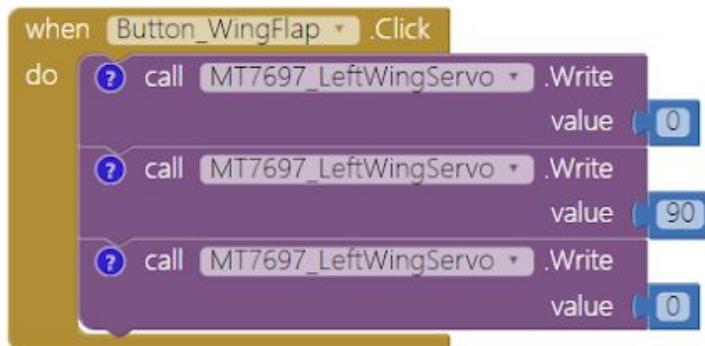
In **Clock.Timer** event, we check whether **flap** variable is true. If it is **true**, then make the servo move to position 0 (outward) and set the variable to **false**; if it is **false**, then move to position **90** (backward) and set the variable to **true**.

Now, Codi Bot is flapping its left wing!

initialize global [flap] to [true]



Note: if you arrange your blocks like the ones below, the servo will do these three things in a instant, which will make it seem like the servo has gone to position 0 directly and never been to position 90.



10. Disconnect

After the Bluetooth connection is closed successfully (trigger in

Step1), we reset the app to its initial state to wait for next connect request in the **BluetoothLE1.disconnected** event.



Arduino IDE and sketch

Make sure your computer has Arduino IDE installed and that the LinkIt 7697 SDK and driver are ready. If not, please check [Codi Bot Standalone tutorial](#).

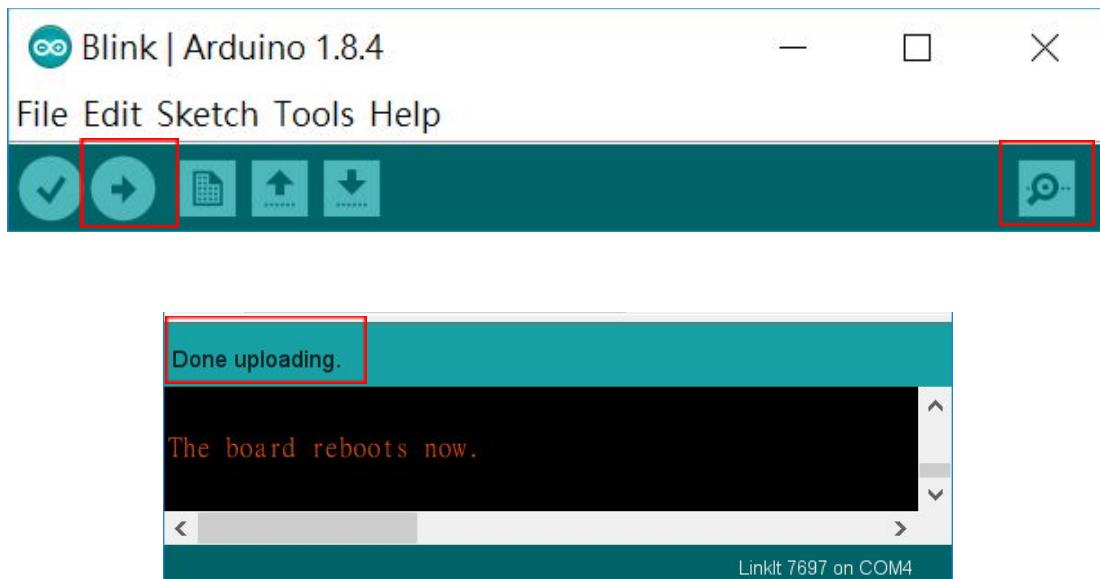
Connect your computer and the LinkIt 7697 with a micro USB cable.



