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### A-Coefficient Study # 1

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Research Notes

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## A-Coefficient Study # 1

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### Abstract

This is a study of the asymptotic behavior of the  $\mathcal{A}$ -coefficients from Clog/acoeff.f90. Each figure is constructed by a Fortran driver grXXX.f90 and a corresponding plotting routine grXXX.sm. The plasma under consideration is equimolar DT with electron number density  $n_e$ , electron temperature  $T_e$ , and ion temperature  $T_I$ . The code used to generate the data has now been fully checked.

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#### I. A-COEFFICIENTS AS A FUNCTION OF ENERGY

The A-coefficients take the form

$$\mathcal{A}_b = \mathcal{A}_b^{\text{C}} + \mathcal{A}_b^{\Delta Q} \quad \text{where} \quad \mathcal{A}_b^{\text{C}} = \mathcal{A}_{bs}^{\text{C}} + \mathcal{A}_{bs}^{\text{C}} , \qquad (1.1)$$

with

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,s}^{C} = \frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{b}^{2}}{4\pi} \left( \frac{\beta_{b} m_{b}}{2\pi} \right)^{1/2} v_{p} \int_{0}^{1} du \, u^{1/2} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} u \right\}$$

$$\left[ -\ln \left( \beta_{b} \frac{e_{p} e_{b}}{4\pi} K \frac{m_{b}}{m_{pb}} \frac{u}{1-u} \right) - 2\gamma + 2 \right]$$
(1.2)

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,R}^{<} = \frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\cos\theta \cos\theta \frac{\rho_b(v_p \cos\theta)}{\rho_{\text{total}}(v_p \cos\theta)} F(v_p \cos\theta) \ln\left\{\frac{F(v_p \cos\theta)}{K^2}\right\}, \quad (1.3)$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{b}^{\Delta Q} = -\frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{b}^{2}}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\beta_{b} m_{b}}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\infty} dv_{pb} \left\{ 2 \operatorname{Re} \psi \left(1 + i \eta_{pb}\right) - \ln \eta_{pb}^{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p} v_{pb}} \left[ \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \beta_{b} m_{b} \left(v_{p} - v_{pb}\right)^{2} \right\} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p} v_{pb}} \right) + \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \beta_{b} m_{b} \left(v_{p} + v_{pb}\right)^{2} \right\} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p} v_{pb}} \right) \right], \qquad (1.4)$$

and  $\eta_{ab} = e_a e_b / 4\pi \hbar v_{ab}$ . Figures 1–3 show the  $\mathcal{A}$ -coefficients for (i)  $T_e = T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ , (ii)  $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$  and  $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ , and (iii)  $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$  and  $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$  respectively, all with an electron number density  $n_e = 10^{25} \,\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$ .

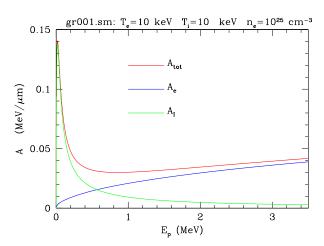


FIG. 1: Electron and ion components:  $n_e = 10^{25} \,\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$ ,  $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ ,  $T_{\rm I} = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ . [gr001.f90, gr001.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.eps]

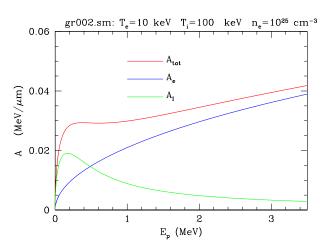


FIG. 2: Electron and ion components:  $n_e=10^{25}\,\mathrm{cm^{-3}},\,T_e=10\,\mathrm{keV},\,T_\mathrm{I}=100\,\mathrm{keV}.$  [gr002.f90, gr002.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.eps]

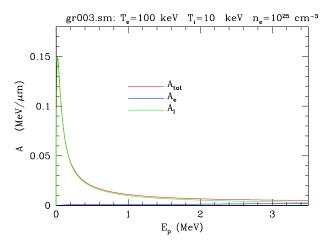


FIG. 3: Electron and ion components:  $n_e=10^{25}\,\mathrm{cm^{-3}},~T_e=100\,\mathrm{keV},~T_\mathrm{I}=10\,\mathrm{keV}.~[\mathrm{gr}003.\mathrm{f}90,~\mathrm{gr}003.\mathrm{sm},~\mathrm{gr}003.\mathrm{dat},~\mathrm{gr}003.\mathrm{eps}]$ 

#### II. SMALL ENERGY ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOR

In the small energy limit, the A-coefficients become:

$$v_p \to 0 : \mathcal{A}_b(v_p) = \underbrace{\frac{e_p^2 \kappa_b^2}{4\pi}}_{c_1} \underbrace{\left(\frac{\beta_b m_b}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} v_p}_{C_2} \cdot \left\{ A_b^{\text{C}} + A_b^{\Delta Q} \right\} ,$$
 (2.1)

with

$$A_b^{\rm C} = \frac{2}{3} \left[ \ln \left( \frac{16\pi}{e_p e_b \, \beta_b \kappa_{\rm D}} \frac{m_{pb}}{m_b} \right) - \frac{1}{2} - 2\gamma \right]$$
 (2.2)

$$A_b^{\Delta Q} = -\bar{\eta}_{pb}^2 \int_0^\infty du \, u \, \exp\left\{-\frac{3}{2}\bar{\eta}_{pb}^2 \, u^2\right\} \left[2 \operatorname{Re} \psi \left(1 + \frac{i}{u}\right) + \ln u^2\right] \,, \tag{2.3}$$

and  $\bar{\eta}_{pb} = e_p e_b / 4\pi \hbar \bar{v}_b$  (note:  $\bar{v}_b^2 = 3T_b / m_b$ ). The small energy quantum contribution takes separate forms for electrons and ions:

$$\bar{\eta}_{pe}^2 \ll 1 : A_e^{\Delta Q} \simeq -\bar{\eta}_{pe}^2 \int_0^\infty du \, u \, \exp\left\{-\frac{3}{2}\bar{\eta}_{pe}^2 \, u^2\right\} \left[-2\,\gamma + \ln u^2\right] = \frac{1}{3} \ln\left(\frac{3}{2}\,\bar{\eta}_{pe}^2\right) + \gamma.$$
(2.4)

$$\bar{\eta}_{pi}^2 \gg 1 : A_i^{\Delta Q} \simeq -\frac{\bar{\eta}_{pi}^2}{6} \int_0^\infty du \, u^3 \exp\left\{-\frac{3}{2}\bar{\eta}_{pi}^2 \, u^2\right\} = -\frac{1}{27}\,\bar{\eta}_{pi}^{-2} \,.$$
 (2.5)

The next figure illustrates the relative size of the classical contribution  $\mathcal{A}^{\text{C}}$  and the total coefficient  $\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}^{\text{C}} + \mathcal{A}^{\text{QM}}$ . for the density  $n_e = 10^{25} \, \text{cm}^{-3}$ . This gives us an idea of the size of the quantum contribution.

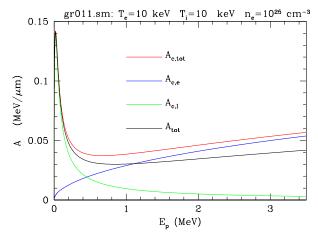


FIG. 4: The classical contributions to the A-coefficient, with the total (classical + quantum) in black. [gr001.f90, gr011.sm, gr001.dat, gr011.eps]

#### A. Ions: Classical and Quantum

For each of the three cases illustrated in Figs. 1–3, we will now look at the ion contributions for the classical and quantum cases.

### 1. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_{\mathrm{I}} = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

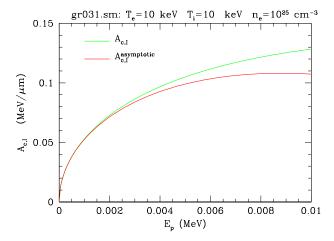


FIG. 5: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr031.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr031.eps]

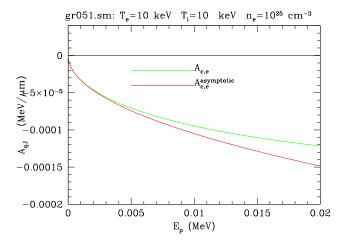


FIG. 6: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr051.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr051.eps]

## 2. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$

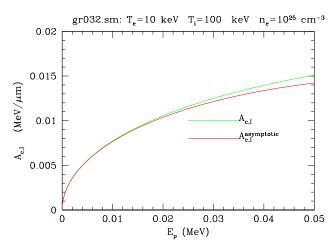


FIG. 7: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr032.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr032.eps]

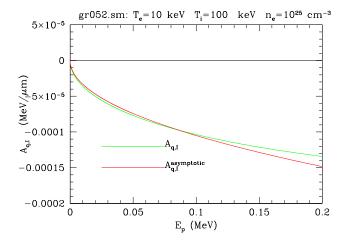


FIG. 8: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr052.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr052.eps]

## 3. Temperatures $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

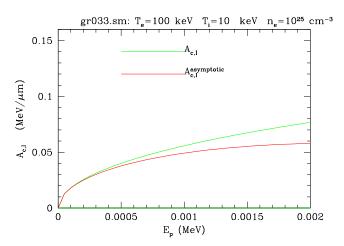


FIG. 9: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr033.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr033.eps]

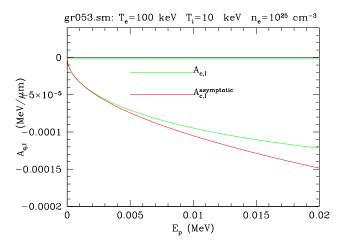


FIG. 10: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr053.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr053.eps]

#### B. Electrons: Classical and Quantum

For each of the three cases illustrated in Figs. 1–3, we will now look at the electron contributions for the classical and quantum cases.

### 1. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_{\mathrm{I}} = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

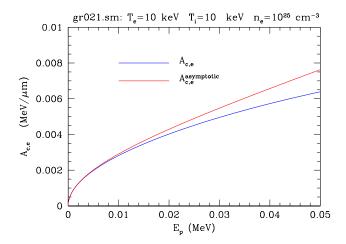


FIG. 11: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr021.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr021.eps]

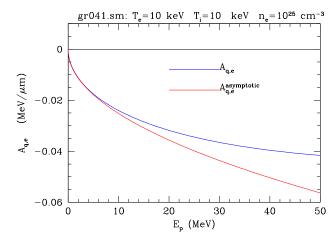


FIG. 12: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr041.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr041.eps]

## 2. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$

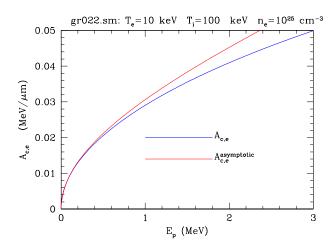


FIG. 13: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr022.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr022.eps]

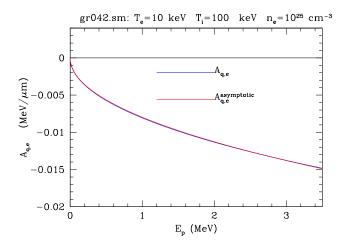


FIG. 14: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr042.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr042.eps]

## 3. Temperatures $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

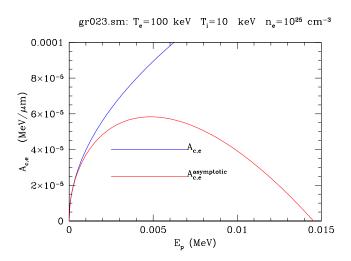


FIG. 15: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr023.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr023.eps]

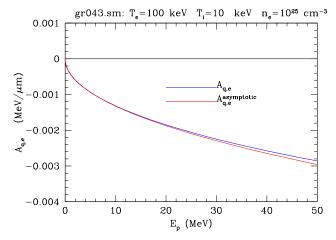


FIG. 16: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr043.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr043.eps]

### C. Total Electron and Ion Contributions

### 1. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_{\mathrm{I}} = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

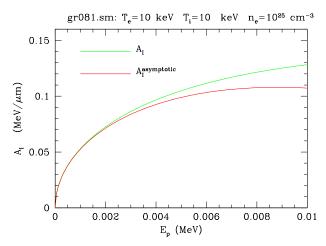


FIG. 17: Total asymptotic ion contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr081.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr081.eps]

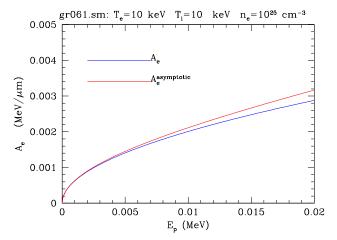


FIG. 18: Total asymptotic electron contribution at low energies. [gr001.f90, gr061.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.smallE.dat, gr061.eps]

## 2. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$

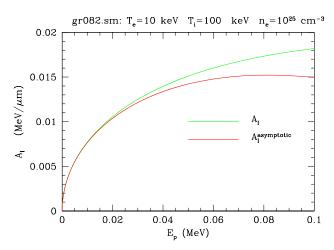


FIG. 19: Total asymptotic ion contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr082.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr082.eps]

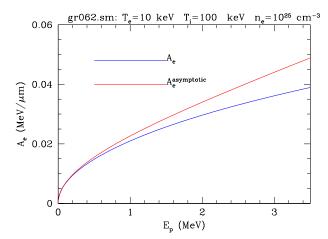


FIG. 20: Total asymptotic electron contribution at low energies. [gr002.f90, gr062.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.smallE.dat, gr062.eps]

## 3. Temperatures $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

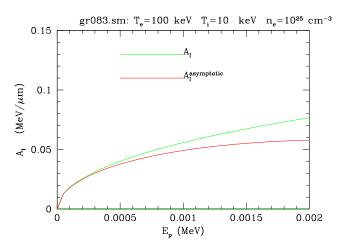


FIG. 21: Total asymptotic ion contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr083.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr083.eps]

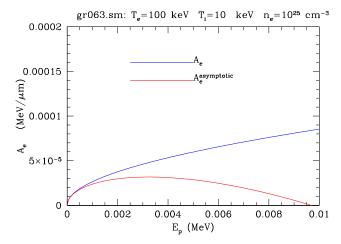


FIG. 22: Total asymptotic electron contribution at low energies. [gr003.f90, gr063.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.smallE.dat, gr063.eps]

