R documentation

of all in 'PBSawatea'

July 18, 2011

R topics documented:

llEqual		2
alc.projExpect		3
alc.refVal		4
lose.allWin		4
ompB0		5
quantile		6
ndTarget		7
et.resFile		8
etYrIdx		9
raphics		10
mportCol2		10
mportMCMC.ddiff		12
mportProjRec		13
mportRes		14
oad.allResFiles		15
IAfun2		16
nainMenu		17
nakeErrMat		18
nsyCalc		19
ut.pmTables		20
anLab		20
anLegend		21
BSawatea		22
lotB2		23
lotBmcmcPOP		25
lotBox		26
lotChains		29
lotCPUE		30
lotDensPOP		31
lotIndex2		34
lotIndexNotLattice		35

2 allEqual

	plotRmcmcPOP
	plotSnail
	plotTracePOP
	plotVBcatch
	plotVBnorm
	plt.ageResidsPOP
	plt.allTraces
	plt.expRate
	plt.idx
	plt.mpdGraphs
	plt.numR
	plt.quantBio
	plt.ssbVbCatch
	plt.stdResids
	readAD
	refPoints
	reweight
	runADMB
	runMCMC
	runMPD
	runSweave
	runSweaveMCMC
	srFun
	stdRes.CA
	stdRes.index
	tabSAR
Index	63

allEqual

Are All Values Equal to the First?

Description

A short-cut function for all (x==x[1]), which asks are all values in x equl to the first value in x.

Usage

allEqual(x)

Arguments

x vector of values.

Value

TRUE or FALSE

calc.projExpect 3

See Also

```
all, clearAll, clipVector
```

calc.projExpect Calculate Expectations and Probabilities

Description

Calculate the expectation of projection to reference, and probability of being greater than reference.

Usage

```
calc.projExpect ( obj, projObj, refYrs )
calc.projExpect2( obj, projObj, refList )
calc.projProbs ( obj, projObj, refYrs )
calc.projProbs2 ( obj, projObj, refList )
calc.refProbs ( projObj=currentProj$B, refPlist=refPointsList )
```

Arguments

```
obj matrix of biomass MCMCs.

projObj matrix of biomass projections.

refYrs numeric vector of reference years

refList list of reference years (numeric vectors).

refPList list of reference points.
```

Details

Value

Decision tables

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
calc.refVal
```

4 close.allWin

calc.refVal

Calculate Reference Value for Performance Measure

Description

Calculate the reference value for performance measures.

Usage

```
calc.refVal(obj, refYrs, fun=mean)
```

Arguments

obj scape Biomass matrix with n rows and m columns,

where n = number of MCMC samples, and m = number of years.

refYrs numeric years in reference period.

fun the function to apply to reference period i.

Value

Returns a vector of length nrow (obj) reference values.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
calc.projExpect, findTarget
```

close.allWin

Close All Open Devices

Description

Close all open devices.

Usage

```
close.allWin()
```

See Also

closeWin

compB0 5

compB0	
COMBDD	

Compare Reference Criteria / Points in B0 Space

Description

Compare COSWEIC reference criteria and DFO reference points in terms of B_0 . The figure concept comes from Chris Woods (PBS).

Usage

```
compB0(B, Mnam=c("Est M", "Fix M"), ratios=c(0.4, 0.8),
   incl.Bt=TRUE, boxwidth=0.6, figgy=FALSE, width=12, height=9)
```

Arguments

В	list of list of MCMC samples (see Details); the first level of the list is the model run, while the second level contains MCMC samples (one of which should be B_0 which acts as the divisor to the other MCMCs).
Mnam	model names for the boxplot.
ratios	reference levels of B_{MSY} (usually 0.4 and 0.8).
incl.Bt	logical: if TRUE, include the current spawning stock biomass in terms of B_0 .
boxwidth	width of the box in x-units.
figgy	logical: if ${\tt TRUE},$ send figure to three output files (.eps,.png, and .wmf).
width	width of the output files in inches.
height	height of the output files in inches.

Details

An example of the input list B:

```
List of 2
..$ 29.01:List of 3
....$ B0.MCMC : num [1:1000]
....$ Bt.MCMC : num [1:1000]
....$ Bmsy.MCMC: num [1:1000]
...$ 30.01:List of 3
....$ B0.MCMC : num [1:1000]
...$ Bt.MCMC : num [1:1000]
...$ Bt.MCMC : num [1:1000]
```

Value

Invisibly returns the list object xBox used to create the boxplot.

Note

Uses a modified version of boxplot called plotBox.

6 cquantile

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotBox, importMCMC, msyCalc
```

cquantile

Running Quantile

Description

```
Creates a set of running quantiles from MCMC traces. (Uses subfunction found in coda's function cumuplot.)
```

Usage

```
cquantile(z, probs)
cquantile.vec(z, prob)
```

Arguments

```
z an MCMC object.
probs vector of quantiles.
prob single quantile.
```

Value

```
cquantile.....running quantile matrix cquantile.vec...running quantile vector
```

Note

Arni Magnusson describes a running quantile as:

"the evolution of the sample quantiles as a function of the number of iterations"

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
cumuplot, plotTracePOP
```

findTarget 7

a	T: 177:	T DC DI
findTarget	Find Time to Achieve a	Target Reference Point

Description

Find the time (years) to achieve a recovery target (including a moving target) with a given confidence. Produce decision tables showing the probability of exceeding the reference point.

Usage

```
findTarget(Vmat, yrU=as.numeric(dimnames(Vmat)[[2]]), yrG=90,
    ratio=0.5, target=B0.MCMC, conf=0.95, plotit=FALSE, retVal="N")
```

Arguments

Vmat	matrix of projected biomass values B_{Nt} , where $N =$ number of MCMCs and $t =$ projection year.
yrU	user-specified projection years.
yrG	number of years G for a moving target window (e.g., 3 YMR generations = 90y); might not work for all possibilities.
ratio	recovery target ratio R .
target	recovery target values T_N = B0 . MCMC for ratios of B_0 ; = Bmsy . MCMC for ratios of B_{MSY} ; = Bt . MCMC for moving window of $B_{N,t-G}$.
conf	confidence level C required.
plotit	logical: if TRUE, plot the probability p_t of exceeding target reference point.
retVal	<pre>character name of object to return: retVal="N" : creates global object "Ttab" (see below); retVal="p.hi" : creates global object "Ptab" (see below).</pre>

Details

As this function uses Bayesian output, there are N (e.g., 1000) values of some target T_N , which can remain fixed (B_0, B_{MSY}) or move forward in time G years before the projection year t (that is $T_{N,t-G}$). For simplification, we'll just call all targets T_N .

The probability of exceeding a target ratio R is:

$$p_t = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{N} \left[\frac{B_{Nt}}{T_N} \ge R \right],$$

where R = target ratio of the reference point (e.g., $0.4B_{MSY}$ (R=0.4), $0.2B_0$ (R=0.2), $0.5B_{t-G}$ (R=0.5)).

8 get.resFile

At a glance, we can see for any given projection year t whether the probability of achieving a target ratio is greater than the confidence required:

$$p_t \geq C$$
,

where C is the confidence level acceptable.

Value

If retVal="N" then the function returns a data frame object called "Ttab" in the user's global environment. This table reports the number of years to achieve the target reference point at various catch levels with a specified confidence.

If retVal="p.hi" then the function returns a list object called "Ptab" in the user's global environment. This list contains data frames (tables) that report the probability of achieving various reference points at specified catch levels.

Any other retVal will return a list of the specified object, if it exists in the function.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

runSweaveMCMC

get.resFile

Get Awatea Results Files for Menu

Description

A function that retrieves the names of Awatea results files (.res\$) for use in the mainMenu command. When choice is made, the function loads the results file and assigns it to the global environment as currentRes.

Usage

```
get.resFile(resFile=NULL)
```

Arguments

resFile

supposedly the name of a results file, but the code suggests that argument is ignored.

Value

A results file chosen from a menu.

getYrIdx 9

Note

AME: made changes so that options are compatible with those in load.allResFiles. Previously, trouble occurred when overwriting.

See Also

```
mainMenu,importCol2
```

getYrIdx

Select a Subset of Years for Plotting

Description

Select a subset of years for which many years are available. The default is to select 5-year increments.

Usage

```
getYrIdx(yrNames, mod=5)
```

Arguments

yrNames vector (character or numeric) of years.

mod select the years modulo mod.

Value

Subset of input years that are modulo mod.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
findPat, pad0
```

importCol2

αr_2	nhi	CC	
ara	nhı	CS	

Open a Windows Device

Description

Open a windows device in portrait or landscape mode.

Usage

```
graphics(view = "portrait")
```

Arguments

view if "portrait", set width = 8.5 in and height = 11 in if "landscape", set width = 11 in and height = 8.5 in

See Also

resetGraph

importCol2

Import Coleraine Model Results (AME version)

Description

Import Coleraine model results from .res file, and rearrange into a standard format suitable for plotting.

Usage

Arguments

res.file	name of Coleraine model results file to import.
info	optional string containing information to store with model results.
Dev	logical: whether recruitment deviates were estimated in model.
CPUE	logical: whether model was fitted to catch-per-unit-effort data.
Survey	logical: whether model was fitted to survey abundance index data.
CAc	logical: whether model was fitted to commercial catch-at-age data.
CAs	logical: whether model was fitted to survey catch-at-age data.
CLc	logical: whether model was fitted to commercial catch-at-length data.

importCol2 11

CLs	logical: whether model was fitted to survey catch-at-length data.
LA	logical: whether model was fitted to length-at-age data.
quiet	logical: whether to report progress while parsing file.
extra	logical: if TRUE, import likelihoods, parameters, priors, and recruitment resid-
	uals.

Details

This function was modified from the original importCol function in the **scape** package to grab extra data.

Value

A list of class scape containing at least N, B, and Sel. The other elements may or may not be included in the list, depending on how importRes was called:

N	predicted numbers at age
В	predicted biomass, recruitment, and observed landings (year things)
Sel	predicted selectivity and observed maturity (age things)
Dev	predicted recruitment deviates from the stock-recruitment curve
CPUE, Survey	commercial and survey abundance index and fit
CAc, CAs	commercial and survey C@A (catch at age) and fit
CLc, CLs	commercial and survey C@L (catch at length) and fit
LA	observed L@A and fit

Note

This import function is implemented for the Coleraine statistical catch-at-age software, and can serve as a template for **scape** users who would like to implement import functions for specific stock assessment software.