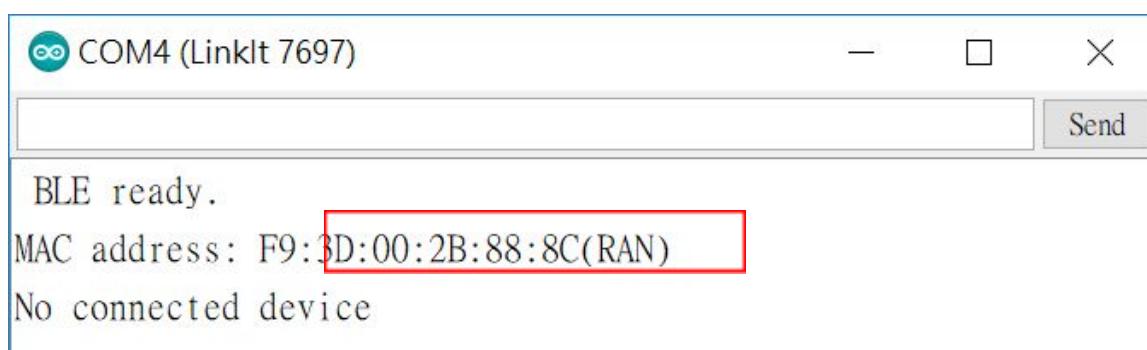
Please download the Arduino sketch [here](#) and open in your Arduino IDE. This sketch can be used for all Codi Bot projects except the first one "**Standalone demo**", to allow you to focus on building App

Inventor projects you enjoy.

Press the "**Upload**" right arrow button of Arduino IDE, this will compile and upload the Arduino sketch to your LinkIt 7697. Please make sure you see the "**done uploading**" message in the console.

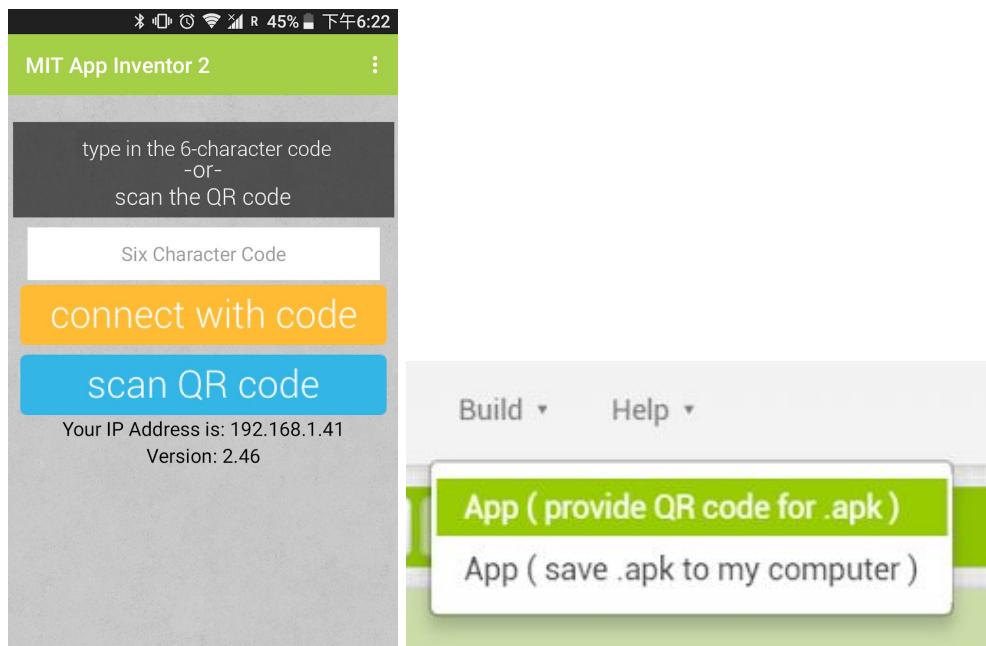


Click the magnifier icon at the upper right corner of Arduino IDE, you should see a message in the pop-up window. The **[XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX]** 12-digit string is the Bluetooth address of your LinkIt 7697. We need to modify the **addr** variable value of your AI2 project.



Tips

Make sure your LinkIt 7697 is running correctly. And install App Inventor project on your Android phone by clicking Build / App (provide QR code for .apk), this will show a QR code for the .apk file of this project. Use MIT AI2 Companion to scan this QR code, download the app, and install it.