#### III. HIGH ENERGY ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOR

#### A. Ions: Classical and Quantum

We will look at ion contributions before looking at the electrons (this is because there are two high energy electron regimes). For high energy  $E \gg T$ , the ion contribution to the  $\mathcal{A}$ -coefficient becomes

$$E_p \gg T : \mathcal{A}_{\text{I}}^{\text{C}} = \frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{1}{v_p^2} \sum_i \omega_i^2 \left[ -\ln \left\{ \frac{e_p e_i \kappa_e}{16\pi} \frac{2}{m_{pi} v_p^2} \right\} - \gamma - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$
 [(B36) in text] (3.1)

$$\mathcal{A}_{I}^{QM} = \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{1}{v_{p}^{2}} \sum_{i} \omega_{i}^{2} \left[ -\ln \left\{ \frac{\hbar \kappa_{e}}{2m_{pi}v_{p}} \right\} - \frac{1}{2} \right] . \tag{3.2}$$

To see this, note that the classical singular ion contribution at high energy is given by (B40) [v3.6]:

$$E_p \gg T \quad \eta_{pi} = \frac{e_p e_i}{4\pi \hbar v_p} \gg 1 :$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{i,s}^{C} = -\frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_i^2}{v_p^2} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{e_p e_i}{16\pi} \frac{2\kappa_e}{m_{pi} v_p^2} \right\} + \gamma \right] \quad [(B40) \text{ in text}]$$
(3.3)

The regular high energy asymptotic ion term is

$$E_p \gg T \ln \left\{ \frac{m_{\rm I} T_e^3}{m_e T_{\rm I}^3} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{i,\rm R}^{\rm c} = -\frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_i^2}{2v_p^2} \quad [(\rm B34) \text{ in text w/o sum}] . \tag{3.4}$$

The asymptotic quantum piece is given by subtracting (B36) for the singular contribution from (B42) [the singular + quantum], to give

$$E_{p} \gg T: \quad \eta_{pi} = \frac{e_{p}e_{i}}{4\pi\hbar v_{p}}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{i}^{QM} = \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} \left[ \ln \eta_{pi} + \gamma \right] \quad \text{note:} \quad \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} = \frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{i}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{\kappa_{i}^{2} v_{p}^{2}} = \frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{i}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{1}{m_{i} \beta_{i} v_{p}^{2}} . \quad (3.5)$$

The algebra is:

$$\mathcal{A}_{i}^{\text{QM}} = (B42) - (B36) \tag{3.6}$$

$$= \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{2m_{pi}v_{p}}{\hbar\kappa_{e}} \right\} \right] - \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} \left[ -\ln \left\{ \frac{e_{p}e_{i}\kappa_{e}}{16\pi} \frac{2}{m_{pi}v_{p}^{2}} \right\} - \gamma \right] \tag{3.7}$$

$$= \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{2m_{pi}v_{p}}{\hbar\kappa_{e}} \cdot \frac{e_{p}e_{i}\kappa_{e}}{16\pi} \frac{2}{m_{pi}v_{p}^{2}} \right\} + \gamma \right] \tag{3.8}$$

$$= \frac{e_{p}^{2}}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_{i}^{2}}{v_{p}^{2}} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{e_{p}e_{i}}{4\pi \hbar v_{p}} \right\} + \gamma \right] \tag{3.9}$$

## 1. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

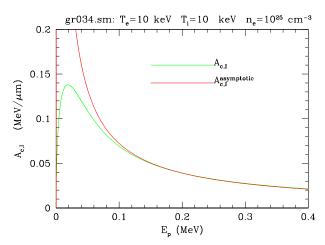


FIG. 23: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at high energies. [gr001.f90, gr034.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.high E.dat, gr034.eps]

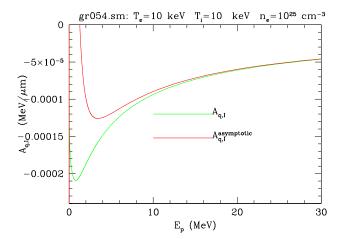


FIG. 24: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at high energies. [gr001.f90, gr054.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.high E.dat, gr054.eps]

## 2. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$

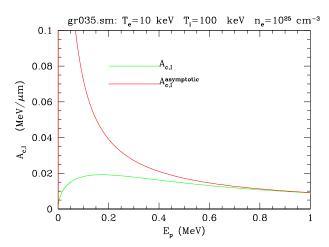


FIG. 25: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at high energies. [gr002.f90, gr035.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.high E.dat, gr035.eps]

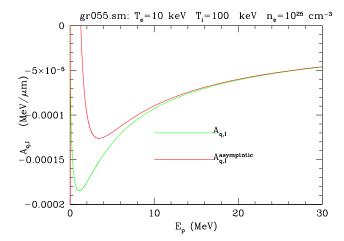


FIG. 26: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at high energies. [gr002.f90, gr055.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.high E.dat, gr055.eps]

## 3. Temperatures $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

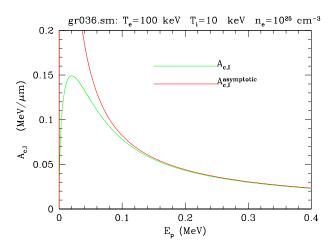


FIG. 27: Asymptotic classical ion contribution at high energies. [gr003.f90, gr036.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.high E.dat, gr036.eps]

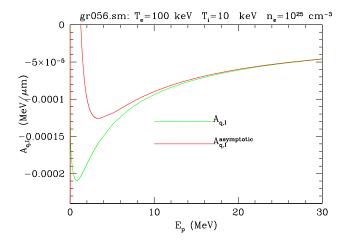


FIG. 28: Asymptotic quantum ion contribution at high energies. [gr003.f90, gr056.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.high E.dat, gr056.eps]

#### B. Electrons: Classical and Quantum

The high energy electron regime is broken into two widely separated scales, one given by T and the other by  $m_1T/m_e$ . In the high-intermediate energy regime,

$$\frac{m_{\rm I}}{m_e}\,T \gg E_p \gg T: \quad {\rm DT~plasma~at~10\,keV} \Rightarrow \frac{m_{\rm I,\,av}}{m_e}\,T = \frac{2.5\,{\rm GeV}}{10\,{\rm keV}} = 2.5\,{\rm MeV}.$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{e,R}^{<} = -\frac{e_p^2 \kappa_e^2}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\beta_e m_e}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{v_p}{3} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{\kappa_e^2}{K^2} \right\} + 1 \right] \quad [\text{ (B51) in text}]$$
 (3.10)

$$\mathcal{A}_{e,s}^{C} + \mathcal{A}_{e}^{QM} = \frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{e}^{2}}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\beta_{e} m_{e}}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{v_{p}}{3} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{8T_{e} m_{pe}^{2}}{m_{e} \hbar^{2} K^{2}} \right\} - \gamma \right] \quad [\text{ (B55) in text}]$$
(3.11)

$$\mathcal{A}_{e} = \mathcal{A}_{e,R}^{<} + \mathcal{A}_{e,S}^{C} + \mathcal{A}_{e}^{QM} 
= \frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{e}^{2}}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\beta_{e} m_{e}}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{v_{p}}{3} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{8T_{e} m_{pe}^{2}}{m_{e} \hbar^{2} \kappa_{e}^{2}} \right\} - \gamma - 1 \right] \quad [\text{ (B56) in text]}, \quad (3.12)$$

and in the extreme high energy regime,

$$E_p \gg \frac{m_{\rm I}}{m_e} T:$$

$$\mathcal{A}_e = \frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{\omega_e^2}{v_p^2} \ln \left\{ \frac{2m_{pe}v_p^2}{\hbar \omega_e} \right\} \quad [\text{ (B58) in text]}. \tag{3.13}$$

We now have the total electron contribution  $\mathcal{A}_e$  in the extreme and intermediate high energy regimes; however, I will have to calculate  $\mathcal{A}_e^{\text{QM}}$  later since the text does not give  $\mathcal{A}_{e,s}^{\text{C}}$  (as it did for the ions).

I will use the coding notation:

$$a_b = \frac{1}{2} \beta_b m_b v_p^2 = \frac{1}{2} \beta_b m_b c^2 \left( v_p^2 / c^2 \right)$$
 (3.14)

$$c_2 = \left(\frac{a_e}{\pi}\right)^{1/2} = \left(\frac{\beta_e m_e}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} v_p = \left(\frac{\beta_e m_e c^2}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{v_p}{c}$$
 (3.15)

$$c_1 = \frac{e_p^2 \kappa_e^2}{4\pi} = Z_p^2 \cdot \frac{e^2}{8\pi a_0} \cdot 2a_0 \cdot \kappa_e^2 = 2Z_p^2 B_e \kappa_e^2 a_0 . \tag{3.16}$$

For coding purposes, the extreme high energy electron contribution can then be written,

$$\mathcal{A}_{e} = c_{1} \frac{\omega_{e}^{2}}{\kappa_{e}^{2} v_{p}^{2}} \ln \left\{ \frac{2 (m_{pe}c^{2}) v_{p}^{2}}{(\hbar c) c \omega_{e}} \right\} = \frac{c_{1}}{\beta_{e} m_{e} v_{p}^{2}} \ln \left\{ \frac{2 (m_{pe}c^{2}) v_{p}^{2}}{(\hbar c) c \omega_{e}} \right\}$$
(3.17)

$$= \frac{c_1}{2a_e} \ln \left\{ \frac{2(m_{pe}c^2)v_p^2}{(\hbar c) c \omega_e} \right\}$$
 (B58), (3.18)

and the intermediate high energy form is

$$\mathcal{A}_{e} = \frac{c_{1} c_{2}}{3} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{8T_{e} (m_{pe}c^{2})^{2}}{(m_{e}c^{2})(\hbar c)^{2} \kappa_{e}^{2}} \right\} - \gamma - 1 \right]$$
 (B56) . (3.19)

1. Temperatures  $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$  and  $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ 

FIG. 29: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at high energies. [gr001.f90, gr024.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highE.dat, gr024.eps]

FIG. 30: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at high energies. [gr001.f90, gr044.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highE.dat, gr044.eps]

2. Temperatures  $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$  and  $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ 

FIG. 31: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at high energies. [gr002.f90, gr025.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.highE.dat, gr025.eps]

FIG. 32: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at high energies. [gr002.f90, gr045.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.highE.dat, gr045.eps]

3. Temperatures  $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$  and  $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ 

FIG. 33: Asymptotic classical electron contribution at high energies. [gr003.f90, gr026.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.highE.dat, gr026.eps]

FIG. 34: Asymptotic quantum electron contribution at high energies. [gr003.f90, gr046.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.highE.dat, gr046.eps]

### C. Total Electron and Ion Contributions

# 1. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_{\mathrm{I}} = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

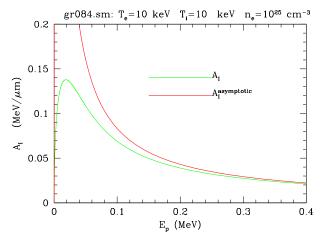


FIG. 35: Total asymptotic ion contribution at high energies. [gr001.f90, gr084.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highE.dat, gr084.eps]

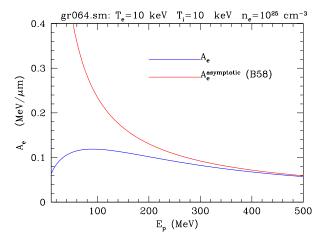


FIG. 36: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B58) at very high energies. [gr001.f90, gr064.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highEe.dat, gr064.eps]

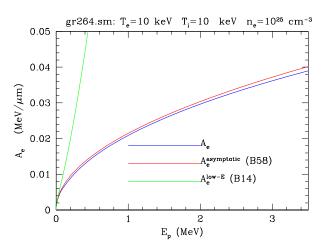


FIG. 37: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) at medium high energies. [gr001.f90, gr264.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highE.dat, gr264.eps]

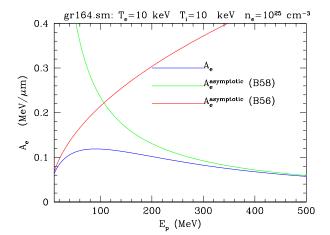


FIG. 38: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) and (B58). [gr001.f90, gr164.sm, gr001.dat, gr001.highE.dat, gr001.highEe.dat, gr164.eps]

## 2. Temperatures $T_e = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$

 $gr085.sm: \ T_{e}{=}10 \ keV \ T_{i}{=}100 \ keV \ n_{e}{=}10^{25} \ cm^{-3}$ 

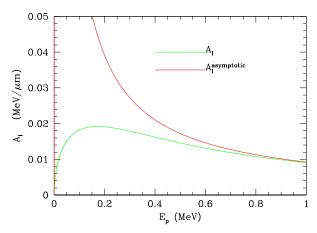


FIG. 39: Total asymptotic ion contribution at high energies. [gr002.f90, gr085.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.high E.dat, gr085.eps]

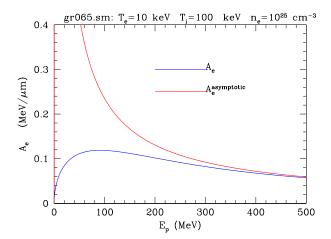


FIG. 40: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B58) at very high energies. [gr002.f90, gr065.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.highE.dat, gr065.eps]

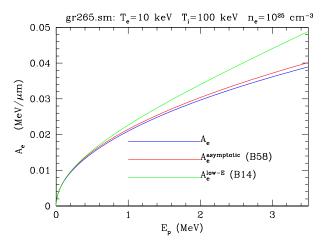


FIG. 41: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) at medium high energies. [gr002.f90, gr265.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.highE.dat, gr265.eps]

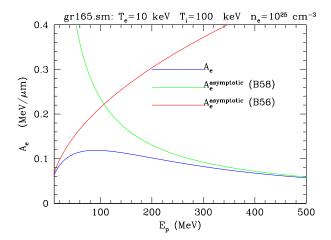


FIG. 42: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) and (B58). [gr002.f90, gr165.sm, gr002.dat, gr002.highE.dat, gr002.highEe.dat, gr165.eps]

## 3. Temperatures $T_e = 100 \,\mathrm{keV}$ and $T_I = 10 \,\mathrm{keV}$

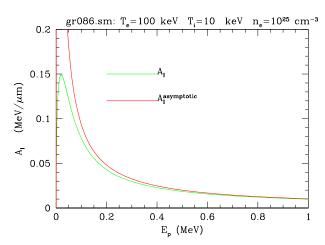


FIG. 43: Total asymptotic ion contribution at high energies. [gr003.f90, gr086.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.high E.dat, gr086.eps]