```
The functions 11 (package gdata) and head are recommended for browsing model results, e.g. 11 (x.cod); 11 (x.cod\$N); head (x.cod\$N).
```

References

Hilborn, R., Maunder, M., Parma, A., Ernst, B., Payne, J., and Starr, P. (2003) Coleraine: A generalized age-structured stock assessment model. User's manual version 2.0. *University of Washington Report* **SAFS-UW-0116**. Available at:

```
http://fish.washington.edu/research/coleraine/pdf/coleraine.pdf.
```

```
importRes, read.table, readLines, and scan to import any data. scape-package gives an overview of the package scape.
```

importMCMC.ddiff

```
importMCMC.ddiff Import Functions for PJS Delay Difference Model
```

Description

Make a **scapeMCMC** object identical in format to the result of importMCMC (or importProj) from PJS delay difference model output.

The difference is that B is biomass defined by a delay difference model.

Usage

```
importMCMC.ddiff()
importProj.ddiff()
```

Value

```
importMCMC.ddiff returns a list object containing:
L...likelihood MCMCs,
P...parameter MCMCs,
B...spawning biomass MCMCs,
R...recruitment MCMCs.
importProj.ddiff returns a list object containing:
B...projected biomass,
Y...projected yields.
```

Note

```
Get the biomass projection – PJS does 1 year ahead projection. The column "X" appears as the last column because trailing ", " exist in the mcmcprojbiom.csv file.

Note also that "cat=" in .csv file becomes "cat." in read.table.
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
importMCMC, importProj, read.table
```

importProjRec 13

importProjRec	Import Projected Recruitment

Description

Import the projected recruitments (actually, the values are random normals N(0,1)).

Usage

```
importProjRec(dir, info="", coda=FALSE, quiet=TRUE)
```

Arguments

dir	directory where MCMC projections reside.
info	user-supplied information, if desired.
coda	logical: if \mathtt{TRUE} , use the function \mathtt{mcmc} in the package \mathbf{coda} to generate MCMCs.
quiet	logical: if TRUE, print progress messages to the R console.

Details

The values saved by the Awatea code are random normals N(0,1), which for a particular MCMC sample are the same for all the catch strategies.

Value

A list object comprising:

```
B data frame of spawning biomass (dim = MCMC samples by projected years)
Y data frame of yield (dim = MCMC samples by projected years)
eps data frame of \epsilon_t (dim = MCMC samples by projected years)
```

Note

The function import Proj does not import recruitment residuals.

This function grabs the tempdev values from Awatea, which are just N(0,1) values, then multiplies them by σ_R to yield $\epsilon_t \sim N(0,\sigma_R^2)$.

The parameter value for σ_R can be found in currentRes\$extra\$residuals\$p_log_RecDev[6].

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
importProj
coda: mcmc
```

14 importRes

importRes	Import Coleraine Model Results (RH version)	

Description

Import Coleraine model results from .res file, and rearrange into a standard format suitable for plotting.

Usage

Arguments

res.file	name of Coleraine model results file to import.
info	optional string containing information to store with model results.
Dev	logical: whether recruitment deviates were estimated in model.
CPUE	logical: whether model was fitted to catch-per-unit-effort data.
Survey	logical: whether model was fitted to survey abundance index data.
CAc	logical: whether model was fitted to commercial catch-at-age data.
CAs	logical: whether model was fitted to survey catch-at-age data.
CLc	logical: whether model was fitted to commercial catch-at-length data.
CLs	logical: whether model was fitted to survey catch-at-length data.
LA	logical: whether model was fitted to length-at-age data.
quiet	logical: whether to report progress while parsing file.
extra	logical: if $\ensuremath{\mathtt{TRUE}},$ import likelihoods, parameters, priors, and recruitment residuals.
sep	the field separator character (usually " " or " \t ").

Details

This function was modified from the original importCol function in the **scape** package to grab extra data and to deal with anomalous characters in Coleraine results files.

Value

A list of class list containing at least N, B, and Sel. The other elements may or may not be included in the list, depending on how importRes was called:

N	predicted numbers at age
В	predicted biomass, recruitment, and observed landings (year things)

load.allResFiles 15

Sel	predicted selectivity and observed maturity (age things)
Dev	predicted recruitment deviates from the stock-recruitment curve
CPUE, Survey	commercial and survey abundance index and fit
CAc, CAs	commercial and survey C@A (catch at age) and fit
CLc, CLs	commercial and survey C@L (catch at length) and fit
LA	observed L@A and fit

Note

This import function is implemented for the Coleraine statistical catch-at-age software, and can serve as a template for **scape** users who would like to implement import functions for specific stock assessment software.

```
The functions 11 (package gdata) and head are recommended for browsing model results, e.g. 11 (x.cod); 11 (x.cod\$N); head (x.cod\$N).
```

References

Hilborn, R., Maunder, M., Parma, A., Ernst, B., Payne, J., and Starr, P. (2003) Coleraine: A generalized age-structured stock assessment model. User's manual version 2.0. *University of Washington Report* **SAFS-UW-0116**. Available at:

http://fish.washington.edu/research/coleraine/pdf/coleraine.pdf.

See Also

```
runADMB, readAD, reweight, importCol2 read.table, readLines, and scan to import any data. scape-package gives an overview of the package scape.
```

```
load.allResFiles Load All Awatea .res Files
```

Description

Load all Awatea . res files in the working directory into a list object.

Usage

```
load.allResFiles(resList = NULL)
```

Arguments

resList AME: sets directory to path above current and sets the pattern to "results.dat\$"; probably deprecated.

Value

List of multiple calls to importCol2.

16 MAfun2

Note

If deprecated, remove from package PBSawatea.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
importCol2
```

MAfun2

Calculate Mean Age by Year

Description

Calculate mean ages from proportions-at-age (modified from a subfunction in runADMB).

Usage

```
MAfun2 (padata, brks=NULL)
```

Arguments

padata proportion-at-age data CAc or CAs from a call to importCol2.

brks breaks specified as numeric years to split the commercial data up into regimes

that may account for index discontinuities (not used).

Details

Mean age function supplied by Chris Francis (2011).

```
padata has fields:
Series...series identifier
```

Year....numeric year Age....age bin

 ${\tt Obs....observed}$ proportions

Fit.... predicted (fitted) proportions

SS..... sample size (effective N)

Value

List object of observed and expected mean ages, variance of expected ages, and a few bits and bobs.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC.

mainMenu 17

References

Francis, R.I.C.C. (2011, in press) Data weighting in statistical fisheries stock assessment models. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*.

See Also

```
runADMB, importCol2
```

mainMenu

Create a Menu of Options and Actions

Description

From a main menu, the user can choose various options and actions.

We tend to do everything from the command line so the menu functionality fosters the warning: *CAVEAT EMPTOR*.

Usage

```
mainMenu()
loadMenu()
mpdMenu()
mcmcMenu()
utilMenu()
```

Details

Main menu items:

```
Import files
MPD plots
Plot all MPD graphs
Save all MPD plots to PNG
MCMC plots
Plot all MCMC plots
Save all MCMC plots to PNG
Close all graphics windows
Help & Utilities
```

Load menu items:

```
Get Awatea res file
Get Awatea MCMC file
Get Awatea projection file
Load all res files in working directory
Get PJS Delay Difference MCMC+Projection
```

MPD menu items:

```
Plot biomass, recruitment, catch Plot numbers at age
```

18 makeErrMat

```
Plot selectivity and maturity
Plot commercial catch—at—age results
Plot survey catch—at—length results
Plot abundance index
All residual plots
Plot multi—panel biomass, recruitment, catch
Plot multi—panel exploitation rate
Plot alternative numbers at age
```

MCMC menu items:

Plot biomass and projections by policy
Probability of projection biomass > reference
Expectation of projection biomass / reference
Plot biomass posterior densities (plotDens)
Plot recruitment posterior densities (plotDens)
Plot parameter posterior densities (plotDens)
Plot cumulative quantiles (plotCumu)
Plot traces (plotTrace)
Plot PJS traces (plt.allTraces)

Utils menu items:

scape Help
scapeMCMC Help
Portrait graphsheet
Landscape graphsheet

See Also

```
get.resFile,importCol2
```

makeErrMat

Make Ageing Error Matrix for Awatea

Description

Make a simple ageing error matrix for Awatea.

Usage

```
makeErrMat(N=60, ondiag=0.8, offdiag=0.1, corner=0.9)
```

Arguments

N	numeric scalar indicating number of age classes, which determines the dimension of the matrix.
ondiag	numeric value to appear along the matrix diagonal.
offdiag	numeric value to appear one cell to the left and right of the matrix diagonal.
corner	numeric value to appear in the top left and bottom right corners of the matrix.

msyCalc 19

Value

Simple symmetric ageing error matrix.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotProp, weightBio
```

msyCalc

Calculate the Maximum Sustainable Yield

Description

Load in MSY.out and calculate the MSY (maximum sustainable yield).

Usage

```
msyCalc(dir = getwd(), error.rep = 1)
```

Arguments

```
dir working directory.
error.rep numeric: if 1, report errors (reaching bounds), if 0 do not.
```

Value

```
Returns a list object containing:
```

```
yield...maximum sustainable yield,
u.....exploitation rate at MSY,
VB.....vulnerable biomass at MSY,
B.....spawning biomass at MSY,
nProj...numnber of projections needed to reach MSY.
```

Note

See msyTestCreating.r for full details when figuring this out.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
findTarget
```

20 panLab

out.pmTables

Write Decision Tables to Comma-Delimited Files

Description

Write decision tables to comma-delimited text files (.csv).

Usage

```
out.pmTables(obj, fileName="pm", dec=3)
```

Arguments

obj list object containing tables (matrices or data frames).

fileName prefix for output file names.

dec number of decimal places to retain.

Value

Comma-delimited text files (.csv).

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
write.table, writeList
```

panLab

Write Text to Figure in Relative (0:1) Coordinates

Description

```
Write text to a figure by first setting the coordinate space to lie between 0 and 1: par(usr=c(0,1,0,1)).
```

Usage

```
panLab(x, y, txt, ...)
```

Arguments

x relative x-coordinate.
y relative y-coordinate.
txt text to add to figure.

... additional arguments sent to function text.

panLegend 21

Note

Currently, this function does not reset the coordinate space to the original. Use addLabel instead.