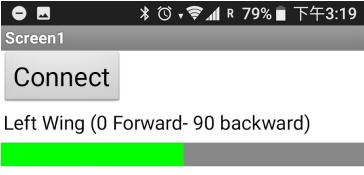
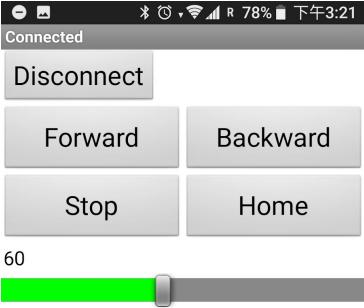
Open your app (Fig. 1) and click **Connect** button. After a few moments, your app screen title should show "**Connected**", meaning you connected successfully.

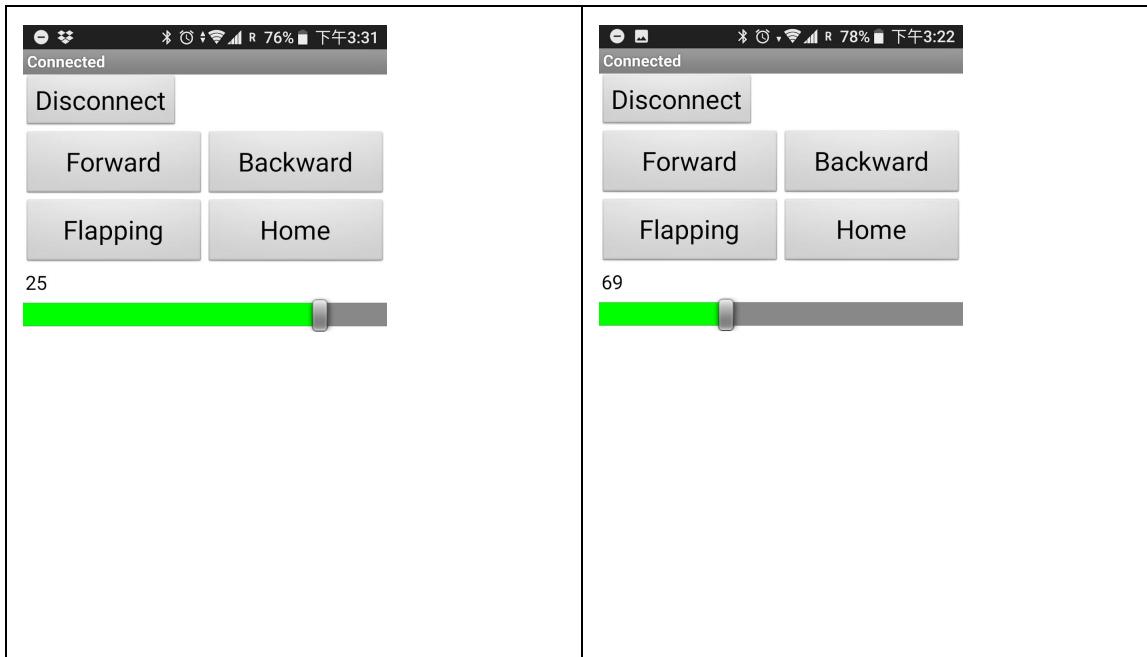
Click **Forward** and **Backward** buttons, Codi Bot's left wing should move correspondingly. Also click the **Flap** button, the wing will move back and forth about once per second (Fig. 2).

Finally, drag the slider. The wing should move to the position to the position you have selected. Don't drag too fast or you may damage

the servo. It takes time for servo to move to a specific position.