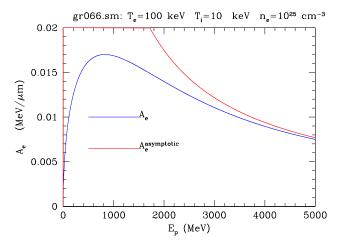


FIG. 44: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B58) at very high energies. [gr003.f90, gr066.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.high Ee.dat, gr066.eps]

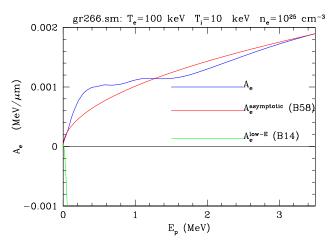


FIG. 45: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) at medium high energies. [gr003.f90, gr266.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.highE.dat, gr266.eps]

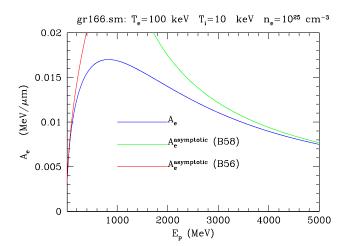


FIG. 46: Total asymptotic electron contribution (B56) at medium high energies. [gr003.f90, gr166.sm, gr003.dat, gr003.highE.dat, gr003.highEe.dat, gr166.eps]

#### Appendix A: Coding the A-coefficients

#### 1. The Singular Contribution

The singular contribution,

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,s}^{C} = \left[ \frac{e_p^2 \kappa_b^2}{4\pi} \left( \frac{\beta_b m_b}{2\pi} \right)^{1/2} v_p \right] \int_0^1 du \, u^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \beta_b m_b v_p^2 u} \left[ -\ln \left\{ \frac{\beta_b e_b e_p}{4\pi} K \frac{m_b}{m_{pb}} \frac{u}{1-u} \right\} - 2\gamma + 2 \right], \tag{A1}$$

is quite easy to code. The integral can be broke into the pieces

$$\int_{0}^{1} du \, u^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} u} \left[ \ln \left\{ \frac{u}{1-u} \right\} - \ln \left\{ \frac{\beta_{b} e_{b} e_{p}}{4\pi} K \frac{m_{b}}{m_{pb}} \right\} - 2\gamma + 2 \right], \tag{A2}$$

which motivates the definition

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,s}^{C} = c_{b,1} c_{b,2} \cdot \mathsf{A}_{s}(a_{pb}, b_{pb}) \tag{A3}$$

$$A_{s}(a,b) = \int_{0}^{1} du \, u^{1/2} e^{-a \, u} \left[ -\ln \left\{ \frac{u}{1-u} \right\} + b \right]$$
(A4)

$$a_{pb} = \frac{1}{2} \beta_b m_b v_p^2$$
 and  $b_{pb} = -\ln \left\{ \frac{\beta_b e_b e_p}{4\pi} K \frac{m_b}{m_{pb}} \right\} - 2\gamma + 2$  (A5)

$$c_{b,1} = \frac{e_p^2 \kappa_b^2}{4\pi} \quad c_{b,2} = \left(\frac{\beta_b m_b}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} v_p .$$
 (A6)

The term involving b can be integrated exactly, but we will use Gaussian quadrature for both pieces.

acoeff.f90:

```
FUNCTION dab_sing(u, a, b) 
 IMPLICIT NONE ! a=(1/2)*beta*mpc2*vp^2/C^2 
 REAL, INTENT(IN) :: u ! [dimensionless] 
 REAL, INTENT(IN) :: a ! [dimensionless] 
 REAL, INTENT(IN) :: b ! [dimensionless] 
 REAL :: dab_sing ! [dimensionless] 
 dab_sing=SQRT(u)*EXP(-a*u)*(-LOG(u/(1-u)) + b) 
 END FUNCTION dab_sing
```

The numerical integration is performed by Gaussian quadrature:

acoeff.f90:

```
SUBROUTINE a_sing(a, b, ac_s)

REAL, INTENT(IN) :: a

REAL, INTENT(IN) :: b

REAL, INTENT(OUT) :: ac_s

REAL :: u0, u1, du, um

INTEGER, PARAMETER :: NS=1000 ! integration regions singular: must

REAL, PARAMETER :: UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad

REAL, PARAMETER :: W13=0.5555555556E0, W2=0.8888888889E0

ac_s=0
```

```
u0=0
u1=1
du=(u1-u0)/NS
u=u0-du
D0 iu=1,NS,2 ! Gaussian quadrature
u=u+2.E0*du
ac_s=ac_s+W2*dab_sing(u,a,b)
um=u-du*UPM
ac_s=ac_s+W13*dab_sing(um,a,b)
um=u+du*UPM
ac_s=ac_s+W13*dab_sing(um,a,b)
ENDDO
ac_s=ac_s*du
END SUBROUTINE a_sing
```

#### 2. The Regular Contribution

The long-distance regular contribution can be expressed as

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,R}^{<} = \frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} du \, u \, \frac{\rho_b(v_p u)}{\rho_{\text{total}}(v_p u)} \, F(v_p u) \ln \left\{ \frac{F(v_p u)}{K^2} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} du \, u \, \frac{\rho_b(v_p u)}{\rho_{\text{total}}(v_p u)} \, \left[ F(v_p u) \ln \left\{ \frac{F(v_p u)}{K^2} \right\} - F^*(v_p u) \ln \left\{ \frac{F^*(v_p u)}{K^2} \right\} \right] (A8)$$

$$= -\frac{e_p^2}{4\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} du \, u \, \frac{\rho_b(v_p u)}{\rho_{\text{total}}(v_p u)} \, H(v_p u) , \qquad (A9)$$

where we have defined

$$H(v) \equiv -i \left[ F(v) \ln \left\{ \frac{F(v)}{K^2} \right\} - F^*(v) \ln \left\{ \frac{F^*(v)}{K^2} \right\} \right] = 2 \left[ F_{\text{Re}} \arg\{F\} + F_{\text{Im}} \ln \left\{ \frac{|F|}{K^2} \right\} \right]. \tag{A10}$$

We shall factor out a dimensionfull wavenumber K and define dimensionless quantities  $\mathbb{F}(v)$  and  $\mathbb{H}(v)$  through

$$F(v) = K^2 \mathbb{F}(v)$$
 and  $H(v) = K^2 \mathbb{H}(v)$ . (A11)

Defining the parameters

$$a_c \equiv \left(\frac{\beta_c m_c}{2}\right)^{1/2} \tag{A12}$$

$$\bar{\kappa}_c^2 \equiv \frac{\kappa_c^2}{K^2} \tag{A13}$$

gives the real and imaginary parts of  $\mathbb{F}$ ,

$$\mathbb{F}_{\text{Re}}(\{a_c v\}, \{\bar{\kappa}_c\}) = \sum_c \bar{\kappa}_c^2 \left(1 - 2a_c v \operatorname{daw}\{a_c v\}\right)$$
(A14)

$$\mathbb{F}_{\text{Im}}(\{a_c v\}, \{\bar{\kappa}_c\}) = \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{c} \bar{\kappa}_c^2 a_c v e^{-a_c^2 v^2}. \tag{A15}$$

The ratio of weighting factors can be written

$$\frac{\kappa_b^2}{K^2} \mathbb{R}_b(\{(u \,\beta_c m_c v_p^2/2)^{1/2}\}) \equiv \frac{\rho_b(v_p u)}{\rho_{\text{total}}(v_p u)} = \frac{\kappa_b^2 \,(\beta_b m_b/2\pi)^{1/2} \,v_p u \,e^{-\frac{1}{2}\,\beta_b m_b v_p^2 \,u^2}}{\sum_c \kappa_c^2 \,(\beta_c m_c/2\pi)^{1/2} \,v_p u \,e^{-\frac{1}{2}\,\beta_c m_c v_p^2 \,u^2}} \qquad (A16)$$

$$= \left[\sum_c \frac{\kappa_c^2}{\kappa_b^2} \left(\frac{\beta_c m_c}{\beta_b m_b}\right)^{1/2} e^{\frac{1}{2} (\beta_b m_b - \beta_c m_c) v_p^2 \,u^2}\right]^{-1}, \qquad (A17)$$

or

$$\mathbb{R}_{b}(\{(u\,\beta_{c}m_{c}v_{p}^{2}/2)^{1/2}\,\}) = \left[\sum_{c} \frac{\kappa_{c}^{2}}{K^{2}} \left(\frac{\beta_{c}m_{c}}{\beta_{b}m_{b}}\right)^{1/2} e^{\frac{1}{2}(\beta_{b}m_{b} - \beta_{c}m_{c})v_{p}^{2}u^{2}}\right]^{-1} . \tag{A18}$$

We can now express the regular piece as

$$\mathcal{A}_{b,R}^{C} = \underbrace{\left[\frac{e_p^2 \kappa_b^2}{4\pi}\right]}_{c_{b,1}} \cdot \mathsf{A}_{R}(v_p, \{a_c\}, \{\bar{\kappa}_c\}) \tag{A19}$$

$$\mathsf{A}_{b\,\mathrm{R}}(v_p, \{a_c\}, \{\bar{\kappa}_c\}) = \int_0^1 du \, \underbrace{\mathbb{R}_b(\{a_c v_p u\}) \, \mathbb{H}(\{a_c \, v_p u\}, \{\bar{\kappa}_c\})}_{\text{dab reg}} . \tag{A20}$$

acoeff.f90:

```
FUNCTION dab_reg(u, vp, ib, nni, k2, kb2, betab, mb)
   USE mathvars
USE physvars
IMPLICIT NONE
      REAL,
                                   INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
                                                             [dimensionless]
                                               :: u
      REAL,
                                               :: vp
                                                             Projectile velocity [c
      INTEGER.
                                   INTENT(IN)
                                               :: ib
                                                             Species number
      INTEGER,
                                   INTENT(IN)
                                                         ! Number of ion species
                                               :: nni
      REAL,
                                   INTENT(IN)
                                                             Wavenumber squared [1/
               DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
      REAL,
                                                             Debye wavenumber squar
               DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                             Temperature array [1/k
      REAL,
                                               :: betab
               DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
      REAL,
                                             :: mb
                                                             Mass array [keV]
      REAL
                                               :: dab_reg !
                                                             [dimensionless]
              REAL,
      REAL
      REAL
      INTEGER
      ab=SQRT(0.5*betab*mb)*vp/CC
      alfb=kb2/k2
      CALL frfi(u,nni,alfb,ab,fr,fi,fabs,farg)
      h=2*(fr*farg + fi*LOG(fabs))
construct spectral weight ratio Rb=rho_b/rho_tot
      r_{ib}=0
      bm_ib=betab(ib)*mb(ib)
      a_{ib} = ab(ib)*ab(ib)
      DO ic=1,nni+1
         kcb=kb2(ic)/k2
         bm_ic=betab(ic)*mb(ic)
```

The numerical integration is performed by Gaussian quadrature:

acoeff.f90:

```
SUBROUTINE a_reg(ib, nni, vp, k2, kb2, betab, mb, ac_r)
                                      INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
  INTEGER,
  INTEGER,
                                                         nni
  REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                     :: k2
                                      INTENT(IN)
  REAL,
                                                      :: kb2
             DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
INTENT(OUT)
  REAL,
                                                     :: betab
  REAL,
  REAL,
                                                    :: ac_r
  REAL
                          :: \underline{u0}, \underline{u1}, du, u, um
  INTEGER,
            PARAMETER :: NR=10
                                                     integration regions singular: must b
             PARAMETER :: UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad PARAMETER :: W13=0.5555555556E0, W2=0.888888889E0
  REAL,
  REAL,
  ac_r=0
  u0=0.
  u1=1.
  du=(u1-u0)/NR
  u=u0-du
  DO iu=1,NR,2 ! Gaussian quadrature
      u=u+2.E0*du
      ac_r=ac_r+W2*dab_reg(u,vp,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
      um=u-du*UPM
      ac_r=ac_r+W13*dab_reg(um,vp,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
      um=u+du*UPM
      ac_r=ac_r+W13*dab_reg(um,vp,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
  ENDDO
     _r=ac
END SUBROUTINE a_reg
```

#### 3. Quantum Contribution

For the quantum term we make the change of variables  $v_{pb} = v_p u$  so that

$$\mathcal{A}_{b}^{\text{QM}} = -\frac{e_{p}^{2} \kappa_{b}^{2}}{4\pi} \left( \frac{\beta_{b} m_{b}}{2\pi} \right)^{1/2} v_{p} \int_{0}^{\infty} du \left[ \text{Re} \, \psi \left\{ 1 + i \, \frac{\bar{\eta}_{pb}}{u} \right\} - \ln \left\{ \frac{\bar{\eta}_{pb}}{u} \right\} \right] \frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} u}$$

$$\left[ e^{-\frac{1}{2} \beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} (u-1)^{2}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} u} \right) + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} (u+1)^{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\beta_{b} m_{b} v_{p}^{2} u} \right) \right] . \quad (A21)$$

