

CollegeBoard ACT

Help your students get ready.

With



DSI Project 1: SAT & ACT Standardized Test Analysis
Patchara Lertmanatchai (Bob)

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Background: Who are we, NICHE?





Niche.com

Niche connects people to their future schools, neighborhoods, and workplaces.

Internet · Pittsburgh, PA · 5,521 followers

See all 197 employees on LinkedIn





Pros

"Market Leader in connecting colleges and schools with students and families"

"Helps Million of students and families find and enroll in the right school for them"

Cons (Future Plan)

"Collaborate with College Board (SAT) or ACT in order to provide a scholarship to students who are aiming to apply universities by using standardized test scores (SAT/ACT) "





Project Objective and Problem Statement



Project Objective:

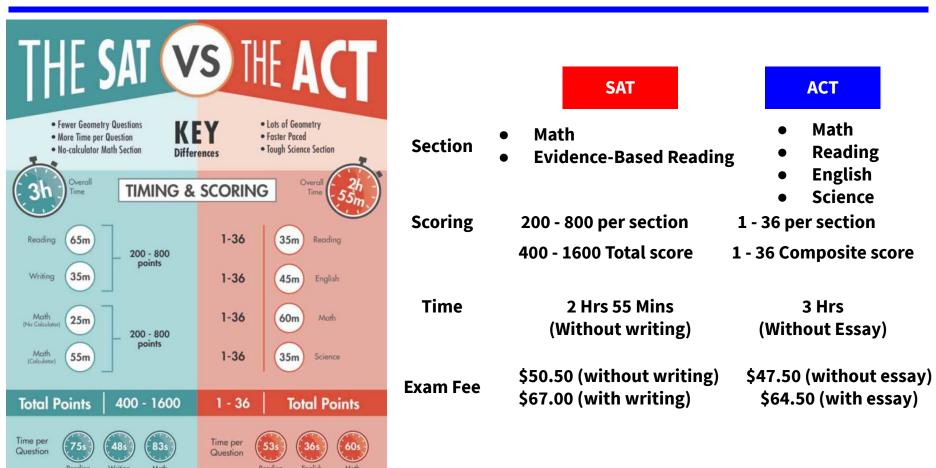
Help **Niche company** gaining more brand awareness by collaborating a new project **"University Scholarship"** with Global Standardized Test Organization like **SAT** or **ACT**, to provide an examination fee and give a free education consulting to scholarship students

Problem statement:

- To analyze the SAT and ACT Tests taken in 2017, 2018 and 2019
- To analyze the trend of aggregated scores and participation rates for each state in United States.
- To provide recommendations to Data Analytic team and Marketing team whether or not to choose collaborating with SAT or ACT to help them improve participation rates for future tests and also increase both brand awarenesses

What're difference between SAT and ACT test?





Introduction to datasets



2017-2019 : Data Provided

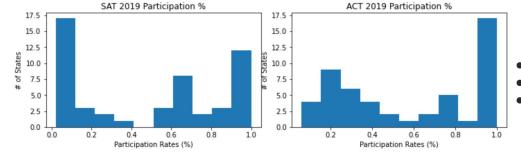
- SAT_2017.csv
- SAT_2018.csv
- SAT_2019.csv
- ACT_2017.csv
- ACT_2018.csv
- ACT_2018_updated.csv
- ACT_2019.csv

SAT Features: States, Participation rate, Math score, Reading and Writing score, Total score

<u>ACT Features: States, Participation rate, Math score, English score, Science score, Total score</u>

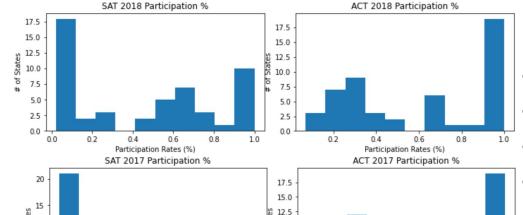
Overview - SAT & ACT 2017 - 2019 Participation rate(%)





SAT Overview

- SAT has a large group of very low-end participation rates (<10%)
- a cluster of states with participation in the 50–75% range
- and then a group of states with 100% participation.



7.5 5.0

2.5

0.2

0.6

Participation Rates (%)

0.8

1.0

0.6

Participation Rates (%)

0.8

5

0.0

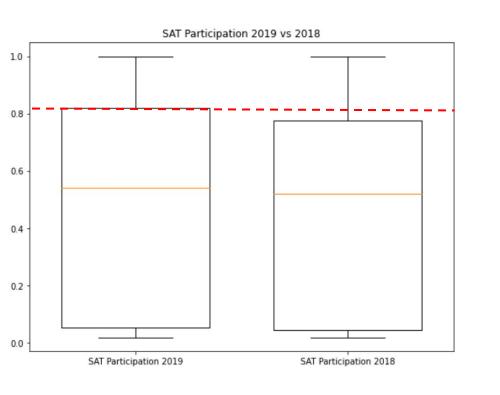
0.2

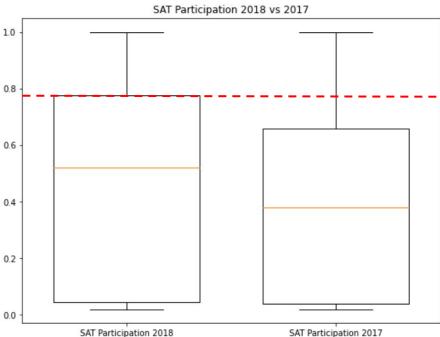
ACT Overview

- The ACT, by contrast, has almost no states with lower than 10% participation,
- has a cluster of states in the 15–35% range, only a small number of states in the mid to high range,
- and then a large group of states with at or near 100% participation.
- In this way the three distributions almost mirror each other.