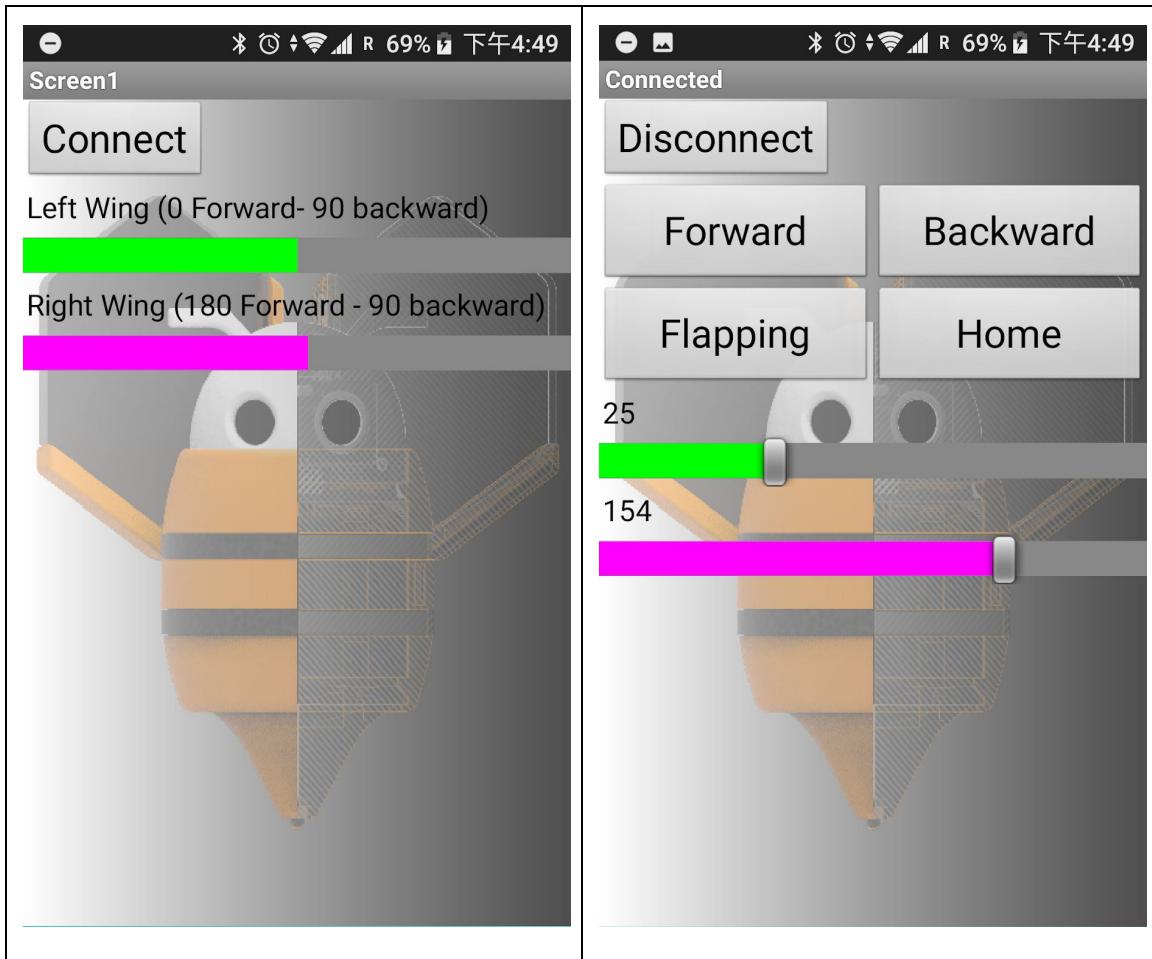
Remember to click the **Disconnect** button when you finish with this project.

Fig 1. Initial screen	Fig 2. Press "Flapping" button to flap the wing (see its text had changed to "Stop").
	
Fig 3. Drag slider to the right (25 degrees)	Fig 4. Drag slider to the left (69 degrees)



Complete wing control app

We have provided a complete app to control both Codi Bot wings. If you prefer, you can import this [complete .aia](#) to control your MIT App Inventor Codi Bot.



Brainstorming

1. Use App Inventor **SpeechRecognizer** component to make the wing flap or stop.

*Hint: In the **SpeechRecognizer.AfterGettingText** event, if the desired result is "flapping" then turn on the **Clock** timer. If it is "stop" then turn the **Clock** timer off. Other parts of the **Clock.Timer** event are unchanged.*