The quantum function we need to code is therefore

$$\mathcal{A}_b^{\text{QM}} = \underbrace{\left[\frac{e_p^2 \kappa_b^2}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\beta_b m_b}{2\pi}\right)^{1/2} v_p\right]}_{c_{b,1} \cdot c_{b,2}} \cdot \mathsf{A}_1^{\text{QM}}(a_{pb}, \tilde{\eta}_{pb}) , \qquad (A22)$$

where the arguments of the function are defined by

$$a_{pb} = \frac{1}{2} \beta_b m_b v_p^2$$

$$\tilde{\eta}_{pb} = \frac{e_p e_b}{4\pi \hbar v_p} = |Z_p Z_b| \frac{e^2}{8\pi a_0} \frac{2a_0}{\hbar} \frac{1}{v_p} = |Z_p Z_b| \cdot 13.606 \,\text{eV} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 5.29 \times 10^{-9} \,\text{cm}}{6.5821 \times 10^{-16} \,\text{eV} \,\text{s}} \frac{1}{v_p}$$

$$= 2.1870 \times 10^8 \frac{|Z_p Z_b|}{v_p \cdot (\text{cm/s})^{-1}} ,$$
(A24)

and the function itself takes the form

$$\mathsf{A}_{1}^{\text{QM}}(a,\eta) = -\int_{0}^{\infty} du \, \left[ \operatorname{Re} \psi \left\{ 1 + i \, \frac{\eta}{u} \right\} - \ln \left\{ \frac{\eta}{u} \right\} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{2a \, u} \left[ \left( e^{-a(u-1)^{2}} + e^{-a(u+1)^{2}} \right) - \frac{e^{-a(u-1)^{2}} - e^{-a(u+1)^{2}}}{2a \, u} \right] . \tag{A25}$$

acoeff.f90:

```
FUNCTION daq(u, a, eta)
USE physvars IMPLICIT NONE
  REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                                          [dimensionless]
                                                   :: a
:: eta
:: daq
                                      INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
  REAL,
                                                                         [dimensionless]
[dimensionless]
  REAL,
                                                              ! [dimensionless]
  REAL
  REAL, PARAMETER :: AMAX=25.
                      :: repsi, au, eu, au2, ap, am, psilog, ch, sh
  eu=eta/u
  psilog=repsi(eu) - LOG(eu)
  au =2*a*u
  au2=a*u*u
  IF (a <= AMAX) THEN
     ch =EXP(-au2)*COSH(au)
sh =EXP(-au2)*SINH(au)
  ELSE
     ap = au-au2-a
     am =-au-au2-a
     ch = 0.5*(EXP(ap)+EXP(am))
     sh = 0.5*(EXP(ap)-EXP(am))
  ENDIF
daq=-psilog*2*(ch - sh/au)/au
END FUNCTION daq
SUBROUTINE a_quantum(ib, a, eta, aq)
IMPLICIT NONE
                                        ! species index
  INTEGER, INTENT(IN)
                            :: ib
  REAL,
                                        ! [dimensionless] (1/2) betab mb vp^2
             INTENT(IN)
                            :: a
                                        ! [dimensionless] ep eb/4pi hbar vp
  REAL,
             INTENT(IN)
                           :: eta
             INTENT(OUT) :: aq
  REAL,
  REAL :: u0, u1, du, u, um INTEGER, PARAMETER :: NQ=1000
                                                     ! integration regions quantum : must
             PARAMETER :: UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad PARAMETER :: W13=0.555555556E0, W2=0.888888889E0
  REAL,
  REAL,
  REAL
            :: daq
  INTEGER :: iu
  aq=0
  u0=0.
```

#### Appendix B: Complete Source Code Listing: acoeff.f90

This section gives the complete listing for the source acoeff.f90 as it currently stands, including comments for the user and comments that I have made for myself (the latter will eventually disappear). This source module calculates the A-coefficients (coeff\_bps), their low energy asymptotic limits (coeff\_bps\_small\_E), and their high energy asymptotic limits (coeff\_bps\_high\_E). For the electron, there are two distinct high energy regions: an intermediate high energy regime  $T \ll E_p \ll (m_I/m_e) T$  and an extreme high energy regime  $E \gg (m_I/m_e) T$ .

Note: Currently, the subroutine coeff\_bps\_high\_E only returns the total electron contribution  $\mathcal{A}_e$  (regular + singular + quantum).

To do: To complete the subroutine coeff\_bps\_high\_E, I need to calculate the regular and singular contributions for the electrons in both high energy regimes. That is to say, I need to calculate the asymptotic limits of  $\mathcal{A}_{e,s}^{c}$  and  $\mathcal{A}_{e,s}^{c}$  respectively. The quantum asymptotic correction can then be obtained by

$$\mathcal{A}_e^{\mathrm{QM}} = \mathcal{A}_e - \mathcal{A}_e^{\mathrm{C}} = \mathcal{A}_e - (\mathcal{A}_{e-S}^{\mathrm{C}} + \mathcal{A}_{e-B}^{<}).$$

Before coeff\_bps\_high\_E returns the same quantities for electrons and ions, I will need to analytically calculate  $\mathcal{A}_{e,s}^{c}$  and  $\mathcal{A}_{e,R}^{c}$  and their high energy limits. To repeat the above note: until I finish this calculation, the subroutine coeff\_bps\_high\_E only returns the total electron contribution  $\mathcal{A}_{e}$ , although it returns the complete set of contributions for  $\mathcal{A}_{I}$ .

#### 1. The A-Coefficients

acoeff.f90:

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```
! See Refs. [3,4,5] for more details. For a weakly coupled plasma (g << 1),
! the BPS calculation is essentially exact, and the error is O(g). Physical
 properties of interest, such as the stopping power dE/dx and the temperature
  equilibration rate between plasma species, can be obtained directly from
  the A-coefficients.
 USAGE:
  Since electrons are thousands of times lighter than ions, one of the most
  physically accessible regime is the in which the electrons have a temperature
 T_{-}e and the ions have a (possibly different) common temperature T_{-}I. This is why the output is organized into electron contributions and total ion
  contributions (sum over all ions).
  INPUT: nni, ep, zp, mp, ia, ib, betab, zb, mb, nb
 Describe the incident projectile and the background plasma.
! projectile input quantities:
! ep : classical kinetic energy of the projectile [keV]
 zp : charge of the projectile in units of Z_p [dimensionless]
 mp : mass of the projectile [keV], i.e. mp = mp[grams]*c^2
 plasma input quantities:
       : Number of total plasma species = number ion species + 1
       : Charges of the plasma species. By convention zp(1) is the
          electron plasma component. [dimensionless, Array]
 betab: Inverse temperatures of the plasma components. For an
          electron-ion plasma, set betab(1)=1/T_e and all other
          values of the array to 1/T_I [keV^-1].
        : Masses of the plasma species [keV].
 mb
       : Number densities of the plasma species [cm^-3].
 nb
  ia
         First plasma species [usually the projectile]
        : Second plasma species
 OUTPUT: a_ab, a_ab_sing, a_ab_reg, a_ab_qm
 Each plasma component b makes a linear contribution A_b to the total
 A-coefficient, i.e. A = sum_b A_b [5]. Each A_b in turn can be be decomposed into a classical-quantum or electron-ion contributions.
 classical electron
                        : ac_e
                        : ac_i [sum over all ions]
  classical ion
                          ac\_tot = ac\_e + ac\_i
  classical total
                        : aq_e
             electron
 quantum
                         : aq_i [sum over all ions]
 quantum
             ion
                         : a_{tot} = aq_e + aq_i
 quantum
             total
 total
             electric
                        : a_e = ac_e + aq_e
                          a_i = ac_i + aq_i
 total
             ion
                         ! a_tot = a_e + \bar{a_i}
  total
  NOTES:
  [1] The temperatures T_b may therefore all differ. By convention
      I take b=1 for the electron component of the plasma. A very
      useful and interesting parameter regime is the one in which the ions have a common temperature T_I and the electron have
      a temperature T_e, usually with T_e =/= T_I. See also USAGE
      and note [3] below.
  [2] BPS paper
      L. Brown, D. Preston, and R. Singleton Jr., "Charged Particle Motion in a Highly Ionized Plasma",
      Physics Reports, 410 (2005) 237
      [arXiv:physics/0501084]
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- [3] The code employs rationalized cgs units in which the dimensionless plasma coupling parameter is defined by  $g = e^2 \text{ kappa/(4Pi*T)}$ ; in these units the Debye wavenumber is determined by kappa^2 =  $e^2 \text{ n/T}$  and the plasma frequency by omega^2 =  $e^2 \text{ n/m}$ . A weakly coupled plasma is one for which g << 1, i.e. a plasma with thermal kinetic energy (of order the temperature T) dominates the coulomb potential energy (for particles separated by a Debye length). In the more common non-rationalized cgs units, we define  $g = e^2 \text{ kappa/T}$ , with kappa^2 = 4 Pi e^2 n/T and omega^2 = 4 Pi e^2 n/m.
- [4] For coulomb energy exchange processes, the leading and next-to-leading order terms in the plasma coupling g are proportional to  $g^2*ln(g)$  and  $g^2$ , respectively. That is to say, for a property denoted by F, one can expand F in powers of g in the form:

$$F(g,eta) = A(eta)*g^2*ln(g) + B(eta)*g^2 + O(g^3)$$
  
=  $A(eta)*g^2*[ln(C(eta)*g)+O(g)],$ 

where eta is the dimensionless quantum parameter (eta <<1 means extreme classical scattering while eta >>1 means the extreme quantum limit). The relative error of BPS is therefore O(g). At the center of the sun g=0.4, and so the error of Ref. [1] is only of order 4% in this case. For the processes of charged stopping power and electronion temperature equilibration, Ref. [1] calculates the corresponding functions A(eta) and B(eta) exactly, including all orders in the two-body quantum scattering parameter eta =  $e^2/4$ Pi\*hbar\*v\_thermal (this means that BPS gives the correct interpolation between the classical and quantum regimes, exact to leading and next-to-leading order). The  $O(g^3)$  terms physically correspond to 3-body correlations within the plasma, and for a sufficiently weak plasma these are negligible. For strongly coupled plasmas (g >> 1), all terms in a g-expansion are important and the BPS calculation is not applicable.

[5] It makes sense to talk about separate linear contribution A\_b contributing \*from\* a given plasma component b only for a weakly coupled plasma. More exactly, A=sum\_b A\_b holds true only up to leading and next-to-leading order in the plasma coupling g. This is the order to which Ref. [2] calculates all quantities, and therefore BPS works to a consistent order in g.

```
vp = projectile speed [cm/s]
                     where mp and Ep are in keV and
           [ mpc2 ]
                     c is the speed of light in cm/s
       ep^2 kb^2
         -----= 2 zp**2 * Be * kb^2 * a0
                                              [keV/cm]
          4 Pi
                                              [MeV/micron]
       betab mbc2 ]^1/2
                                [dimensionless]
          2 Pi
where
         e^2
        ----= 13.606E-3
                               [keV]
Вe
       8 Pi a0
                               Bohr radius: a0=5.29E-9 cm
```

```
SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ab_mass(nni, ep, mp, zp, ia, ib, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
           a_ab, a_ab_sing, a_ab_reg, a_ab_qm)
     USE physvars
     USE mathvars
       IMPLICIT NONE
                                                                  Plasma:
       INTEGER.
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: nni
                                                                    number of ions
                                                       :: ep
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                    energy input [ke
       REAL,
       REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: mp
                                                                    mass [keV]
                                           INTENT(IN)
       REAL,
                                                       :: zp
                                                                    charge
       INTEGER,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       ::
                                                          ia
       INTEGER,
                                           INTENT (IN)
                                                       ::
                                                          ih
       REAL,
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: betab
                                                                    temp array [1/ke
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
       REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: mb
                                                                   mass array [keV]
       REAL,
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: nb
                                                                    density [1/cc]
       REAL,
                                                       :: zb
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                    charge array
                                                                  A-coeffs [MeV/mic
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_ab
       REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_ab_sing
       REAL,
       REAL.
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_ab_reg
       REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_ab_qm
       REAL,
                                    :: mpb, mbpb, kb2, ab
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                    :: vp, zp2, k, k2, kd, kd2, a, b, eta
       REAL
       REAL
                                    :: ac_r, ac_s, aq, c1, c2
       REAL, PARAMETER
                                      EPS_SMALL_E=2.E-4
                                    :: EPS_SMALL_E_SING=2.E-4
:: EPS_SMALL_E_REG=2.E-4
       REAL, PARAMETER
       REAL, PARAMETER
 initialize components of A-coefficients
       kb2=8*PI*AOCM*BEKEV*zb*zb*nb*betab
                                       [1/cm^2]
[1/cm]
[1/cm^2]
       kd2 = SUM(kb2)
       kd = SQRT(kd2)
          = kb2(1)
       k2
           = SQRT(k2)
                                       [1/cm]
       k
                                               k = k_e
 Loop over charged plasma species
       mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
                                        [keV]
       mbpb= mb/mpb
                                        [dimensionless]
                                      ١
       vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                      ļ
                                        [cm/s]
       zp2=zp**2
                                      ļ
                                        [dimensionless]
                                        ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mbc2(ib)*vp2/CC2
       ab =0.5*betab*mb*vp*vp/CC2
                                      ! [dimensionless]
                  .NE. O.) THEN
       IF (zb(ib)
          =ab(ib)
          =-Log(2*betab(ib)*BEKEV*ABS(zp*zb(ib))*k*AOCM*mbpb(ib) )-2*GAMMA+2
       eta=ABS(zp*zb(ib))*2.1870E8/vp ! defined with projectile velocity vp
       c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM
                                      ! [keV/cm] c1 = e_p^2 kappa_b^2/(4 Pi)
       c1=c1*1.E-7
                                        [MeV/micron]
       c2=SQRT(a/PI)
                                        [dimensionless]
                                        c2=SQRT(betab(ib)*mb(ib)/TWOPI)*vp/CC
 A_{ab}-classical-singular
       CALL a_sing_mass(a,b,ac_s)
       a_ab_sing=c1*c2*ac_s
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```

```
A_{ab}-classical-regular
        CALL a_reg_mass(nni,ia,ib,vp,k2,kb2,betab,mb,ac_r)
        a_ab_reg=c1*ac_r
  A_{ab}-quantum
        CALL a_quantum_mass(ia,ib,a,eta,aq) ! eta = dimensionless quantum param.
        a_ab_qm=c1*c2*aq
  A_{ab}-total
        a_ab=a_ab_sing + a_ab_reg + a_ab_qm
        ENDIF
      END SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ab_mass
SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ab_matrix(nni, ep, betab, zb, mb, nb,
        a_ab, a_ab_sing, a_ab_reg, a_ab_qm, a_tot, a_i, a_e, ac_tot, &
        ac_i, ac_e, aq_tot, aq_i, aq_e, ac_s_i, ac_s_e, ac_r_i, ac_r_e)
      USE physvars
USE mathvars
        IMPLICIT NONE
                                                                           Plasma:
        INTEGER,
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              :: nni
                                                                            number of ions
        REAL,
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              ::
                                                                             energy
                                                                 ер
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                                 betab
                                                                             temp array [1/ke
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              ::
                                                                 zb
                                                                             charge array
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              ::
                                                                            mass array [keV]
                                                                 mb
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              :: nb
                                                                            density [1/cc]
                                                                           A-coeffs [MeV/mic
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1,1:nni+1),INTENT(OUT)
DIMENSION(1:nni+1,1:nni+1),INTENT(OUT)
                                                              :: a_ab
        REAL,
                                                             :: a_ab_sing
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1,1:nni+1),INTENT(OUT)
                                                             :: a_ab_reg
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1,1:nni+1),INTENT(OUT)
                                                             :: a_ab_qm
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: a_tot
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
        REAL,
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: a_i
        REAL,
                                                                 a_e
        REAL,
                                                 INTENT(OUT)
INTENT(OUT)
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                              ::
                                                                 ac_tot
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                                 ac_i
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: ac_e
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: aq_tot
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: aq_i
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                              :: aq_e
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
        REAL,
                                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                                                 ac_s_i
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
        REAL,
                                                 INTENT(OUT)
INTENT(OUT)
                                                              ::
                                                                 ac_s_e
        REAL,
                                                             :: ac_r_i
                                                 INTENT(OUT) :: ac_r_e
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
        REAL
                 :: aab, aab_sing, aab_reg, aab_qm
                 :: mp, zp
:: ia, ib
        REAL
        INTEGER ::
        a_i
        ac_s_i = 0
        ac_r_i = 0
ac_i = 0
        aq_i = 0
DU ia=1,nni+1
  mp=mb(ia)
           zp=zb(ia)
           D\bar{D} ib=1,nni+1
             CALL bps_acoeff_ab_mass(nni, ep, mp, zp, ia, ib, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
```