See Also

```
addLabel, addLegend
```

panLegend

Place a Legend in a Figure using Relative (0:1) Coordinates

Description

```
Place a legend in a figure by first setting the coordinate space to lie between 0 and 1: par(usr=c(0,1,0,1)).
```

Usage

```
panLegend(x, y, legTxt, ...)
```

Arguments

```
    x relative x-coordinate.
    y relative y-coordinate.
    legTxt legend text to add to figure.
    additional arguments sent to function legend.
```

Note

Currently, this function does not reset the coordinate space to the original. Use addLegend instead.

```
addLabel, addLegend
```

22 PBSawatea

PBSawatea

PBS Awatea

Description

PBSawatea contains the code used for the modelling of populations of Pacific Ocean Perach (*Sebastes alutus*) and Yellowmouth Rockfish (*S. reedi*) along the British Columbia (BC) coast.

Implementation is done using a modified version of the Coleraine statistical catch-at-age software (Hilborn *et al.* 2003) called Awatea (Alan Hicks, NOAA, pers. comm.). Awatea is a platform for implementing the AD (Automatic Differentiation) Model Builder software (Otter Research 1999), which provides (a) maximum posterior density estimates using a function minimiser and automatic differentiation, and (b) an approximation of the posterior distribution of the parameters using the Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) method, specifically using the Hastings-Metropolis algorithm (Gelman *et al.* 2004).

Running of Awatea is streamlined using code written in R (R Development Core Team 2009), rather than the original Microsoft Excel implementation. Figures and tables of output are automatically produced through R using code adapted from the R packages **scape** (Magnusson 2009) and **scapeMCMC** (Magnusson and Stewart 2007). We use the R function Sweave (Leisch 2008) in the package **utils** to automatically collate, via LATEX, the large amount of figures and tables into a single portable document file (.pdf) for each model run.

We provide master Sweave files used in folder .../library/PBSawatea/snw to build the .pdf document. The user must copy these to a local working directory if they are not already there.

References

Gelman, A., Carlin, J.B., Stern, H.S, and Rubin, D.B. (2004) Bayesian data analysis, 2nd edition. Chapman and Hall/CRC, New York, 668 p.

Hilborn, R., Maunder, M., Parma, A., Ernst, B. Payne, J., and Starr, P. (2003) Coleraine: a generalized age-structured stock assessment model. *School of Aquatic and Fishery Sciences*, University of Washington, 54 p.

Leisch, F. (2008) Sweave, R package.

Magnusson, A. (2009) Scape – statistical catch-at-age plotting environment, R package.

Magnusson, A. and Stewart, I. (2007) MCMCscape – MCMC diagnostic plots. R package.

Otter Research Ltd. (1999) An introduction to AD Model Builder for use nonlinear modeling and statistics. Otter Research Ltd., British Columbia. 194 p.

R Development Core Team (2011) R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.

ISBN 3-900051-07-0

http://www.R-project.org

plotB2

plotB2	Plot Biomass, Recruitment, and Landings (AME Version)

Description

Plot scape model predicted biomass, stock recruitment, and landings.

AME: This is an alteration of Arni Magnussons plotB function to accommodate PJS's request not to show biomass prior to fishery and survey indices period.

Usage

```
plotB2 (model, what="d", series=NULL, years=NULL, axes=TRUE, div=1,
    legend="bottom", main="", xlab="", ylab="", cex.main=1.2,
    cex.legend=1, cex.lab=1, cex.axis=0.8, las=1,
    tck=c(1,what=="d")/2, tick.number=5, lty.grid=3, col.grid="white",
    pch=16, cex.points=0.8, col.points="black", lty.lines=1:3,
    lwd.lines=2, col.lines="black", ratio.bars=3, col.bars="grey",
    plot=TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	fitted scape model.
what	what to plot: "d"[efault], "s"[tock recruitment], or "l"[andings].
series	vector of strings indicating which column names in model\$B data frame to plot (all by default).
years	vector of numbers indicating which years to include (all by default).
axes	whether to plot axis values.
div	denominator to shorten values on the y axis, or a vector with two elements referring to x and y axis.
legend	<pre>legend location: "bottom", "left", "top", "right", or "" to suppress legend.</pre>
main	main title.
xlab	x-axis label.
ylab	y-axis label.
cex.main	size of main title.
cex.legend	size of legend text.
cex.lab	size of axis labels.
cex.axis	size of tick labels.
las	orientation of tick labels: 0=parallel, 1=horizontal, 2=perpendicular, 3=vertical.
tck	tick mark length.
tick.number	number of tick marks.

24 plotB2

```
lty.grid
                 line type of gridlines.
col.grid
                 color of gridlines.
                 symbol for points.
pch
cex.points
                 size of points.
col.points
                 color of points.
lty.lines
                 line type of main lines.
lwd.lines
                 line width of main lines.
col.lines
                 color of main lines.
ratio.bars
                 width of bars.
col.bars
                 color of bars.
                 whether to draw plot.
plot
                 passed to xyplot and panel.superpose.
```

Details

The "d"[efault] plot shows spawning biomass and vulnerable biomass as lines, and landings as bars, on the same scale.

Value

When plot=TRUE, a trellis plot is drawn and a data frame is returned, containing the data used for plotting. When plot=FALSE, a trellis object is returned.

Note

The Args function from the **gdata** package is recommended for reviewing the arguments, instead of args.

```
xyplot, panel.barchart, and panel.superpose are the underlying drawing functions.
plotCA, plotCL, plotIndex, plotIndex2 and plotLA plot model fit and data.
plotB, plotN, and plotSel plot derived quantities.
scape-package gives an overview of the scapeMCMC package.
```

plotBmcmcPOP 25

Description

Plot spawning and vulnerable biomass from posterior as boxplots, and add catch bars on same graph.

Usage

Arguments

```
MCMC data frame of B (currentMCMC$B).
obj
                 list/scape object created by importCol2.
currentRes1
                 quantiles to use in quantBox.
хуТуре
                 type of plot (currently only uses quantBox).
                 line types to use in quantBox.
lineType
refLines
                 reference lines to add to plot.
xLim
                 limits of the x-axis.
                 limits of the y-axis.
yLim
                 not used
userPrompt
                 not used
save
xLab
                 x-coordinates for labels.
                 y-coordinates for labels.
yLab
                 text labels to display on plot.
textLab
                 increments along the y-axis to place tick marks.
yaxis.by
tcl.val
                 tick length.
                 additional arguments passed to the function rect.
```

26 plotBox

Note

Combines ideas from plt.quantBio and plotB2. Don't need lattice, just one figure, no panels. Vulnerable biomass has no posterior saved, which must be why it's not been done before. Hmmm... still worth seeing spawning though?

```
Taking what is needed from plt.quantBio, this basically works: plt.quantBio(currentMCMC$B, xyType=rpType), though it creates 2x3 plots. The object should be the specific MCMC posterior by year (so just a data frame), e.g., currentMCMC$B. currentRes1 is local currentRes.
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotVBcatch, plotB2
```

plotBox

Plot Boxes using Quantiles

Description

Produce box-and-whisker plot(s) of the given (grouped) values. This function is simply a modified version of boxplot that sets the whiskers to specified quantiles rather than 1.5 IRQ.

Usage

```
plotBox(x, ..., range = 1.5, width = NULL, varwidth = FALSE,
    notch = FALSE, outline = TRUE, names, plot = TRUE,
    border = par("fg"), col = NULL, log = "",
    pars = list(boxwex = 0.8, staplewex = 0.5, outwex = 0.5),
    horizontal = FALSE, add = FALSE, at = NULL,
    quants=c(0.025,0.25,0.5,0.75,0.975), outliers=FALSE)
```

Arguments

formula	a formula, such as $y \sim grp$, where y is a numeric vector of data values to be split into groups according to the grouping variable grp (usually a factor).
data	a data.frame (or list) from which the variables in formula should be taken.
subset	an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used for plotting.
na.action	a function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. The default is to ignore missing values in either the response or the group.

plotBox 27

х	for specifying data from which the boxplots are to be produced. Either a numeric vector, or a single list containing such vectors. Additional unnamed arguments specify further data as separate vectors (each corresponding to a component boxplot). NAs are allowed in the data.
	For the formula method, named arguments to be passed to the default method.
	For the default method, unnamed arguments are additional data vectors (unless x is a list when they are ignored), and named arguments are arguments and graphical parameters to be passed to bxp in addition to the ones given by argument pars (and override those in pars). Note that bxp may or may not make use of graphical parameters it is passed: see its documentation.
range	this determines how far the plot whiskers extend out from the box. If range is positive, the whiskers extend to the most extreme data point which is no more than range times the interquartile range from the box. A value of zero causes the whiskers to extend to the data extremes.
width	a vector giving the relative widths of the boxes making up the plot.
varwidth	if varwidth is TRUE, the boxes are drawn with widths proportional to the square-roots of the number of observations in the groups.
notch	if notch is TRUE, a notch is drawn in each side of the boxes. If the notches of two plots do not overlap this is 'strong evidence' that the two medians differ (Chambers <i>et al.</i> , 1983, p. 62). See boxplot.stats for the calculations used.
outline	if outline is not true, the outliers are not drawn (as points whereas S+ uses lines).
names	group labels which will be printed under each boxplot. Can be a character vector or an expression (see plotmath).
boxwex	a scale factor to be applied to all boxes. When there are only a few groups, the appearance of the plot can be improved by making the boxes narrower.
staplewex	staple line width expansion, proportional to box width.
outwex	outlier line width expansion, proportional to box width.
plot	if TRUE (the default) then a boxplot is produced. If not, the summaries which the boxplots are based on are returned.
border	an optional vector of colors for the outlines of the boxplots. The values in border are recycled if the length of border is less than the number of plots.
col	if col is non-null it is assumed to contain colors to be used to colour the bodies of the box plots. By default they are in the background colour.
log	character indicating if x or y or both coordinates should be plotted in log scale.
pars	a list of (potentially many) more graphical parameters, e.g., boxwex or outpch; these are passed to bxp (if plot is true); for details, see there.
horizontal	logical indicating if the boxplots should be horizontal; default ${\tt FALSE}$ means vertical boxes.
add	logical, if true add boxplot to current plot.
at	numeric vector giving the locations where the boxplots should be drawn, particularly when add = TRUE; defaults to 1:n where n is the number of boxes.

28 plotBox

quants	numeric vector of 5 quantiles to specify (i) the extent of the lowest whisker, (ii) the lower boundary of the box, (iii) the middle line of the box, (iv) the upper boundary of the box, and (v) the extent of the upper whisker.
outliers	logical: if TRUE show the outliers (but used primarily to suppress outliers when FALSE).

Details

The generic function boxplot currently has a default method (boxplot.default) and a formula interface (boxplot.formula).

If multiple groups are supplied either as multiple arguments or via a formula, parallel boxplots will be plotted, in the order of the arguments or the order of the levels of the factor (see factor).

Missing values are ignored when forming boxplots.

Value

List with the following components:

stats	a matrix, each column contains the extreme of the lower whisker, the lower hinge, the median, the upper hinge and the extreme of the upper whisker for one group/plot. If all the inputs have the same class attribute, so will this component.
n	a vector with the number of observations in each group.
conf	a matrix where each column contains the lower and upper extremes of the notch.
out	the values of any data points which lie beyond the extremes of the whiskers.
group	a vector of the same length as out whose elements indicate to which group the outlier belongs.
names	a vector of names for the groups.

References

Becker, R. A., Chambers, J. M. and Wilks, A. R. (1988) *The New S Language*. Wadsworth & Brooks/Cole.

Chambers, J. M., Cleveland, W. S., Kleiner, B. and Tukey, P. A. (1983) *Graphical Methods for Data Analysis*. Wadsworth & Brooks/Cole.

Murrell, P. (2005) R Graphics. Chapman & Hall/CRC Press.

See also boxplot.stats.

See Also

boxplot.stats which does the computation, bxp for the plotting and more examples; and stripchart for an alternative (with small data sets).

plotChains 29

Description

Plot cumulative fequency of n chains by partitioning one trace. (Modified from the function plotTracePOP.)

Usage