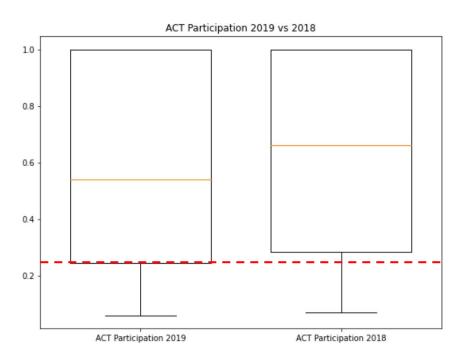
SAT Participation rate significantly rose year-to-year

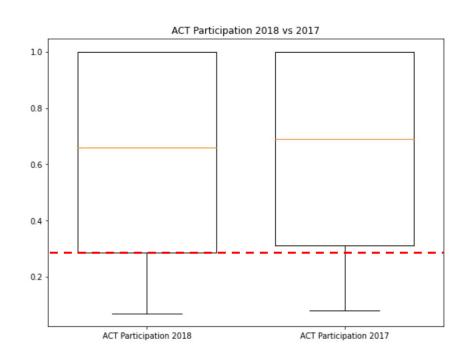






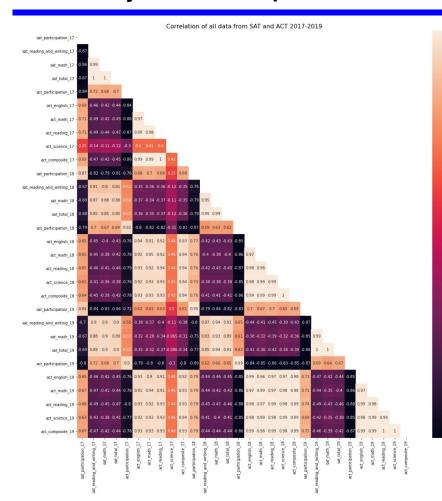
ACT Participation slightly drops year-to-year





Data Analysis - Heatmap correlation between each columns



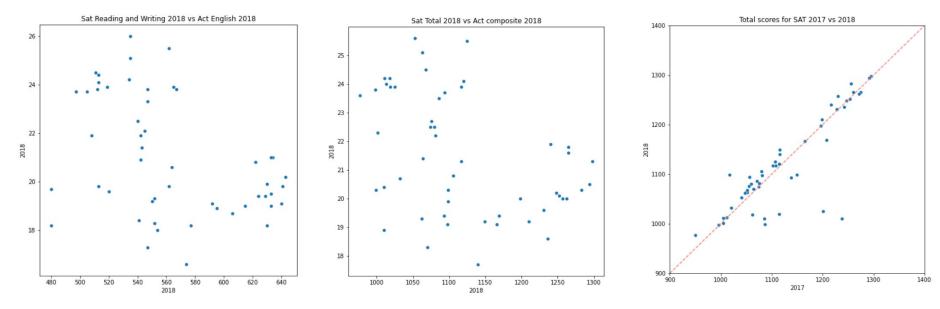


- Mean scores on a given test are highly negatively correlated with participation rate on that test (-0.8).
- Lower participation typically means higher mean scores, and vice versa, due to higher achieving students on average taking the test.
- If a state performs well on the SAT because they have low participation or simply because they are higher achieving, it's likely they perform well on all sections.
- This holds across years too, as most states have similar profiles in 2019 as they did in 2018 and 2017. "Participation rates for the same test across years are highly correlated."
- Mean scores on sections of the SAT are moderately negatively correlated with mean scores on ACT, and vice versa.
- Participation rate on a given test is moderately positively correlated with scores on the opposite test (0.6).
- This is simply due to higher participation on SAT > lower participation of ACT > higher ACT scores. So, positive correlation between SAT participation and ACT scores.

Data Analysis - Scatterplot between variables



Clearly demonstrate the relationship between participation rate and test scoring



- For both tests, **lower rates of participation correspond with higher mean score by state**. In the SAT plot, for instance, you can see the cluster of ACT-dominated states at top left where SAT participation is very low and mean scores are all >1200.
- The small subset of high achieving students that bother to take both tests are high scorers, and so these states have artificially higher score averages. The **downward slope of both graphs indicates the negative association between the variables.**

Recommendations



- We need to collaborate with "College Board/ SAT" which has a very strong presence internationally because of these reasons;
 - Upward trends of SAT Participation rate year-on-year (2017 2019 : 3.5% per year)
 - SAT has a large group of very low-end participation rates (<10%)
 - ACT Participation slightly drops year-to-year (2017 2019 : -3.5% per year)
- and so College Board can use this as a strength and dominate more over ACT.
- Thus, Niche Marketing team and College Board should promote campaign of 'University Scholarship Project'
- at top 5 lowest participation states, including: North Dakota, Mississippi, Lowa, Wyoming, and South Dakota.