```
aab, aab_sing, aab_reg, aab_qm)
            a_ab(ia,ib)
                            =aab
            a_ab_sing(ia,ib)=aab_sing
            a_ab_reg(ia,ib) =aab_reg
            a_ab_qm(ia,ib) =aab_qm
            IF (ib == 1) THEN
               a_e(ia)
                       = aab
               ac_s_e(ia) = aab_sing
               ac_r_e(ia) = aab_reg
               ac_e(ia) = aab_sing + aab_reg
               aq_e(ia) = aab_qm
            ELSE
                         = a_i(ia)
               a_i(ia)
                                       + aab
               ac_s_i(ia) = ac_s_i(ia) + aab_sing
               ac_r_i(ia) = ac_r_i(ia) + aab_reg
               ac_i(ia) = ac_i(ia)
                                      + aab_sing + aab_reg
               aq_i(ia) = aq_i(ia)
                                      + aab_qm
            ENDIF
          ENDDO
          a_tot(ia) = a_e(ia) + a_i(ia)
ac_tot(ia) = ac_e(ia) + ac_i(ia)
       aq_tot(ia) = aq_e(ia) + aq_i(ia) ENDDO
      END SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ab_matrix
SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ei_mass(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
            a_tot, a_i, a_e, ac_tot, ac_i, ac_e, aq_tot, aq_i, aq_e,&
            ac_s_i, ac_s_e, ac_r_i, ac_r_e)
     USE physvars
USE mathvars
      USE controlvars
        IMPLICIT NONE
                                                            ! Plasma:
        INTEGER,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                               number of ions
                                                  :: nni
        REAL,
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: betab
                                                               temp array [1/keV]
                                                               mass array [keV]
        REAL,
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: mb
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
       REAL,
                                                               density [1/cc]
                                                  :: nb
       REAL,
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: zb
                                                               charge array
                                                              Projectile
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: ep
                                                               projectile energy [keV]
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: mp
                                                               projectile mass
                                                                                  [keV]
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                  :: zp
                                                               projectile charge
                                                              A-coeffs [MeV/micron]
       REAL,
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: a_tot
                                                               electron + ion
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: a_i
INTENT(OUT) :: a_e
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_t
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_i
        REAL,
                                                               ion contribution
        REAL,
                                                               electron contribution
        REAL,
                                                 :: ac_tot
:: ac_i
                                                               classical
       REAL,
                                                               classical
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: ac_e
                                                               classical
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot
        REAL,
                                                               quantum
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i
        REAL,
                                                               quantum
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e
        REAL,
                                                               quantum
       REAL,
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: ac_s_i
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: ac_s_e
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_r_i
       REAL,
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(OUT) :: ac_r_e
                 :: adum, ac_s, ac_r, aq
        INTEGER
                :: ia, ib, nnb
```

```
initialize components of A-coefficients
        a_{tot} = 0
                    ! electron + ion
        a_i =0
a_e =0
                    ! ion contribution
                    ! electron contribution ! classical total
        a_e
        ac_tot=0
        ac_e = 0
                    ! classical electron
        ac_i =0
                    ! classical ion
        aq_tot=0
                    ! quantum total
        aq_e =0
aq_i =0
                    ! quantum electron
                    ! quantum ion
        ac_s_{i=0}
        ac_s_e=0
ac_r_i=0
ac_r_e=0
        NNB = nni+1
                                        ! number of ions + electrons
        ia=1
        DO ib=1,nni+1
        IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
             CALL bps_acoeff_ab_mass(nni, ep, mp, zp, ia, ib, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
             adum, ac_s, ac_r, aq)
             CALL x_collect(ib, NNB, ac_s, ac_r, aq,
             a_tot, a_i, a_e, ac_tot, ac_i, ac_e, aq_tot,
             aq_i, aq_e, ac_s_i, ac_s_e, ac_r_i, ac_r_e)
        ENDIF
        ENDDO
      END SUBROUTINE bps_acoeff_ei_mass
! singular contribution for non-zero electron mass
SUBROUTINE a_sing_mass(a, b, ac_s)
REAL, INTENT(IN) :: a
REAL, INTENT(IN) :: b
        REAL,
        REAL, INTENT(OUT) :: ac_s
REAL :: u0, u1, du, u, um
INTEGER, PARAMETER :: NS=1000 ! integration regions: must be even
REAL, PARAMETER :: UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad
REAL, PARAMETER :: W13=0.5555555556E0, W2=0.8888888889E0
            ac_s=0
            u0=0
            u1=1
            du=(u1-u0)/NS
            u=u0-du
            DO iu=1,NS,2! Gaussian quadrature
               u=u+2.E0*du
               ac_s=ac_s+W2*dab_sing(u,a,b)
               um=u-du*UPM
               ac_s=ac_s+W13*dab_sing(um,a,b)
               um=u+du*UPM
               ac_s=ac_s+W13*dab_sing(um,a,b)
            ENDDO
            ac_s=ac_s*du
      END SUBROUTINE a_sing_mass
ļ
      FUNCTION dab_sing(u, a, b)
        IMPLICIT NONE
                                                  ! [dimensionless]
! [dimensionless]
        REAL,
                       INTENT(IN)
                                    :: u
                       INTENT(IN)
        REAL,
                                    :: a
                                                   ! a=(1/2)*beta*mpc2*vp^2/C^2
        REAL,
                       INTENT(IN)
                                     :: b
                                                  ! [dimensionless]
                                     :: dab_sing ! [dimensionless]
        REAL
        dab\_sing=SQRT(u)*EXP(-a*u)*(-LOG(u/(1-u)) + b)
      END FUNCTION dab_sing
```

```
! regular contribution for non-zero electron mass
FUNCTION dab_reg(u, vp, ia, ib, nni, k2, kb2, betab, mb)
     USE mathvars
USE physvars
        IMPLICIT NONE
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                             [dimensionless]
                                                 :: u
       REAL,
                                                           ! Projectile velocity [cm/
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                 :: vp
        INTEGER,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                           ! Species number
                                                 :: ia
        INTEGER,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                 :: ib
                                                           ! Species number
        INTEGER,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                 :: nni
                                                           ! Number of ion species
        REAL,
                                     INTENT(IN)
                                                 :: k2
                                                           ! Wave-number squared [1/c
        REAL,
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                 :: kb2
                                                           ! Debye wavenumber squared
        REAL,
                 DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                           ! Temperature array [1/keV
                                                 :: betab
       REAL,
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                           ! Mass array [keV]
                                                 :: mb
                                                 :: dab_reg! [dimensionless]
        REAL
                DIMENSION(1:nni+1) :: kbar2b, ab, ab2
       REAL,
        REAL
                                    :: fr, fi, fabs, farg, h, r_ib
        REAL
                                    :: kcb, bm_ic, bm_ib, a_ic, a_ib, ex, au
        INTEGER
                                       10
        ab=SQRT(0.5*betab*mb)*vp/CC
        ab2=ab*ab
        kbar2b=kb2/k2
        CALL frfi(u,nni,kbar2b,ab,fr,fi,fabs,farg)
        h=2*(fr*farg + fi*LOG(fabs))*u
 construct spectral weight ratio Rb=rho_b/rho_tot
!*!
          r_{ib}=0
          DO ic=1,nni+1
             _ib=r_ib + kbar2b(ib)*(ab(ic)/ab(ib))*EXP((ab2(ib)-ab2(ic))*u*u)
          ENDDO
          r_{ib}=1./r_{ib}
1*1
       r_{ib=0}
        bm_ib=betab(ib)*mb(ib)
        a_{ib} = ab(ib)*ab(ib)
        DO ic=1,nni+1
          kcb=kb2(ic)/k2
          bm_ic=betab(ic)*mb(ic)
a_ic =ab(ic)*ab(ic)
IF (ic == ib) THEN
              ex=1.
          ELSE
              au=(a_ic-a_ib)*u
ex=EXP(-au)
           ENDIF
          r_ib=r_ib + kcb*SQRT(bm_ic/bm_ib)*ex
        ENDDO
        r_{ib}=1./r_{ib}
!*!
!r_ib=1.
!*!
ı
        dab_reg=-r_ib*h/TWOPI
     END FUNCTION dab_reg
      SUBROUTINE a_reg_mass(nni, ia, ib, vp, k2, kb2, betab, mb, ac_r)
     USE physvars IMPLICIT NONE
                                     INTENT(IN)
        INTEGER,
                                                :: nni
```

```
INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
        INTEGER,
                                                       ia
        INTEGER,
                                                       ib
        REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                    ::
                                                       vp
        REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                       k2
        REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                    :: kb2
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                       INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
INTENT(OUT)
        REAL,
                                                    :: betab
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1),
                                                    :: mb
        REAL,
                                                   :: ac_r
        REAL
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                       :: ab
        INTEGER,
                 PARAMETER :: NR=10 ! integration regions: must be even
ļ
                               NR=100 ! integration regions: must be even UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad W13=0.55555556E0, W2=0.8888888889E0
        INTEGER,
                 PARAMETER
                  PARAMETER
        REAL,
        REAL,
                 PARAMETER
        REAL
                               u0, u1, du, u, um, dab_reg
        INTEGER
        ab=SQRT(0.5*betab*mb)*vp/CC
        ac_r=0
        u0=0.0
        u1=1.
        u1=MIN(1.,5/(ab(ib)**2)) ! support can lie << 1
!
        du=(u1-u0)/NR
        u=u0-du
        DO iu=1,NR,2 ! Gaussian quadrature
           u=u+2.*du
           ac_r=ac_r+W2*dab_reg(u,vp,ia,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
           um=u-du*UPM
           ac_r=ac_r+W13*dab_reg(um,vp,ia,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
           um=u+du*UPM
           ac_r=ac_r+W13*dab_reg(um,vp,ia,ib,nni,k2,kb2,betab,mb)
        ENDDO
        ac_r=ac_r*du
1 * 1
ļ
ı
         ac_r=dab_reg(um, vp, ia, ib, nni, k2, kb2, betab, mb)
!*!
      END SUBROUTINE a_reg_mass
! quantum contribution for non-zero electron mass
FUNCTION daq(u, a, eta)
      USE physvars
IMPLICIT NONE
        REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
INTENT(IN)
                                                                     [dimensionless]
                                                    :: u
        REAL,
                                                                      [dimensionless]
                                                    :: a
        REAL,
                                       INTENT(IN)
                                                                     [dimensionless]
                                                    :: eta
                                                    :: daq
        REAL
                                                            ! [dimensionless]
        REAL
                         :: repsi, au, eu, au2, ap, am, psilog, ch, sh, csh
        eu=eta/u
        psilog=repsi(eu) - LOG(eu)
        au =2*a*u
        au2=a*u*u
        ap = au - au2 - a
        am =-au-au2-a
        ch = 0.5*(EXP(ap)+EXP(am))
        sh = 0.5*(EXP(ap)-EXP(am))
        csh=2*(ch - sh/au)/au
      daq=-psilog*csh
END FUNCTION daq
      SUBROUTINE a_quantum_mass(ia, ib, a, eta, aq)
IMPLICIT NONE
        INTEGER, INTENT(IN)
                              :: ia
                                        ! species index
        INTEGER, INTENT(IN)
                              :: ib
                                        ! species index
        REAL,
                  INTENT(IN)
                                        ! [dimensionless] (1/2) betab mb vp^2
                              :: a
```

١

```
REAL,
                                               INTENT(IN) :: eta
                                                                                                      ! [dimensionless] ep eb/4pi hbar vp
                                              INTENT(OUT) :: aq
:: u0, u1, du, u, um
PARAMETER :: NQ=1000
                     REAL,
                     REAL
                                               PARAMETER :: NQ=1000 ! integration regions quantum : must PARAMETER :: UPM=0.7745966692E0 ! parameters for Gaussian Quad
                     INTEGER,
                     REAL,
                     REAL,
                                              PARAMETER :: W13=0.555555556E0, W2=0.8888888889E0
                     REAL :: daq
INTEGER :: iu
                     aq=0
                     uØ=0.
                     aq=0
                     IF (ib == ia) THEN
                             u0=0
                              u1=4./SQRT(a)
                              u0=1-10./SQRT(a)
                             u0=MAX(0.,u0)
u1=1+10./SQRT(a)
                     ENDIF
                     du=(u1-u0)/NQ
                     u=u0-du
                     DO iu=1,NQ,2 ! Gaussian quadrature u=u+2.E0*du
                              aq=aq+W2*daq(u,a,eta)
                              um=u-du*UPM
                              aq=aq+W13*daq(um,a,eta)
                              um=u+du*UPM
                              aq=aq+W13*daq(um,a,eta)
                     ENDDO
                     aq=aq*du
                END SUBROUTINE a_quantum_mass
This is a driver to check the analytic evalulation dE_b/dx
    against the one obtained by differentiating A_b.
     = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & - & \frac{2}{1} & \frac{T_{b}}{1} & \frac{1}{1} & \frac{2}{1} & \frac{T_{b}}{1} & \frac{dA_{b}}{1} & \frac{dA_{b}
                              = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T_b \\ 1 & - & --- \end{bmatrix} * A_b(Ep) - T_b * \frac{dA_b}{---(Ep)} 
 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T_b \\ Ep \end{bmatrix} 
                SUBROUTINE acoeff_dedx_bps(nni,ep,zp,mp,betab,zb,mb,nb, &
                                 dedx_a_tot, dedx_a_i, dedx_a_e, dedxc_a_tot, dedxc_a_i, dedxc_a_e, &
                                 dedxq_a_tot, dedxq_a_i, dedxq_a_e, dedxc_a_s_i, dedxc_a_s_e,
                                 dedxc_a_r_i, dedxc_a_r_e)
                USE physvars
USE mathvars
                     IMPLICIT NONE
                                                                                                                                                                        ! Plasma:
                     INTEGER,
                                              REAL,
                     REAL,
                                              DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN) :: mb ! mass array [keV]
                                                                                                                                                                    ! density [1/cc]
                                              DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN) :: nb
                     REAL,
                     REAL,
                                              DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN) :: zb
                                                                                                                                                                   ! charge array
```