```
plotChains(mcmc, nchains=3, pdisc=0.1, axes=FALSE, same.limits=FALSE,
    between=list(x=axes,y=axes), div=1, span=1/4, log=FALSE,
    base=10, main=NULL, xlab=NULL, ylab=NULL, cex.main=1.2,
    cex.lab=1, cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.8,
    las=0, tck=0.5, tick.number=5, lty.trace=1, lwd.trace=1,
    col.trace="grey", lty.median=1, lwd.median=1,
    col.median="black", lty.quant=2, lwd.quant=1,
    col.quant="black", plot=TRUE, probs=c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975), ...)
```

Arguments

mcmc	MCMC chain(s) as a vector, data frame or mcmc object.
nchains	number of chains to create from one trace.
pdisc	proportion of the initial trace to discard before creating chains.
axes	whether axis values should be plotted.
same.limits	whether panels should have same x-axis limits.
between	list with x and y indicating panel spacing.
div	denominator to shorten values on the y axis.
span	smoothness parameter (not used).
log	whether values should be log-transformed.
base	logarithm base.
main	main title.
xlab	x-axis title.
ylab	y-axis title.
cex.main	size of main title.
cex.lab	size of axis labels.
cex.strip	size of strip labels.
cex.axis	size of tick labels.
las	orientation of tick labels: 0=parallel, 1=horizontal, 2=perpendicular, 3=vertical.
tck	tick mark length.
tick.number	number of tick marks.

30 plotCPUE

```
lty.trace
                 line type of trace.
lwd.trace
                 line width of trace.
col.trace
                 colour of trace.
lty.median
                 line type of median.
lwd.median
                 line width of median.
col.median
                 colour of median.
lty.quant
                 line type of quantile trace.
lwd.quant
                 line width of quantile trace.
                 colour of quantile trace.
col.quant
plot
                 whether to draw plot.
                 quantile values for quantile trace.
probs
                 passed to panel.trace (not used).
. . .
```

Value

When plot=TRUE, a trellis plot is drawn and a data frame is returned, containing the data used for plotting. When plot=FALSE, a trellis object is returned.

Note

This idea stemmed from a discussion with PJS.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotTracePOP, plotDensPOP
```

plotCPUE

Plot CPUE and Add Error Bars

Description

Plot CPUE and fit with error bars.

Usage

```
plotCPUE(obj, main="", save=NULL, bar=1.96, yLim=NULL, ...)
```

plotDensPOP 31

Arguments

• • •	not used
yLim	limits of the y-axis.
bar	standard deviation of the normal distribution (1.96 is the approximate value of the 97.5 percentile point).
save	not used
main	title for figure
obj	data frame of CPUE indices from Awatea's results file (e.g., currentRes\$CPUE).

Value

```
A postscript file:
```

CPUEser.eps...CPUE indices with error bars.

Note

Copied code from plotIndexNotLattice.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotIndexNotLattice
```

plotDensPOP

Plot MCMC Density (AME Version)

Description

Plot Markov-chain Monte Carlo density. This is an approximation of the posterior probability density function.

Usage

```
plotDensPOP(mcmc, probs=c(0.025,0.975), points=FALSE, axes=TRUE,
    same.limits=FALSE, between=list(x=axes,y=axes), div=1,
    log=FALSE, base=10, main=NULL, xlab=NULL, ylab=NULL,
    cex.main=1.2, cex.lab=1, cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.7,
    las=0, tck=0.5, tick.number=5,
    lty.density=1, lwd.density=3, col.density="black",
    lty.median=2, lwd.median=1, col.median="darkgrey",
    lty.outer=3, lwd.outer=1, col.outer="darkgrey", pch="|",
    cex.points=1, col.points="black", plot=TRUE, MPD.height=0.04,...)
```

32 plotDensPOP

```
plotDensPOPpars (mcmc, probs=c(0.025,0.975), points=FALSE,
     axes=TRUE, same.limits=FALSE, between=list(x=axes,y=axes),
     div=1, log=FALSE, base=10, main=NULL, xlab=NULL, ylab=NULL,
     cex.main=1.2, cex.lab=1, cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.7,
     las=0, tck=0.5, tick.number=5,
     lty.density=1, lwd.density=3, col.density="black",
     lty.median=2, lwd.median=1, col.median="darkgrey",
     lty.outer=3, lwd.outer=1, col.outer="darkgrey", pch="|",
     cex.points=1, col.points="black", plot=TRUE, MPD.height=0.04,...)
plotDensPOPparsPrior(mcmc, probs=c(0.025,0.975), points=FALSE,
     axes=TRUE, same.limits=FALSE, between=list(x=axes,y=axes),
     div=1, log=FALSE, base=10, main=NULL, xlab=NULL, ylab=NULL,
     cex.main=1.2, cex.lab=1, cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.7,
     las=0, tck=0.5, tick.number=5,
     lty.density=1, lwd.density=3, col.density="black",
     lty.median=2, lwd.median=1, col.median="darkgrey",
     lty.outer=3, lwd.outer=1, col.outer="darkgrey", pch="|",
     cex.points=1, col.points="black", plot=TRUE, MPD.height=0.04,...)
```

Arguments

mcmc	MCMC chain(s) as a vector, data frame or meme object.
probs	vector of outer quantiles to draw, besides the median.
points	whether data points should be plotted along the x axis.
axes	whether axis values should be plotted.
same.limits	whether panels should have same x-axis limits.
between	list with x and y indicating panel spacing.
div	denominator to shorten values on the x axis.
log	whether values should be log-transformed.
base	logarithm base.
main	main title.
xlab	x-axis label.
ylab	y-axis label.
cex.main	size of main title.
cex.lab	size of axis labels.
cex.strip	size of strip labels.
cex.axis	size of tick labels.
las	orientation of tick labels: 0=parallel, 1=horizontal, 2=perpendicular, 3=vertical.
tck	tick mark length.
tick.number	number of tick marks.
lty.density	line type of density curve.

lwd.density line width of density curve.

plotDensPOP 33

```
colour of density curve.
col.density
lty.median
                 line type of median.
lwd.median
                 line width of median.
col.median
                 colour of median.
lty.outer
                 line type of outer quantiles.
lwd.outer
                 line width of outer quantiles.
col.outer
                 colour of outer quantiles.
pch
                 symbol for data points.
cex.points
                 size of data points.
col.points
                 colour of data points.
plot
                 whether to draw plot.
                 how far up to put MPD.
MPD.height
                 passed to densityplot and panel.densityplot.
```

Details

The function plotDensPOPpars differs from plotDensPOP only by a few tweaks to the internal list object myscales.

The function plotDensPOPparsPrior adds the priors automatically.

Value

When plot=TRUE, a trellis plot is drawn and a data frame is returned, containing the data used for plotting. When plot=FALSE, a trellis object is returned.

Note

The Args function from the **gdata** package is recommended for reviewing the arguments, instead of args.

AME: edited plotDens function to have less whitesapce, not repeat x-axis labels, and make y-axes the same scales. Cannot just do it through the options.

For Recruits and Biomass, use plotDensPOPpars for parameters. Tried y-axes the same scales, but 1973–1975 are so narrow that they make all the others really small: same.limits=TRUE, ylim=c(0, 0.0005).

See Also

xyplot and panel.densityplot are the underlying drawing functions, and densplot is a similar non-trellis plot.

```
plotTrace, plotAuto, plotCumu, and plotSplom are diagnostic plots. plotDens and plotQuant are posterior plots. scapeMCMC-package gives an overview of the package.
```

34 plotIndex2

plotIndex2 Plot Abundance Index (AME Version)

Description

Plot scape model fit to abundance index data. Revised version of Arni's function to confine plotting to data region.

Usage

```
plotIndex2(model, what="c", series=NULL, axes=TRUE, same.limits=FALSE,
    between=list(x=axes,y=axes), ylim=NULL, q=1, bar=1, log=FALSE,
    base=10, main="", xlab="", ylab="", cex.main=1.2, cex.lab=1,
    cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.8, las=1, tck=c(1,0)/2,
    tick.number=5, lty.grid=3, col.grid="white", pch=16,
    cex.points=1.2, col.points="black", lty.lines=1, lwd.lines=4,
    col.lines="dimgrey", lty.bar=1, plot=TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	fitted scape model containing element CPUE and/or Survey.
what	what to plot: "c"[ommercial] or "s"[urvey] abundance index.
series	vector of strings indicating which gears or surveys to plot (all by default).
axes	whether to plot axis values.
same.limits	whether panels should have same y-axis limits.
between	list with x and y indicating panel spacing.
ylim	vector with lower and upper y-axis limits.
q	denominator to scale the y axis, e.g. to vulnerable biomass. Similar to the divargument in plotN and plotB.
bar	extent of error bars relative to standard error.
log	whether to log-transform values.
base	logarithm base.
main	main title.
xlab	x-axis label.
ylab	y-axis label.
cex.main	size of main title.
cex.lab	size of axis labels.
cex.strip	size of strip labels.
cex.axis	size of tick labels.
las	orientation of tick labels: 0=parallel, 1=horizontal, 2=perpendicular, 3=vertical.
tck	tick mark length.

plotIndexNotLattice 35

```
tick.number
                 number of tick marks.
lty.grid
                 line type of gridlines.
col.grid
                 color of gridlines.
                 symbol for points.
pch
cex.points
                 size of points.
col.points
                 color of points and error bars.
                 line type of main lines.
lty.lines
lwd.lines
                 line width of main lines.
                 color of main lines.
col.lines
lty.bar
                 line type of error bars.
plot
                 whether to draw plot.
                 passed to xyplot, panel.xyplot, and panel.xYplot.
. . .
```

Value

When plot=TRUE, a trellis plot is drawn and a data frame is returned, containing the data used for plotting. When plot=FALSE, a trellis object is returned.