```
Projectile
REAL,
                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              projectile energy [keV]
                                               :: ep
REAL,
                                 INTENT(IN)
                                                              projectile mass
                                                                                   [keV]
                                               :: mp
REAL,
                                 INTENT(IN)
                                               :: zp
                                                              projectile charge
                                                                  dE/dx [MeV/micron]
REAL,
                                                                   electron + ion
                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                               :: dedx_a_tot
                                 INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
REAL,
                                               :: dedx_a_i
                                                                    ion contribution
REAL,
                                               :: dedx_a_e
                                                                   electron contribut
REAL,
                                              :: dedxc_a_tot
                                                                   classical
REAL,
                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                              :: dedxc_a_i
                                                                   classical
REAL,
                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                              :: dedxc_a_e
                                                                   classical
REAL,
                                 INTENT(OUT) :: dedxq_a_tot !
                                                                   quantum
REAL,
                                 INTENT(OUT) :: dedxq_a_i
                                                                   quantum
                                 INTENT(OUT) :: dedxq_a_e
REAL.
                                                                   quantum
REAL,
                                              :: dedxc_a_s_i
                                 INTENT (OUT)
                                 INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
REAL,
                                               :: dedxc_a_s_e
REAL,
                                              :: dedxc_a_r_i
                                 INTENT(OUT) :: dedxc_a_r_e
REAL,
REAL :: a_tot_p, a_i_p, a_e_p, ac_tot_p, ac_i_p, ac_e_p, aq_tot_p, aq_i_p, aq
REAL :: ac_s_i_p, ac_s_e_p, ac_r_i_p, ac_r_e_p

REAL :: a_tot_m, a_i_m, a_e_m, ac_tot_m, ac_i_m, ac_e_m, aq_tot_m, aq_i_m, aq

REAL :: ac_s_i_m, ac_s_e_m, ac_r_i_m, ac_r_e_m
REAL :: a_tot, a_i, a_e, ac_to
REAL :: ac_s_i,ac_s_e, ac_r_i,ac_r_e
                                   ac_tot,
                                               ac_i,
                                                        ac_e,
                                                                 aq_tot,
                                                                             aq_i,
REAL :: te, ti, dep, dep2, epp, epm
te =1./betab(1)
ti = 1./betab(2)
dedx_a_tot = 0 ! electron + ion
             = 0 ! ion contribution
dedx_a_i
             = 0 ! electron contribution
dedx_a_e
dedxc_a_tot = 0 ! classical
dedxc_a_i
             = 0
                 ! classical
             = 0 ! classical
dedxc_a_e
dedxq_a_tot = 0 !
                    quantum
             = 0 ! quantum
dedxq_a_i
             = 0 ! quantum
dedxq_a_e
dedxc_a_s_i = 0
dedxc_a_s_e = 0
dedxc_a_r_i = 0
dedxc_a_r_e = 0
dep = ep * 1.E-4

dep2 = 2 * dep
CALL bps_acoeff_ei_mass(nni,ep,zp,mp,betab,zb,mb,nb,a_tot,a_i, &
  a_e,ac_tot,ac_i,ac_e,aq_tot,aq_i,aq_e,ac_s_i,ac_s_e,&
  ac_r_i,ac_r_e)
epp = ep + dep
CALL bps_acoeff_ei_mass(nni,epp,zp,mp,betab,zb,mb,nb,a_tot_p,a_i_p, &
  \verb|a_e_p,ac_tot_p,ac_i_p,ac_e_p,aq_tot_p,aq_i_p,aq_e_p,ac_s_i_p,ac_s_e_p, &
  ac_r_i_p,ac_r_e_p)
epm = ep - dep
CALL bps_acoeff_ei_mass(nni,epm,zp,mp,betab,zb,mb,nb,a_tot_m,a_i_m, &
  a_e_m,ac_tot_m,ac_i_m,ac_e_m,aq_tot_m,aq_i_m,aq_e_m,ac_s_i_m,ac_s_e_m,&
  ac_r_i_m,ac_r_e_m)
dedx_a_tot = (1 - te/ep)*a_tot - te*(a_tot_p - a_tot_m)/dep2
dedx_a_i = (1 - ti/ep)*a_i - ti*(a_i_p - a_i_m)/dep2
dedx_a_e = (1 - te/ep)*a_e - te*(a_e_p - a_e_m)/dep2
```

aq

ļ

```
dedxq_a_tot = (1 - te/ep)*aq_tot - te*(aq_tot_p-aq_tot_m)/(2*dep)
  dedxq_a_i = (1 - ti/ep)*aq_i - ti*(aq_i_p - aq_i_m)/dep2
  dedxq_a_e = (1 - te/ep)*aq_e
                                   - te*(aq_e_p -aq_e_m)/dep2
  dedxc_a_tot= (1 - te/ep)*ac_tot - te*(ac_tot_p-ac_tot_m)/(2*dep)
  dedxc_a_s_i = (1 - te/ep)*ac_s_i
                                      - te*(ac_s_i_p -ac_s_i_m)/dep2
  dedxc_a_s_e = (1 - te/ep)*ac_s_e
                                      - te*(ac_s_e_p -ac_s_e_m)/dep2
                                      - te*(ac_r_i_p -ac_r_i_m)/dep2
  dedxc_a_r_i = (1 - te/ep)*ac_r_i
                                      - te*(ac_r_e_p -ac_r_e_m)/dep2
  dedxc_a_r_e = (1 - te/ep)*ac_r_e
END SUBROUTINE acoeff_dedx_bps
SUBROUTINE a_collect(ib, ibmax, ac_s, ac_r, aq, a_tot, a_i, a_e, &
  ac_tot, ac_i, ac_e, aq_tot, aq_i, aq_e, ac_s_i, ac_s_e, ac_r_i, ac_r_e)
IMPLICIT NONE
  INTEGER, INTENT(IN)
                          :: ib
                                    ! species index
  INTEGER, INTENT(IN)
                          :: ibmax
                                    ! species index maximum = NNB+1
                          :: ac_s
  REAL,
           INTENT(IN)
                                    ! singular contribution
  REAL,
           INTENT(IN)
                          :: ac_r
                                    ! regular contribution
  REAL,
           INTENT(IN)
                                    ! quantum contribution
                          :: aq
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: a_tot ! running total over ions
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: a_i
                                    ! running total over ions
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: a_e ! electron component
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_tot ! running total over ions
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_i
                                    ! running total over ions
  REAL,
                                    ! electron component
           INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_e
           INTENT(INOUT) :: aq_tot ! running total over ions
  REAL,
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: aq_i
                                    ! running total over ions
  REAL,
           INTENT(INOUT) :: aq_e
                                    ! electron component
           INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_s_i
INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_s_e
INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_r_i
INTENT(INOUT) :: ac_r_e
  REAL,
  REAL,
  REAL,
  REAL, INTEREST
  ac_sr=ac_s + ac_r
  IF^{(ib==1)} THEN
     ac_e=ac_sr
     aq_e=aq
     a_e = ac_e + aq_e
     ac_s_e=ac_s
     ac_r_e=ac_r
     ac_i=ac_i + ac_sr
     aq_i=aq_i + aq
     a_i = a_i + ac_s + aq
     ac_s_i=ac_s_i + ac_s
     ac_r_i=ac_r_i + ac_r
  ENDIF
  IF (ib==ibmax) THEN
     ac_tot = ac_e + ac_i
     aq\_tot = aq\_e + aq\_i
     a_{tot} = ac_{tot} + aq_{tot}
  ENDIF
END SUBROUTINE a_collect
```

# 2. Low Energy Asymptotics

```
acoeff.f90 cont.:
```

```
ROUTINE: SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_small_E(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
   a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i_lim, ac_e_lim, aq_tot_lim,&
    aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim)
 The asymptotic low energy regime E_p << T: this routine returns several
 useful components of the corresponding A-coefficients in the low energy
 regime.
 UNITS: A_b has units of [MeV/micron] (subject to change in updates)
 The incident projectile and the background plasma.
 projectile input quantities:
 ep : classical kinetic energy of the projectile [keV]
 zp : charge of the projectile in units of Z_p [dimensionless]
 mp : mass of the projectile [keV], i.e. mp = mp[grams]*c^2
 plasma input quantities:
       : Number of total plasma species = number ion species + 1
       : Charges of the plasma species. By convention zp(1) is the
         electron plasma component. [dimensionless, Array]
 betab: Inverse temperatures of the plasma components. For an
         electron-ion plasma, set betab(1)=1/T_e and all other
         values of the array to 1/T_I.
       : Masses of the plasma species [keV].
ļ
 mb
       : Number densities of the plasma species [cm^-3].
 nb
 OUTPUT: a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i+lim, ac_e_lim,
           aq_tot_lim, aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim
                       : ac_e_lim
 classical electron
                        : ac_i_lim [sum over all ions]
! classical ion
! classical total
                        : ac_tot_lim = ac_e_lim + ac_i_lim
             electron
! quantum
                        : aq_e_lim
! quantum
                        : aq_i_lim [sum over all ions]
             ion
                        : a_tot_lim = aq_e_lim + aq_i_lim
: a_e_lim = ac_e_lim + aq_e_lim
: a_i_lim = ac_i_lim + aq_i_lim
! quantum
             total
! total
             electric
! total
             ion
1
                        ! a_{tot_lim} = a_{e_lim} + \bar{a_i_lim}
 total
```

```
USE physvars
USE mathvars
  IMPLICIT NONE
 INTEGER,
                           INTENT(IN)
                                      :: nni
                                                 number of ions
         DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
 REAL,
                                      :: betab
                                                 temp array [1/keV]
 REAL,
         DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                      :: mb
                                                 mass array [keV]
 REAL,
         DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                      :: nb
                                                 density [1/cc]
         DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
 REAL,
                                                 charge array
                                     :: zb
                                          ! Projectile
```

```
REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: ep!
                                                                   projectile energy [keV]
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                         :: mp!
                                                                   projectile mass
                                                                                         [keV]
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                   projectile charge
                                                          :: zp!
                                                                ! A-coeffs [MeV/micron]
         REAL,
                                                         :: a_tot_lim !
                                           INTENT (OUT)
                                                                             electron + ion
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_i_lim !
INTENT(OUT) :: a_e_lim !
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_tot_lim!
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_i_lim !
         REAL,
                                                                             ion contribution
         REAL,
                                                                             electron contributio
         REAL,
                                                                             classical
         REAL,
                                                                             classical
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: ac_e_lim
                                                                             classical
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot_lim!
         REAL,
                                                                             quantum
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i_lim !
         REAL.
                                                                             quantum
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e_lim !
                                                                             quantum
         REAL :: ac_r_lim, ac_s_lim, aq_lim INTEGER :: ib, nnb
                   : ib, nnb
DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
         REAL,
                                           :: kb2
                                                        [1/cm^2]
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                           :: ab
                                                        [dimensionless]
                                                        [dimensionless]
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                           :: ab2
         REAL,
                                           :: mpb
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                           :: mbpb !
                                                       [dimensionless]
         REAL
                                                       [cm/s]
                  :: vp
         REAL
                                                        [cm^2/s^2]
                  :: vp2
                  :: kd2, k2
:: kd, k
         REAL
                                                        [1/cm^2]
         REAL
                                                        [1/cm]
         REAL
                  :: a, zp2
                                                        [dimensionless]
         REAL
                  :: c1
                                                        [keV/cm]
         REAL
                  :: c2
                                                        [dimensionless]
         REAL
                                                        [dimensionless]
                  :: ar1, ar2
                  :: etbar, etbar2
         REAL
                                                        [dimensionless]
         nnb =nni+1
         vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                             [cm/s]
                                             [cm^2/s^2]
         vp2 = vp*vp
                                             [1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
[1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
         kb2 = DEBYE2*zb*zb*nb*betab
         kd2 = SUM(kb2)
         kd = SQRT(kd2)
k2 = kb2(1)
                                             [1/cm]
[1/cm^2]
                                                        k2=k_e^2
                                             [1/cm] k =k_
[dimensionless]
                                                        \bar{k} = k_e
             = SQRT(k2)
         k
         zp2 = zp**2
                                             ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mbc2(ib)*vp2/CC2
                                          1
                                             [dimensionless]
         ab = 0.5*betab*mb*vp2/CC2
                                          1
                                             [keV]
         mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
         mbpb= mb/mpb
                                          ! [dimensionless]
  initialize A-coefficients
                           ! electron + ion
         a_{tot_lim} = 0
                   = 0
                          ! ion contribution
         a_i_lim
                    = 0
                           ! electron contribution
         a_e_lim
                             classical total
         ac_tot_lim= 0
         ac_{e_1} = 0
                           ! classical electron
                   = 0
         ac_i_lim
                          ! classical ion
         aq_tot_lim= 0
                           ! quantum total
         aq_e_lim = 0

aq_i_lim = 0
                           ! quantum electron
                           ! quantum ion
!
         DO ib=1,nni+1
         IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
            a=ab(ib)
                                                 [dimensionless]
            c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM !
                                                [keV/cm]
            c1=c1*1.E-7
                                                [MeV/micron]
            c2=SQRT(a/PI)
                                              ! [dimensionless]
```

```
singular: asymptotic low energy form
         ac_s_{lim}=-(2./3. - 0.4*a)*(LOG(betab(ib)*BEKEV*ABS(zp*zb(ib))* &
         0.5*k*AOCM*mbpb(ib) + 2*GAMMA) - (4./15.)*a
         ac_s_lim=c1*c2*ac_s_lim
regular: asymptotic low energy form
         ab2 = SQRT(ab)
                                       ! [dimensionless]
         ar1 = -2*SUM(kb2*ab)/k2/5.
                                       ! [dimensionless] coeff for A_reg with E<<T
                                       ! [dimensionless] coeff for A_reg with E<<T
         ar2 = SUM(kb2*ab2)/k2
         ar2 = ar2*ar2*PI/30.
         ac_r=\lim_{x\to 0} -c1*c2*((THIRD - 0.2*a)*(LOG(kd2/k2)+1) + ar1 + ar2)
quantum: asymptotic low energy form: etbar defined with thermal velocity
[\ \bar eta_{pb} = e_p e_b/4\pi \hbar \bar v_b \$ with \ \bar v_b^2 = 3 T_b/m_b\$]
         etbar=4.2115E-3*ABS(zp*zb(ib))*SQRT(betab(ib)*mb(ib))
         etbar2=etbar*etbar
         IF (ib==1) THEN
             aq_lim=LOG(1.5*etbar2)/3 + GAMMA ! electrons only eta_pe << 1
             aq_{lim}=c1*c2*aq_{lim}
         aq_lim=-1./(27*etbar2)
aq_lim=c1*c2*aq_lim
ENDIF
         CALL a_collect(ib,nnb,ac_s_lim,ac_r_lim,aq_lim,a_tot_lim,a_e_lim, &
           a_i_lim,ac_tot_lim,ac_e_lim,ac_i_lim,aq_tot_lim,aq_e_lim,aq_i_lim)
      ENDIF
      ENDDO
    END SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_small_E
```

### 3. High Energy Asymptotics

acoeff.f90 cont.:

```
ROUTINE: SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_high_EE(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb, & a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i_lim, ac_e_lim, aq_tot_lim, & aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim)

Returns high energy asymptotic regimes. For the ions this means E_p >> T.