Note

The Args function from the **gdata** package is recommended for reviewing the arguments, instead of args.

See Also

```
xyplot, panel.xyplot, and panel.xYplot are the underlying drawing functions.
plotCA, plotCL, plotIndex, and plotLA plot model fit and data.
plotB, plotB2, plotN, and plotSel plot derived quantities.
scape-package gives an overview of the package.
```

```
plotIndexNotLattice
```

Plot Survey Indices

Description

Plot index series with error bars. Create postscript files automatically.

Usage

```
plotIndexNotLattice(obj, objCPUE, main="", save=NULL, bar=1.96, ...)
```

36 plotRmcmcPOP

Arguments

	not used
bar	standard deviation of the normal distribution (1.96 is the approximate value of the 97.5 percentile point).
save	not used
main	title for figure
objCPUE	data frame of CPUE indices from Awatea's results file (e.g., currentRes\$CPUE).
obj	data frame of survey indices from Awatea's results file (e.g., currentRes\$Survey).

Value

Four postscript files:

```
survIndSer.eps...each survey panel focuses on the years of the survey;
survIndSer2.eps...each panel uses a fixed set of years that span all surveys;
survIndSer3.eps...one panel showing all series normalised to their means;
survIndSer4.eps...compares normalised GIG series with CPUE series.
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.idx
```

|--|--|--|--|

Description

Plot recruitment posteriors quantiles as one graph over time.

Usage

plotSnail 37

Arguments

obj MCMC data frame of R (currentMCMC\$R).

p quantiles to use in quantBox.

xyType type of plot (currently only uses quantBox).

line types to use in quantBox. refLines reference lines to add to plot.

xLim limits of the x-axis. yLim limits of the y-axis.

userPrompt not used
save not used
tcl.val tick length.

yaxis.by increments along the y-axis to place tick marks.

yLab label for the y-axis.

... additional arguments passed to the function rect.

Note

AME: Plot recruitment posteriors quantiles as one graph over time.

Already have the full posterior densities done.

Using plotBmcmcPOP as template, but will be simpler as no extra stuff. Probably not simplifying down as much as could due to time constraints.

Adding yLab and then using for exploitation plot also.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotBmcmcPOP, plotB2
```

plotSnail

Plot Snail Trails of Exploitation vs. Biomass

Description

Plot the historical progression of the ratio u_t/u_{MSY} against B_t/B_{MSY} .

38 plotTracePOP

Arguments

BoverBmsy	numeric matrix of B_t over B_{MSY} .
UoverUmsy	numeric matrix of u_t over u_{MSY} .

p quantiles to show the bulk of the distribution.

Lwd line width of the snail trail.

Details

The graph attempts to show the time history of the exploitation rate compared to the spawning biomass using a precautionary framework recast in Bayesian terms.

Note

The term *snail trail* comes from PJS.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

plotBVBnorm

plotTracePOP

Plot MCMC Traces (AME Version)

Description

Plot Markov-chain Monte Carlo traces. This is a diagnostic plot for deciding whether a chain shows unwanted trends by showing the trace of moving quantiles. (Modified from the **scapeMCMC** function plotTrace.)

```
plotTracePOP(mcmc, axes=FALSE, same.limits=FALSE,
    between=list(x=axes,y=axes), div=1, span=1/4, log=FALSE,
    base=10, main=NULL, xlab=NULL, ylab=NULL, cex.main=1.2,
    cex.lab=1, cex.strip=0.8, cex.axis=0.8,
    las=0, tck=0.5, tick.number=5, lty.trace=1, lwd.trace=1,
    col.trace="grey", lty.median=1, lwd.median=1,
    col.median="black", lty.quant=2, lwd.quant=1,
    col.quant="black", plot=TRUE, probs=c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975), ...)
```

plotTracePOP 39

Arguments

mcmc MCMC chain(s) as a vector, data frame or mcmc object.

axes whether axis values should be plotted.

same.limits whether panels should have same x-axis limits. between list with x and y indicating panel spacing. div denominator to shorten values on the y axis.

span smoothness parameter (not used).

log whether values should be log-transformed.

base logarithm base.
main main title.
xlab x-axis title.
ylab y-axis title.

cex.main size of main title.
cex.lab size of axis labels.
cex.strip size of strip labels.
cex.axis size of tick labels.

las orientation of tick labels: 0=parallel, 1=horizontal, 2=perpendicular, 3=vertical.

tick tick mark length.

tick.number number of tick marks.

lty.trace line type of trace.

lwd.trace line width of trace.

col.trace colour of trace.

lty.median line type of median.

lwd.median line width of median.

col.median colour of median.

lty.quant line type of quantile trace.
lwd.quant line width of quantile trace.
col.quant colour of quantile trace.
plot whether to draw plot.

probs quantile values for quantile trace.
... passed to panel.trace (not used).

Value

When plot=TRUE, a trellis plot is drawn and a data frame is returned, containing the data used for plotting. When plot=FALSE, a trellis object is returned.

Note

The Args function from the **gdata** package is recommended for reviewing the arguments, instead of args.

40 plotVBcatch

See Also

 ${\tt xyplot}$ and ${\tt panel.loess}$ are the underlying drawing functions, and ${\tt traceplot}$ is a similar non-trellis plot.

```
plotTracePOP, plotAuto, plotCumu, and plotSplom are diagnostic plots. plotDensPOP, plotDens, plotQuant, and plotChains are posterior plots. scapeMCMC-package gives an overview of the scapeMCMC package.
```

plotVBcatch

Plot Vulnerable Biomass

Description

Plot vulnerable biomass from posterior as boxplots, and add catch bars on same graph.

Usage

MCMC data frame of B (currentMCMC\$B).

Arguments

obj

```
list/scape object created by importCol2.
currentRes1
                  quantiles to use in quantBox.
р
                 type of plot (currently only uses quantBox).
хуТуре
                 line types to use in quantBox.
lineType
refLines
                 reference lines to add to plot.
                 limits of the x-axis.
xLim
                  limits of the y-axis.
yLim
                 not used
userPrompt
                  not used
save
xLab
                  x-coordinates for labels.
                 y-coordinates for labels.
vLab
                  text labels to display on plot.
textLab
                 increments along the y-axis to place tick marks.
yaxis.by
tcl.val
                  tick length.
                  additional arguments passed to the function rect.
```

plotVBnorm 41

Note

AME: This function is essentially a tweak of plotBmcmcPOP.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotBmcmcPOP, plotB2
```

plotVBnorm

Plot Spawning and Vulnerable Biomass Relative to Virgin

Description

Plot spawning and vulnerable biomass boxplots relative to virgin levels B_0 and V_0 , respectively.

Usage

```
plotVBnorm( mcmcObj,
            p=c(0.025, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 0.975),
            xyType="quantBox",
            lineType=c(3,2,1,2,3),
            refLines=NULL, xLim=NULL, yLim=NULL,
            userPrompt=FALSE, save=T, xLeg=0.7, yLeg=0.9,
            yaxis.by=0.02, tcl.val=-0.2,
            B.col="black", VB.col="black", ...)
plotBVBnorm (mcmcObj,
            p=c(0.025, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 0.975),
            xyType="quantBox",
            lineType=c(3,2,1,2,3),
            refLines=NULL, xLim=NULL, yLim=NULL,
            userPrompt=FALSE, save=T, xLeg=0.7, yLeg=0.9,
            yaxis.by=0.02, tcl.val=-0.2,
            B.col="black", VB.col="black", ...)
```

Arguments

mcmcObj	MCMC list object (currentMCMC).
р	quantiles to use in quantBox.
хуТуре	type of plot (currently only uses $quantBox$).
lineType	line types to use in quantBox.
refLines	reference lines to add to plot.

42 plt.ageResidsPOP

```
limits of the x-axis.
xLim
                  limits of the y-axis.
yLim
userPrompt
                  not used
                  not used
save
xLeq
                  x-coordinate for legend.
                  y-coordinate for legend.
yLeg
                  increments along the y-axis to place tick marks.
yaxis.by
tcl.val
                  tick length.
B.col
                  colour for spawning biomass.
VB.col
                  colour for vulnerable biomass.
                  not used
. . .
```

Note

AME: tried in separate file, but then changed that to lattice and wouldn't be good format for Arni's boxplots.

```
Based on plotVBcatch (tweaking some). currentRes1 is local currentRes.
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotVBcatch, plotBmcmcPOP
```

Description

Plot model residuals as boxplots or qq-plots.

```
plt.ageResidsPOP (obj, ages=c(2,60), pct=c(5,25,50,75,95), main=NULL)
plt.ageResidsqqPOP(obj, ages=c(2,60), pct=c(5,25,50,75,95), main=NULL)
plt.yearResidsPOP (obj, ages=c(2,60), pct=c(5,25,50,75,95), main=NULL, fill.in=TRUE, ...)
plt.cohortResids (obj, ages=c(2,59), pct=c(5,25,50,75,95), main=NULL)
```

plt.allTraces 43

Arguments

obj	output from stdRes.CA.
ages	age classes to plot.
pct	quantiles to show in boxplot or qq-plot.
main	title for plot if desired.
fill.in	logical: if TRUE, add missing years to boxplot.
	additional arguments for boxplot.

Details

```
plt.ageResidsPOP....plot age class residuals as boxplots.
plt.ageResidsqqPOP...plot age class residuals as qq-plot.
plt.yearResidsPOP....plot age residuals by year as boxplots.
plt.cohortResids....plot age residuals by cohort as boxplots.
```

Note

Some trouble noted adding text and legend.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.allTraces,plt.expRate,plt.idx,plt.mcmcGraphs,plotIndexNotLattice,
plotChains,plotCPUE
```

```
plt.allTraces Plot MCMC Traces
```

Description

Plot traces from MCMC samples.

Usage

```
plt.allTraces(obj, bioYrList=NULL, recYrList=NULL, save=TRUE)
```

Arguments

```
obj vector of MCMC samples.
bioYrList years to plot spawning biomass traces.
recYrList years to plot recruitment traces.
save logical: if TRUE, save figure to a raster file (.jpg).
```

plt.expRate

Note

Appears to be some figure requested by PJS.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotChains
```

plt.expRate

Plot Exploitation Rate

Description

Plot exploitation rate against year.

Usage

```
plt.expRate(obj, yLim=c(0,0.5), xLim=c(1954,2005))
```

Arguments

obj an object from load.allResFiles.

yLim limits of the y-axis. xLim limits of the x-axis.

Details

Simple points and lines plot.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
plt.idx
```

plt.idx 45

plt.idx

Plot Survey Index Residuals

Description

Plot the survey index residuals as a quantile-quantile plot (see qqnorm).

Usage

```
plt.idx(obj, main="Residuals", save=NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
a data frame with columns Year, stdRes, and Fit.

main title for the plot.

save logical: if TRUE, save the figure to a raster file (.png).

not used
```

Details

QQ-plots show sample quantiles vs. theoretical quantiles.

Note

The save option has been disabled for some reason.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.stdResids,plotIndexNotLattice
```

plt.mpdGraphs

Plot a Set of Figures for MPD and MCMC

Description

Plot a set of postscript figures .eps for the MPD (mode of the posterior distribution) and MCMC (Monte Carlo Markoff Chain) results.

```
plt.mpdGraphs(obj, save = FALSE)
plt.mcmcGraphs(mcmcObj, projObj, save=FALSE, xlimrec=c(0, 2e+05))
```

46 plt.mpdGraphs

Arguments

```
an Awatea results object (e.g., currentRes).

mcmcObj an Awatea MCMC object (e.g., currentMCMC).

projObj an Awatea projected biomass object (e.g., currentProj).

save not used

xlimrec range for recruitments (not used).
```

Details

Creates a whole heap o postscript files.

Value

```
exploit.eps.....annual exploitation rate,
recruits.eps.....annual recruitment at age 1,
selectivity.eps....selectivity curves for commercial gear(s) and survey(s),
```

CPUEser.eps......CPUE indices with error bars (calls plotCPUE), commAqeResids.eps.....standardised residuals for commercial gear,

survAgeResidsSer.eps...standardised residuals for surveys, meanAge.eps.....mean age for catch and surveys, stockRecruit.eps.....stock recruitment function.

plt.mcmcGraphs creates the following postscript files:

plt.mpdGraphs creates the following postscript files:

```
recruitsMCMC.eps.....boxplots of annual MCMC recruitment, exploitMCMC.eps.....boxplots of annual MCMC exploitation rate, pdfBiomass.eps.....density panel plots of annual female spawning biomass, pdfRecruitment.eps...density panel plots of annual recuitment, selectivityMCMC.eps...not currently implemented, traceRecruits.eps....panel plots of annual recruitmwent traces with running quantiles, traceBiomass.eps....panel plots of annual spawning biomass with running quantiles, traceParams.eps....panel plots of parameter traces with running quantiles, splitChain.eps.....panel plots of cumulative parameter estimate chains, VBcatch.eps.....boxplots of annual vulnerable biomass and barplots of catch, BVBnorm.eps.....spawning and vulnerable biomass relative to their virgin levels, Bproj.eps......boxplots of spawning biomass – MCMCs and projections, snail.eps......time series of u_t/u_{MSY} vs. B_t/B_{MSY}, pairs [1, 2, 3].eps....pairs plot of parameter MCMC samples.
```

Note

The function plt.mpdGraphs needs some cleaning up. For example, there appears to be extensive reliance on the object currentRes whereas the function should be using obj, which is the actual results object within the function.

plt.numR 47

The same is true for plt.mcmcGraphs where the global objects currentMCMC and currentProj are use within the function rather than using the local objects mcmcObj and projObj.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.mcmcGraphs, plotIndexNotLattice, plotCPUE, plotChains, plotSnail
```

plt.numR

Plot Numbers at Age at Equilibrium

Description

Plot numbers at age at equilibrium. Plot recruitment (age 1).

Usage

```
plt.numR(obj, minYr = NULL)
```

Arguments

obj an Awatea results object from load.allResFiles.
minYr minimum year to display in plot.

Note

Not sure what this plot is used for (RH).

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
plotRmcmcPOP
```

48 plt.quantBio

plt.quantBio

Plot Quantile Boxes of MCMC and Projected Biomass

Description

Plots MCMC and projected biomass as quantile boxes, the former in black, the latter in red.

Usage

```
plt.quantBio(obj, projObj=NULL, policy=NULL,
    p=c(0.025,0.25,0.5,0.75,0.975), xyType="lines",
    lineType=c(3,2,1,2,3), refLines=NULL,
    xLim=NULL, yLim=NULL, userPrompt=FALSE, save=T)

plt.quantBioBBO(obj, projObj=NULL, policy=NULL,
    p=c(0.025,0.25,0.5,0.75,0.975), xyType="lines",
    lineType=c(3,2,1,2,3), refLines=NULL,
    xLim=NULL, yLim=NULL, userPrompt=FALSE, save=T,
    main="", cex.main="", tcl.val=-0.2,
    xaxis.by=1, yaxis.by=10000, xaxis.lab="Year",
    yaxis.lab="Spawning biomass"
```

Arguments

obj	an Awatea MCMC object (e.g., currentMCMC).				
projObj	an Awatea projected biomass object (e.g., currentProj).				
policy	numeric vector specifying catch policy.				
р	quantiles to use from the biomass samples.				
xyType	string specifying type of plot.				
lineType	line types for the quantiles if xyType="lines".				
refLines	reference points.				
xLim	limits of the x-axis.				
yLim	limits of the y-axis.				
userPrompt	logical: if TRUE prompts user before figure is drawn.				
save	logical: if ${\tt TRUE}$ save figure as a raster file .png.				
main	character string specifying a title for the plot.				
cex.main	font size for figure title.				
tcl.val	tick length.				
xaxis.by	tick mark intervals for x-axis.				
yaxis.by	tick mark intervals for y-axis.				
xaxis.lab	label for x-axis.				
yaxis.lab	label for y-axis.				

plt.ssbVbCatch 49

Value

List of the reconstructed (MCMC) and projected results.

Note

```
plt.quantBioBBO performs similarly as for plt.quantBio but uses B_t/B_0 instead of B_t.
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plotBmcmcPOP, plotVBcatch, plotBVBnorm, plotRmcmcPOP
```

Description

Plot MPD values of spawning biomass (SB) and vulnerable biomass(VB), as well as catch, against year.

Usage

```
plt.ssbVbCatch(obj, x1=1966, xLim=c(1954,2005), yLim=c(0,25000))
```

Arguments

obj	an Awatea results object from load.allResFiles.
x1	year to start plotting SB and VB lines.
xLim	limits of the x-axis.
yLim	limits of the y-axis.

Note

This analysis uses the MPD (mode of the posterior distribution) values for B and V.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
load.allResFiles, get.resFile, plt.expRate
```

50 readAD

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Plot Diagnostics for Standardised Residuals

Description

Plot standardised residuals against year, fitted value, and theoretical residuals.

Usage

Arguments

obj	a data frame with columns Year, stdRes, and Fit.
pct	percentiles to display as horizontal lines on the quantile-quantile plot.
main	title for the figure.
yLim	limits of the y-axis.
xLim	limits of the x-axis.

Details

Figure provides three panels of standardised residuals *vs.* (i) years, (ii) fitted or predicted values, and (iii) theoretical quantiles.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.ssbVbCatch
```

readAD

Read ADMB Input and Create AWATEA Class Object

Description

Read the ADMB input file and create an ${\tt AWATEA}$ class object.

```
readAD(txt)
```

refPoints 51

Arguments

txt

string name of an Awatea input file.

Details

The Awatea input file contains headers (lines prefixed with "#") and data that are read sequentially into the model by the binary executable Awatea.exe.

Value

```
An AWATEA class cobject with the slots:

txtnam....character: name of the input file,
input.....list: each line of the input file with a label specifying line number and
......indicating whether the line is a Comment or Data,
dnam.....character: vector of strings specifying data contents labelled by line number,
nvars....numeric: number of data variables,
vdesc....character: vector of strings specifying data contents labelled by
......variable number (e.g., v001),
vars.....list: numeric values of data labelled by variable number,
gcomm.....character: vector of comments labelled by line number,
vcomm.....character: vector of variable names labelled by line number,
vcomm.....character: vector of variable names labelled by line number,
output....list: Awatea results file imported by function importRes,
reweight...list: empty (later populated by function reweight).
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC.

References

Hilborn, R., Maunder, M., Parma, A., Ernst, B. Payne, J., and Starr, P. (2003) Coleraine: a generalized age-structured stock assessment model. School of Aquatic and Fishery Sciences, University of Washington, 54 p.

See Also

```
runADMB, reweight
```

refPoints

Calculate Reference Points

Description

Calculate reference points relative to either B_{MSY} or B_0 .

52 reweight

Usage

```
refPoints(mcmcObj=currentMCMC, projObj=currentProj,
          msyObj=currentMSY, refLevels=c(0.4,0.8,1))
refPointsB0 (mcmcObj=currentMCMC, projObj=currentProj,
          B00bj=B0.MCMC, refLevels=B0refLevels, refNames=B0refNames)
```

Arguments

mcmcObj	MCMC list object (e.g., currentMCMC).
projObj	projected biomass list object ($\emph{e.g.}$, currentProj).
msyObj	MSY list object (e.g., currentMSY).
refLevels	reference levels relative to B_{MSY} (or B_0).
B0Obj	vector of B_0 MCMC values (e.g., B0 . MCMC).
refNames	names of the B_0 reference levels reflevels.

Value

List of reference points relative to either B_{MSY} or B_0 .

Note

```
Call from Sweave as refPoints() or, in full:
refPoints(currentMCMC, currentProj, currentMSY, refLevels=c(0.4,0.8,1))
```

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
calc.refVal
```

reweight	Reweight Abundance and Composition Data	

Description

Weight the abundance data by adjusting survey and CPUE CVs, and weight the composition data by adjusting the effective sample size N.

```
reweight(obj, cvpro=FALSE, mean.age=TRUE, ...)
```

reweight 53

Arguments

obj	an AWATEA class object created initially by readAD.
cvpro	CV process error added to CV observation error: $c_t = \sqrt{c_o^2 + c_p^2}$; if FALSE index CVs are reweighted using the standard deviation of normalized residuals.
mean.age	logical: if TRUE, use mean-age residuals to reweight the effective N for the age composition data (see Francis 2011); if FALSE, reweight N using $\Sigma(P(1-P))/\Sigma(O-P)^2$, where O = observed proportions-at age and P = predicted/fitted proportions-at-age.
	additional arguments to reweight.