For electrons there are two regimes:

(i) extreme high energy E_p >> (m_I/m_e)*T,

(ii) intermediate high energy T << E_p << (m_I/m_e)*T.

Currently the two electron regimes must be swapped in/out by hand.

UNITS: A_b has units of [MeV/micron] (subject to change in updates)

The incident projectile and the background plasma.

projectile input quantities:
ep: classical kinetic energy of the projectile [keV]
zp: charge of the projectile in units of Z_p [dimensionless]
mp: mass of the projectile [keV], i.e. mp = mp[grams]*c^2

plasma input quantities:
nni : Number of total plasma species = number ion species + 1

zb : Charges of the plasma species. By convention zp(1) is the
```

```
: electron plasma component. [dimensionless, Array] betab: Inverse temperatures of the plasma components. For an
          electron-ion plasma, set betab(1)=1/T_e and all other
          values of the array to 1/T_I.
ļ
 mb
        : Masses of the plasma species [keV].
        : Number densities of the plasma species [cm^-3].
  nb
  OUTPUT: a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i+lim, ac_e_lim,
           aq_tot_lim, aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim
                        : ac_e_lim
: ac_i_lim [sum over all ions]
: ac_tot_lim = ac_e_lim + ac_i_lim
 classical electron
  classical ion
 classical total
! quantum
             electron
                         : aq_e_lim
! quantum
                         : aq_i_lim [sum over all ions]
             ion
                         : a_tot_lim = aq_e_lim + aq_i_lim

: a_e_lim = ac_e_lim + aq_e_lim

: a_i_lim = ac_i_lim + aq_i_lim

! a_tot_lim = a_e_lim + a_i_lim
             total
 quantum
! total
             electric
 total
             ion
ı
  total
      USE physvars
      USE mathvars
         IMPLICIT NONE
                                                         :: nni
         INTEGER,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                        number of ions
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                         :: betab
                                                                                         [1/keV]
         REAL,
                                                                     ļ
                                                                        temp array
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                                     ļ
         REAL,
                                                         :: mb
                                                                        mass array
                                                                                         [keV]
         REAL,
                                                         :: nb
                                                                        density array [1/cc]
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                                        charge array
                                                         :: zb
                                                                       Projectile
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                     ļ
                                                                        projectile energy [keV]
                                                         :: ep
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                         :: mp
                                                                        projectile mass
                                                                                              [keV]
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(IN)
                                                                        projectile charge
                                                         :: zp
                                                                           A-coeffs [MeV/micron
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_tot_lim
                                                                           electron + ion
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: a_i_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: a_e_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_tot_lim
         REAL,
                                                                             ion contribution
         REAL,
                                                                             electron contributi
         REAL,
                                                                             classical
         REAL,
                                           INTENT (OUT)
                                                        :: ac_i_lim
                                                                             classical
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: ac_e_lim
                                                                             classical
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot_lim !
         REAL,
                                                                             quantum
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i_lim
                                                                       !
                                                                             quantum
         REAL,
                                           INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e_lim
                                                                             quantum
                  :: ac_r_lim, ac_s_lim, aq_lim
         INTEGER :: ib, nnb
                  :: vp
                                                       [cm/s]
         REAL
                                                       [cm^2/s^2]
         REAL
                  :: vp2
         REAL
                  :: a, zp2
                                                       [dimensionless]
         REAL
                  :: c1, cs
                                                       [keV/cm]
         REAL
                  :: c2
                                                       [dimensionless]
         REAL
                  :: k
                                                       \lfloor 1/cm \rfloor
         REAL
                  :: k2, ke2
                                                       [1/cm^2]
         REAL
                                                       [dimensionless]
                  :: eta
                                                       [keV]
                  :: te, mec2, mpec22
         REAL
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                       [dimensionless]
                                           :: ab
         REAL,
                                           :: mpb
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                    ! [keV]
         REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                           :: kb2
                                                    ! [1/cm^2
! omi2, and omi needed only for
```

```
E >> (mI/me)*T: extreme high energy limit for electrons
         REAL
                                                   ! [1/s^2, 1/s]
                  :: omi2, omi
         nnb = nni+1
         vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                           [cm/s]
         vp2 = vp*vp
                                           [cm^2/s^2]
                                           [1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
[1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
         kb2 = DEBYE2*zb*zb*nb*betab
         k2 = kb2(1)

k = SQRT(k2)
                                                       k2=k_e^2
                                            [1/cm]
                                                      k = k_e
         zp2 = zp**2
                                           [dimensionless]
                                           ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mb(ib)*vp2/CC2
         ab =0.5*betab*mb*vp2/CC2
                                         ! [dimensionless]
         mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
                                         ! [keV]
  initialize A-coefficients
         a_{tot_lim} = 0
                         ! electron + ion
                   = 0
                          ! ion contribution
         a_i_lim
         a_e_lim
                   = 0
                          ! electron contribution
         ac_tot_lim= 0
                          ! classical total
         ac_e_lim = 0

ac_i_lim = 0
                          ! classical electron ! classical ion
         ac_i_lim
         aq_tot_lim= 0
                          ! quantum total
         aq_e_l\bar{i}m = 0
                         ! quantum electron
         aq_ilim = 0
                         ! quantum ion
ļ
         DO ib=1,nni+1
         IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
                                               [dimensionless] [keV/cm]
            a=ab(ib)
            c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM
            c1=c1*1.E-7
                                               [MeV/micron]
                                               [dimensionless]
            c2=SQRT(a/PI)
  singular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
 At this point I only have an asymptotic form for the total
 electron contribution (classical + quantum = sing + reg + quantum). I'll write this expression to ac_s_lim for now. This will give aq_lim=0 and ac_lim=a_e. FIX LATER.
            IF (ib == 1) THEN
  T << E << (mI/me)*T: intermediate high energy limit for electrons
               te=1./betab(ib)
                mpec22=mpb(ib)**2
                mec2 = mb(ib)
                      =kb2(ib)
                ac_s_lim=THIRD*(LOG(8*te*mpec22/(mec2*HBARC**2*ke2)) - GAMMA -1)
                ac_s_lim=c1*c2*ac_s_lim
                                                          ! [MeV/micron]
  E \gg (mI/me)*T: extreme high energy limit for electrons
!!
                  omi2=OMEGI2*zb(ib)*zb(ib)*nb(ib)*AMUKEV/mb(ib) ! [1/s^2]
!!
                  omi =SQRT(omi2)
ij
                  ac_s_lim=0.5*c1*LOG(2*mpb(ib)*vp2/(HBARC*CC*omi))/ab(ib)
            ELSE
                cs=0.5*c1/ab(ib)
                ac_s_lim=(LOG(ABS(zp*zb(ib))*BEKEV*& ! [dimensionless]
                  k*AOCM*CC2/(mpb(ib)*vp2)) + GAMMA) !
                ac_s_lim=-cs*ac_s_lim
                                                          ! [MeV/micron]
            ENDIF
! regular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
```

```
ļ
           IF (ib == 1) THEN
              ac_r_lim=0
           ELSE
               ac_r_{im=-0.25*c1/ab(ib)}
                                                                ! [MeV/micron]
           ENDIF
 quantum: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
           IF (ib == 1) THEN
              aq_lim=0
           ELSE
              eta =ABS(zp*zb(ib))*2.1870E8/vp ! [dimensionless] quantum parameter
              aq_lim=LOG(eta) + GAMMA
              aq_lim=aq_lim*c1/a/2
           ENDIF
           CALL a_collect(ib,nnb,ac_s_lim,ac_r_lim,aq_lim,a_tot_lim,a_e_lim, &
             a_i_lim,ac_tot_lim,ac_e_lim,ac_i_lim,aq_tot_lim,aq_e_lim,aq_i_lim)
        ENDIF
        ENDDO
      END SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_high_E
```

# 4. Small Energy Asymptotics

acoeff.f90:

```
SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_small_E(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb,
      a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i_lim, ac_e_lim, &
      aq_tot_lim, aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim)
USE physvars
USE mathvars
  IMPLICIT NONE
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
  INTEGER,
                                               :: nni
                                                              number of ions
                                                                              [1/keV]
  REAL,
                                               :: betab
                                                              temp array
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
  REAL,
                                               :: mb
                                                           ļ
                                                              mass array
                                                                              [keV]
  REAL,
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                               :: nb
                                                              density array [1/cc]
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
  REAL,
                                               :: zb
                                                              charge array
                                                             Projectile
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(IN)
                                               :: ep
                                                              projectile energy [keV]
                                               :: mp
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(IN)
                                                              projectile mass
                                                                                  [keV]
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(IN)
                                                              projectile charge
                                               :: zp
                                                                 A-coeffs [MeV/micron
  REAL,
                                  INTENT (OUT)
                                                                  electron + ion
                                               :: a_tot_lim
                                  INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
INTENT (OUT)
  REAL,
                                               :: a_i_lim
                                                                  ion contribution
  REAL,
                                               :: a_e_lim
:: ac_tot_lim
                                                                  electron contributi
  REAL,
                                                                  classical
  REAL,
                                               :: ac_i_lim
                                  INTENT (OUT)
                                                                  classical
  REAL,
                                  INTENT (OUT)
                                               :: ac_e_lim
                                                                  classical
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot_lim
                                                                  quantum
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i_lim
                                                                  quantum
  REAL,
                                  INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e_lim
                                                                  quantum
           :: ac_r_lim, ac_s_lim, aq_lim
:: ib. nnh
  REAL
  INTEGER
              ib, nnb
  REAL,
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                  :: kb2
                                             [1/cm^2]
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
  REAL,
                                  :: ab
                                              [dimensionless]
            DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                  :: ab2
  REAL,
                                             [dimensionless]
```

```
DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                 ! [keV]
        REAL,
                                        :: mpb
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                        :: mbpb ! [dimensionless]
        REAL
                 :: vp
                                                 ! [cm/s]
        REAL
                 :: vp2
                                                   [cm^2/s^2]
        REAL
                 :: kd2, k2
                                                   [1/cm^2]
        REAL
                 :: kd, k
                                                    [1/cm]
        REAL
                 :: a, zp2
                                                 1
                                                   [dimensionless]
        REAL
                                                 ļ
                                                   [keV/cm]
                 :: c1
                 :: c2
:: ar1, ar2
                                                   [dimensionless]
[dimensionless]
        REAL
        REAL
        REAL
                 :: etbar, etbar2
                                                   [dimensionless]
        nnb = nni+1
        vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                         [cm/s]
                                         [cm^2/s^2]
        vp2 = vp*vp
                                         [1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
[1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
        kb2 = DEBYE2*zb*zb*nb*betab
        kd2 = SUM(kb2)
                                         [1/cm]
[1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
        kd = SQRT(kd2)
        k2 = kb2(1)
                                                    k2=k_e^2
                                                    k = k_e
            = SQRT(k2)
                                          [1/cm]
        zp2 = zp**2
                                         [dimensionless]
                                       ! ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mbc2(ib)*vp2/CC2
        ab =0.5*betab*mb*vp2/CC2
                                       ! [dimensionless]
                                       ! [keV]
        mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
        mbpb= mb/mpb
                                       ! [dimensionless]
ļ
  initialize A-coefficients
        a_{tot_lim} = 0
                         ! electron + ion
        a_i_lim
                 = 0
                        ! ion contribution
                  = 0
                        ! electron contribution
        a_e_lim
                         ! classical total
! classical electron
        ac_tot_lim= 0
        ac_e_lim = 0
        ac_ilim = 0
                        ! classical ion
        aq_tot_lim= 0
                        ! quantum total
        aq_{-}e_{-}lim = 0

aq_{-}i_{-}lim = 0
                         ! quantum electron
                         ! quantum ion
!
        DO ib=1,nni+1
        IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
           a=ab(ib)
                                             [dimensionless]
           c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM !
                                            [keV/cm]
           c1=c1*1.E-7
                                             [MeV/micron]
           c2=SQRT(a/PI)
                                            [dimensionless]
  singular: asymptotic low energy form
           ac_s_{lim}=-(2./3. - 0.4*a)*(LOG(betab(ib)*BEKEV*ABS(zp*zb(ib))* &
           0.5*k*AOCM*mbpb(ib) + 2*GAMMA) - (4./15.)*a
           ac_s_lim=c1*c2*ac_s_lim
 regular: asymptotic low energy form
           ab2 = SQRT(ab)
                                            [dimensionless]
           ar1 = -2*SUM(kb2*ab)/k2/5.
                                          ! [dimensionless] coeff for A_reg with E<<T
                                          ! [dimensionless] coeff for A_reg with E<<T
           ar2 = SUM(kb2*ab2)/k2
           ar2 = ar2*ar2*PI/30.
           ac_r_{lim}=-c1*c2*((THIRD - 0.2*a)*(LOG(kd2/k2)+1) + ar1 + ar2)
 quantum: asymptotic low energy form: etbar defined with thermal velocity
  [\theta = e_p e_b/4\pi \ bar v_b \ with \sigma v_b^2 = 3 T_b/m_b]
ļ
           etbar=4.2115E-3*ABS(zp*zb(ib))*SQRT(betab(ib)*mb(ib))
           etbar2=etbar*etbar
```

## 5. High Energy Asymptotics

Medium-high energy electrons:

acoeff.f90:

```
ROUTINE: SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_high_E(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb, &
   a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i_lim, ac_e_lim, aq_tot_lim,&
    aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim)
 Returns high energy asymptotic regimes. For the ions this means E_p >> T.
 For electrons there are two regimes:
 (i) extreme high energy E_p >> (m_I/m_e)*T [coeff_bps_very_high_E] (ii) intermediate high energy T << E_p << (m_I/m_e)*T [this routine]
 UNITS: A_b has units of [MeV/micron] (subject to change in updates)
 The incident projectile and the background plasma.
 projectile input quantities:
 ep : classical kinetic energy of the projectile [keV]
 zp : charge of the projectile in units of Z_p [dimensionless]
 mp : mass of the projectile [keV], i.e. mp = mp[grams]*c^2
 plasma input quantities:
ļ
       : Number of total plasma species = number ion species + 1
İ
        : Charges of the plasma species. By convention zp(1) is the
          electron plasma component. [dimensionless, Array]
 betab: Inverse temperatures of the plasma components. For an
          electron-ion plasma, set betab(1)=1/T_e and all other
          values of the array to 1/T_I.
        : Masses of the plasma species [keV].
 mb
        : Number densities of the plasma species [cm^-3].
 nb
 OUTPUT: a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i+lim, ac_e_lim,
           aq_tot_lim, aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim
 classical electron : ac_e_lim
 classical ion
                         : ac_i_lim [sum over all ions]
! classical total
                           ac_tot_lim = ac_e_lim + ac_i_lim
! quantum
             electron
                        : aq_e_lim
! quantum
             ion
                         : aq_i_lim [sum over all ions]
                         : a_tot_lim = aq_e_lim + aq_i_lim
: a_e_lim = ac_e_lim + aq_e_lim
: a_i_lim = ac_i_lim + aq_i_lim
 quantum
             total
! total
             electric
 total
             ion
                         ! a_{tot_lim} = a_{e_lim} + a_{i_lim}
 total
```

```
USE physvars
USE mathvars
        IMPLICIT NONE
        INTEGER,
                                         INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: nni
                                                                     number of ions
        REAL,
                   DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                      :: betab
                                                                                      [1/keV]
                                                                     temp array
        REAL,
                                                                     mass array
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: mb
                                                                                      [keV]
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                       :: nb
                                                                     density array [1/cc]
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
        REAL.
                                                       :: zb
                                                                     charge array
                                                                    Projectile
                                                       :: ep
        REAL,
                                         INTENT(IN)
                                                                     projectile energy [keV]
                                                       :: mp
        REAL.
                                         INTENT(IN)
                                                                     projectile mass
                                                                                          [keV]
        REAL,
                                         INTENT(IN)
                                                                     projectile charge
                                                       :: zp
                                                                       ! A-coeffs [MeV/micron
                                         INTENT(OUT) :: a_tot_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: a_i_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: a_e_lim
        REAL,
                                                                          electron + ion
        REAL,
                                                                          ion contribution
        REAL,
                                                                          electron contributi
                                         INTENT(OUT) :: ac_tot_lim !
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_i_lim !
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_e_lim !
INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot_lim !
        REAL,
                                                                          classical
        REAL,
                                                                          classical
        REAL,
                                                                          classical
        REAL,
                                                                          quantum
                                                                       !
        REAL,
                                         INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i_lim
                                                                          quantum
        REAL,
                                         INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e_lim
                                                                       !
                                                                          quantum
                 :: ac_r_lim, ac_s_lim, aq_lim
        INTEGER :: ib, nnb
        REAL
                                                     [cm/s]
                 :: vp
        REAL
                                                     [cm^2/s^2]
                 :: vp2
        REAL
                 :: a, zp2
                                                     [dimensionless]
                 :: c1, cs
        REAL
                                                     [keV/cm]
        REAL
                 :: c2
                                                     [dimensionless]
                 :: k
                                                     [1/cm]
[1/cm^2]
        REAL
                 :: k2, ke2
        REAL
        R.E.A.L.
                 :: eta
                                                     [dimensionless]
        REAL
                  :: te, mec2, mpec22
                                                     [keV]
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                  1
                                                     [dimensionless]
                                         :: ab
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                  1
                                         :: mpb
                                                     [keV]
        REAL,
                  DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                         :: kb2
                                                  ! [1/cm^2]
 omi2, and omi needed only for
ļ
 E >> (mI/me)*T: extreme high energy limit for electrons
ļ
        REAL
                 :: omi2, omi
                                                  ! [1/s^2, 1/s]
        nnb = nni+1
        vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                        ! [cm/s]
        vp2 = vp*vp
                                           [cm^2/s^2]
                                           [1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
[1/cm<sup>2</sup>]
        kb2 = DEBYE2*zb*zb*nb*betab
        k2 = kb2(1)

k = SQRT(k2)
                                                      k2=k_e^2
                                                     k = k_e
                                           [1/cm]
        zp2 = zp**2
                                           [dimensionless]
                                        ! ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mb(ib)*vp2/CC2
        ab =0.5*betab*mb*vp2/CC2
                                        ! [dimensionless]
        mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
                                        ! [keV]
 initialize A-coefficients
        a_{tot_lim} = 0
                         ! electron + ion
                         ! ion contribution
                  = 0
        a_i_lim
        a_e_lim
                   = 0
                        ! electron contribution
```

```
ac_tot_lim= 0
ac_e_lim = 0
ac_i_lim = 0
                         ! classical total
! classical electron
                         ! classical ion
        aq_tot_lim= 0
                         ! quantum total
        aq_e_lim = 0

aq_i_lim = 0
                         ! quantum electron
                         ! quantum ion
ļ
        DO ib=1,nni+1
IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
            a=ab(ib)
                                              [dimensionless]
            c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM
                                             [keV/cm]
            c1=c1*1.E-7
                                              [MeV/micron]
            c2=SQRT(a/PI)
                                              [dimensionless]
 singular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
! At this point I only have an asymptotic form for the total
! electron contribution (classical + quantum = sing + reg + quantum).
! I'll write this expression to ac_s_lim for now. This will give
 aq_lim=0 and ac_lim=a_e. FIX LATER.
            IF (ib == 1) THEN
 T \ll E \ll (mI/me)*T: intermediate high energy limit for electrons
               te=1./betab(ib)
               mpec22=mpb(ib)**2
               mec2 = mb(ib)
                      =kb2(ib)
               ke2
               ac_s_lim=THIRD*(LOG(8*te*mpec22/(mec2*HBARC**2*ke2)) - GAMMA -1)
               ac_s_lim=c1*c2*ac_s_lim
                                                         ! [MeV/micron]
            ELSE
               cs=0.5*c1/ab(ib)
               ac_s_lim=(LOG(ABS(zp*zb(ib))*BEKEV*& ! [dimensionless]
                 k*AOCM*CC2/(mpb(ib)*vp2)) + GAMMA) !
               ac_s_lim=-cs*ac_s_lim
                                                         ! [MeV/micron]
            ENDIF
 regular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
            IF (ib == 1) THEN
               ac_r_lim=0
                ac_r_{im}=-0.25*c1/ab(ib)
                                                                      ! [MeV/micron]
            ENDIF
  quantum: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
            IF (ib == 1) THEN
               aq_lim=0
            FLSF.
               eta =ABS(zp*zb(ib))*2.1870E8/vp ! [dimensionless] quantum parameter
               aq_lim=LOG(eta) + GAMMA
               aq_lim=aq_lim*c1/a/2
            CALL a_collect(ib,nnb,ac_s_lim,ac_r_lim,aq_lim,a_tot_lim,a_e_lim, &
              a_i_lim,ac_tot_lim,ac_e_lim,ac_i_lim,aq_tot_lim,aq_e_lim,aq_i_lim)
        ENDIF
        ENDDO
      END SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_high_E
```

Extreme-high energy electrons:

#### acoeff.f90:

```
SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_very_high_E(nni, ep, zp, mp, betab, zb, mb, nb, & a_tot_lim, a_i_lim, a_e_lim, ac_tot_lim, ac_i_lim, ac_e_lim, &
              aq_tot_lim, aq_i_lim, aq_e_lim)
       USE physvars
USE mathvars
         IMPLICIT NONE
         INTEGER,
                                            INTENT(IN)
                                                                         number of ions
                                                          :: nni
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: betab
                                                                      !
                                                                          temp array
                                                                                           [1/keV]
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: mb
                                                                      !
                                                                         mass array
                                                                                           [keV]
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: nb
                                                                          density array [1/cc]
         REAL.
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1), INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: zb
                                                                          charge array
                                                                        Projectile
         REAL,
                                            INTENT(IN)
                                                                      ı
                                                                          projectile energy [keV]
                                                          :: ep
         REAL.
                                            INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: mp
                                                                          projectile mass
                                                                                                [keV]
         REAL.
                                            INTENT(IN)
                                                          :: zp
                                                                          projectile charge
                                                                             A-coeffs [MeV/micron
         REAL,
                                                                              electron + ion
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: a_tot_lim
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: a_i_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: a_e_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_tot_lim
INTENT(OUT) :: ac_i_lim
         REAL,
                                                                               ion contribution
         REAL,
                                                                               electron contributi
         REAL,
                                                                              classical
         REAL,
                                                                              classical
         REAL,
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: ac_e_lim
                                                                              classical
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: aq_tot_lim !
         REAL,
                                                                              quantum
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: aq_i_lim
                                                                           ļ
         REAL,
                                                                               quantum
                                            INTENT(OUT) :: aq_e_lim
         REAL,
                                                                              quantum
         REAL
                   :: omi2, omi
:: ac_r_lim, ac_s_lim, aq_lim
         REAL
         INTEGER :: ib, nnb
         REAL
                   :: vp
                                                        [cm/s]
         REAL
                                                        \lceil \text{cm}^2/\text{s}^2 \rceil
                   :: vp2
         REAL
                   :: a, zp2
                                                        [dimensionless]
         REAL
                   :: c1,
                                                        [keV/cm]
                           CS
         REAL
                   :: c2
                                                        [dimensionless]
         REAL
                   :: k
                                                        [1/cm]
                                                        [1/cm^2]
[dimensionless]
         R.F.AT.
                   :: k2
         REAL
                     eta
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                                        [dimensionless]
                                            :: ab
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                           :: mpb
                                                        [keV]
         REAL,
                    DIMENSION(1:nni+1)
                                            :: kb2
                                                     ! [1/cm^2]
!
  omi2, and omi needed only for
Ţ
  E >> (mI/me)*T: extreme high energy limit for electrons
ļ
         REAL
                   :: omi2, omi
                                                      ! [1/s^2, 1/s]]
         nnb = nni+1
         vp = CC*SQRT(2*ep/mp)
                                             [cm/s]
         vp2 = vp*vp
                                             [cm^2/s^2]
                                             [1/cm^2]
         kb2 = DEBYE2*zb*zb*nb*betab
                                             [1/cm^2]
[1/cm]
         k2 = kb2(1)

k = SQRT(k2)
                                                         k2=k_e^2
                                             [1/cm] k =k_e
[dimensionless]
         zp2 = zp**2
                                             ab=(1/2) betab(ib)*mb(ib)*vp2/CC2
         ab =0.5*betab*mb*vp2/CC2
                                           !
                                             [dimensionless]
                                           ! [keV]
         mpb = mp*mb/(mp+mb)
  initialize A-coefficients
         a_{tot_lim} = 0
                          ! electron + ion
                   = 0
                          ! ion contribution
```

```
a_e_lim
                       ! electron contribution
        ac_tot_lim= 0
                         classical total
        ac_e_lim = 0
                       ! classical electron
        ac_ilim = 0
                       ! classical ion
        aq_tot_lim= 0
                       ! quantum total
        aq_e_lim = 0

aq_i_lim = 0
                       ! quantum electron
                       ! quantum ion
ļ
        DO ib=1,nni+1
        IF (zb(ib) .NE. O.) THEN
           a=ab(ib)
                                          [dimensionless]
           c1=2*zp2*BEKEV*kb2(ib)*AOCM
                                          [keV/cm]
           c1=c1*1.E-7
                                        ١
                                          [MeV/micron]
           c2=SQRT(a/PI)
                                          [dimensionless]
 singular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
! At this point I only have an asymptotic form for the total
! electron contribution (classical + quantum = sing + reg + quantum).
! I'll write this expression to ac_s_lim for now. This will give
 aq_lim=0 and ac_lim=a_e. FIX LATER.
           IF (ib == 1) THEN
 E >> (mI/me)*T: extreme high energy limit for electrons
              omi2=OMEGI2*zb(ib)*zb(ib)*nb(ib)*AMUKEV/mb(ib) ! [1/s^2]
              omi =SQRT(omi2)
              ac_s_lim=0.5*c1*LOG(2*mpb(ib)*vp2/(HBARC*CC*omi))/ab(ib)
              cs=0.5*c1/ab(ib)
              ac_s_lim=(LOG(ABS(zp*zb(ib))*BEKEV*& ! [dimensionless]
                k*AOCM*CC2/(mpb(ib)*vp2)) + GAMMA) !
                                                     ! [MeV/micron]
              ac_s_lim=-cs*ac_s_lim
           ENDIF
 regular: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
           IF (ib == 1) THEN
              ac_r_lim=0
           FLSF.
                                                                ! [MeV/micron]
               ac_r_{lim}=-0.25*c1/ab(ib)
           ENDIF
 quantum: asymptotic high energy form [need electrons]
           IF (ib == 1) THEN
              aq_lim=0
           ELSE
              eta =ABS(zp*zb(ib))*2.1870E8/vp ! [dimensionless] quantum parameter
              aq_lim=LOG(eta) + GAMMA
           aq_lim=aq_lim*c1/a/2
ENDIF
           CALL a_collect(ib,nnb,ac_s_lim,ac_r_lim,aq_lim,a_tot_lim,a_e_lim, &
             a_i_lim,ac_tot_lim,ac_e_lim,ac_i_lim,aq_tot_lim,aq_e_lim,aq_i_lim)
        ENDIF
        ENDDO
      END SUBROUTINE coeff_bps_very_high_E
```