Details

For the reweight to work, a corresponding Awatea results file (.res) with the same prefix as the input file must be available in the working directory before calling readAD. This will populate the output slot with fitted data that the reweight needs.

Value

An AWATEA class cobject with the slots outlined in readAD with the following slot populated by this function:

```
reweight...list of reweight results:
..nrwt....the number of the current reweighting,
..survey...survey indices with CV values (observed, fitted, normalised residuals, reweighted),
..cpue....if used in the model, CPUE indices with CV values (as above),
..wNcpa...reweighted effective N for commercial compositions (proportions-at-age),
..wNspa...reweighted effective N for survey compositions,
..SDNR....standard deviation of normalised residuals for abundance and composition data,
..wj.....weights for composition data from a mean-age weighted calculation (Francis 2011).
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC.

References

Francis, R.I.C.C. (2011, in press) Data weighting in statistical fisheries stock assessment models. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*.

```
runADMB, readAD, stdRes.CA, stdRes.index
```

54 runADMB

runADMB Run AD Model Builder Code for Awatea

Description

Run compiled AD Model Builder code called Awatea to reconstruct a population trajectory for a marine fish stock.

Usage

```
runADMB(filename.ext, wd=getwd(), strSpp="YMR", runNo=25, rwtNo=0,
    doMPD=FALSE, N.reweight=0, cvpro=FALSE, mean.age=TRUE,
    doMCMC=FALSE, mcmc=1e+06, mcsave=1000, ADargs=NULL, verbose=FALSE,
    doMSY=FALSE, msyMaxIter=15000, msyTolConv=0.01,
    endStrat=0.301, stepStrat=0.001, ...)
```

Arguments

filename.ext character file name including its extension.

wd character string specifying the working directory, if different from the current

working directory.

strSpp string 3-letter code of the species.

runNo the model run number.
rwtNo the reweight number.

dompd logical: if True, perform an MPD analysis.

N. reweight the number of reweights to perform in the MPD analysis.

cvpro CV process error added to CV observation error: $c_t = \sqrt{c_o^2 + c_p^2}$;

if FALSE index CVs are reweighted using the standard deviation of normalized

residuals.

mean.age logical: if TRUE, use mean-age residuals to reweight the effective N for the age

composition data (see Francis 2011);

if FALSE, reweight N using $\Sigma(P(1-P))/\Sigma(O-P)^2$, where O = observed

proportions-at age and P = predicted/fitted proportions-at-age.

doMCMC logical: if TRUE, perform an MCMC analysis.

mcmc number of MCMC iterations to perform.

mcsave frequency of MCMC iterations to save.

ADargs additional arguments for a call to Awatea.

verbose logical: if TRUE, spew Awatea messages to the R console.

doMSY logical: if TRUE, perform an MSY analysis.

msyMaxIter maximum iterations for the MSY calculations.

msyTolConv tolerance for convergence in the MSY calculations.

endStrat maximum fishing mortality for the MSY analysis.

stepStrat fishing mortality step size for the MSY analysis.

.. additional arguments (not currently used for any purpose).

runMCMC 55

Details

This function is primarily used to automate MPD reweightings and to perform the MSY calculations. The MCMCs are better run from a command line console on a super computer as they generally require > 12 h to complete.

Note that once an MCMC has been created, the user can run various projections separately using awatea -ind filename.ext -mceval on the command line.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC.

References

Edwards, A.M., Starr, P.J., and Haigh, R. (2010, in revision). Stock assessment for Pacific Ocean Perch (*Sebastes alutus*) in Queen Charlotte Sound, British Columbia. *Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat, Research Document*.

Edwards, A.M., Haigh, R., and Starr, P.J. (2011, in revision). Stock assessment and recovery potential assessment for Yellowmouth Rockfish (*Sebastes reedi*) along the Pacific coast of Canada. *Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat, Research Document*.

Francis, R.I.C.C. (2011, in press) Data weighting in statistical fisheries stock assessment models. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*.

Hilborn, R., Maunder, M., Parma, A., Ernst, B. Payne, J., and Starr, P. (2003) Coleraine: a generalized age-structured stock assessment model. School of Aquatic and Fishery Sciences, University of Washington, 54 p.

See Also

importRes, readAD, reweight, runSweave

runMCMC

Wrapper to Function < runSweaveMCMC>

Description

This small utility function simply provides a wrapper to the function runSweaveMCMC so that multiple documents can be built at once.

```
runMCMC(runs=7, rewts=0:6, cpue=FALSE, estM=TRUE)
```

56 runMPD

Arguments

runs	the run number(s).
rewts	the reweight number(s).
cpue	logical: if TRUE, retain the CPUE figures in the Sweave file.
estM	logical: if TRUE the routine will assume natural mortality M was estimated in the run, and the Sweave code uses the parameters "M_1" and "M_2"; if FALSE, the function removes these parameters from the Sweave file.

Details

Essentially loops through runSweaveMCMC using (i in runs) and (j in rewts).

Value

Produces multiple Sweave documents and PDF files for MCMCs.

Note

```
Seave files can be found in the library directory:
.../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw/ymrrun-masterMCMC.Snw
.../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw/ymrrun-masterMCMC20yrProjs.Snw
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

Wrapper to Function <runSweave>

See Also

```
runSweaveMCMC, runSweave, runMPD
```

Description

runMPD

This small utility function simply provides a wrapper to the function runSweave so that multiple documents can be built at once.

Usage

```
runMPD(runs=1, rewts=0:6, cpue=FALSE)
```

Arguments

runs	the run number(s).
rewts	the reweight number(s).
cpue	logical: if TRUE, retain the CPUE figures in the Sweave file

runSweave 57

Details

Essentially loops through runSweave using (i in runs) and (j in rewts).

Value

Produces multiple Sweave documents and PDF files.

Note

```
A recent Seave file called ymrrun-master.Snw can be found in the library directory: .../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
runSweave, runSweaveMCMC, runMCMC
```

runSweave

Run Customised Sweave Files for Awatea MPD Runs

Description

Create and run customised Sweave files for Awatea MPD runs.

Usage

```
runSweave(wd=getwd(), cpue=FALSE, strSpp="YMR",
    filename="input25-ymr.txt", runNo=25, rwtNo=0,
    running.awatea=0, Nsurvey=5)
```

Arguments

wd	working directory in which Awatea input and master Sweave files occur.
cpue	logical: if $\tt TRUE$ the routine will leave calls to CPUE figures in the Sweave file, otherwise, they are removed.
strSpp	three-letter code that identifies the species.
filename	name of Awatea input file.
runNo	the run number that identifies a unique combination of input values.
rwtNo	the reweight number of the MPD run to build and collate figures.
running.awatea	
	numeric: if 0 load a previous rop file if 1 re-run Awat as

numeric: if 0 load a previous .rep file, if 1 re-run Awatea

Nsurvey number of surveys specified in the input file; controls image creation and place-

holders.

58 runSweaveMCMC

Details

The values specified by the arguments (or derived variables) are directly substituted into the Sweave file wherever similarly named variables preceded by the @ symbol occur.

The cpue switch signals the removal of pieces of Sweave code if cpue=TRUE.

The Nsurvey argument essentially copies one Sweave line into Nsurvey lines for a set of lines identified by unique Sweave snippets.

Value

```
A customised Sweave file for runNo and rwtNo is created in a subdirectory ./strSpprun/MPD.runNo.rwtNo from where it is run.
```

Note

```
A fairly recent Seave file called ymrrun-master.Snw can be found in the library directory: .../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
runMPD, runSweaveMCMC, runADMB
```

runSweaveMCMC

Run Customised Sweave Files for Awatea MCMC Runs

Description

Create and run customised Sweave files for Awatea MCMC runs.

Usage

```
runSweaveMCMC( wd=getwd(), cpue=FALSE, estM=TRUE,
    strSpp="YMR", filename="input25-ymr.txt",
    runNo=25, rwtNo=0, running.awatea=0)
```

Arguments

wd	working directory in which Awatea input and master Sweave files occur.
cpue	logical: if TRUE the routine will leave calls to CPUE figures in the Sweave file, otherwise, they are removed.
estM	logical: if TRUE the routine will assume natural mortality M was estimated in the run, and the Sweave code uses the parameters "M_1" and "M_2"; if FALSE, the function removes these parameters from the Sweave file.

srFun 59

strSpp three-letter code that identifies the species.

filename name of Awatea input file.

runNo the run number that identifies a unique combination of input values.

rwtNo the reweight number of the MPD run to build and collate figures.

running.awatea

numeric: if 0 load a previous .rep file, if 1 re-run Awatea

Details

The values specified by the arguments (or derived variables) are directly substituted into the Sweave file wherever similarly named variables preceded by the @ symbol occur.

The cpue switch signals the removal of pieces of Sweave code if cpue=TRUE.

The estM switch signals the removal of "M_1" and "M_2" from the Sweave code if estM=FALSE.

Value

```
A customised Sweave file for runNo and rwtNo is created in a subdirectory ./strSpprun/MCMC.runNo.rwtNo from where it is run.
```

Note

```
Seave files can be found in the library directory:
```

```
.../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw/ymrrun-masterMCMC.Snw .../R/.../library/PBSawatea/snw/ymrrun-masterMCMC20yrProjs.Snw
```

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
runMCMC, runSweave, runADMB
```

srFun

Stock Recruitment Function

Description

Take a vector of spawners in year t-1 and calculate recruits in year t.

```
srFun(spawners, h = h.mpd, R0 = R0.mpd, B0 = B0.mpd)
```

60 stdRes.CA

Arguments

spawners	a vector of spawners where either: each element corresponds to spawners in year t -1 or the vector calculates a single year but multiple MCMCs.
h	steepness parameter value.
R0	recruitment at $t = 0$ (virgin conditions).
В0	spawning biomasss at virgin conditons.

Details

(AME wording) To input a vector of spawners in year t-1 and calculate recruits in year t. Output for recruits is vector, each element corresponds to spawners the the year before, so will usually want to shift the output by 1 so that recruits in year t are based on spawners in year t-1.

Can also have each input as a vector (used when calculating a single year but multiple MCMCs, as in first year of projections is based on penultimate year of MCMC calcualtions).

Value

A vector of recruitments in year t.

Note

This function was originally a subfunction in plt.mpdGraphs.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
plt.mpdGraphs
```

stdRes.CA

Calculate Standardised Residuals for Robust Normal Likelihood

Description

Calculate the standardised residuals for Awatea's implementation of the Fournier *robustified* normal likelihood for proportions-at-length.

Based on PJS's summary of the CASAL document and ACH's change to length.

```
stdRes.CA(obj, trunc=3, myLab="Age Residuals", prt=TRUE)
```

stdRes.index 61

Arguments

obj scape/list object of Awatea's results file (.res).

trunc maximum standardised residual; values greater than this are set to trunc.

myLab general label for the output.

prt logical: if TRUE, print the results.

Value

List object of standardised residuals.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

See Also

```
stdRes.index, importCol2, reweight
```

stdRes.index

Calculate Standardised Residuals for Abundance Indices

Description

Calculate the standardised residuals for commercial and survey indices.

Usage

```
stdRes.index(obj, label=NULL, prt=TRUE)
```

Arguments

obj data frame of observed and fitted index values from Awatea's results file (.res).

label general label for the output.

prt logical: if TRUE, print the results.

Value

Input data frame with additional column of standardised residuals.

Author(s)

Andrew Edwards, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanaimo BC

```
stdRes.CA, importCol2, reweight
```

62 tabSAR

Make Files of Reference Point Tables

Description

Generate comma-delimited, two-dimensional output tables (.csv) from objects reporting probabilities and times for DFO reference points and COSEWIC critera.

Usage

```
tabSAR(models=paste("input-ymr",pad0(c(29,30),2),pad0(1,2),sep="."),
    pnam="refProbs3Gen90", tnam=c("Ttab0.5","Ttab0.8","Ttab0.95"),
    cats=seq(0, 2500, 500), digits=2)
```

Arguments

models	names of binary system files that store the decision tables.
pnam	name of list object containing matrices of reference probabilities.
tnam	names of matrices reporting times to reach reference points/criteria.
cats	catch strategies (subset) to report in output tables.
digits	number of digits to retain after the decimal.

Details

At the moment, the reference point objects are a list of matrices for the probabilities and individual matrices for the times to reach the references. The latter should also be a list of matrices to parallel the probability object.

Value

No value is returned in R; however, comma-delimited text files (.csv) are created in the user's working directory. The probaility tables have the suffix _prob.csv while the time-to-target tables have the suffix _targ.csv.

Note

The subset of the master decision tables in the stock assessment are primarily used in the SAR (Science Advisory Report) for managers.

Author(s)

Rowan Haigh, Pacific Biological Station, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Nanimo BC

```
refPoints, findTarget,
cat, round, pad0, show0
```

Index

*Topic IO	plotIndex2,34
get.resFile, 8	plotIndexNotLattice, 35
out.pmTables, 20	plotRmcmcPOP, 36
tabSAR, 62	plotSnail, 37
*Topic arith	plotTracePOP, 38
cquantile, 6	plotVBcatch, 40
refPoints, 51	plotVBnorm, 41
*Topic array	plt.ageResidsPOP, 42
calc.projExpect, 3	plt.allTraces, 43
makeErrMat, 18	plt.expRate, 44
*Topic character	plt.idx, 45
runMCMC, 55	plt.mpdGraphs, 45
runMPD, 56	plt.numR, 47
runSweave, 57	plt.quantBio,48
runSweaveMCMC, 58	plt.ssbVbCatch, 49
*Topic connection	plt.stdResids, 50
plt.mpdGraphs, 45	*Topic interation
*Topic device	msyCalc, 19
close.allWin,4	*Topic interface
graphics, 10	importCol2, 10
*Topic distribution	importMCMC.ddiff, 12
plotChains, 29	importRes, 14
stdRes.CA,60	mainMenu, 17
stdRes.index, 61	*Topic iteration
*Topic file	runADMB, 54
get.resFile,8	*Topic list
importCol2, 10	calc.projExpect,3
importMCMC.ddiff, 12	load.allResFiles, 15
importRes, 14	MAfun2, 16
out.pmTables, 20	*Topic logic
tabSAR, 62	allEqual, 2
*Topic hplot	findTarget, 7
compB0,5	*Topic manip
plotB2, 23	calc.refVal,4
plotBmcmcPOP, 25	findTarget, 7
plotBox, 26	runMCMC, 55
plotChains, 29	runMPD, 56
plotCPUE, 30	runSweave, 57
plotDensPOP, 31	runSweaveMCMC, 58

INDEX

*Topic methods	cumuplot, 6
readAD, 50	
reweight, 52	densplot, 33
*Topic models	
$\mathtt{readAD}, 50$	expression, 27
reweight, 52	- 20
runADMB, 54	factor, 28
*Topic package	findPat,9
PBSawatea, 22	findTarget, 4, 7, 19, 62
*Topic robust	
stdRes.CA, 60	get.resFile, 8, 18, 49
*Topic ts	getYrIdx,9
cquantile, 6	graphical parameters, 27
importProjRec, 13	graphics, 10
plotDensPOP, 31	i
plotTracePOP, 38	importCol2, 9, 10, 15–18, 25, 40, 61
srFun, 59	importMCMC, 6, 12
*Topic univar	importMCMC.ddiff, 12
MAfun2, 16	importProj, 12, 13
*Topic utilities	importProj.ddiff
getYrIdx, 9	(importMCMC.ddiff), 12
panLab, 20	importProjRec, 13
panLegend, 21	importRes, 11, 14, 51, 55
panilegena, 21	land allDagEilan 15 40
addLabel, 21	load.allResFiles, 15, 49
addLegend, 21	loadMenu (<i>mainMenu</i>), 17
all, 3	MAfun2, 16
allEqual, 2	mainMenu, 9, 17
	makeErrMat, 18
boxplot, 26	mcmc, 13
boxplot.stats, 27, 28	mcmcMenu (mainMenu), 17
bxp, 27, 28	mpdMenu (mainMenu), 17
1, ,	msyCalc, 6, 19
calc.projExpect, 3, 4	msycarc, 0, 19
calc.projExpect2	NA, 27
(calc.projExpect), 3	111, 27
<pre>calc.projProbs(calc.projExpect), 3</pre>	out.pmTables, 20
calc.projProbs2	pad0, 9, 62
(calc.projExpect), 3	panel.barchart, 24
calc.refProbs(calc.projExpect), 3	panel.densityplot, 33
calc.refVal, 3, 4, 52	panel.loess, 40
cat, 62	panel.superpose, 24
clearAll, 3	panel.xYplot, 35
clipVector, 3	panel.xyplot, 35
close.allWin,4	panLab, 20
closeWin,4	panLegend, 21
compB0,5	PBSawatea, 22
cquantile, 6	PBSawatea-package (PBSawatea), 22

INDEX 65

plotAuto, 33, 40	(plt.ageResidsPOP), 42
plotB, 24, 35	4-
plotB2, 23, 26, 35, 37, 41	qqnorm, 45
plotBmcmcPOP, 25, 37, 41, 42, 49	mond table 11 12 15
plotBox, 5, 6, 26	read.table, 11, 12, 15
plotBVBnorm, 38, 49	readAD, 15, 50, 53, 55
plotBVBnorm (plotVBnorm), 41	readLines, 11, 15
plotCA, 24, 35	refPoints, 51, 62
plotChains, 29, 40, 43, 44, 47	refPointsB0 (refPoints), 51
plotCL, 24, 35	resetGraph, 10
plotCPUE, 30, 43, 46, 47	reweight, 15, 51, 52, 55, 61
plotCumu, 33, 40	round, 62 runADMB, 15, 17, 51, 53, 54, 58, 59
plotDens, 33, 40	runMCMC, 55, 57, 59
plotDensPOP, 30, 31, 40	runMPD, 56, 56, 58
plotDensPOPpars (plotDensPOP), 31	runSweave, 55-57, 57, 59
plotIndex, 24, 35	runSweaveMCMC, 8, 56–58, 58
plotIndex2, 24, 34	1 unsweavement, 8, 30–36, 36
plotIndexNotLattice, 31, 35, 43, 45-47	scan, 11, 15
plotLA, 24, 35	scape-package, 11, 15, 24, 35
plotmath, 27	scapeMCMC-package, 33, 40
plotN, 24, 35	show0, 62
plotProp, 19	srFun, 59
plotQuant, 33, 40	stdRes.CA, 43, 53, 60, 61
plotRmcmcPOP, 36, 47, 49	stdRes.index, 53, 61, 61
plotSel, 24, 35	stripchart, 28
plotSnail, 37, 47	
plotSplom, 33, 40	tabSAR, 62
plotTrace, 33	traceplot,40
plotTracePOP, 6, 30, 38, 40	
plotVBcatch, 26, 40, 42, 49	utilMenu (<i>mainMenu</i>), 17
plotVBnorm, 41	10
plt.ageResidsPOP, 42	weightBio, 19
plt.ageResidsqqPOP	write.table, 20
(plt.ageResidsPOP), 42	writeList, 20
plt.allTraces, 43, 43	xyplot, 24, 33, 35, 40
plt.cohortResids	xyp100, 24, 33, 33, 40
(plt.ageResidsPOP), 42	
plt.expRate, 43, 44, 49	
plt.idx, 36, 43, 44, 45	
plt.mcmcGraphs, 43, 47	
plt.mcmcGraphs(plt.mpdGraphs), 45	
plt.mpdGraphs, 45, 60	
plt.numR, 47	
plt.quantBio, 48	
plt.quantBioBB0 (plt.quantBio), 48	
plt.ssbVbCatch, 49, 50	
plt.stdResids, 45, 50	
plt.vearResidsPOP	